

AIP Group at LANL Illustrates that Sampling Methodology is Crucial for Proper Site Characterization of Old Manhattan Project Site at Los Alamos:
Department of Energy

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Between 1944 and 1964 Technical Area 45 discharged untreated and treated radioactive effluent generated by nuclear research at Los Alamos during the Manhattan Project era. The effluent was discharged to the canyon bottom. In 1967, the canyon-bottom area was turned over to Los Alamos County and was later designated as a recreational park. In the early '1990s, the LANL Environmental Restoration (ER) Project characterized the canyon-bottom and their data showed that DOE's dose limit was not exceeded and no further action was recommended. In 1999, the AIP collected one sample in the canyon in order to verify ER's findings. AIP followed ER's new methodology for sediment sampling in canyons which was first implemented in 1996. Results show contaminant values several orders of magnitude higher than previous ER data. In addition, PCBs not analyzed for previously, were also detected. One lesson learned here is that the sampling methodology and approach is crucial for assessing the presence and distribution of contaminants at a site that holds many unknowns. Additional characterization utilizing updated methods will be needed to determine a more accurate assessment of human health and ecological risk.

Steve Yanicak heads the AIP Program for the State of New Mexico at LANL. Mr. Yanicak has been employed with this group for six years and his expertise lies in geology/geochemistry and contaminant transport. Mr. Yanicak received his M.S. in Geology from New Mexico State University and a B.S. in Geology from California State Sonoma.

**Sampling Locations for Acid Canyon
Tributary PRS 1-002 (Former TA-45
Radioactive Liquid Waste Treatment
Plant)**

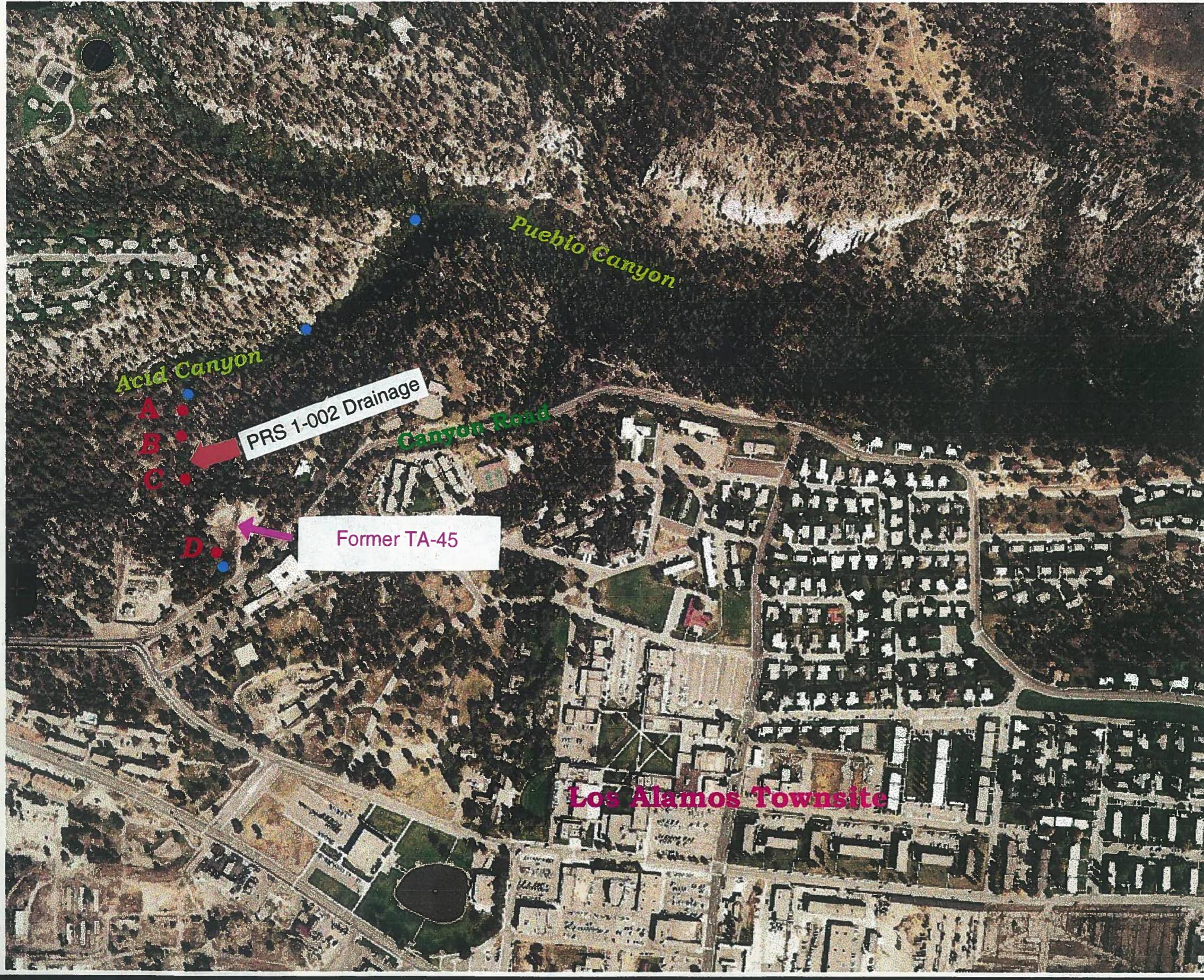
- **Previous LANL cluster sampling location**
- **NMED DOE OB sampling location**

