April 14, 2021

Ted Schooley
Permit Programs Manager
New Mexico Environment Department Air Quality Bureau
525 Camino de los Marquez, Suite 1
Santa Fe, New Mexico, 87505-1816

Re:

Application to Renew Title V Operating Permit P027-R4

Harvest Four Corners, LLC – 31-6 Central Delivery Point (CDP), A.I. No. 1006

Dear Mr. Schooley,

On behalf of Harvest Four Corners, LLC (Harvest), Cirrus Consulting is pleased to submit this application to renew Title V Operating Permit P027-R4 for the 31-6 Central Delivery Point (CDP).

This application also incorporates the identical engine replacement of compressor engine units 5, 11 and 16 as authorized in construction permit PSD 1031-M9-R10, issued April 15th, 2020.

In accordance with the instructions in the NMAQB Universal Air Quality Permit Application, one hard copy original and one hard copy review copy are included. Two CDs containing the application electronic files are enclosed.

If any additional information is needed with regard to this application, please contact Ms. Jennifer Deal of Harvest at (505) 324-5128.

Sincerely,

Lisa Killion

Sr. Environmental Scientist

Lisa Killion

Enclosures – One (1) hard copy 31-6 CDP Title V renewal application original

One (1) hard copy application review copy

Two (2) CDs, each containing the application electronic files

cc: Jennifer Deal, Harvest (electronic copy)

Bobby Myers, Cirrus (electronic copy)

NEW MEXICO 20.2.70.300.B(2) NMAC APPLICATION TO RENEW TITLE V OPERATING PERMIT P027-R4-M1

31-6 CENTRAL DELIVERY POINT (CDP)

Submitted By:



Harvest Four Corners, LLC

1755 Arroyo Drive Bloomfield, New Mexico 87413

Prepared By:

Cirrus Consulting, LLC 951 Diestel Road Salt Lake City, Utah 84105 (801) 484-4412

April 2021

Table of Contents

Section 1:	Facility Information
Section 2:	Tables
Section 3:	Application Summary
Section 4:	Process Flow Sheet
Section 5:	Plot Plan Drawn to Scale
Section 6:	All Calculations 6.a: Green House Gas Emissions
Section 7:	Information Used to Determine Emissions
Section 8:	Map(s)
Section 9:	Proof of Public Notice
Section 10:	Written Description of the Routine Operations of the Facility
Section 11:	Source Determination
Section 12:	PSD Applicability Determination for All Sources
Section 13:	Discussion Demonstrating Compliance with Each Applicable State & Federal Regulation
Section 14:	Operational Plan to Mitigate Emissions
Section 15:	Alternative Operating Scenarios
Section 16:	Air Dispersion Modeling
Section 17:	Compliance Test History
Section 18:	Addendum for Streamline Applications
Section 19:	Requirements for the Title V Program
Section 20:	Other Relevant Information
Section 21:	Addendum for Landfill Applications
Section 22:	Certification

Harvest Four Corners LLC 31-6 CDP Apr. 2021; Rev.0

Mail Application To:

New Mexico Environment Department Air Quality Bureau Permits Section 525 Camino de los Marquez, Suite 1 Santa Fe, New Mexico, 87505

Phone: (505) 476-4300 Fax: (505) 476-4375 www.env.nm.gov/aqb



For Department use only:

AIRS No.:

Universal Air Quality Permit Application

Use this application for NOI, NSR, or Title V sources.

Use this application for: the initial application, modifications, technical revisions, and renewals. For technical revisions, complete Sections, 1-A, 1-B, 2-E, 3, 9 and any other sections that are relevant to the requested action; coordination with the Air Quality Bureau permit staff prior to submittal is encouraged to clarify submittal requirements and to determine if more or less than these sections of the application are needed. Use this application for streamline permits as well. See Section 1-I for submittal instructions for other permits.

This application is submitted as (check all that apply): Request for a No Permit Required Determination (no fee)
□ Updating an application currently under NMED review. Include this page and all pages that are being updated (no fee required).
Construction Status: Not Constructed
Minor Source: ☐ a NOI 20.2.73 NMAC ☐ 20.2.72 NMAC application or revision ☐ 20.2.72.300 NMAC Streamline application
Title V Source: ☐ Title V (new) ▼ Title V renewal ☐ TV minor mod. ▼ TV significant mod. TV Acid Rain: ☐ New ☐ Renewal
PSD Major Source: ☐ PSD major source (new) ☐ minor modification to a PSD source ☐ a PSD major modification
Acknowledgements:
🛮 I acknowledge that a pre-application meeting is available to me upon request. 🗆 Title V Operating, Title IV Acid Rain, and NPR
applications have no fees.
□ \$500 NSR application Filing Fee enclosed OR □ The full permit fee associated with 10 fee points (required w/ streamline
applications).
☐ Check No.: in the amount of
I acknowledge the required submittal format for the hard copy application is printed double sided 'head-to-toe', 2-hole punched
(except the Sect. 2 landscape tables is printed 'head-to-head'), numbered tab separators. Incl. a copy of the check on a separate page.
☐ This facility qualifies to receive assistance from the Small Business Environmental Assistance program (SBEAP) and qualifies for
50% of the normal application and permit fees. Enclosed is a check for 50% of the normal application fee which will be verified with
the Small Business Certification Form for your company.
☐ This facility qualifies to receive assistance from the Small Business Environmental Assistance Program (SBEAP) but does not
qualify for 50% of the normal application and permit fees. To see if you qualify for SBEAP assistance and for the small business
certification form go to https://www.env.nm.gov/aqb/sbap/small_business_criteria.html).
Citation: Please provide the low level citation under which this application is being submitted: 20.2.70.300.B(2) NMAC
(e.g. application for a new minor source would be 20.2.72.200.A NMAC, one example for a Technical Permit Revision is
20.2.72.219.B.1.b NMAC, a Title V acid rain application would be: 20.2.70.200.C NMAC)

Section 1 - Facility Information

		AI # if known (see 1st	Updating
Soo	tion 1-A: Company Information	3 to 5 #s of permit	Permit/NOI #:
Sec		IDEA ID No.): 1006	P027-R4-M1
1	Facility Name: 31-6 Central Delivery Point (CDP)	Plant primary SIC Code	e (4 digits): 1389
1	31 o Central Benvery Folia (CBF)	Plant NAIC code (6 dig	gits): 213112
a	Facility Street Address (If no facility street address, provide directions from north on Hwy 64 to mile marker 102.3 (approximately 37 miles). Turn left gravel road. Drive 7.5 miles. Facility is on the right.		
2	Plant Operator Company Name: Harvest Four Corners, LLC	Phone/Fax: 505-632-4	600 / 505-632-4782

a	Plant Operator Addres	ss:	1755 Arroyo Drive, Bloomfield, NI	M 87413	
b	Plant Operator's New I	Mexico Corpor	rate ID or Tax ID: 76-0451075		
3	Plant Owner(s) name(s	s):	Harvest Four Corners, LLC	Phone/Fax:	505-632-4600 / 505-632-4782
a	Plant Owner(s) Mailin	g Address(s):	1755 Arroyo Drive, Bloomfield NN	1 87413	
4	Bill To (Company):	Harvest Four	Corners, LLC	Phone/Fax:	505-632-4600 / 505-632-4782
a	Mailing Address:	1755 Arroyo I	Drive, Bloomfield NM 87413	E-mail: N/A	1
5	☐ Preparer: ☑ Consultant:	Lisa Killion, C	Cirrus Consulting, LLC	Phone/Fax:	505-466-1790 / 505-466-4599
a	Mailing Address: c/o 951 Diestel Road, Salt Lake City, UT 84105				lkillion@cirrusllc.com
6	Plant Operator Contact	t: Monica Sm	ith	Phone/Fax:	505-632-4625 / 505-632-4782
a	Address:	1755 Arroyo D	Orive, Bloomfield NM 87413	E-mail:	msmith@harvestmidstream.com
7	Air Permit Contact:	Monica Smith		Title:	Environmental Specialist
a	E-mail:	msmith@harv	estmidstream.com	Phone/Fax:	505-632-4625 / 505-632-4782
b	Mailing Address:	1755 Arroyo D	Orive, Bloomfield NM 87413		
с	The designated Air permit Contact will receive all official correspondence (i.e. letters, permits) from the Air Quality Bureau.				

Section 1-B: Current Facility Status

	don 1-b. Current Facility Status				
1.a	Has this facility already been constructed? ▼ Yes □ No	1.b If yes to question 1.a, is it currently operating in New Mexico?			
2	If yes to question 1.a, was the existing facility subject to a Notice of Intent (NOI) (20.2.73 NMAC) before submittal of this application? ☐ Yes ☒ No	If yes to question 1.a, was the existing facility subject to a construction permit (20.2.72 NMAC) before submittal of this application? ☐ Yes ☐ No			
3	Is the facility currently shut down? ☐ Yes ☒ No	If yes, give month and year of shut down (MM/YY):			
4	Was this facility constructed before 8/31/1972 and continuously operated since 1972? ☐ Yes ☒ No				
5	If Yes to question 3, has this facility been modified (see 20.2.72.7.P NMA \square Yes \square No \boxed{X} N/A	C) or the capacity increased since 8/31/1972?			
6	Does this facility have a Title V operating permit (20.2.70 NMAC)? ☐ Yes ☐ No	If yes, the permit No. is: P-027-R4-M1			
7	Has this facility been issued a No Permit Required (NPR)? ☐ Yes X No	If yes, the NPR No. is:			
8	Has this facility been issued a Notice of Intent (NOI)? ☐ Yes 🗓 No	If yes, the NOI No. is:			
9	Does this facility have a construction permit (20.2.72/20.2.74 NMAC)? ▼ Yes □ No	If yes, the permit No. is: 1031-M9-R10			
10	Is this facility registered under a General permit (GCP-1, GCP-2, etc.)? ☐ Yes ■ No	If yes, the register No. is:			

Section 1-C: Facility Input Capacity & Production Rate

1	What is the	facility's n	naximum input capacity, spe	ecify units	s (reference here and list capacities in S	Section 20, if me	ore room is required)
a	Current	Hourly:	14.9 mmcfh ^(a)	Daily:	358 mmcfd ^(a)	Annually:	130,559 mmcfy ^(a)
b	Proposed	Hourly:	14.9 mmcfh ^(a)	Daily:	358 mmcfd ^(a)	Annually:	130,559 mmcfy ^(a)
2	What is the facility's maximum production rate, specify units (reference here and list capacities in Section 20, if more room is required)						
a	Current	Hourly:	14.9 mmcfh ^(a)	Daily:	358 mmcfd ^(a)	Annually:	130,559 mmcfy ^(a)

Harvest Four Corners LLC 31-6 CDP Apr. 2021; Rev.0

b	Proposed	Hourly:	14.9 mmcfh ^(a)	Daily:	358 mmcfd ^(a)	Annually:	130,559 mmcfy ^(a)
---	----------	---------	---------------------------	--------	--------------------------	-----------	------------------------------

Section 1-D: Facility Location Information

Deci	10H 1 D: 10	acmey Loca	non intormation				
1	Section: 01	Range: 06W	Township: 30N	County:	Rio Arriba		Elevation (ft): 6,430
2	UTM Zone: □ 12 or 🗓 13				□ NAD 27	□ NAD 8	83 🕱 WGS 84
a	UTM E (in meter	rs, to nearest 10 meter	s): 284,190 m	UTM N (i	n meters, to neares	t 10 meters):	4,079,420 m
b	AND Latitude	(deg., min., sec.):	36° 50' 10"	Longitude	e (deg., min., se	ec.):	-107° 25' 12"
3	Name and zip c	code of nearest Ne	ew Mexico town: Navajo	Dam, NM	87419		
4	Detailed Drivin	ng Instructions fro	m nearest NM town (attacl	n a road ma	p if necessary)	: See Secti	ion 1-A.1.a.
5	The facility is ~	-15.4 (distance) n	niles east (direction) of Nav	ajo Dam, N	VM (nearest tov	vn).	
6	Status of land a	t facility (check o	one): 🗆 Private 🗀 Indian/Pu	ieblo 🗓 Fed	deral BLM	Federal For	rest Service Other (specify)
7			ribes, and counties within ed to be constructed or op				.B.2 NMAC) of the property ounty, NM & San Juan
8	20.2.72 NMAC applications only : Will the property on which the facility is proposed to be constructed or operated be closer than 50 km (31 miles) to other states, Bernalillo County, or a Class I area (see www.env.nm.gov/aqb/modeling/class1areas.html)?						
9	Name nearest C	Class I area: We	minuche Wilderness				
10	Shortest distance	ce (in km) from fa	acility boundary to the bour	ndary of the	nearest Class	I area (to the	nearest 10 meters): 66.04 km
11	Distance (meters) from the perimeter of the Area of Operations (AO is defined as the plant site inclusive of all disturbed lands, including mining overburden removal areas) to nearest residence, school or occupied structure: ~9,083 meters						
12	Method(s) used to delineate the Restricted Area: Fencing "Restricted Area" is an area to which public entry is effectively precluded. Effective barriers include continuous fencing, continuous walls, or other continuous barriers approved by the Department, such as rugged physical terrain with steep grade that would require special equipment to traverse. If a large property is completely enclosed by fencing, a restricted area within the property may be identified with signage only. Public roads cannot be part of a Restricted Area.						
13	Does the owner/operator intend to operate this source as a portable stationary source as defined in 20.2.72.7.X NMAC? Yes No A portable stationary source is not a mobile source, such as an automobile, but a source that can be installed permanently at one location or that can be re-installed at various locations, such as a hot mix asphalt plant that is moved to different job sites.						
14	·		unction with other air regulation mit number (if known) of the	•	•	roperty?	⊠ No □ Yes

Section 1-E: Proposed Operating Schedule (The 1-E.1 & 1-E.2 operating schedules may become conditions in the permit.)

1	Facility maximum operating $(\frac{\text{hours}}{\text{day}})$: 24 $(\frac{\text{days}}{\text{week}})$: 7 $(\frac{\text{weeks}}{\text{year}})$: 52 $(\frac{\text{hours}}{\text{year}})$: 8,760
2	Facility's maximum daily operating schedule (if less than $24 \frac{\text{hours}}{\text{day}}$)? Start: N/A $\frac{\text{AM}}{\text{PM}}$ End: N/A $\frac{\text{AM}}{\text{PM}}$
3	Month and year of anticipated start of construction: N/A
4	Month and year of anticipated construction completion: N/A
5	Month and year of anticipated startup of new or modified facility: N/A
6	Will this facility operate at this site for more than one year? ▼ Yes □ No

⁽a) Station capacity is a direct function of available horsepower. The throughput is therefore dependent on atmospheric temperature, gas temperature, atmospheric pressure, gas pressure, relative humidity and gas quality, as well as other factors. The "capacity" expressed in the application is a nominal quantity, neither an absolute maximum nor an average. The actual throughput will vary from the nominal amount.

Section 1-F: Other Facility Information

1	Are there any current Notice of Violations (NOV), compliance orders, or any other compliance or enforcement issues related to this facility? \square Yes $\boxed{\mathbf{x}}$ No If yes, specify:				
a	If yes, NOV date or description of issue: N/A		-	NOV Tracking No: N/A	
b	Is this application in response to any issue listed in 1-F, 1 of	or 1a above? ☐ Yes	No If Yes	s, provide the 1c & 1d info below:	
c	Document Title: N/A	Date: N/A	Requirement page # and	ent # (or d paragraph #): N/A	
d	Provide the required text to be inserted in this permit: N/A	A			
2	Is air quality dispersion modeling or modeling waiver being submitted with this application? Yes No				
3	Does this facility require an "Air Toxics" permit under 20.2.72.400 NMAC & 20.2.72.502, Tables A and/or B? ☐ Yes 🗓 No				
4	Will this facility be a source of federal Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAP)? ▼ Yes □ No				
a	If Yes, what type of source? $\boxed{\mathbf{X}}$ Major $\boxed{\mathbf{X}} \ge 10$ tpy of an $\boxed{\mathbf{OR}}$ $\boxed{\mathbf{Minor}}$ ($\boxed{\mathbf{X}} \le 10$ tpy of an			tpy of any combination of HAPS) tpy of any combination of HAPS)	
5	Is any unit exempt under 20.2.72.202.B.3 NMAC? X Yes	s 🗆 No			
a	If yes, include the name of company providing commercial Cooperative, Inc. Commercial power is purchased from include power generated on site for the sole purpose of the	n a commercial utility			

Section 1-G: Streamline Application(This section applies to 20.2.72.300 NMAC Streamline applications only)1□ I have filled out Section 18, "Addendum for Streamline Applications."X N/A (This is not a Streamline application.)

Section 1-H: Current Title V Information - Required for all applications from TV Sources (Title V-source required information for all applications submitted pursuant to 20.2.72 NMAC (Minor Construction Permits), or 20.2.74/20.2.79 NMAC (Major PSD/NNSR applications), and/or 20.2.70 NMAC (Title V))

1	Responsible Official (R.O.) (20.2.70.300.D.2 NMAC):	Travis Jones		Phone: 713-289-2630		
a	R.O. Title:	EH&S Manager	R.O. e-mail: trjo	ones@harvestmidstream.com		
b	R. O. Address:	1111 Travis Street, Houston, TX	77002			
2	Alternate Responsible Official (20.2.70.300.D.2 NMAC):	TBD		Phone: TBD		
a	A. R.O. Title:	TBD	A. R.O. e-mail:	TBD		
b	A. R. O. Address:	TBD				
3	Company's Corporate or Partnership Relationship to any other Air Quality Permittee (List the names of any companies that have operating (20.2.70 NMAC) permits and with whom the applicant for this permit has a corporate or partnership relationship): N/A					
4	Name of Parent Company ("Parent Company" means the primary name of the organization that owns the company to be permitted wholly or in part.): Hilcorp Energy Company					
a	Address of Parent Company:	1111 Travis Street, Houston, TX	77002			
5	Names of Subsidiary Companies ("Subsidiary Companies" means organizations, branches, divisions or subsidiaries, which are owned, wholly or in part, by the company to be permitted.): N/A					
6	Telephone numbers & names of the owners' agents and site contacts familiar with plant operations: N/A					

Harvest Four Corners LLC 31-6 CDP Apr. 2021; Rev.0

Affected Programs to include Other States, local air pollution control programs (i.e. Bernalillo) and Indian tribes: Will the property on which the facility is proposed to be constructed or operated be closer than 80 km (50 miles) from other states, local pollution control programs, and Indian tribes and pueblos (20.2.70.402.A.2 and 20.2.70.7.B)? If yes, state which ones and provide the distances in kilometers:

Yes. Colorado, ~18.2 km; Navajo Nation Air Quality Control Program, ~34.1 km; Southern Ute Tribe, ~18.2 km; Jicarilla Apache Tribe, ~19.9 km; Ute Mountain Ute Tribe, ~74.1 km.

Section 1-I – Submittal Requirements

Each 20.2.73 NMAC (**NOI**), a 20.2.70 NMAC (**Title V**), a 20.2.72 NMAC (**NSR** minor source), or 20.2.74 NMAC (**PSD**) application package shall consist of the following:

Hard Copy Submittal Requirements:

7

- 1) One hard copy original signed and notarized application package printed double sided 'head-to-toe' 2-hole punched as we bind the document on top, not on the side; except Section 2 (landscape tables), which should be head-to-head. Please use numbered tab separators in the hard copy submittal(s) as this facilitates the review process. For NOI submittals only, hard copies of UA1, Tables 2A, 2D & 2F, Section 3 and the signed Certification Page are required. Please include a copy of the check on a separate page.
- 2) If the application is for a minor NSR, PSD, NNSR, or Title V application, include one working hard **copy** for Department use. This <u>copy</u> should be printed in book form, 3-hole punched, and <u>must be double sided</u>. Note that this is in addition to the head-to-to 2-hole punched copy required in 1) above. Minor NSR Technical Permit revisions (20.2.72.219.B NMAC) only need to fill out Sections 1-A, 1-B, 3, and should fill out those portions of other Section(s) relevant to the technical permit revision. TV Minor Modifications need only fill out Sections 1-A, 1-B, 1-H, 3, and those portions of other Section(s) relevant to the minor modification. NMED may require additional portions of the application to be submitted, as needed.
- 3) The entire NOI or Permit application package, including the full modeling study, should be submitted electronically. Electronic files for applications for NOIs, any type of General Construction Permit (GCP), or technical revisions to NSRs must be submitted with compact disk (CD) or digital versatile disc (DVD). For these permit application submittals, two CD copies are required (in sleeves, not crystal cases, please), with additional CD copies as specified below. NOI applications require only a single CD submittal. Electronic files for other New Source Review (construction) permits/permit modifications or Title V permits/permit modifications can be submitted on CD/DVD or sent through AQB's secure file transfer service.

Electronic files sent by (check one):

X CD/DVD attached to paper application			
□ secure electronic transfer. Air Permit Contact Name			
	Email		
	Phone number		

a. If the file transfer service is chosen by the applicant, after receipt of the application, the Bureau will email the applicant with instructions for submitting the electronic files through a secure file transfer service. Submission of the electronic files through the file transfer service needs to be completed within 3 business days after the invitation is received, so the applicant should ensure that the files are ready when sending the hard copy of the application. The applicant will not need a password to complete the transfer. **Do not use the file transfer service for NOIs, any type of GCP, or technical revisions to NSR permits.**

- 4) Optionally, the applicant may submit the files with the application on compact disk (CD) or digital versatile disc (DVD) following the instructions above and the instructions in 5 for applications subject to PSD review.
- 5) If **air dispersion modeling** is required by the application type, include the **NMED Modeling Waiver** and/or electronic air dispersion modeling report, input, and output files. The dispersion modeling **summary report only** should be submitted as hard copy(ies) unless otherwise indicated by the Bureau.
- 6) If the applicant submits the electronic files on CD and the application is subject to PSD review under 20.2.74 NMAC (PSD) or NNSR under 20.2.79 NMC include,
 - a. one additional CD copy for US EPA,
 - b. one additional CD copy for each federal land manager affected (NPS, USFS, FWS, USDI) and,
 - c. one additional CD copy for each affected regulatory agency other than the Air Quality Bureau.

If the application is submitted electronically through the secure file transfer service, these extra CDs do not need to be submitted.

Electronic Submittal Requirements [in addition to the required hard copy(ies)]:

- All required electronic documents shall be submitted as 2 separate CDs or submitted through the AQB secure file transfer service. Submit a single PDF document of the entire application as submitted and the individual documents comprising the application.
- The documents should also be submitted in Microsoft Office compatible file format (Word, Excel, etc.) allowing us to access the text and formulas in the documents (copy & paste). Any documents that cannot be submitted in a Microsoft Office compatible format shall be saved as a PDF file from within the electronic document that created the file. If you are unable to provide Microsoft office compatible electronic files or internally generated PDF files of files (items that were not created electronically: i.e. brochures, maps, graphics, etc.), submit these items in hard copy format. We must be able to review the formulas and inputs that calculated the emissions.
- It is preferred that this application form be submitted as 4 electronic files (3 MSWord docs: Universal Application section 1 [UA1], Universal Application section 3-19 [UA3], and Universal Application 4, the modeling report [UA4]) and 1 Excel file of the tables (Universal Application section 2 [UA2]). Please include as many of the 3-19 Sections as practical in a single MS Word electronic document. Create separate electronic file(s) if a single file becomes too large or if portions must be saved in a file format other than MS Word.
- The electronic file names shall be a maximum of 25 characters long (including spaces, if any). The format of the electronic Universal Application shall be in the format: "A-3423-FacilityName". The "A" distinguishes the file as an application submittal, as opposed to other documents the Department itself puts into the database. Thus, all electronic application submittals should begin with "A-". Modifications to existing facilities should use the core permit number (i.e. '3423') the Department assigned to the facility as the next 4 digits. Use 'XXXX' for new facility applications. The format of any separate electronic submittals (additional submittals such as non-Word attachments, re-submittals, application updates) and Section document shall be in the format: "A-3423-9-description", where "9" stands for the section # (in this case Section 9-Public Notice). Please refrain, as much as possible, from submitting any scanned documents as this file format is extremely large, which uses up too much storage capacity in our database. Please take the time to fill out the header information throughout all submittals as this will identify any loose pages, including the Application Date (date submitted) & Revision number (0 for original, 1, 2, etc.; which will help keep track of subsequent partial update(s) to the original submittal. Do not use special symbols (#, @, etc.) in file names. The footer information should not be modified by the applicant.

Table of Contents

Section 1: General Facility Information

Section 2:

Section 3: Application Summary Section 4: Process Flow Sheet Section 5: Plot Plan Drawn to Scale

Section 6: All Calculations

Section 7: Information Used to Determine Emissions

Section 8:

Section 9: Proof of Public Notice

Section 10: Written Description of the Routine Operations of the Facility

Section 11: Source Determination

PSD Applicability Determination for All Sources & Special Requirements for a PSD Application Section 12:

Section 13: Discussion Demonstrating Compliance with Each Applicable State & Federal Regulation

Section 14: **Operational Plan to Mitigate Emissions**

Section 15: Alternative Operating Scenarios

Section 16: Air Dispersion Modeling Section 17: **Compliance Test History**

Section 18: Addendum for Streamline Applications (streamline applications only)

Section 19: Requirements for the Title V (20.2.70 NMAC) Program (Title V applications only)

Section 20: **Other Relevant Information**

Section 21: **Addendum for Landfill Applications**

Section 22: **Certification Page**

Table 2-A: Regulated Emission Sources

Unit and stack numbering must correspond throughout the application package. If applying for a NOI under 20.2.73 NMAC, equipment exemptions under 2.72.202 NMAC do not apply.

Unit					Manufact- urer's Rated	Requested Permitted	Date of Manufacture ²	Controlled by Unit #	Source Classi-			RICE Ignition Type (CI, SI,	Replacing Unit
Number ¹	Source Description	Make	Model #	Serial #	Capacity ³ (Specify Units)	Capacity ³ (Specify Units)	Date of Construction/ Reconstruction ²	Emissions vented to Stack #	fication Code (SCC)	For Each Piece of Eq	uipment, Check One	4SLB, 4SRB, 2SLB) ⁴	No.
1	Reciprocating I.C.	Waukesha	7042 GL	C-10999/2A	1,478 hp	1,370 hp	09/27/1993	N/A	20200202	X Existing (unchanged) New/Additional	To be Removed Replacement Unit	4SLB	N/A
1	Engine	waakesna	7042 GE	(Pkg. 77051)	1,470 пр	1,570 lip	5/11/2017	1	20200202	To Be Modified	To be Replaced	TOLD	14/11
3	Reciprocating I.C.	Waukesha	7042 GL	296981	1,478 hp	1,370 hp	3/2/1976	3	20200202	X Existing (unchanged) New/Additional	To be Removed Replacement Unit	4SLB	2
	Engine	** dancona	7012 GE	(Pkg. 804334)	1,170 Hp	1,5 / 0 lip	10/1/1992	3		To Be Modified	To be Replaced	1022	_
4	Reciprocating I.C.	Waukesha	7042 GL	TBD	1,478 hp	1,370 hp	TBD	N/A	20200202	X Existing (unchanged) New/Additional	To be Removed Replacement Unit	4SLB	N/A
·	Engine	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	70.202		1,170 11p	1,5 / 0 11p	TBD	4		To Be Modified	To be Replaced	1022	1,111
5	Reciprocating I.C.	Waukesha	7042 GL	400911	1,478 hp	1,370 hp	7/28/1998	5	20200202	X Existing (unchanged) New/Additional	To be Removed Replacement Unit	4SLB	N/A
	Engine	** danesiid	7012 GE	(Pkg. 804368)	1,170 пр	1,5 / 0 lip	12/30/1993	5	20200202	To Be Modified	To be Replaced	IGED	11/11
6	Reciprocating I.C.	Waukesha	7042 GL	TBD	1,478 hp	1,370 hp	TBD	6	20200202	X Existing (unchanged) New/Additional	To be Removed Replacement Unit	4SLB	N/A
Ů	Engine	waakesna	7042 GE	TDD	1,470 пр	1,570 lip	TBD	6	20200202	To Be Modified	To be Replaced	IOLD	11/11
7	Reciprocating I.C.	Waukesha	7042 GL	403191	1,478 hp	1,370 hp	3/5/1991	N/A	20200202	X Existing (unchanged) New/Additional	To be Removed Replacement Unit	4SLB	N/A
,	Engine	waukesna	7042 GL	(Pkg. 804389)	1,476 lip	1,570 lip	7/21/2016	7	20200202	To Be Modified	To be Replaced	TOLD	IV/A
8	Reciprocating I.C.	Waukesha	7042 GL	C-12677/2	1,478 hp	1,370 hp	10/21/1998	N/A	20200202	X Existing (unchanged) New/Additional	To be Removed Replacement Unit	4SLB	N/A
8	Engine	waukesiia	7042 GL	(Pkg. x00002)	1,476 lip	1,370 lip	11/10/2004	8	20200202	To Be Modified	To be Replaced	TOLD	IN/A
9	Reciprocating I.C.	Waukesha	7042 GL	TBD	1,478 hp	1,370 hp	TBD	N/A	20200202	X Existing (unchanged) New/Additional	To be Removed Replacement Unit	4SLB	8
,	Engine	waakesna	7042 GE	TDD	1,470 пр	1,570 lip	TBD	9	20200202	To Be Modified	To be Replaced	TOLD	Ü
10	Reciprocating I.C.	Waukesha	7042 GL	C-12572/1	1,478 hp	1,370 hp	2/27/1998	10	20200202	X Existing (unchanged) New/Additional	To be Removed Replacement Unit	4SLB	9
10	Engine	waakesna	7042 GE	(Pkg. 77583)	1,470 пр	1,570 lip	11/5/1997	10	20200202	To Be Modified	To be Replaced	TOLD	,
11	Reciprocating I.C.	Waukesha	7042 GL	C-12554/2	1,478 hp	1,370 hp	02/03/1998	11	20200202	X Existing (unchanged) New/Additional	To be Removed Replacement Unit	4SLB	N/A
11	Engine	waukesna	7042 GL	(Pkg. 76490)	1,476 lip	1,570 lip	7/19/1995	11	20200202	To Be Modified	To be Replaced	TOLD	14/11
12	Reciprocating I.C.	Waukesha	7042 GL	C-13154/1	1,478 hp	1,370 hp	11/12/1993	12	20200202	X Existing (unchanged) New/Additional	To be Removed Replacement Unit	4SLB	N/A
12	Engine	waukesna	7042 GL	(Pkg. 77582)	1,476 lip	1,570 lip	1/25/1993	12	20200202	To Be Modified	To be Replaced	TOLD	IN/A
13	Reciprocating I.C.	Waukesha	7042 GL	TBD	1,478 hp	1,370 hp	TBD	13	20200202	X Existing (unchanged) New/Additional	To be Removed Replacement Unit	4SLB	N/A
13	Engine	waukesna	7042 GL	TDD	1,476 lip	1,570 lip	TBD	13	20200202	To Be Modified	To be Replaced	TOLD	14/11
14	Reciprocating I.C.	Waukesha	7042 GL	TBD	1,478 hp	1,370 hp	TBD	N/A	20200202	X Existing (unchanged) New/Additional	To be Removed Replacement Unit	4SLB	N/A
14	Engine	waukesna	7042 GL	TDD	1,476 lip	1,570 lip	TBD	14	20200202	To Be Modified	To be Replaced	TOLD	IV/A
15	Reciprocating I.C.	Waukesha	7042 GL	401158	1,478 hp	1,370 hp	09/22/1980	15	20200202	X Existing (unchanged) New/Additional	To be Removed Replacement Unit	4SLB	N/A
13	Engine	waukesha	7042 GL	(Pkg. 77052)	1,476 lip	1,570 lip	9/22/1980	15	20200202	To Be Modified	To be Replaced	TOLD	IV/A
16	Reciprocating I.C.	Waukesha	7042 GL	208656	1,478 hp	1,370 hp	7/30/1971	N/A	20200202	X Existing (unchanged) New/Additional	To be Removed Replacement Unit	4SLB	N/A
10	Engine	waukesiia	7042 GL	(Pkg. 76798)	1,476 lip	1,370 lip	8/18/2005	16	20200202	To Be Modified	To be Replaced	43LB	IN/A
33	Reciprocating I.C.	Waukesha	7042 GL	C-10607/13	1,478 hp	1,370 hp	07/20/1992	N/A	20200202	X Existing (unchanged) New/Additional	To be Removed Replacement Unit	4SLB	N/A
33	Engine	w aukesna	7042 GL	(Pkg. 804367)	1,470 HP	1,370 Hp	4/5/2017	33	20200202	To Be Modified	To be Replaced	45LD	IN/A
SSM	Compressors &	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A		X Existing (unchanged) New/Additional	To be Removed Replacement Unit	N/A	N/A
SSIVI	Associated Piping	IV/A	1 N / /A	1N/A	1N/A	IN/A	N/A	N/A		To Be Modified	To be Replaced	IN/A	IN/A