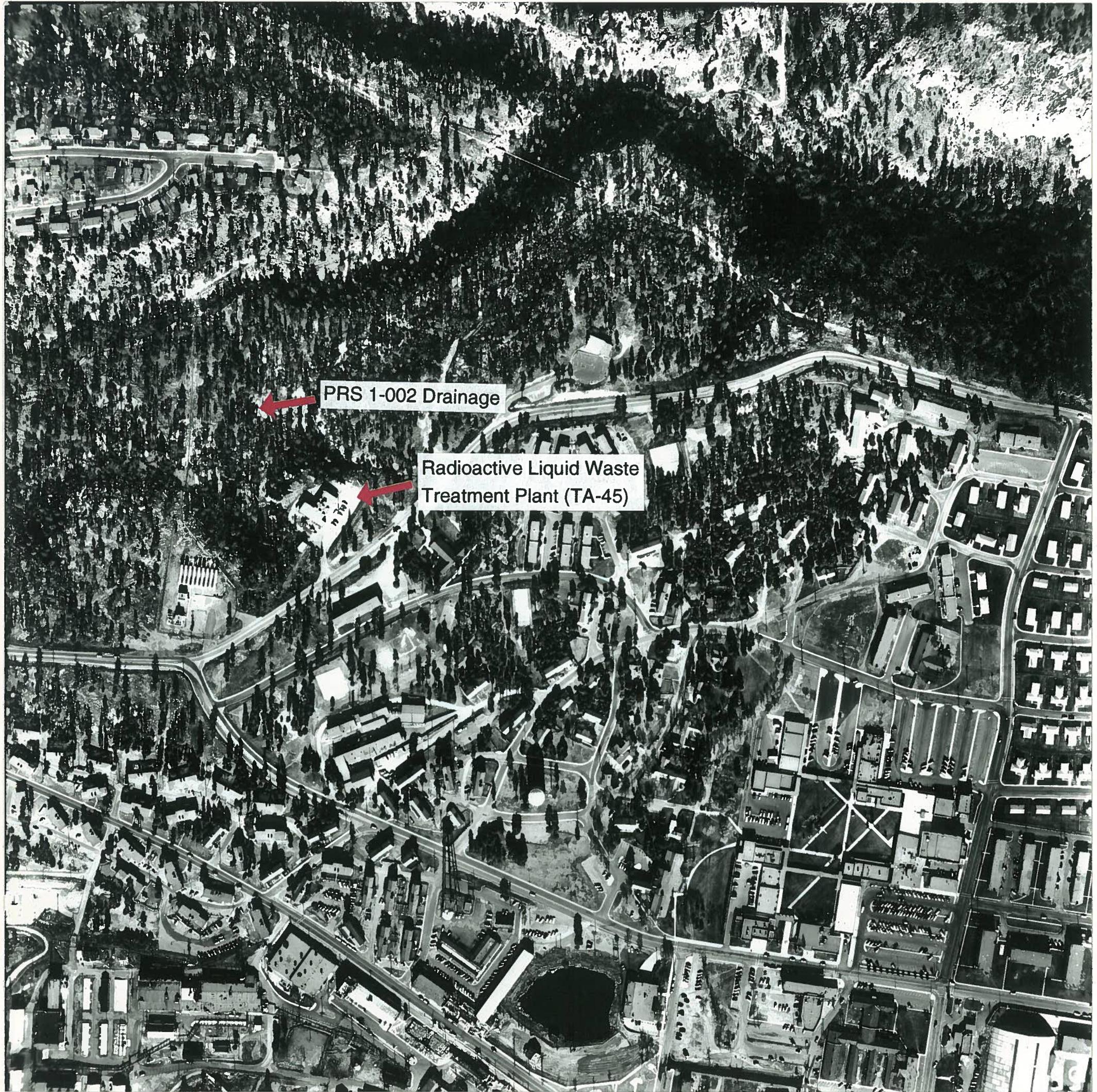
- Unit Location A**
OB/A/0-18
OB/A/24-53
OB/A/59-69
OB/A/74-84
- Unit Location B**
OB/B/0-15
OB/B/15-36
- Unit Location C**
OB/C/0-12
OB/C/12-24
- Unit Location D**
OB/D/0-14