Harvest Four Corners, LLC 31-6 CDP Apr. 2021; Rev. 0

Unit Number ¹	Source Description	Make	Model#	Serial #	Manufact- urer's Rated Capacity ³ (Specify Units)	Requested Permitted Capacity ³ (Specify Units)	Date of Manufacture ² Date of Construction/ Reconstruction ²	Controlled by Unit # Emissions vented to Stack #	Source Classi- fication Code (SCC)	For Each Piece of Equ	nipment, Check One	RICE Ignition Type (CI, SI, 4SLB, 4SRB, 2SLB) ⁴	Replacing Unit No.
17a	TEG Dehydrator Still Vent	Enertek	J2P12M74 9 TEG	41997	12 mmscfd	12 mmscfd	1992 1/1/1992	N/A 17a	31000227	X Existing (unchanged) New/Additional To Be Modified	To be Removed Replacement Unit	N/A	N/A
17b	TEG Dehydrator Reboiler	Enertek	429 scfh	N/A	429 scfh	429 scfh	1992 1/1/1992	NA 17b	31000228	X Existing (unchanged) New/Additional	To be Replaced To be Removed Replacement Unit	N/A	N/A
18a	TEG Dehydrator Still Vent	Enertek	J2P12M74 9 TEG	41733	12 mmscfd	12 mmscfd	1992	N/A	31000227	To Be Modified X Existing (unchanged) New/Additional	To be Replaced To be Removed Replacement Unit	N/A	N/A
18b	TEG Dehydrator Reboiler	Enertek	429 scfh	N/A	429 scfh	429 scfh	1/1/1992	18a N/A	31000228	To Be Modified X Existing (unchanged) New/Additional	To be Replaced To be Removed Replacement Unit	N/A	N/A
19a	TEG Dehydrator Still	Enertek	J2P12M74	41688	12 mmscfd	12 mmscfd	1/1/1992 1992	18b N/A	31000227	To Be Modified X Existing (unchanged) New/Additional	To be Replaced To be Removed Replacement Unit	N/A	N/A
19b	Vent TEG Dehydrator	Enertek	9 TEG 429 scfh	N/A	429 scfh	429 scfh	1/1/1992 1992	19a N/A	31000228	To Be Modified X Existing (unchanged) New/Additional	To be Replaced To be Removed Replacement Unit	N/A	N/A
	Reboiler TEG Dehydrator Still		J2P12M74				1/1/1992 1993	19b N/A		To Be Modified X Existing (unchanged)	To be Replaced To be Removed		
20a	Vent TEG Dehydrator	Enertek	9 TEG	41747		12 mmscfd	1/1/1993 1993	20a N/A	31000227	New/Additional To Be Modified X Existing (unchanged)	Replacement Unit To be Replaced To be Removed	N/A	N/A
20b	Reboiler	Enertek	429 scfh	N/A	429 scfh	429 scfh	1/1/1993	20b N/A	31000228	New/Additional To Be Modified X Existing (unchanged)	Replacement Unit To be Replaced To be Removed	N/A	N/A
21a	TEG Dehydrator Still Vent	Enertek	J2P12M74 9 TEG	42380	12 mmscfd	12 mmscfd	1/1/1993	21a	31000227	New/Additional To Be Modified X Existing (unchanged)	Replacement Unit To be Replaced To be Removed	N/A	N/A
21b	TEG Dehydrator Reboiler	Enertek	429 scfh	N/A	429 scfh	429 scfh	1993 1/1/1993	N/A 21b	31000228	New/Additional To Be Modified	Replacement Unit To be Replaced	N/A	N/A
22a	TEG Dehydrator Still Vent	Enertek	J2P12M74 9 TEG	43250	12 mmscfd	12 mmscfd	1993 1/1/1993	N/A 22a	31000227	X Existing (unchanged) New/Additional To Be Modified	To be Removed Replacement Unit To be Replaced	N/A	N/A
22b	TEG Dehydrator Reboiler	Enertek	429 scfh	N/A	429 scfh	429 scfh	1992 1/1/1992	NA 22b	31000228	X Existing (unchanged) New/Additional To Be Modified	To be Removed Replacement Unit To be Replaced	N/A	N/A
31a	TEG Dehydrator Still Vent	Enertek	J2P30M74 9TEG	42857	30 mmscfd	30 mmscfd	2004 12/17/2004	N/A 31a	31000227	X Existing (unchanged) New/Additional To Be Modified	To be Removed Replacement Unit	N/A	N/A
31b	TEG Dehydrator Reboiler	Enertek	444 scfh	N/A	444 scfh	444 scfh	2004	NA 31b	31000228	To Be Modified To be Replaced X Existing (unchanged) To be Removed New/Additional Replacement Unit	To be Removed	N/A	N/A
M1	Malfunction Emissions	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A		X Existing (unchanged) New/Additional To Be Modified	To be Removed Replacement Unit To be Replaced	N/A	N/A
							,,,,,			Existing (unchanged) New/Additional To Be Modified	To be Removed Replacement Unit To be Replaced	N/A	N/A
										Existing (unchanged) New/Additional To Be Modified	To be Removed Replacement Unit To be Replaced		

¹ Unit numbers must correspond to unit numbers in the previous permit unless a complete cross reference table of all units in both permits is provided.

² Specify dates required to determine regulatory applicability.

To properly account for power conversion efficiencies, generator set rated capacity shall be reported as the rated capacity of the engine in horsepower, not the kilowatt capacity of the generator set.

⁴ "4SLB" means four stroke lean burn engine, "4SRB" means four stroke rich burn engine, "2SLB" means two stroke lean burn engine, "CI" means compression ignition, and "SI" means spark ignition

Table 2-B: Insignificant Activities (20.2.70 NMAC) **OR** Exempted Equipment (20.2.72 NMAC)

All 20.2.70 NMAC (Title V) applications must list all Insignificant Activities in this table. All 20.2.72 NMAC applications must list Exempted Equipment in this table. If equipment listed on this table is exempt under 20.2.72.202.B.5, include emissions calculations and emissions totals for 202.B.5 "similar functions" units, operations, and activities in Section 6, Calculations. Equipment and activities exempted under 20.2.72.202 NMAC may not necessarily be Insignificant under 20.2.70 NMAC (and vice versa). Unit & stack numbering must be consistent throughout the application package. Per Exemptions Policy 02-012.00 (see http://www.env.nm.gov/aqb/permit/aqb_pol.html), 20.2.72.202.B NMAC Exemptions do not apply, but 20.2.72.202.A NMAC exemptions do apply to NOI facilities under 20.2.73 NMAC. List 20.2.72.301.D.4 NMAC Auxiliary Equipment for Streamline applications in Table 2-A. The List of Insignificant Activities (for TV) can be found online at http://www.env.nm.gov/aqb/forms/InsignificantListTitleV.pdf . TV sources may elect to enter both TV Insignificant Activities and Part 72 Exemptions on this form.

Unit Number	Source Description	Manufacturer	Model No.	Max Capacity	List Specific 20.2.72.202 NMAC Exemption (e.g. 20.2.72.202.B.5)	Date of Manufacture /Reconstruction ²	For Each Piece of Eq	winment Cheek One
Cint Number	Source Description	Manuracturer	Serial No.	Capacity Units	Insignificant Activity citation (e.g. IA List Item #1.a)	Date of Installation /Construction ²	FOI Each Flece of Eq	шривент, Спеск Опс
T. 1. 1. T. 1.1	Lubrication (Lube) Oil Storage			500 gal			X Existing (unchanged)	To be Removed
T-1 thru T-14	Tank (each)			500 gal	Insignificant Activity List Item #5		New/Additional To Be Modified	Replacement Unit To be Replaced
=				4,200 gal			X Existing (unchanged)	To be Removed
T-15	Lube Oil Storage Tank			4,200 gal	Insignificant Activity List Item #5		New/Additional To Be Modified	Replacement Unit To be Replaced
T-16	Antifreeze Storage Tank			500 gal			X Existing (unchanged) New/Additional	To be Removed Replacement Unit
1-10	Anumeeze Storage Tank			500 gal	Insignificant Activity List Item #5		To Be Modified	To be Replaced
T-17	Corrosion Inhibitor Storage			500 gal			X Existing (unchanged) New/Additional	To be Removed Replacement Unit
1-17	Tank			500 gal	Insignificant Activity List Item #1		To Be Modified	To be Replaced
T-18 thru T-23	Glycol Storage Tank (each)			100 gal			X Existing (unchanged) New/Additional	To be Removed Replacement Unit
1-18 tillu 1-23	Glycol Storage Talik (each)			100 gal	Insignificant Activity List Item #5		To Be Modified	To be Replaced
T-24	Solvent Storage Tank			500 gal			X Existing (unchanged) New/Additional	To be Removed Replacement Unit
1-24	Solvent Storage Tank			500 gal	Insignificant Activity List Item #5		To Be Modified	To be Replaced
T-25	Produced Water Storage Tank			12,600 gal			X Existing (unchanged) New/Additional	To be Removed Replacement Unit
1-23	Froduced water Storage Talik			12,600 gal	Insignificant Activity List Item #1		To Be Modified	To be Replaced
T-26	Used Oil Storage Tank			6,930 gal			X Existing (unchanged) New/Additional	To be Removed Replacement Unit
1-20	Used Oil Stolage Talik			6,930 gal	Insignificant Activity List Item #5		To Be Modified	To be Replaced
T-27	Wastewater Storage Tank			6,930 gal			X Existing (unchanged) New/Additional	To be Removed Replacement Unit
1-27	wastewater Storage Talik			6,930 gal	Insignificant Activity List Item #5		To Be Modified	To be Replaced
T-28 & T-29	Lube Oil Storage Tank (each)			500 gal			X Existing (unchanged) New/Additional	To be Removed Replacement Unit
1-20 & 1-29	Lube Oil Storage Talik (eacil)			500 gal	Insignificant Activity List Item #5		To Be Modified	To be Replaced
T-30	Glycol Storage Tank			100 gal			X Existing (unchanged) New/Additional	To be Removed Replacement Unit
1-30	Grycol Stolage Talik			100 gal	Insignificant Activity List Item #5		To Be Modified	To be Replaced
T-34 thru T-40	Glycol Storage Tank (each)			50 gal			X Existing (unchanged) New/Additional	To be Removed Replacement Unit
1-34 11111 1-40	Grycor Storage Talik (each)			50 gal	Insignificant Activity List Item #5		To Be Modified	To be Replaced
T-42	Wastewater Storage Tank			740 gal			X Existing (unchanged) New/Additional	To be Removed Replacement Unit
1-42	wasiewater storage ralik			740 gal	Insignificant Activity List Item #5		To Be Modified	To be Replaced

Form Revision: 7/8/2011 Table 2-B: Page 1 Printed 4/7/2021 2:40 PM

Unit Number	Source Description	Manufacturer	Model No.	Max Capacity	List Specific 20.2.72.202 NMAC Exemption (e.g. 20.2.72.202.B.5)	Date of Manufacture /Reconstruction ²	For Each Piece of Eq	uninment Chack One
Cint Number	Source Description	Manufacturei	Serial No.	Capacity Units	Insignificant Activity citation (e.g. IA List Item #1.a)	Date of Installation /Construction ²	For Each Fiece of Eq	шршені, спеск опс
T-43	Produced Water Storage Tank			12,600 gal			X Existing (unchanged) New/Additional	To be Removed Replacement Unit
1-43	Produced water Storage Tank			12,600 gal	Insignificant Activity List Item #1		To Be Modified	To be Replaced
T-44	Produced Water Storage Tank			1,680 gal			X Existing (unchanged) New/Additional	To be Removed Replacement Unit
1-44	Froduced water Storage Talik			1,680 gal	Insignificant Activity List Item #1		To Be Modified	To be Replaced
T-45 & T-46	Used Oil Storage Tank			500 gal			X Existing (unchanged) New/Additional	To be Removed Replacement Unit
1-43 & 1-40	Osed Oil Storage Talik			500 gal	Insignificant Activity List Item #5		To Be Modified	To be Replaced
T-47 & T-48	Glycol Storage Tank (each)			125 gal			X Existing (unchanged) New/Additional	To be Removed Replacement Unit
1-4/ & 1-40	Grycor Storage Talik (each)			125 gal	Insignificant Activity List Item #5		To Be Modified	To be Replaced
T-49	Glycol Storage Tank			2,100 gal			X Existing (unchanged) New/Additional	To be Removed Replacement Unit
1-47	Grycor Storage Tank			2,100 gal	Insignificant Activity List Item #5		To Be Modified	To be Replaced
T-50	Methanol Storage Tank			500 gal			X Existing (unchanged) New/Additional	To be Removed Replacement Unit
1-30	Wethanor Storage Tank			500 gal	Insignificant Activity List Item #1		To Be Modified	To be Replaced
T-51 & T-52	Lube Oil Storage Tank (each)			500 gal			X Existing (unchanged) New/Additional	To be Removed Replacement Unit
1-31 & 1-32	Euoc On Storage Tank (cach)			500 gal	Insignificant Activity List Item #5		To Be Modified	To be Replaced
T-55 & T-56	Produced Water Storage Tank			12,600 gal			X Existing (unchanged) New/Additional	To be Removed Replacement Unit
1-33 & 1-30	(each)			12,600 gal	Insignificant Activity List Item #1		To Be Modified	To be Replaced
F1	Fugitive Emissions			N/A			X Existing (unchanged) New/Additional	To be Removed Replacement Unit
1.1	1 ugitive Elinosions			N/A	Insignificant Activity List Item #1		To Be Modified	To be Replaced
L1	Truck Loading Emissions			N/A			X Existing (unchanged) New/Additional	To be Removed Replacement Unit
LI	(Produced water)			N/A	Insignificant Activity List Item #1		To Be Modified	To be Replaced
							Existing (unchanged) New/Additional To Be Modified	To be Removed Replacement Unit To be Replaced

¹ Insignificant activities exempted due to size or production rate are defined in 20.2.70.300.D.6, 20.2.70.7.Q NMAC, and the NMED/AQB List of Insignificant Activities, dated September 15, 2008. Emissions from these insignificant activities do not need to be reported, unless specifically requested.

Form Revision: 7/8/2011 Table 2-B: Page 2 Printed 4/7/2021 2:40 PM

² Specify date(s) required to determine regulatory applicability.

Table 2-C: Emissions Control Equipment

Unit and stack numbering must correspond throughout the application package. Only list control equipment for TAPs if the TAP's maximum uncontrolled emissions rate is over its respective threshold as listed in 20.2.72 NMAC, Subpart V, Tables A and B. In accordance with 20.2.72.203.A(3) and (8) NMAC, 20.2.70.300.D(5)(b) and (e) NMAC, and 20.2.73.200.B(7) NMAC, the permittee shall report all control devices and list each pollutant controlled by the control device regardless if the applicant takes credit for the reduction in emissions.

Control Equipment Unit No.	Control Equipment Description	Date Installed	Controlled Pollutant(s)	Controlling Emissions for Unit Number(s) ¹	Efficiency (% Control by Weight)	Method used to Estimate Efficiency
3	Catalytic Converter (oxidation catalyst)	8/1/2007	CO, VOC, HAPs	3	CO 93%; VOC 80%	Mfg. data
5	Catalytic Converter (oxidation catalyst)	8/1/2007	CO, VOC, HAPs	5	CO 93%; VOC 80%	Mfg. data
6	Catalytic Converter (oxidation catalyst)	8/1/2007	CO, VOC, HAPs	6	CO 93%; VOC 80%	Mfg. data
10	Catalytic Converter (oxidation catalyst)	8/1/2007	CO, VOC, HAPs	10	CO 93%; VOC 80%	Mfg. data
11	Catalytic Converter (oxidation catalyst)	8/1/2007	CO, VOC, HAPs	11	CO 93%; VOC 80%	Mfg. data
12	Catalytic Converter (oxidation catalyst)	8/1/2007	CO, VOC, HAPs	12	CO 93%; VOC 80%	Mfg. data
13	Catalytic Converter (oxidation catalyst)	8/1/2007	CO, VOC, HAPs	13	CO 93%; VOC 80%	Mfg. data
15	Catalytic Converter (oxidation catalyst)	8/1/2007	CO, VOC, HAPs	15	CO 93%; VOC 80%	Mfg. data

¹ List each control device on a separate line. For each control device, list all emission units controlled by the control device.

Form Revision: 7/8/2011 Table 2-C: Page 1 Printed 4/7/2021 2:40 PM

Table 2-D: Maximum Emissions (under normal operating conditions)

This Table was intentionally left blank because it would be identical to Table 2-E.

Maximum Emissions are the emissions at maximum capacity and prior to (in the absence of) pollution control, emission-reducing process equipment, or any other emission reduction. Calculate the hourly emissions using the worst case hourly emissions for each pollutant. For each pollutant, calculate the annual emissions as if the facility were operating at maximum plant capacity without pollution controls for 8760 hours per year, unless otherwise approved by the Department. List Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAP) & Toxic Air Pollutants (TAPs) in Table 2-I. Unit & stack numbering must be consistent throughout the application package. Fill all cells in this table with the emission numbers or a "-" symbol. A "-" symbol indicates that emissions of this pollutant are not expected. Numbers shall be expressed to at least 2 decimal points (e.g. 0.41, 1.41, or 1.41E-4).

Unit No.	N()x	C	0	V	OC	S	Ox	Pl	\mathbf{M}^1	PM	[10 ¹	PM	2.5 ¹	Н	₂ S	Le	ead
CIIIt 140.	lb/hr	ton/yr	lb/hr	ton/yr	lb/hr	ton/yr	lb/hr	ton/yr	lb/hr	ton/yr	lb/hr	ton/yr	lb/hr	ton/yr	lb/hr	ton/yr	lb/hr	ton/yr
1	2.72	11.92	8.01	35.00	3.02	13.24	5.9E-03	2.6E-02	0.10	0.44	0.10	0.44	0.10	0.44	-	-	-	-
3	2.72	11.92	8.01	35.00	3.02	13.24	5.9E-03	2.6E-02	0.10	0.44	0.10	0.44	0.10	0.44	1	-	-	-
4	2.72	11.92	8.01	35.00	3.02	13.24	5.9E-03	2.6E-02	0.10	0.44	0.10	0.44	0.10	0.44	1	-	-	-
5	2.72	11.92	8.01	35.00	3.02	13.24	5.9E-03	2.6E-02	0.10	0.44	0.10	0.44	0.10	0.44	1	-	-	-
6	2.72	11.92	8.01	35.00	3.02	13.24	5.9E-03	2.6E-02	0.10	0.44	0.10	0.44	0.10	0.44	1	-	-	-
7	2.72	11.92	8.01	35.00	3.02	13.24	5.9E-03	2.6E-02	0.10	0.44	0.10	0.44	0.10	0.44	-	-	-	-
8	2.72	11.92	8.01	35.00	3.02	13.24	5.9E-03	2.6E-02	0.10	0.44	0.10	0.44	0.10	0.44	1	-	-	-
9	2.72	11.92	8.01	35.00	3.02	13.24	5.9E-03	2.6E-02	0.10	0.44	0.10	0.44	0.10	0.44	1	-	-	-
10	2.72	11.92	8.01	35.00	3.02	13.24	5.9E-03	2.6E-02	0.10	0.44	0.10	0.44	0.10	0.44	1	-	-	-
11	2.72	11.92	8.01	35.00	3.02	13.24	5.9E-03	2.6E-02	0.10	0.44	0.10	0.44	0.10	0.44	-	-	-	-
12	2.72	11.92	8.01	35.00	3.02	13.24	5.9E-03	2.6E-02	0.10	0.44	0.10	0.44	0.10	0.44	-	-	-	-
13	2.72	11.92	8.01	35.00	3.02	13.24	5.9E-03	2.6E-02	0.10	0.44	0.10	0.44	0.10	0.44	-	-	-	-
14	2.72	11.92	8.01	35.00	3.02	13.24	5.9E-03	2.6E-02	0.10	0.44	0.10	0.44	0.10	0.44	-	-	-	-
15	2.72	11.92	8.01	35.00	3.02	13.24	5.9E-03	2.6E-02	0.10	0.44	0.10	0.44	0.10	0.44	-	-	-	-
16	2.72	11.92	8.01	35.00	3.02	13.24	5.9E-03	2.6E-02	0.10	0.44	0.10	0.44	0.10	0.44	-	-	-	-
33	2.72	11.92	8.01	35.00	3.02	13.24	5.9E-03	2.6E-02	0.10	0.44	0.10	0.44	0.10	0.44	-	-	-	-
SSM^2	-	-	-	-	-	12.00	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
17a ²	-	-	-	-	2.12	9.30	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
17b	4.29E-02	0.19	3.25E-02	0.14	4.79E-03	2.10E-02	8.33E-04	3.65E-03	3.26E-03	1.43E-02	3.26E-03	1.43E-02	3.26E-03	1.43E-02	-	-	2.15E-07	9.40E-07
18a ²	-	-	-	-	2.12	9.30	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
18b	4.29E-02	0.19	3.25E-02	0.14	4.79E-03	2.10E-02	8.33E-04	3.65E-03	3.26E-03	1.43E-02	3.26E-03	1.43E-02	3.26E-03	1.43E-02	-	-	2.15E-07	9.40E-07

Unit No.	NO	Ox	C	O	V	OC	S	Ox	PI	M^1	PM	10 ¹	PM	2.5 ¹	Н	$_2$ S	Le	ead
Unit No.	lb/hr	ton/yr	lb/hr	ton/yr	lb/hr	ton/yr	lb/hr	ton/yr	lb/hr	ton/yr	lb/hr	ton/yr	lb/hr	ton/yr	lb/hr	ton/yr	lb/hr	ton/yr
19a ²	-	-	-	ı	2.12	9.30	-	-	-	-	-	ı	-	-	-	-	-	-
19b	4.29E-02	0.19	3.25E-02	0.14	4.79E-03	2.10E-02	8.33E-04	3.65E-03	3.26E-03	1.43E-02	3.26E-03	1.43E-02	3.26E-03	1.43E-02	-	-	2.15E-07	9.40E-07
$20a^2$	-	-	-	-	2.12	9.30	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
20b	4.29E-02	0.19	3.25E-02	0.14	4.79E-03	2.10E-02	8.33E-04	3.65E-03	3.26E-03	1.43E-02	3.26E-03	1.43E-02	3.26E-03	1.43E-02	-	-	2.15E-07	9.40E-07
21a ²	-	-	-	-	2.12	9.30	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
21b	4.29E-02	0.19	3.25E-02	0.14	4.79E-03	2.10E-02	8.33E-04	3.65E-03	3.26E-03	1.43E-02	3.26E-03	1.43E-02	3.26E-03	1.43E-02	-	-	2.15E-07	9.40E-07
22a ²	-	-	-	-	2.12	9.30	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
22b	4.29E-02	0.19	3.25E-02	0.14	4.79E-03	2.10E-02	8.33E-04	3.65E-03	3.26E-03	1.43E-02	3.26E-03	1.43E-02	3.26E-03	1.43E-02	-	-	2.15E-07	9.40E-07
31a ²	-	-	-	-	2.10	9.20	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
31b	4.44E-02	0.19	3.73E-02	0.16	2.44E-03	1.07E-02	2.66E-04	1.17E-03	3.37E-03	1.48E-02	3.37E-03	1.48E-02	3.37E-03	1.48E-02	-	-	2.22E-07	9.72E-07
$M1^2$	-	-	-	-	Not specified	10.00	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Totals	43.83	191.98	128.40	561.02	63.24	298.98	0.10	0.44	1.64	7.17	1.64	7.17	1.64	7.17	1	1	1.5E-06	6.6E-06

¹Condensable Particulate Matter: Include condensable particulate matter emissions for PM10 and PM2.5 if the source is a combustion source. Do not include condensable particulate matter for PM unless PM is set equal to PM10 and PM2.5. Particulate matter (PM) is not subject to an ambient air quality standard, but PM is a regulated air pollutant under PSD (20.2.74 NMAC) and Title V (20.2.70 NMAC).

² The VOC emission rates are carried forward from Operating Permit P027-R4.

Harvest Four Corners, LLC 31-6 CDP Apr. 2021; Rev. 0

Table 2-E: Requested Allowable Emissions

Unit & stack numbering must be consistent throughout the application package. Fill all cells in this table with the emission numbers or a "-" symbol. A "-" symbol indicates that emissions of this pollutant are not expected. Numbers shall be expressed to at least 2 decimal points (e.g. 0.41, 1.41, or 1.41E⁻⁴).

Unit No.	N()x	C	0	V	OC	S	Ox	P	\mathbf{M}^1	PM	10 ¹	PM	2.5 ¹	Н	₂ S	Le	ead
Cint 140.	lb/hr	ton/yr	lb/hr	ton/yr	lb/hr	ton/yr	lb/hr	ton/yr	lb/hr	ton/yr	lb/hr	ton/yr	lb/hr	ton/yr	lb/hr	ton/yr	lb/hr	ton/yr
1 ²	2.72	11.92	8.01	35.00	3.02	13.24	5.9E-03	2.6E-02	0.10	0.44	0.10	0.44	0.10	0.44	-	-	-	-
3 ²	2.72	11.92	0.56	2.46	0.60	2.65	5.9E-03	2.6E-02	0.10	0.44	0.10	0.44	0.10	0.44	-	-	-	-
4 ²	2.72	11.92	8.01	35.00	3.02	13.24	5.9E-03	2.6E-02	0.10	0.44	0.10	0.44	0.10	0.44	-	-	-	-
5 ²	2.72	11.92	0.56	2.46	0.60	2.65	5.9E-03	2.6E-02	0.10	0.44	0.10	0.44	0.10	0.44	-	-	-	-
6 ²	2.72	11.92	0.56	2.46	0.60	2.65	5.9E-03	2.6E-02	0.10	0.44	0.10	0.44	0.10	0.44	-	-	-	-
7 ²	2.72	11.92	8.01	35.00	3.02	13.24	5.9E-03	2.6E-02	0.10	0.44	0.10	0.44	0.10	0.44	-	-	-	-
8 ²	2.72	11.92	8.01	35.00	3.02	13.24	5.9E-03	2.6E-02	0.10	0.44	0.10	0.44	0.10	0.44	-	-	-	-
9 ²	2.72	11.92	8.01	35.00	3.02	13.24	5.9E-03	2.6E-02	0.10	0.44	0.10	0.44	0.10	0.44	-	-	-	-
10 ²	2.72	11.92	0.56	2.46	0.60	2.65	5.9E-03	2.6E-02	0.10	0.44	0.10	0.44	0.10	0.44	-	-	-	-
11 ²	2.72	11.92	0.56	2.46	0.60	2.65	5.9E-03	2.6E-02	0.10	0.44	0.10	0.44	0.10	0.44	-	-	-	-
12 ²	2.72	11.92	0.56	2.46	0.60	2.65	5.9E-03	2.6E-02	0.10	0.44	0.10	0.44	0.10	0.44	-	-	-	-
13 ²	2.72	11.92	0.56	2.46	0.60	2.65	5.9E-03	2.6E-02	0.10	0.44	0.10	0.44	0.10	0.44	-	-	-	-
14 ²	2.72	11.92	8.01	35.00	3.02	13.24	5.9E-03	2.6E-02	0.10	0.44	0.10	0.44	0.10	0.44	-	-	-	-
15 ²	2.72	11.92	0.56	2.46	0.60	2.65	5.9E-03	2.6E-02	0.10	0.44	0.10	0.44	0.10	0.44	-	-	-	-
16 ²	2.72	11.92	8.01	35.00	3.02	13.24	5.9E-03	2.6E-02	0.10	0.44	0.10	0.44	0.10	0.44	-	-	-	-
33 ²	2.72	11.92	8.01	35.00	3.02	13.24	5.9E-03	2.6E-02	0.10	0.44	0.10	0.44	0.10	0.44	-	-	-	-
SSM^2	-	-	-	-	-	12.00	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
17a ²	-	-	-	1	2.12	9.30	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
17b	4.29E-02	0.19	3.25E-02	0.14	4.79E-03	2.10E-02	8.33E-04	3.65E-03	3.26E-03	1.43E-02	3.26E-03	1.43E-02	3.26E-03	1.43E-02	-	-	2.15E-07	9.40E-07
$18a^2$	-	-	-	1	2.12	9.30	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
18b	4.29E-02	0.19	3.25E-02	0.14	4.79E-03	2.10E-02	8.33E-04	3.65E-03	3.26E-03	1.43E-02	3.26E-03	1.43E-02	3.26E-03	1.43E-02	-	-	2.15E-07	9.40E-07
19a ²	-	-	-	-	2.12	9.30	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
19b	4.29E-02	0.19	3.25E-02	0.14	4.79E-03	2.10E-02	8.33E-04	3.65E-03	3.26E-03	1.43E-02	3.26E-03	1.43E-02	3.26E-03	1.43E-02	-	-	2.15E-07	9.40E-07
20a ²	-	-	-	-	2.12	9.30	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
20b	4.29E-02	0.19	3.25E-02	0.14	4.79E-03	2.10E-02	8.33E-04	3.65E-03	3.26E-03	1.43E-02	3.26E-03	1.43E-02	3.26E-03	1.43E-02	-	-	2.15E-07	9.40E-07

Form Revision: 6/14/2019 Table 2-E: Page 1 Aug. 2019; Rev. 0

Unit No.	NO	Ox	C	0	V	OC	S	Ox	P	M^1	PM	[10 ¹	PM	2.5 ¹	H	₂ S	Le	ead
Omt No.	lb/hr	ton/yr	lb/hr	ton/yr	lb/hr	ton/yr	lb/hr	ton/yr	lb/hr	ton/yr	lb/hr	ton/yr	lb/hr	ton/yr	lb/hr	ton/yr	lb/hr	ton/yr
$21a^2$	-	ı	-	-	2.12	9.30	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-
21b	4.29E-02	0.19	3.25E-02	0.14	4.79E-03	2.10E-02	8.33E-04	3.65E-03	3.26E-03	1.43E-02	3.26E-03	1.43E-02	3.26E-03	1.43E-02	-	-	2.15E-07	9.40E-07
$22a^2$	-	-	-	-	2.12	9.30	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
22b	4.29E-02	0.19	3.25E-02	0.14	4.79E-03	2.10E-02	8.33E-04	3.65E-03	3.26E-03	1.43E-02	3.26E-03	1.43E-02	3.26E-03	1.43E-02	-	-	2.15E-07	9.40E-07
31a ²	-	-	-	-	2.10	9.20	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
31b	4.44E-02	0.19	3.73E-02	0.16	2.44E-03	1.07E-02	2.66E-04	1.17E-03	3.37E-03	1.48E-02	3.37E-03	1.48E-02	3.37E-03	1.48E-02	-	-	2.22E-07	9.72E-07
M1 ²	-	-	-	-	Not specified	10.00	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Totals	43.83	191.98	68.80	300.67	43.89	214.24	0.10	0.44	1.64	7.17	1.64	7.17	1.64	7.17	-	-	1.51E-06	6.61E-06

¹ Condensable Particulate Matter: Include condensable particulate matter emissions for PM10 and PM2.5 if the source is a combustion source. Do not include condensable particulate matter for PM unless PM is set equal to PM10 and PM2.5. Particulate matter (PM) is not subject to an ambient air quality standard, but it is a regulated air pollutant under PSD (20.2.74 NMAC) and Title V (20.2.70 NMAC).

Form Revision: 6/14/2019 Table 2-E: Page 2 Aug. 2019; Rev. 0

² The Requested Allowable Emissions are carried forward from Operating Permit P027-R4; no changes to the existing permitted emission rates are proposed. Any emission calculations presented in section 6 that are lower than the above emission rates demonstrate compliance with the current permit limits.

Table 2-F: Additional Emissions during Startup, Shutdown, and Routine Maintenance (SSM)

This table is intentionally left blank since all emissions at this facility due to routine or predictable startup, shutdown, or scehduled maintenance are no higher than those listed in Table 2-E and a malfunction emission limit is not already permitted or requested. If you are required to report GHG emissions as described in Section 6a, include any GHG emissions during Startup, Shutdown, and/or Scheduled Maintenance (SSM) in Table 2-P. Provide an explanations of SSM emissions in Section 6 and 6a.

All applications for facilities that have emissions during routine our predictable startup, shutdown or scheduled maintenance (SSM), including NOI applications, must include in this table the Maximum Emissions during routine or predictable startup, shutdown and scheduled maintenance (20.2.7 NMAC, 20.2.72.203.A.3 NMAC, 20.2.73.200.D.2 NMAC). In Section 6 and 6a, provide emissions calculations for all SSM emissions reported in this table. Refer to "Guidance for Submittal of Startup, Shutdown, Maintenance Emissions in Permit Applications (https://www.env.nm.gov/aqb/permit/aqb_pol.html) for more detailed instructions. Numbers shall be expressed to at least 2 decimal points (e.g. 0.41, 1.41, or 1.41E-4).

Unit No	N	Ox	C	O	V(OC	S	Ox	PI	M^2	PM	10^2	PM	(2.5^2)	Н	₂ S	Le	ead
Unit No.	lb/hr	ton/yr	lb/hr	ton/yr	lb/hr	ton/yr	lb/hr	ton/yr	lb/hr	ton/yr	lb/hr	ton/yr	lb/hr	ton/yr	lb/hr	ton/yr	lb/hr	ton/yr
SSM ³	-	-	-	-	unspecified	12.0	-	-	1	-	-	=	ı	-	-	-	1	-
$M1^3$	-	-	-	-	unspecified	10.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Totals	-	-	-	-	not specified	22.00	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

¹ For instance, if the short term steady-state Table 2-E emissions are 5 lb/hr and the SSM rate is 12 lb/hr, enter 7 lb/hr in this table. If the annual steady-state Table 2-E emissions are 21.9 TPY, and the number of scheduled SSM events result in annual emissions of 31.9 TPY, enter 10.0 TPY in the table below.

Form Revision: 6/14/2019 Table 2-F: Page 1 Printed 4/7/2021 2:40 PM

² Condensable Particulate Matter: Include condensable particulate matter emissions for PM10 and PM2.5 if the source is a combustion source. Do not include condensable particulate matter for PM unless PM is set equal to PM10 and PM2.5. Particulate matter (PM) is not subject to an ambient air quality standard, but it is a regulated air pollutant under PSD (20.2.74 NMAC) and Title V (20.2.70 NMAC).

³ The VOC emission rate is carried forward from the current permit (P027-R4).

Table 2-G: Stack Exit and Fugitive Emission Rates for Special Stacks

X I have elected to leave this table blank because this facility does not have any stacks/vents that split emissions from a single source or combine emissions from more than one source listed in table 2-A. Additionally, the emission rates of all stacks match the Requested allowable emission rates stated in Table 2-E.

Use this table to list stack emissions (requested allowable) from split and combined stacks. List Toxic Air Pollutants (TAPs) and Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) in Table 2-I. List all fugitives that are associated with the normal, routine, and non-emergency operation of the facility. Unit and stack numbering must correspond throughout the application package. Refer to Table 2-E for instructions on use of

G: 1.17	Serving Unit	N	Ox	C	0	V	OC	SO	Ox	P	M	PN	110	PM	12.5	H ₂ S or	r Lead
Stack No.	Number(s) from Table 2-A	lb/hr	ton/yr	lb/hr	ton/yr												
ı	Totals:																

Table 2-H: Stack Exit Conditions

Unit and stack numbering must correspond throughout the application package. Include the stack exit conditions for each unit that emits from a stack, including blowdown venting parameters and tank emissions. If the facility has multiple operating scenarios, complete a separate Table 2-H for each scenario and, for each, type scenario name here:

Stack	Serving Unit Number(s)	Orientation	Rain Caps	Height Above	Temp.	Flow	Rate	Moisture by	Velocity	Inside
Number	from Table 2-A	(H-Horizontal V=Vertical)	(Yes or No)	Ground (ft)	(F)	(acfs)	(dscfs)	Volume (%)	(ft/sec)	Diameter (ft)
1	1	V	N	22	702	127		-	155.3	1.02
3	3	V	N	22	702	127		-	155.3	1.02
4	4	V	N	22	702	127		-	155.3	1.02
5	5	V	N	22	702	127		-	155.3	1.02
6	6	V	N	22	702	127		-	155.3	1.02
7	7	V	N	22	702	127		-	155.3	1.02
8	8	V	N	22	702	127		-	155.3	1.02
9	9	V	N	22	702	127		-	155.3	1.02
10	10	V	N	22	702	127		-	155.3	1.02
11	11	V	N	22	702	127		-	155.3	1.02
12	12	V	N	22	702	127		-	155.3	1.02
13	13	V	N	22	702	127		-	155.3	1.02
14	14	V	N	22	702	127		-	155.3	1.02
15	15	V	N	22	702	127		-	155.3	1.02
16	16	V	N	22	702	127		-	155.3	1.02
16	16	V	N	22	702	127		-	155.3	1.02
33	33	V	N	22	702	127		-	155.3	1.02
17b	17b	V	N	20	600	3.3		-	6.1	0.83
18b	18b	V	N	20	600	3.3		-	6.1	0.83
19b	19b	V	N	20	600	3.3		-	6.1	0.83
20b	20b	V	N	20	600	3.3		-	6.1	0.83
21b	21b	V	N	20	600	3.3		-	6.1	0.83
22b	22b	V	N	20	600	3.3		-	6.1	0.83
31b	31b	V	N	25	600	3.3		-	6.1	0.83

Table 2-I: Stack Exit and Fugitive Emission Rates for HAPs and TAPs

In the table below, report the Potential to Emit for each HAP from each regulated emission unit listed in Table 2-A, only if the entire facility emits the HAP at a rate greater than or equal to one (1) ton per year. For each such emission unit, HAPs shall be reported to the nearest 0.1 tpy. Each facility-wide Individual HAP total and the facility-wide Total HAPs shall be the sum of all HAP sources calculated to the nearest 0.1 ton per year. Per 20.2.72.403.A.1 NMAC, facilities not exempt [see 20.2.72.402.C NMAC] from TAP permitting shall report each TAP that has an uncontrolled emission rate in excess of its pounds per hour screening level specified in 20.2.72.502 NMAC. TAPs shall be reported using one more significant figure than the number of significant figures shown in the pound per hour threshold corresponding to the substance. Use the HAP nomenclature as it appears in Section 112 (b) of the 1990 CAAA and the TAP nomenclature as it listed in 20.2.72.502 NMAC. Include tank-flashing emissions estimates of HAPs in this table. For each HAP or TAP listed, fill all cells in this table with the emission numbers or a "-" symbol. A "-" symbol indicates that emissions of this pollutant are not expected or the pollutant is emitted in a quantity less than the threshold amounts described above.