NOTE:
Due to size and symbology, sampling locations are approximate.

Image furnished by Facility for Information Management, Analysis, and Display (FIMAD), Los Alamos National Laboratory (1974).





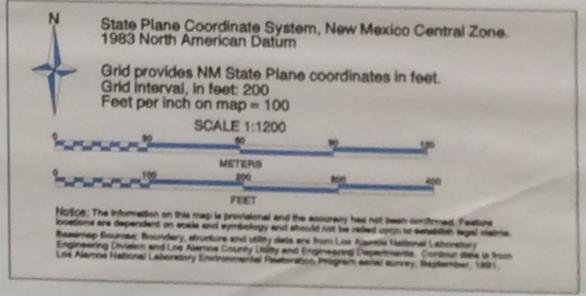
PRS 1-002 Drainage

Radioactive Liquid Waste
Treatment Plant (TA-45)

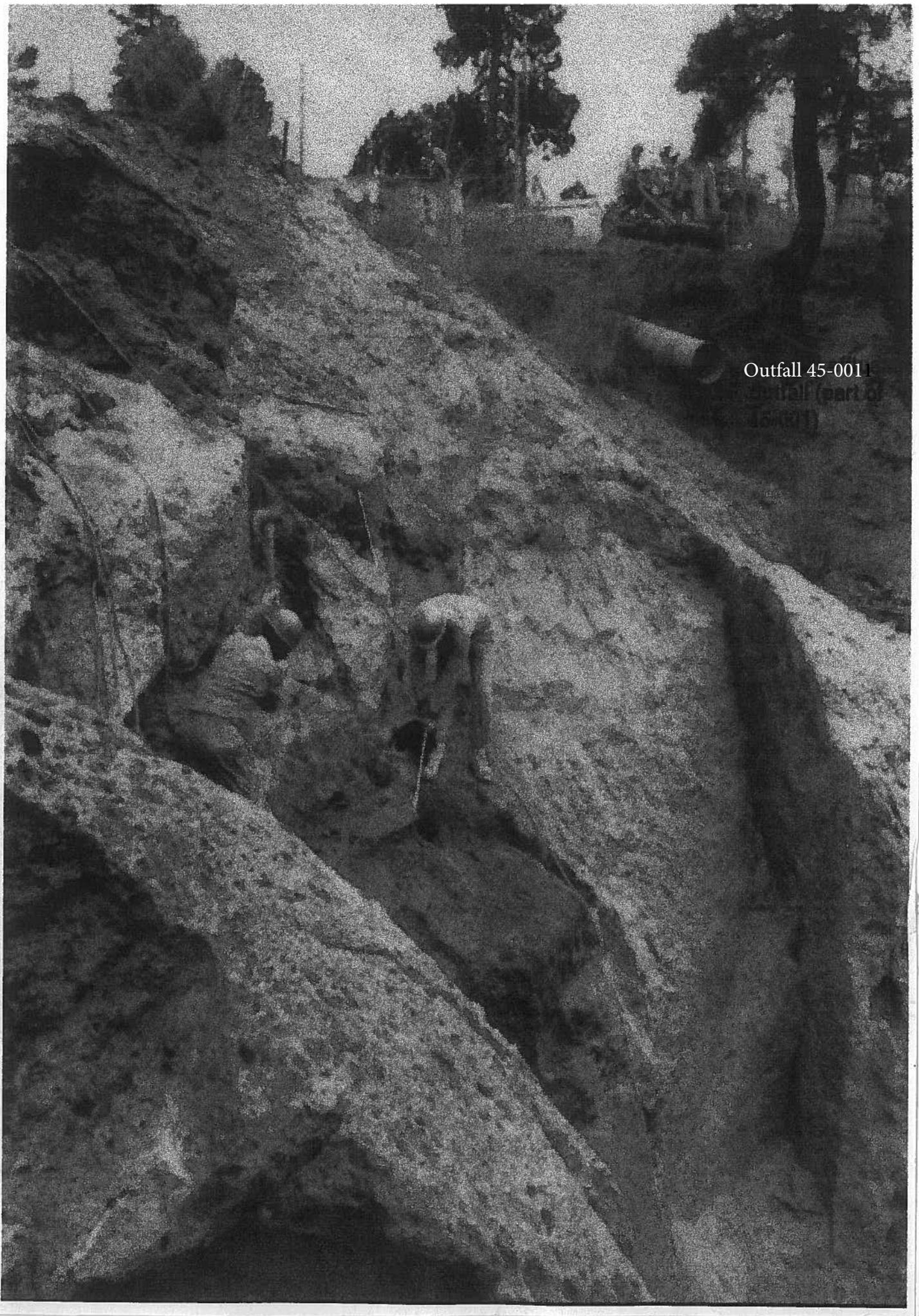
Location Ids at TA-45

LEGEND

-  Contours, 10 foot
-  Contours, 100 foot
-  Fence, Industrial
-  Fence, Security
-  Gate
-  Roads, Dirt
-  Roads, Paved
-  Road/Trail
-  Stream, Intermittent
-  PRS
-  Former Structure
-  Permanent Structure
-  Location Id
-  DOE OB Sample