Stack No.	Unit No.(s)	Total	HAPs		zene or TAP	Ethylb X HAP o			ldehyde or TAP		uene or TAP	Xyl X HAP o	lene or TAP	Name	Pollutant Here or TAP	Provide I Name HAP o		Name	Pollutant e Here or TAP
		lb/hr	ton/yr	lb/hr	ton/yr	lb/hr	ton/yr	lb/hr	ton/yr	lb/hr	ton/yr	lb/hr	ton/yr	lb/hr	ton/yr	lb/hr	ton/yr	lb/hr	ton/yr
1	1	0.5	2.3	-	0.1	-	-	0.5	2.2	-	-	-	-						
3	3	0.1	0.5	-	-	-	-	0.1	0.4	-	-	-	-						
4	4	0.5	2.3	-	0.1	-	-	0.5	2.2	-	-	-	-						
5	5	0.1	0.5	-	-	-	-	0.1	0.4	-	-	-	-						
6	6	0.1	0.5	-	-	-	-	0.1	0.4	-	-	-	-						
7	7	0.5	2.3	-	0.1	-	-	0.5	2.2	-	-	-	-						
8	8	0.5	2.3	-	0.1	-	-	0.5	2.2	-	-	-	-						
9	9	0.5	2.3	-	0.1	-	-	0.5	2.2	-	-	1	-						
10	10	0.1	0.5	-	-	-	-	0.1	0.4	-	-	-	-						
11	11	0.1	0.5	-	-	-	-	0.1	0.4	-	-	1	-						
12	12	0.1	0.5	-	-	-	-	0.1	0.4	-	-	-	1						
13	13	0.1	0.5	-	ı	-	-	0.1	0.4	-	ı	1	ı						
14	14	0.5	2.3	-	0.1	-	-	0.5	2.2	-	-	-	1						
15	15	0.1	0.5	-	ı	-	-	0.1	0.4	-	ı	1	ı						
16	16	0.5	2.3	-	0.1	-	-	0.5	2.2	-	-	-	-						
33	33	0.5	2.3	-	0.1	-	-	0.5	2.2	-	ı	1	ı						
SSM	SSM	1	0.1	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	1						
17a	17a	0.6	2.7	0.1	0.3	0.1	0.2	-	-	0.2	1.0	0.3	1.2						
17b	17b	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-						
18a	18a	0.6	2.7	0.1	0.3	0.1	0.2	-	-	0.2	1.0	0.3	1.2						
18b	18b	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-						

Form Revision: 10/9/2014 Table 2-I: Page 1 Printed 6/2/2021 6:49 PM

Stack No.	Unit No.(s)		HAPs		zene or TAP	Ethylb X HAP o	enzene or TAP		ldehyde or TAP		uene or TAP		lene or TAP	Provide Name HAP o		Name	Pollutant Here or TAP	Name	Pollutant e Here or TAP
		lb/hr	ton/yr	lb/hr	ton/yr	lb/hr	ton/yr	lb/hr	ton/yr	lb/hr	ton/yr	lb/hr	ton/yr	lb/hr	ton/yr	lb/hr	ton/yr	lb/hr	ton/yr
19a	19a	0.6	2.7	0.1	0.3	0.1	0.2	-	-	0.2	1.0	0.3	1.2						
19b	19b	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-						
20a	20a	0.6	2.7	0.1	0.3	0.1	0.2	-	-	0.2	1.0	0.3	1.2						
20b	20b	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-						
21a	21a	0.6	2.7	0.1	0.3	0.1	0.2	-	-	0.2	1.0	0.3	1.2						
21b	21b	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-						
22a	22a	0.6	2.7	0.1	0.3	0.1	0.2	-	-	0.2	1.0	0.3	1.2						
22b	22b	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-						
31a	31a	0.6	2.7	0.1	0.3	0.0	0.2	-	-	0.2	0.9	0.3	1.3						
31b	31b	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-						
F1	F1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-						
M1	M1	-	0.2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.1	-	-						
To	otals:	9.5	41.7	0.7	2.9	0.3	1.5	4.9	21.4	1.6	7.0	2.0	8.7						

Table 2-J: Fuel

Specify fuel characteristics and usage. Unit and stack numbering must correspond throughout the application package.

	Fuel Type (low sulfur Diesel,	Fuel Source: purchased commercial,		Speci	fy Units		
Unit No.	ultra low sulfur diesel, Natural Gas, Coal,)	pipeline quality natural gas, residue gas, raw/field natural gas, process gas (e.g. SRU tail gas) or other	Lower Heating Value	Hourly Usage	Annual Usage	% Sulfur	% Ash
1	Natural Gas	Raw/Field Natural Gas	900 Btu/scf	11.22 mcfh	98.31 mmcfy		
3	Natural Gas	Raw/Field Natural Gas	900 Btu/scf	11.22 mcfh	98.31 mmcfy		
4	Natural Gas	Raw/Field Natural Gas	900 Btu/scf	11.22 mcfh	98.31 mmcfy		
5	Natural Gas	Raw/Field Natural Gas	900 Btu/scf	11.22 mcfh	98.31 mmcfy		
6	Natural Gas	Raw/Field Natural Gas	900 Btu/scf	11.22 mcfh	98.31 mmcfy		
7	Natural Gas	Raw/Field Natural Gas	900 Btu/scf	11.22 mcfh	98.31 mmcfy		
8	Natural Gas	Raw/Field Natural Gas	900 Btu/scf	11.22 mcfh	98.31 mmcfy		
9	Natural Gas	Raw/Field Natural Gas	900 Btu/scf	11.22 mcfh	98.31 mmcfy		
10	Natural Gas	Raw/Field Natural Gas	900 Btu/scf	11.22 mcfh	98.31 mmcfy		
11	Natural Gas	Raw/Field Natural Gas	900 Btu/scf	11.22 mcfh	98.31 mmcfy		
12	Natural Gas	Raw/Field Natural Gas	900 Btu/scf	11.22 mcfh	98.31 mmcfy		
13	Natural Gas	Raw/Field Natural Gas	900 Btu/scf	11.22 mcfh	98.31 mmcfy		
14	Natural Gas	Raw/Field Natural Gas	900 Btu/scf	11.22 mcfh	98.31 mmcfy		
15	Natural Gas	Raw/Field Natural Gas	900 Btu/scf	11.22 mcfh	98.31 mmcfy		
16	Natural Gas	Raw/Field Natural Gas	900 Btu/scf	11.22 mcfh	98.31 mmcfy		
33	Natural Gas	Raw/Field Natural Gas	900 Btu/scf	11.22 mcfh	98.31 mmcfy		
17b	Natural Gas	Raw/Field Natural Gas	900 Btu/scf	429 scfh	3.76 mmcfy		
18b	Natural Gas	Raw/Field Natural Gas	900 Btu/scf	429 scfh	3.76 mmcfy		
19b	Natural Gas	Raw/Field Natural Gas	900 Btu/scf	429 scfh	3.76 mmcfy		
20b	Natural Gas	Raw/Field Natural Gas	900 Btu/scf	429 scfh	3.76 mmcfy		
21b	Natural Gas	Raw/Field Natural Gas	900 Btu/scf	429 scfh	3.76 mmcfy		
22b	Natural Gas	Raw/Field Natural Gas	900 Btu/scf	429 scfh	3.76 mmcfy		
31b	Natural Gas	Raw/Field Natural Gas	900 Btu/scf	444 scfh	3.89 mmcfy		

Form Revision: 9/20/2016 Table 2-J: Page 1 Printed 4/7/2021 2:40 PM

Table 2-K: Liquid Data for Tanks Listed in Table 2-L

For each tank, list the liquid(s) to be stored in each tank. If it is expected that a tank may store a variety of hydrocarbon liquids, enter "mixed hydrocarbons" in the Composition column for that tank and enter the corresponding data of the most volatile liquid to be stored in the tank. If tank is to be used for storage of different materials, list all the materials in the "All Calculations" attachment, run the newest version of TANKS on each, and use the material with the highest emission rate to determine maximum uncontrolled and requested allowable emissions rate. The permit will specify the most volatile category of liquids that may be stored in each tank. Include appropriate tank-flashing modeling input data. Use additional sheets if necessary. Unit and stack numbering must correspond throughout the application package.

					Vapor	Average Stor	age Conditions	Max Storag	e Conditions
Tank No.	SCC Code	Material Name	Composition	Liquid Density (lb/gal)	Molecular Weight (lb/lb*mol)	Temperature (°F)	True Vapor Pressure (psia)	Temperature (°F)	True Vapor Pressure (psia)
T-1 thru T-14		Lube Oil	Lube oil	Insignifica	nt source under	Title V Insignific	cant Sources list,	Item #5	
T-15		Lube Oil	Lube oil	Insignifica	nt source under	Title V Insignifi	cant Sources list,	Item #5	
T-16		Antifreeze	Water, 50% ethylene glycol	Insignifica	ant source under	Title V Insignifi	cant Sources list,	Item #5	
T-17		Corrosion Inhibitor	Trimethylbenzene, dodecanethiol, naptha, methyl alcohol	6.1	41.4	67.36	1.297	80.79	1.8808
T-18 thru T-23		Triethylene glycol	Triethylene glycol	Insignifica	ant source under	Title V Insignifi	cant Sources list,	Item #5	
T-24		Solvent	Jet kerosene or similar material	Insignifica	ant source under	Title V Insignifi	cant Sources list,	Item #5	
T-25		Produced Water	Water; <1% hydrocarbon liquids	8.3	20.77	67.36	0.3488	80.79	0.5425
T-26		Used Oil	Used Lube oil	Insignifica	Item #5				
T-27		Wastewater	Water; <1% residual oil	Insignifica	ant source under	Title V Insignific	cant Sources list,	Item #5	
T-28 & T-29		Lube Oil	Lube oil	Insignifica	Item #5				
T-30		Triethylene glycol	Triethylene glycol	Insignifica	ant source under	Title V Insignific	cant Sources list,	Item #5	
T-34 thru T-40		Triethylene glycol	Triethylene glycol	Insignifica	Item #5				
T-42		Wastewater	Water; ~1% residual oil	Insignificant source under Title V Insignificant Sources list, Item #5				Item #5	
T-43		Produced Water	Water; ~1% hydrocarbon liquids	8.3	20.77	67.36	0.3488	80.79	0.5425
T-44		Produced Water	Water; ~1% hydrocarbon liquids	8.3	20.77	67.36	0.3488	80.79	0.5425
T-45 & T-46		Used Oil	Used lube oil	Insignifica	ant source under	Title V Insignific	cant Sources list,	Item #5	
T-47 & T-48		Triethylene glycol	Triethylene glycol	Insignifica	ant source under	Title V Insignifi	cant Sources list,	Item #5	
T-49		Triethylene glycol	Triethylene glycol	Insignifica	ant source under	Title V Insignifi	cant Sources list,	Item #5	
T-50		Methanol	Methanol	6.6	32.04	58.54	1.3769	65.66	1.7198
T-51 & T-52		Lube Oil	Lube oil	Insignifica	ant source under	Title V Insignifi	cant Sources list,	Item #5	
T-55 & T-56		Produced Water	Water; <1% hydrocarbon liquids	8.3	20.77	67.36	0.3488	80.79	0.5425

Table 2-L: Tank Data

Include appropriate tank-flashing modeling input data. Use an addendum to this table for unlisted data categories. Unit and stack numbering must correspond throughout the application package. Use additional sheets if necessary. See reference Table 2-L2. Note: 1.00 bbl = 10.159 M = 42.0 gal

Tank No.	Date Installed	Materials Stored	Seal Type (refer to Table 2- LR below)	Roof Type (refer to Table 2- LR below)	Cap	acity	Diameter (M)	Vapor Space		olor able VI-C)	Paint Condition (from Table	Annual Throughput	Turn- overs
			LK below)	LK below)	(bbl)	(M^3)	, í	(M)	Roof	Shell	VI-C)	(gal/yr)	(per year)
T-1 thru T-14		Lube Oil	N/A	FX	12	1.9	Insignifican	nt source under	Title V Ins	ignificant So	ources list, Ite	m #5	
T-15		Lube Oil	N/A	FX	100	15.9	Insignifican	nt source under	Title V Ins	ignificant So	ources list, Ite	m #5	
T-16		Antifreeze	N/A	FX	12	1.9	Insignifican	nt source under	Title V Ins	ignificant Sc	ources list, Ite	m #5	
T-17		Corrosion Inhibitor	N/A	FX	12	1.9	1.4	0.93	MG	MG	Good	2,000	4.0
T-18 thru T-23		Triethylene glycol	N/A	FX	2.4	0.4	Insignifican	nt source under	Title V Ins	ignificant So	ources list, Ite	m #5	
T-24		Solvent	N/A	FX	11.9	1.9	Insignifican	nt source under	Title V Ins	ignificant So	ources list, Ite	m #5	
T-25		Produced Water	N/A	FX	300	47.7					24.2		
T-26		Used Oil	N/A	FX	165	26.2	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·						
T-27		Wastewater	N/A	FX	165	26.2	Insignificant source under Title V Insignificant Sources list, Item #5						
T-28 & T-29		Lube Oil	N/A	FX	12	1.9	Insignificant source under Title V Insignificant Sources list, Item #5						
T-30		Triethylene glycol	N/A	FX	2.4	0.4	Insignificar	nt source under	Title V Ins	ignificant Sc	ources list, Ite	m #5	
T-34 thru T-40		Triethylene glycol	N/A	FX	1.2	0.2	Insignifican	nt source under	Title V Ins	ignificant So	ources list, Ite	m #5	
T-42		Wastewater	N/A	FX	18	2.8	Insignificar	nt source under	Title V Ins	ignificant Sc	ources list, Ite	m #5	
T-43		Produced Water	N/A	FX	300	47.7	4	2	MG	MG	Good	With T-25	With T-25
T-44		Produced Water	N/A	FX	40	6.4	N/A	N/A	MG	MG	Good	With T-25	With T-25
T-45 & T-46		Used Oil	N/A	FX	12	1.9	Insignifican	nt source under	Title V Ins	ignificant So	ources list, Ite	m #5	
T-47 & T-48		Triethylene glycol	N/A	FX	3	0.5	Insignificar	nt source under	Title V Ins	ignificant Sc	ources list, Ite	m #5	
T-49		Triethylene glycol	N/A	FX	50	7.9	Insignifican	nt source under	Title V Ins	ignificant So	ources list, Ite	m #5	
T-50		Methanol	N/A	FX	12	1.9	1.4	0.93	WH	WH	Good	2,000	4.0
T-51 & T-52		Lube Oil	N/A	FX	12	1.9							
T-55 & T-56		Produced Water	N/A	FX	300	47.7	4	2	MG	MG	Good	With T-25	With T-25

Form Revision: 7/8/2011 Table 2-L: Page 1 Printed 4/7/2021 2:40 PM

Table 2-L2: Liquid Storage Tank Data Codes Reference Table

Roof Type	Seal Type, V	Velded Tank Seal Type	Seal Type, Riveto	ed Tank Seal Type	Roof, Shell Color	Paint Condition
FX: Fixed Roof	Mechanical Shoe Seal	Liquid-mounted resilient seal	Vapor-mounted resilient seal	Seal Type	WH: White	Good
IF: Internal Floating Roof	A: Primary only	A: Primary only	A: Primary only	A: Mechanical shoe, primary only	AS: Aluminum (specular)	Poor
EF: External Floating Roof	B: Shoe-mounted secondary	B: Weather shield	B: Weather shield	B: Shoe-mounted secondary	AD: Aluminum (diffuse)	
P: Pressure	C: Rim-mounted secondary	C: Rim-mounted secondary	C: Rim-mounted secondary	C: Rim-mounted secondary	LG: Light Gray	
					MG: Medium Gray	
Note: 1.00 bbl = 0.159 M	$1^3 = 42.0 \text{ gal}$				BL: Black	
					OT: Other (specify)	

Table 2-M: Materials Processed and Produced (Use additional sheets as necessary.)

	Materi	al Processed			Material Produ	ced	
Description	Chemical Composition	Phase (Gas, Liquid, or Solid)	Quantity (specify units)	Description	Chemical Composition	Phase	Quantity (specify units)
Low pressure natural gas	C1-C6+	Gas	Throughput = 358 mmscfd ¹	High pressure natural gas	C1-C6+	Gas	Throughput = 358 mmscfd ¹
Produced water	H2O + trace of HC	Liquid	305,340 gal/yr	Produced water	H2O + trace of HC	Liquid	305,340 gal/yr
		function of available horsepower. The xpressed above are a nominal quantities					

Table 2-N: CEM Equipment

Enter Continuous Emissions Measurement (CEM) Data in this table. If CEM data will be used as part of a federally enforceable permit condition, or used to satisfy the requirements of a state or federal regulation, include a copy of the CEM's manufacturer specification sheet in the Information Used to Determine Emissions attachment. Unit and stack numbering must correspond throughout the application package. Use additional sheets if necessary.

Stack No.	Pollutant(s)	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Sample Frequency	Averaging Time	Range	Sensitivity	Accuracy
N/A									

Form Revision: 7/8/2011 Table 2-N: Page 1 Printed 4/7/2021 2:40 PM

Table 2-O: Parametric Emissions Measurement Equipment

Unit and stack numbering must correspond throughout the application package. Use additional sheets if necessary.

Unit No.	Parameter/Pollutant Measured	Location of Measurement	Unit of Measure	Acceptable Range	Frequency of Maintenance	Nature of Maintenance	Method of Recording	Averaging Time
N/A								

Form Revision: 7/8/2011 Table 2-O: Page 1 Printed 4/7/2021 2:40 PM

Harvest Four Corners, LLC 31-6 CDP Apr. 2021; Rev. 0

Table 2-P: Green House Gas Emissions

Applications submitted under 20.2.70, 20.2.72, & 20.2.74 NMAC are required to complete this Table. Power plants, Title V major sources, and PSD major sources must report and calculate all GHG emissions for each unit. Applicants must report potential emission rates in short tons per year (see Section 6.a for assistance). Include GHG emissions during Startup, Shutdown, and Scheduled Maintenance in this table. For minor source facilities that are not power plants, are not Title V, or are not PSD, there are three options for reporting GHGs 1) report GHGs for each individual piece of equipment; 2) report all GHGs from a group of unit types, for example report all combustion source GHGs as a single unit and all venting GHG as a second separate unit; OR 3) check the following box: By checking this box, the applicant acknowledges the total CO2e emissions are less than 75,000 tons per year.

Unit No.		CO ₂ ton/yr	N ₂ O ton/yr	CH ₄ ton/yr	SF ₆ ton/yr	PFC/HFC ton/yr²			Total GHG Mass Basis ton/yr ⁴	Total CO ₂ e ton/yr ⁵
Unit No.	GWPs ¹	1	298	25	22,800	footnote 3				
1	mass GHG	6,010.5	0.0113	0.1133					6010.6	-
1	CO ₂ e	6,010.5	3.4	2.8					-	6016.66
3	mass GHG	6,010.5	0.0113	0.1133					6010.6	-
3	CO ₂ e	6,010.5	3.4	2.8					-	6016.7
4	mass GHG	6,010.5	0.0113	0.1133					6010.6	-
4	CO ₂ e	6,010.5	3.4	2.8					-	6016.66
5	mass GHG	6,010.5	0.0113	0.1133					6010.58	-
3	CO ₂ e	6,010.5	3.4	2.8					-	6016.7
6	mass GHG	6,010.5	0.0113	0.1133					6010.58	-
6	CO ₂ e	6,010.5	3.4	2.8					-	6016.7
7	mass GHG	6,010.5	0.0113	0.1133					6010.58	-
/	CO ₂ e	6,010.5	3.4	2.8					-	6016.7
8	mass GHG	6,010.5	0.0113	0.1133					6010.58	-
8	CO ₂ e	6,010.5	3.4	2.8					-	6016.7
9	mass GHG	6,010.5	0.0113	0.1133					6010.6	-
	CO2e	6,010.5	3.4	2.8					-	6016.7
10	mass GHG	6,010.5	0.0113	0.1133					6010.6	-
10	CO ₂ e	6,010.5	3.4	2.8					-	6016.7
11	mass GHG	6,010.5	0.0113	0.1133					6010.6	-
	CO2e	6,010.5	3.4	2.8					-	6016.7
12	mass GHG	6,010.5	0.0113	0.1133					6010.6	-
12	CO ₂ e	6,010.5	3.4	2.8					-	6016.7
13	mass GHG	6,010.5	0.0113	0.1133					6010.6	-
13	CO2e	6,010.5	3.4	2.8					-	6016.7

Unit No.		CO ₂ ton/yr	N ₂ O ton/yr	CH ₄ ton/yr	SF ₆ ton/yr	PFC/HFC ton/yr ²			Total GHG Mass Basis ton/yr ⁴	Total CO ₂ e ton/yr ⁵
Unit No.	GWPs ¹	1	298	25	22,800	footnote 3				
14	mass GHG	6,010.5	0.0113	0.1133					6010.6	-
14	CO ₂ e	6,010.5	3.4	2.8					-	6016.7
15	mass GHG	6,010.5	0.0113	0.1133					6010.6	-
13	CO2e	6,010.5	3.4	2.8					-	6016.7
16	mass GHG	6,010.5	0.0113	0.1133					6010.6	-
10	CO ₂ e	6,010.5	3.4	2.8					-	6016.7
22	mass GHG	6,010.5	0.0113	0.1133					6010.6	-
33	CO2e	6,010.5	3.4	2.8					-	6016.7
SSM	mass GHG	59.5		306.7					366.1	-
SSWI	CO ₂ e	59.5	-	7,666.6					-	7726.1
17a	mass GHG	43.62		1.20					44.8	-
17a	CO2e	43.62	-	29.99					-	73.6
17b	mass GHG	219.3	4.13E-04	4.13E-03					219.3	-
170	CO ₂ e	219.3	0.12	0.10					-	219.6
18a	mass GHG	43.62		1.20					44.8	-
100	CO2e	43.62	-	29.99					-	73.6
18b	mass GHG	219.3	4.13E-04	4.13E-03					219.3	-
160	CO2e	219.3	0.12	0.10					-	219.6
19a	mass GHG	43.62		1.20					44.8	-
198	CO2e	43.62	-	29.99					-	73.6
19b	mass GHG	219.3	4.13E-04	4.13E-03					219.3	-
190	CO2e	219.3	0.12	0.10					-	219.6
20a	mass GHG	43.62		1.20					44.8	-
20a	CO2e	43.62	-	29.99					-	73.6
2015	mass GHG	219.3	4.13E-04	4.13E-03					219.3	-
20b	CO2e	219.3	0.12	0.10					-	219.6
21.0	mass GHG	43.62		1.20					44.8	-
21a	CO2e	43.62	-	29.99					-	73.6
211	mass GHG	219.3	4.13E-04	4.13E-03					219.3	-
21b	CO2e	219.3	0.12	0.10					-	219.6

Unit No.		CO ₂ ton/yr	N₂O ton/yr	CH₄ ton/yr	SF ₆ ton/yr	PFC/HFC ton/yr²			Total GHG Mass Basis ton/yr ⁴	Total CO ₂ e ton/yr ⁵
Unit No.	GWPs ¹	1	298	25	22,800	footnote 3				
22a	mass GHG	43.62		1.20					44.82	-
228	CO2e	43.62	-	29.99					-	73.6
22b	mass GHG	219.3	4.13E-04	4.13E-03					219.3	-
220	CO2e	219.3	0.12	0.10					-	219.6
31a	mass GHG	44.3		1.11					45.39	-
314	CO2e	44.3	-	27.8					-	72.1
31b	mass GHG	227.0	4.28E-04	4.28E-03					227.02	-
310	CO2e	227.0	0.13	0.11					-	227.2
М1	mass GHG	198.4		1,023.5					1221.9	-
M1	CO2e	198.4	-	25,586.5					-	25785.0
F1	mass GHG	7.3		37.5					44.8	-
1.1	CO2e	7.3	-	937.8					-	945.1
Storage	mass GHG	0.0	-	0.0					0.0	-
tanks	CO2e	0.0	-	0.0					-	0.0
L1	mass GHG	0.0	-	0.0					0.0	-
LI	CO2e	0.0	-	0.0					-	0.0
Recip Comp	mass GHG	185.1		956.2					1141.3	-
Venting	CO2e	185.1	-	23,903.9					-	24089.1
Pneum Dev	mass GHG	41.4		213.1					254.5	-
Venting	CO2e	41.4	-	5,327.9					-	5369.2
Pneum Pump	mass GHG	0.4		2.3					2.7	-
Venting	CO2e	0.4	-	56.5					-	57.0
Total ⁶	mass GHG	98,508.4	0.2	2,549.3					101,057.91	-
Total	CO ₂ e	98,508.4	54.9	63,733.1					-	162,296.38

¹ GWP (Global Warming Potential): Applicants must use the most current GWPs codified in Table A-1 of 40 CFR part 98. GWPs are subject to change, therefore, applicants need to check 40 CFR 98 to confirm GWP values.

² For **HFCs** or **PFCs** describe the specific HFC or PFC compound and use a separate column for each individual compound.

³ For each new compound, enter the appropriate GWP for each HFC or PFC compound from Table A-1 in 40 CFR 98.

⁴ Green house gas emissions on a**mass basis** is the ton per year green house gas emission before adjustment with its GWP.

⁵ CO₂e means Carbon Dioxide Equivalent and is calculated by multiplying the TPY mass emissions of the green house gas by its GWP.

Section 3

Application Summary

The <u>Application Summary</u> shall include a brief description of the facility and its process, the type of permit application, the applicable regulation (i.e. 20.2.72.200.A.X, or 20.2.73 NMAC) under which the application is being submitted, and any air quality permit numbers associated with this site. If this facility is to be collocated with another facility, provide details of the other facility including permit number(s). In case of a revision or modification to a facility, provide the lowest level regulatory citation (i.e. 20.2.72.219.B.1.d NMAC) under which the revision or modification is being requested. Also describe the proposed changes from the original permit, how the proposed modification will affect the facility's operations and emissions, de-bottlenecking impacts, and changes to the facility's major/minor status (both PSD & Title V).

The **Process Summary** shall include a brief description of the facility and its processes.

<u>Startup, Shutdown, and Maintenance (SSM)</u> routine or predictable emissions: Provide an overview of how SSM emissions are accounted for in this application. Refer to "Guidance for Submittal of Startup, Shutdown, Maintenance Emissions in Permit Applications (http://www.env.nm.gov/aqb/permit/app_form.html) for more detailed instructions on SSM emissions.

Harvest Four Corners, LLC (Harvest) owns and operates the 31-6 Central Delivery Point (CDP), a production field gathering system compressor station that pressurizes and dehydrates natural gas for transport through natural gas pipelines. The facility operates under the authority of Title V Operating Permit P027-R4.

The 31-6 CDP is subject to the requirements of the PSD program under 20.2.74 of the New Mexico Administrative Code (NMAC). A BACT (Best Available Control Technology) analysis for all of the Waukesha 7042GL engines at the facility determined that "Lean Burn" design is BACT (PSD-NSR 1031-M4). As the engines are subject to BACT, an emissions netting analysis under 20.2.74 NMAC is required for any proposed like-kind engine replacements.

In March 2020, Harvest submitted a technical permit revision application to the New Mexico Environment Department Air Quality Bureau (NMAQB) for identical engine replacements on three Waukesha 7042GL compressor engines (units 5, 11 and 16). Units 5 and 11 are equipped with catalytic converters, and unit 16 is uncontrolled. An emission netting analysis was included that demonstrated no net emission increases would result from the identical engine replacement. Following preconstruction review by NMAQB, the application was approved and New Source Review (NSR) Prevention of Significant Deterioration (PSD) permit 1031-M9-R10 was issued on April 15, 2020.

Under Operating Permit P027-R4, a Title V permit renewal application is due to be submitted by June 20, 2021. Under 20.2.70.404.C(3)(b) NMAC, a modification application for the Title V permit is required to be submitted by April 15, 2021 (within 12 months of commencing operation under PSD 1031-M8-R10). Since the Title V renewal application and modification application are due approximately two months

UA3 Form Revision: 6/14/19 Section 3, Page 1 Saved Date: 4/7/2021

apart, this application is being submitted under both 20.2.70.300.B(2) NMAC and 20.2.70.404.C(3)(b) NMAC.

The approved construction permit modification for the identical engine replacements is incorporated into Table 2-A, *Regulated Equipment* of this application. As noted in the approved NSR PSD permit application, the replacement engines do not trigger any new requirements under either the *Standards of Performance for Stationary Sources*, Title 40 of the Code of Regulations, part 60 (40 CFR 60), subpart JJJJ *Standards of Performance for Spark Ignition Internal Combustion Engines*, or 40 CFR 63 *National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants* (NESHAP), subpart ZZZZ for *Stationary Reciprocating Internal Combustion Engines*.

Facility Overview

The 31-6 CDP is permitted for the following regulated equipment and emissions sources:

- Sixteen Waukesha 7042GL compressor engines, units 1, 3 through 16, and 33. Eight of the engines (units 1, 4, 7, 8, 9, 14, 16, and 33) have uncontrolled emissions, and eight of the engines (units 3, 5, 6, 10, 11, 12, 13, and 15) are equipped with catalytic converters;
- Six 12 mmcfd TEG dehydrators, units 17a/b through 22a/b;
- One 30 mmcfd TEG dehydrator, unit 31a/b;
- Compressor and piping blowdown emissions of volatile organic compounds (VOC) associated with to startups, shutdowns and maintenance (SSM); and
- Malfunction emissions of VOC (unit M1).

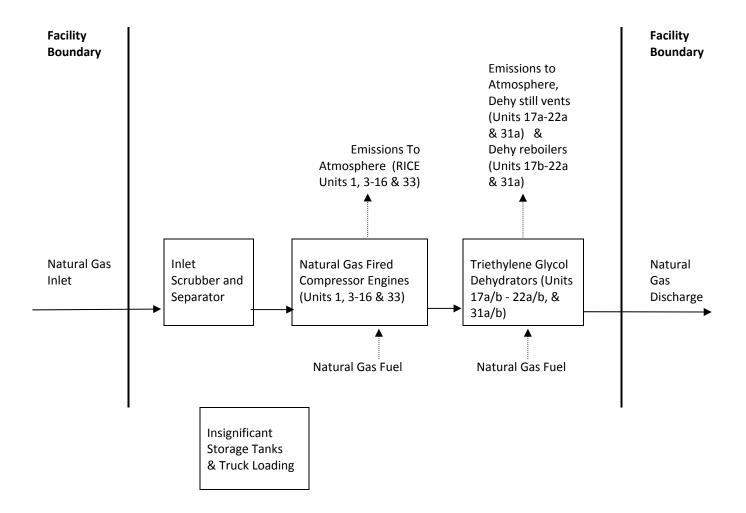
Other emission sources include exempt storage tanks and associated truck loading activities, and greenhouse gases from reciprocating compressor venting, pneumatic devices, and pumps. The facility is authorized to operate continuously.

UA3 Form Revision: 6/14/19 Section 3, Page 2 Saved Date: 4/7/2021

Section 4

Process Flow Sheet

A <u>process flow sheet</u> and/or block diagram indicating the individual equipment, all emission points and types of control applied to those points. The unit numbering system should be consistent throughout this application.