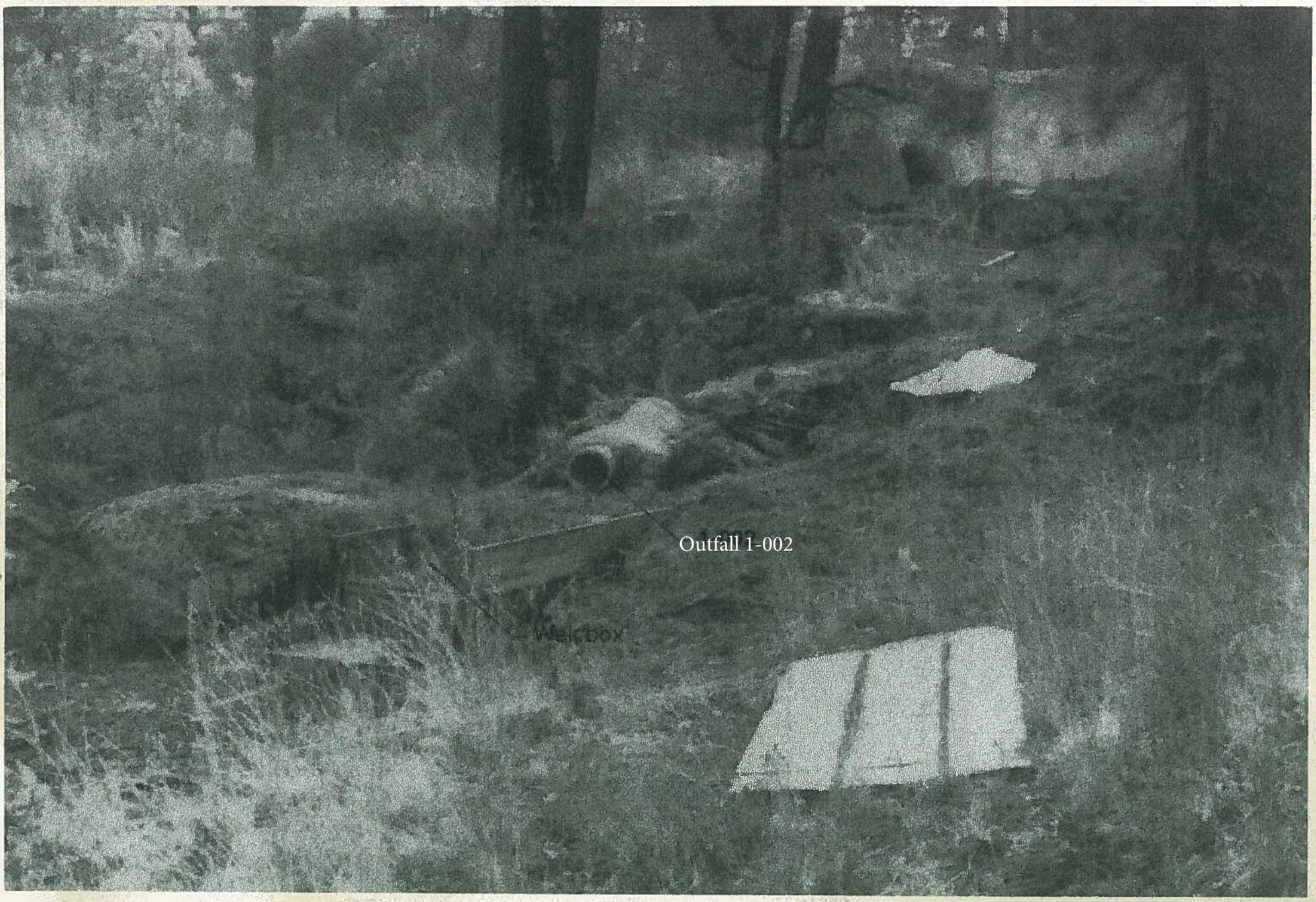


University of California
 Los Alamos National Laboratory
 Earth & Environmental Sciences Division
FIMAD Facility for Information Management, Analysis and Display
 FIMAD is the electronic data repository for the Environmental Restoration Program at Los Alamos National Laboratory.
 Produced by: Doug Walther
 Date: January 03, 1995 FIMAD Plot ID: G102867



Outfall 45-001

General (part of
15/02/11)



Outfall 1-002

WELLDON

PLATE 1

RADIONUCLIDE-CONTAMINANT COMPARISONS

All PRS Data Collected in the Canyon Area (Previous Investigations: FUSRAP and LANL RFI)

	Plutonium-239/240 (pCi/g)	Americium-241 (pCi/g)	Strontium-90 (pCi/g)	Cesium-137 (pCi/g)
No. of Samples	60	5	40	49
Concentration Range	-0.0163 - 629	0.33 - 43.4	0.169 - 5.8	0.09 - 14
Mean	30.31	9.53	0.81	1.26
Standard Deviation	101.46	16.95	1.1	2.82
1996 SAL	18	17	5.9	4