Saved Date: 4/7/2021

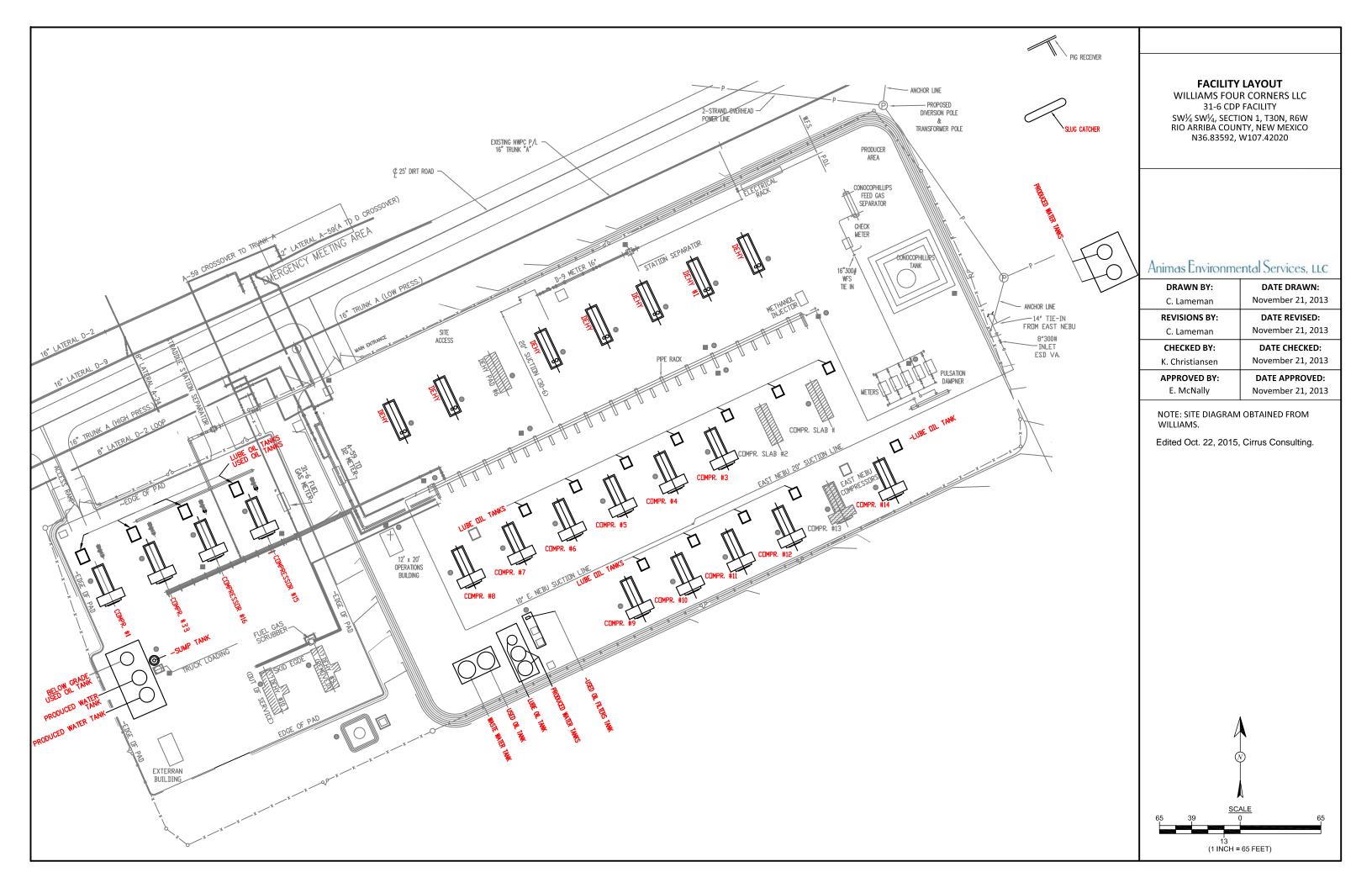
Section 5

Plot Plan Drawn To Scale

A <u>plot plan drawn to scale</u> showing emissions points, roads, structures, tanks, and fences of property owned, leased, or under direct control of the applicant. This plot plan must clearly designate the restricted area as defined in UA1, Section 1-D.12. The unit numbering system should be consistent throughout this application.

Please see the following page(s).

Form-Section 5 last revised: 8/15/2011 Section 5, Page 1 Saved Date: 4/7/2021



Section 6

All Calculations

Show all calculations used to determine both the hourly and annual controlled and uncontrolled emission rates. All calculations shall be performed keeping a minimum of three significant figures. Document the source of each emission factor used (if an emission rate is carried forward and not revised, then a statement to that effect is required). If identical units are being permitted and will be subject to the same operating conditions, submit calculations for only one unit and a note specifying what other units to which the calculations apply. All formulas and calculations used to calculate emissions must be submitted. The "Calculations" tab in the UA2 has been provided to allow calculations to be linked to the emissions tables. Add additional "Calc" tabs as needed. If the UA2 or other spread sheets are used, all calculation spread sheet(s) shall be submitted electronically in Microsoft Excel compatible format so that formulas and input values can be checked. Format all spread sheets and calculations such that the reviewer can follow the logic and verify the input values. Define all variables. If calculation spread sheets are not used, provide the original formulas with defined variables. Additionally, provide subsequent formulas showing the input values for each variable in the formula. All calculations, including those calculations are imbedded in the Calc tab of the UA2 portion of the application, the printed Calc tab(s), should be submitted under this section.

Tank Flashing Calculations: The information provided to the AQB shall include a discussion of the method used to estimate tank-flashing emissions, relative thresholds (i.e., NOI, permit, or major source (NSPS, PSD or Title V)), accuracy of the model, the input and output from simulation models and software, all calculations, documentation of any assumptions used, descriptions of sampling methods and conditions, copies of any lab sample analysis. If Hysis is used, all relevant input parameters shall be reported, including separator pressure, gas throughput, and all other relevant parameters necessary for flashing calculation.

SSM Calculations: It is the applicant's responsibility to provide an estimate of SSM emissions or to provide justification for not doing so. In this Section, provide emissions calculations for Startup, Shutdown, and Routine Maintenance (SSM) emissions listed in the Section 2 SSM and/or Section 22 GHG Tables and the rational for why the others are reported as zero (or left blank in the SSM/GHG Tables). Refer to "Guidance for Submittal of Startup, Shutdown, Maintenance Emissions in Permit Applications (http://www.env.nm.gov/aqb/permit/app_form.html) for more detailed instructions on calculating SSM emissions. If SSM emissions are greater than those reported in the Section 2, Requested Allowables Table, modeling may be required to ensure compliance with the standards whether the application is NSR or Title V. Refer to the Modeling Section of this application for more guidance on modeling requirements.

Glycol Dehydrator Calculations: The information provided to the AQB shall include the manufacturer's maximum design recirculation rate for the glycol pump. If GRI-Glycalc is used, the full input summary report shall be included as well as a copy of the gas analysis that was used.

Road Calculations: Calculate fugitive particulate emissions and enter haul road fugitives in Tables 2-A, 2-D and 2-E for:

- 1. If you transport raw material, process material and/or product into or out of or within the facility and have PER emissions greater than 0.5 tpy.
- 2. If you transport raw material, process material and/or product into or out of the facility more frequently than one round trip per day.

Significant Figures:

- **A.** All emissions standards are deemed to have at least two significant figures, but not more than three significant figures.
- **B.** At least 5 significant figures shall be retained in all intermediate calculations.
- C. In calculating emissions to determine compliance with an emission standard, the following rounding off procedures shall be used:
 - (1) If the first digit to be discarded is less than the number 5, the last digit retained shall not be changed;
 - (2) If the first digit discarded is greater than the number 5, or if it is the number 5 followed by at least one digit other than the number zero, the last figure retained shall be increased by one unit; **and**
 - (3) If the first digit discarded is exactly the number 5, followed only by zeros, the last digit retained shall be rounded upward if it is an odd number, but no adjustment shall be made if it is an even number.
 - (4) The final result of the calculation shall be expressed in the units of the standard.

Control Devices: In accordance with 20.2.72.203.A(3) and (8) NMAC, 20.2.70.300.D(5)(b) and (e) NMAC, and 20.2.73.200.B(7) NMAC, the permittee shall report all control devices and list each pollutant controlled by the control device

Form-Section 6 last revised: 5/3/16 Section 6, Page 1 Saved Date: 4/7/2021

regardless if the applicant takes credit for the reduction in emissions. The applicant can indicate in this section of the application if they chose to not take credit for the reduction in emission rates. For notices of intent submitted under 20.2.73 NMAC, only uncontrolled emission rates can be considered to determine applicability unless the state or federal Acts require the control. This information is necessary to determine if federally enforceable conditions are necessary for the control device, and/or if the control device produces its own regulated pollutants or increases emission rates of other pollutants.

Reciprocating Engines

Nitrogen oxides (NO_X), and uncontrolled emissions of carbon monoxide (CO) and volatile organic compound (VOC) from the units 1, 3 through 16, and 33 reciprocating internal combustion engines (RICE) are calculated from engine manufacturer's data and the site-rated horsepower (hp) rating of the engine. (Uncontrolled CO emissions are rounded downward as reported in Tables 2-D and 2-E of the application, for consistency with the current permits.) CO and VOC emissions from the RICE equipped with emission controls (units 3, 5, 6, 1, 11, 12, 13, and 15) include catalyst manufacturer's control efficiencies applied to the emissions. NO_X emissions are not controlled by catalytic converters on 4-stroke, lean burn engines. Emissions of sulfur dioxide (SO₂) and particulate emissions are calculated using AP-42, Table 3.2-2 emission factors and the maximum fuel use. Uncontrolled emissions of hazardous air pollutants (HAPs) from the RICE are calculated with GRI-HAPCalc 3.0. The emission control catalyst control efficiency for VOC is applied to the HAPs for the controlled engines.

The Potential To Emit (PTE) emission calculations assume the RICE operate at full site capacity for 8,760 hours per year.

Each of the engines starts up with no load and a rich fuel mixture. As a result, emissions are minimized. Because an engine takes only minutes to reach the operating temperature of the engine and effective temperature of the catalytic converter, emissions during startup are not expected to exceed the steady-state allowable emission rate limits. There are no Environmental Protection Agency (EPA)-approved test methods available to measure emissions during startup.

Similarly, emissions during shut down do not exceed the steady-state allowable limits because fuel and air flow cease within seconds of shutdown. Emissions due to scheduled maintenance are negligible, as the engine is not in operation during maintenance.

The criteria pollutant emission calculations and GRI-HAPCalc 3.0 calculation output file are provided in this section.

Harvest is not seeking any changes to the currently permitted emission limits associated with the engines. The requested allowable emissions in Table 2-E are carried forward from the existing permit.

Emission calculations for the uncontrolled and controlled RICE are provided in this section.

Form-Section 6 last revised: 5/3/16 Section 6, Page 2 Saved Date: 4/7/2021

Startup, Shutdown & Routine Maintenance (SSM) Emissions

Emissions associated with startups, shutdowns and routine maintenance from the compressors and piping (SSM) are vented to the atmosphere. SSM emissions from a compressor occur when high pressure gas is used to purge air from the compressor and associated piping prior to a startup. This gas is then vented to atmosphere. Also, after shutdowns, high pressure gas in the compressor(s) and associated piping is released to atmosphere as a safety precaution.

One common reason for compressor startup or shutdown is a change in the amount of compression required from the station due to fluctuations in the pipeline. To prolong the life of equipment and reduce engine emissions the compressors are shutdown when not needed. It is "routine or predictable" that the compressors at the station will come on-line and drop off-line many times during the course of operation. It is also standard industry practice.

The compressor is also shut down for maintenance of the engine, compressor or other equipment at the station. This maintenance is scheduled based on time in service and/or monitoring of equipment (visual and automated) in accordance with company and standard industry practice. This maintenance is also "routine or predictable".

The VOC and HAP emissions from blowdown of the compressors and piping associated with the facility are calculated from the composition of a blended extended natural gas sample analysis derived from two facility sample locations conducted at the facility on July 10, 2020, the quantity of gas vented during each event, and the estimated number of annual events. The sample gas used in the emission calculations is blended according to a ratio that reflects the gas proportions handled at the facility during the sample year. The ratios may vary over time. The quantity of gas vented during each blowdown event is determined by Harvest engineering. The annual number of blowdown events for the compressors are estimated from historical data. A safety factor is included in the emission calculation because experience indicates that the VOC and HAP composition of the natural gas in the pipeline varies over time; and because the annual number of blowdowns may also vary. The use of the safety factor is intended to ensure an adequate emissions limit that also includes any emissions from other non-blowdown miscellaneous startup, shutdown and maintenance activities.

The SSM emissions identified in this application are routine or predictable startup, shutdown and/or scheduled maintenance, and do not include malfunctions or upsets. The emission calculations using the most current available extended gas analysis for the facility demonstrate that the emissions of VOC are below the current permitted emission SSM limits, and the facility is compliance with its emission limits. Harvest does not seek any changes to the currently permitted SSM emissions, and the requested allowable emissions in Table 2-E are carried forward from the existing permit.

The SSM emission calculations are provided in this section.

Triethylene Glycol (TEG) Dehydrator Still Vent and Reboiler

A triethylene glycol (TEG) dehydration units can be considered to consist of two emission units, a dehydrator still vent, and a dehydrator reboiler that is a small heater combustion source that provides heat to regenerate the rich TEG back to lean TEG. Therefore, the TEG dehydrator unit identification numbers have been divided into 'a' and 'b' sub-units to differentiate the dehydrator still vents (units 17a, 18a, 19a, 20a, 21a, 22a and 31a) from the dehydrator reboilers (units 17b, 18b, 19b, 20b, 21b, 22b and 31b). The TEG dehydrators are authorized to operate continuously.

The PTE of VOC and HAP from the dehydrator still vents are calculated with GRI-GLYCalc 4.0 using the blended extended gas analysis discussed earlier, the maximum daily dehydrator gas throughput, and the maximum allowed glycol pump rate. The emission calculations assume operation at full capacity for 8,760 hours per year. The results of the GLYCalc analysis indicate that the calculated emissions are well below the current permitted levels for VOC, and that the dehydrators are in compliance with the emission limits. Harvest does not seek any changes to the currently permitted emissions to the units 17a, 18a, 19a, 20a, 21a, 22a and 31a dehydrator still vent emissions, and the requested allowable emissions shown in Table 2-E are carried forward from the existing permit.

Emissions of NO_X, CO, VOC and SO₂ from the unit 17b, 18b, 19b, 20b, 21b, and 22b dehydrator reboilers are calculated from Enertek and Infab manufacturer emission factors. For the Unit 31b reboiler, NO_X and CO emissions are calculated from AP-42, Table 1.4-1 emission factors, and the Unit 31b VOC and SO₂ emissions are calculated from AP-42, Table 1.4-2 emission factors. Particulate and lead emissions for all of the reboilers are calculated using AP-42 emission factors from Table 1.4-2. HAP emissions are calculated using GRI-HAPCalc 3.0 and the reboiler heat rate capacities.

During startup, the dehydrator reboiler is brought up to temperature before allowing glycol into the absorber. This prevents excess VOC and HAP from collecting in the glycol stream, and there are no excess startup emissions above those expected during steady-state operation. During shutdown, the reboiler is shut down in conjunction with the gas flow and glycol circulation. Again, this prevents excess VOC and HAP from collecting in the glycol stream, and there are no excess shutdown emissions above those expected during steady-state operation. Emissions due to scheduled maintenance are negligible; either the unit will not be in operation during maintenance, or maintenance is limited to tasks for which there are no excess emissions.

The GLYCalc input and output files, reboiler spreadsheet calculations, and HAPCalc output files are provided in this section.

Fugitive Emissions (Insignificant)

Fugitive emissions of VOC and HAP from equipment leaks (unit F1) are calculated using emission factors from Table 2.4 of the 1995 Protocol for Equipment Leak Emission Estimates published by the

Form-Section 6 last revised: 5/3/16 Section 6, Page 4 Saved Date: 4/7/2021

Environmental Protection Agency (EPA), equipment counts from Harvest, and the gas stream composition obtained from the extended gas analysis. The HAP components of the natural gas are derived from the species molar percentages in the natural gas. The calculated fugitive emissions of VOC are well below 1 ton per year, and the HAP emissions are below the Clean Air Act (CAA) section 112(g) HAP de minimus values. Therefore, the fugitive emissions are insignificant under the Title V Insignificant Activities List, Item 1.

Due to the nature of the source, it is estimated that SSM emissions from valves, connectors, seals, etc. are accounted for in the calculations.

The emission calculations are provided.

Storage Tanks (Insignificant)

All of the storage tanks at the 31-6 CDP are considered insignificant sources under NMAQB's *Operating Permit Program List of Insignificant Activities* (March 24, 2005). For storage tanks with insignificance based on VOC emissions less than 1 ton per year (Insignificant Activity List Item #1), emission calculations of are provided.

Consistent with previous permit applications, it is assumed that emissions from the largest storage tank of a given category (i.e., the largest produced water tank) results in the worst case emissions for any tank in that category. Therefore, a determination of insignificance for the largest storage tank also indicates insignificant emissions from smaller tanks with the same stored contents.

- TANKS 4.09d emission calculations software is used to calculate the PTE for the produced water storage tanks (units T-25, T-43 and T-44, T-55 and T-56). The calculations assume that the produced water is comprised of 99 percent (99%) water and one percent (1%) hydrocarbon liquid. The hydrocarbon liquid fraction (including VOC and HAP) is based on the GRI HAPCalc default speciation profile for natural gasoline. The aggregated VOC emissions from these tanks are well below 1 ton per year, and the HAP emissions are below the Clean Air Act (CAA) section 112(g) HAP de minimus values. Therefore, the produced water storage tanks are insignificant sources under the Title V Insignificant Activities List, Item 1.
- The wastewater storage tanks (units T-27 and T-42) are assumed to contain one percent (1%) Residual Oil #6 and 99 percent (99%) water. The vapor pressure of the hydrocarbon liquid component of the stored contents is well under 10 mm Hg (≈ 0.2 psia), and therefore the wastewater storage tanks are insignificant under the Insignificant Activities List, Item No. 5.
- Residual Oil #6 is used to approximate the stored contents of the lubrication oil tanks (units T-1 thru T-14, T-15, T-28 and T-29, T-51 and T-52) and the used oil tanks (units T-26, T-45 and T-52).

Form-Section 6 last revised: 5/3/16 Section 6, Page 5 Saved Date: 4/7/2021

- 46). The liquids have vapor pressures less than 10 mm Hg (≈ 0.2 psia); therefore, they are insignificant under the Insignificant Activities List, Item No. 5.
- The antifreeze storage tank (unit T-16) is assumed to contain an inhibited ethylene glycol coolant containing 50 percent ethylene glycol and 50 percent water. The vapor pressure of ethylene glycol is less than 10 mm Hg (≈ 0.2 psia); therefore, the unit T-16 antifreeze tank is an insignificant source under Item No. 5 of the Insignificant Activities List.
- The corrosion inhibitor tank (unit T-17) includes a mixture of trimethylbenzene, dodecanethiol, naptha, and methyl alcohol. The VOC emissions from the unit T-17 corrosion inhibitor tank are well below 1 ton per year, and HAP emissions are below the CAA 112(g) HAP de minimus values. Therefore, the tank is an insignificant source under the Insignificant Activities List, Item 1.
- The triethylene glycol (TEG) storage tanks (units T-18 thru T-23, T-30, T-34 thru T-40, and T-47 thru T-49) contain TEG. The vapor pressure of TEG is less than 10 mm Hg (≈ 0.2 psia); therefore, the TEG storage tanks are insignificant under Item No. 5 of the Insignificant Activities List.
- Jet kerosene profile is used to characterize solvent (unit T-24). The liquid has a vapor pressure less than 10 mm Hg (≈ 0.2 psia); therefore, the unit T-24 solvent tank is insignificant under the Insignificant Activities List, Item No. 5.
- The methanol storage tank (unit T-50) VOC emissions are well below 1 ton per year and the methanol HAP emissions are below the CAA 112(g) HAP de minimus values. Therefore, the unit T-50 methanol tank is an insignificant source under the Insignificant Activities List, Item 1.