No. of Samples Exceeding SAL	11 (18% of samples)	1 (20% of samples)	0 (0% of samples)	3 (6% of samples)

NMED DOE OB Data Collected in the Canyon Area during 1999

	Plutonium-239/240 (pCi/g)	Americium-241 (pCi/g)	Strontium-90 (pCi/g)	Cesium-137 (pCi/g)
No. of Samples	9	9	9	9
Concentration Range	2.25 - 1880	0.072 - 278	0.36 - 56	<0.16 - 17.4
Mean	345.1	42.3	11.08	4.54
Standard Deviation	563.83	85.87	18.654	6.64
1996 SAL	18	17	5.9	4
No. of Samples Exceeding SAL	7 (78% of samples)	2 (22% of samples)	2 (22% of samples)	3 (33% of samples)
Mean LANL Specific Background ¹	0.025	0.026	0.229	0.211
LANL Specific UTL ¹	0.068	0.04	1.04	0.9

¹ - Taken from Ryti, et al., 1998.

SAL - Screening Action Level (1996).

UTL - Upper Tolerance Limit.

Source for LANL Data: Los Alamos National Laboratory, March 1996, "Radiological Addendum to the RFI Report for Potential Release Sites" LANL Report LA-UR-95-3692, Los Alamos, New Mexico.