There are no flash emissions associated with any of the storage tanks.

Due to the nature of the operations, startup and shutdown emissions from the storage tanks are assumed to be accounted for in the storage tank emission estimates. Emissions due to maintenance will be negligible as the units will not be in operation.

The TANKS 4.0.9d emission calculations for the produced water and methanol storage tanks are provided in this section.

Truck Loading Emissions (Insignificant)

Emissions of VOC and HAP from produced water truck loading activities (unit L1) are estimated using emission factors from AP-42 Section 5.2, *Truck Loading* and the estimated maximum annual facility throughput, equivalent to sum of the throughputs for the individual produced water tanks. The emission calculations assume submerged loading during transfer operations.

Form-Section 6 last revised: 5/3/16 Section 6, Page 6 Saved Date: 4/7/2021

The HAP constituent percentages for the produced water truck loading are based on the speciated HAP vapor mass fractions from the TANKS output file. The calculated emissions of VOC and HAPs from the produced water loading activities are well below 1 tpy; therefore, the unit L1 truck loading activities are insignificant under Item No. 1 of the Title V Insignificant Activities List.

The emission calculations are provided in this section.

Malfunctions

Malfunction (unit M1) emissions are set at 10 tons of VOC per year. Based on the gas release rate associated with the set emission rate, HAP emissions are estimated using the natural gas extended analysis described above.

The HAP calculations are provided in this section.

Form-Section 6 last revised: 5/3/16 Section 6, Page 7 Saved Date: 4/7/2021

Engine Exhaust Emissions Calculations

Unit Number: 1, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, & 33

Description: Waukesha L7042GL

Note: The data on this worksheet applies to each individual emissions unit identified above.

Horsepower Calculations

6,410 ft above MSL Elevation
1,478 hp Nameplate hp Mfg. data

1,371 hp NMAQB Site-rated hp NMAQB Procedure # 02.002-00

(loss of 3% for every 1,000 ft over 4,000 ft)

1,333 hp Mfg. Site-rated hp Mfg. product bulletin Power Derate,

S8154-6, April 2001

(loss of 2% for every 1,000 ft over 1,500 ft)

Engine Specifications

1200 rpmEngine rpmMfg. data7040 cu inEngine displacementMfg. data

128.54 psi BMEP Mfg. data (+[(792,000 x NMAQB Site-rated hp)

/ (rpm * in^3)])

Fuel Consumption

7366 Btu/hp-hr Brake specific fuel consumption Mfg. data

10.10 MMBtu/hr Hourly fuel consumption Btu/hp-hr x NMAQB site-rated hp / 1,000,000

 11,223 scf/hr
 Hourly fuel consumption
 MMBtu/hr x 1,000,000 / Btu/scf

 8,760 hr/yr
 Annual operating time
 Williams Four Corners LLC

 88,479 MMBtu/yr
 Annual fuel consumption
 MMBtu/hr x hr/yr

 98.31 MMscf/yr
 Annual fuel consumption
 scf/hr x hr/yr / 1,000,000

 900 Btu/scf
 Field gas heating value
 Nominal heat content

Steady-State Emission Rates

Emission Uncontrolled Emission Rates,		mission Rates,	Control	Controlled Er	nission Rates,	
Pollutants	Factors,	(Units 1, 4, 7, 8,	9, 14, 16, & 33)	Efficiencies,	(Units 3, 5, 6	6, 10-13, & 15)
	g/hp-hr	pph	tpy	%	pph	tpy
NOX	0.90	2.72	11.92	0	2.72	11.92
CO	2.65	8.01	35.09	93	0.56	2.46
VOC	1.00	3.02	13.24	80	0.60	2.65

Emission factors taken from Waukesha Bulletin 7005 0102

Uncontrolled Emission Rates (pph) = g/hp-hr x NMAQB Site-rated hp / 453.59 g/lb

Uncontrolled Emission Rates (tpy) = Uncontrolled Emission Rates (pph) x hr/yr / 2,000 lb/ton

Control efficiencies taken based on catalyst manufacturer data sheet.

Controlled Emission Rates (pph) = Uncontrolled Emission Rates (pph) x (1 - (% / 100))

Controlled Emission Rates (tpy) = Uncontrolled Emission Rates (tpy) x (1 - (% / 100))

	Emission		
Pollutants	Factors,	Uncontrolled E	mission Rates,
	lb/MMBtu	pph	tpy
SO2	5.88E-04	5.94E-03	2.60E-02
TSP	9.99E-03	1.01E-01	4.42E-01
PM10	9.99E-03	1.01E-01	4.42E-01
PM2.5	9.99E-03	1.01E-01	4.42E-01

Emission factors taken from AP-42, Table 3.2-2

Particulate factors include both filterable and condensible emissions

Uncontrolled Emission Rates (pph) = lb/MMBtu x MMBtu/hr

Uncontrolled Emission Rates (tpy) = Uncontrolled Emission Rates (pph) x hr/yr / 2,000 lb/ton

Exhaust Parameters

ot i ai ai i i otoro		
702 °F	Stack exit temperature	Mfg. data
7628 acfm	Stack flowrate	Mfg. data
1.02 ft	Stack exit diameter	Williams Four Corners LLC
0.82 ft^2	Stack exit area	3.1416 x ((ft / 2) ^2)
155.32 fps	Stack exit velocity	acfm / ft^2 / 60 sec/min
22.0 ft	Stack height	Williams Four Corners LLC

GRI-HAPCalc ® 3.01 Engines Report

Facility ID: 31-6 CDP Notes:

Operation Type: COMPRESSOR STATION

Facility Name: 31-6 CENTRAL DELIVERY POINT

User Name: Cirrus

Units of Measure: U.S. STANDARD

Note: Emissions less than 5.00E-09 tons (or tonnes) per year are considered insignificant and are treated as zero.

These emissions are indicated on the report with a "0".

Emissions between 5.00E-09 and 5.00E-05 tons (or tonnes) per year are represented on the report with "0.0000".

Engine Unit

Unit Name: 7042GL

Hours of Operation: 8,760 Yearly Rate Power: 1,371 hp

Fuel Type: FIELD GAS

Engine Type: 4-Stroke, Lean Burn

Emission Factor Set: EPA > FIELD > LITERATURE

Additional EF Set: -NONE-

Calculated Emissions (ton/yr)

Chemical Name	Emissions	Emission Factor	Emission Factor Set
<u>HAPs</u>			
Formaldehyde	2.2261	0.16830000 g/bhp-hr	GRI Literature
Benzene	0.0688	0.00520000 g/bhp-hr	GRI Literature
Toluene	0.0278	0.00210000 g/bhp-hr	GRI Literature
Xylenes(m,p,o)	0.0185	0.00140000 g/bhp-hr	GRI Literature
Total	2.3412		

08/31/2015 19:19:16 GRI-HAPCalc 3.01 Page 1 of 1

Compressor Blowdown Emissions Calculations

Unit Number: SSM

Description: Compressor & Piping Associated With Station

Throughput

1600 events/yrBlowdowns per year per unitWilliams Four Corners LLC9,865 scf/eventGas loss per blowdownWilliams Four Corners LLC

15,784,000 scf/yr Annual gas loss # of units x events/yr/unit x scf/event

Emission Rates

		Uncontrolled,
	Emission	Emission
Pollutants	Factors,	Rates,
	lb/scf	tpy *
VOC	3.797E-04	3.00
2,2,4-Trimethylpentane	0.000E+00	0.00E+00
Benzene	1.013E-06	8.00E-03
Ethylbenzene	2.296E-07	1.81E-03
n-Hexane	2.795E-06	2.21E-02
Toluene	1.992E-06	1.57E-02
Xylene	1.148E-06	9.06E-03

Emission factors calculated from gas composition (see table below)

Uncontrolled Emission Rates (tpy) = scf/yr x lb/scf / 2,000 lb/ton

Gas Composition

	Mole	Molecular	Emission
Components	Percents,	Weights,	Factors,
•	%	lb/lb-mole	lb/scf
Carbon dioxide	6.4949	44.01	7.534E-03
Hydrogen sulfide	0.0000	34.07	0.000E+00
Nitrogen	0.0994	28.01	7.341E-05
Methane	91.9113	16.04	3.886E-02
Ethane	1.2077	30.07	9.572E-04
Propane	0.2042	44.09	2.373E-04
Isobutane	0.0315	58.12	4.826E-05
n-Butane	0.0260	58.12	3.984E-05
Isopentane	0.0094	72.15	1.794E-05
n-Pentane	0.0043	72.15	8.112E-06
Cyclopentane	0.0002	70.14	4.550E-07
n-Hexane	0.0012	86.17	2.795E-06
Cyclohexane	0.0006	84.16	1.274E-06
Other hexanes	0.0032	86.18	7.267E-06
Heptanes	0.0014	100.20	3.683E-06
Methylcyclohexane	0.0014	98.19	3.609E-06
2,2,4-Trimethylpentane	0.0000	100.21	0.000E+00
Benzene	0.0005	78.11	1.013E-06
Toluene	0.0008	92.14	1.992E-06
Ethylbenzene	0.0001	106.17	2.296E-07
Xylenes	0.0004	106.17	1.148E-06
C8+ Heavies	0.0016	110.00	4.757E-06
Total	100.0002		
Total VOC			3.797E-04

Blended gas stream composition obtained from the 31-6 Straddle Suction & 31-6 Suction gas analyses sampled July 10, 2020. Emission Factors (lb/scf) = (% / 100) x lb/lb-mole / 379.4 scf/lb-mole

^{*} The calculated emissions demonstrate compliance with the current permit limits and are not requested permit limits.

GRI-GLYCalc VERSION 4.0 - SUMMARY OF INPUT VALUES

Case Name: 31-6 EU17-22 12mm PTE Gas 2020-07-10

File Name: C:\Users\user\Documents\Cirrus\Permit applications\New Mexico\Harvest Four Corners\0 0 31-6\TITLE V\2021-04 Apr Title V mod & renewal\Analysis & Info\GLYCalc\31-6

EU17-22 12mm PTE Gas 2020-07-10.ddf

Date: April 07, 2021

DESCRIPTION:

Description: 31-6 EUs 17-22 (slots1-6) 12mmcd dehys PTE

July 10, 2020 gas blend, 2020 Avg DPT parameters

Annual Hours of Operation: 8760.0 hours/yr

WET GAS:

Temperature: 104.60 deg. F Pressure: 314.30 psig

Wet Gas Water Content: Saturated

Component	Conc. (vol %)
Carbon Dioxide	6.4949
Nitrogen	0.0994
Methane	91.9113
Ethane	1.2077
Propane	0.2042
Isobutane	0.0315
n-Butane	0.0260
Isopentane	0.0094
n-Pentane	0.0043
Cyclopentane	0.0002
n-Hexane	0.0012
Cyclohexane	0.0006
Other Hexanes	0.0032
Heptanes	0.0014
Methylcyclohexane	0.0014
Benzene	0.0005
Toluene	0.0008
Ethylbenzene	0.0001
Xylenes	0.0004
C8+ Heavies	0.0016

DRY GAS:

Flow Rate: 12.0 MMSCF/day Water Content: 6.0 lbs. H2O/MMSCF

LEAN GLYCOL:

Glycol Type: TEG

Water Content: 1.5 wt% H2O Flow Rate: 3.5 gpm

PUMP:

Glycol Pump Type: Gas Injection

Gas Injection Pump Volume Ratio: 0.130 acfm gas/gpm glycol

FLASH TANK:

Flash Control: Recycle/recompression

Temperature: 96.2 deg. F Pressure: 31.2 psig

GRI-GLYCalc VERSION 4.0 - AGGREGATE CALCULATIONS REPORT

Case Name: 31-6 EU17-22 12mm PTE Gas 2020-07-10

File Name: C:\Users\user\Documents\Cirrus\Permit applications\New Mexico\Harvest Four Corners\0 0 31-6\TITLE V\2021-04 Apr Title V mod & renewal\Analysis & Info\GLYCalc\31-6

EU17-22 12mm PTE Gas 2020-07-10.ddf Date: April 07, 2021

DESCRIPTION:

Description: 31-6 EUs 17-22 (slots1-6) 12mmcd dehys PTE

July 10, 2020 gas blend, 2020 Avg DPT parameters

Annual Hours of Operation: 8760.0 hours/yr

EMISSIONS REPORTS:

UNCONTROLLED REGENERATOR EMISSIONS

Component	lbs/hr	lbs/day	tons/yr
Methane	0.2739		1.1997
Ethane	0.0300		0.1312
Propane	0.0225		0.0986
Isobutane	0.0085		0.0372
n-Butane	0.0106		0.0464
Isopentane	0.0059	0.141	
n-Pentane	0.0038	0.092	
Cyclopentane	0.0011	0.027	
n-Hexane	0.0031	0.073	
Cyclohexane	0.0090	0.216	
Other Hexanes	0.0054		0.0237
Heptanes	0.0111		0.0485
Methylcyclohexane	0.0329		0.1439
Benzene	0.0724		0.3173
Toluene	0.2186		0.9573
Ethylbenzene	0.0501	1.203	0.2195
Xylenes	0.2744	6.585	1.2017
C8+ Heavies	0.2380	5.712	1.0424
Total Emissions	1.2712	30.508	5.5678
Total Hydrocarbon Emissions	1.2712	30.508	5.5678
Total VOC Emissions	0.9673	23.215	4.2368
Total HAP Emissions	0.6186	14.845	2.7093
Total BTEX Emissions	0.6155	14.772	2.6959

FLASH GAS EMISSIONS

Note: Flash Gas Emissions are zero with the Recycle/recompression control option.

FLASH TANK OFF GAS

Component lbs/hr lbs/day tons/yr

			Page: 2
Methane	24.4076	585.782	106.9051
Ethane	0.7092	17.020	3.1061
Propane	0.2091	5.019	0.9159
Isobutane	0.0485	1.165	0.2126
n-Butane	0.0444	1.067	0.1947
Isopentane	0.0206	0.495	0.0903
n-Pentane	0.0104	0.249	0.0454
Cyclopentane	0.0008	0.020	0.0036
n-Hexane	0.0042	0.102	0.0186
Cyclohexane	0.0033	0.080	0.0146
Other Hexanes	0.0103	0.247	0.0450
Heptanes	0.0070	0.168	0.0306
Methylcyclohexane	0.0088	0.211	0.0385
Benzene	0.0029	0.068	0.0125
Toluene	0.0051	0.123	0.0225
Ethylbenzene	0.0006	0.015	0.0028
Xylenes	0.0023	0.054	0.0099
C8+ Heavies	0.0152	0.364	0.0665
Total Emissions	25.5103	612.248	111.7352
Total Hydrocarbon Emissions	25.5103	612.248	111.7352
Total VOC Emissions	0.3936	9.446	1.7239
Total HAP Emissions	0.0151	0.363	0.0663
Total BTEX Emissions	0.0109	0.261	0.0477

COMBINED REGENERATOR VENT/FLASH GAS EMISSIONS

Component	lbs/hr	lbs/day	tons/yr
Methane Ethane Propane Isobutane n-Butane	0.2739 0.0300 0.0225 0.0085 0.0106		0.0986
Isopentane	0.0059	0.141	0.0258
n-Pentane	0.0038	0.092	0.0168
Cyclopentane	0.0011	0.027	0.0049
n-Hexane	0.0031	0.073	0.0134
Cyclohexane	0.0090	0.216	0.0394
Other Hexanes	0.0054		0.0237
Heptanes	0.0111		0.0485
Methylcyclohexane	0.0329		0.1439
Benzene	0.0724		0.3173
Toluene	0.2186		0.9573
Ethylbenzene	0.0501	1.203	0.2195
Xylenes	0.2744	6.585	1.2017
C8+ Heavies	0.2380	5.712	1.0424
Total Emissions	1.2712	30.508	5.5678
Total Hydrocarbon Emissions	1.2712		5.5678
Total VOC Emissions	0.9673		4.2368
Total HAP Emissions	0.6186		2.7093
Total BTEX Emissions	0.6155		2.6959

COMBINED REGENERATOR VENT/FLASH GAS EMISSION CONTROL REPORT:

Component	Uncontrolled tons/yr	Controlled tons/yr	% Reduction
Methane	108.1049	1.1997	98.89
Ethane	3.2374	0.1312	95.95
Propane	1.0145	0.0986	90.28
Isobutane	0.2498	0.0372	85.11
n-Butane	0.2410	0.0464	80.77
Isopentane	0.1161	0.0258	77.78
n-Pentane	0.0622	0.0168	73.02
Cyclopentane	0.0084	0.0049	42.50
n-Hexane	0.0320	0.0134	58.13
Cyclohexane	0.0540	0.0394	26.96
Other Hexanes	0.0687	0.0237	65.53
Heptanes	0.0790	0.0485	38.70
Methylcyclohexane	0.1824	0.1439	21.09
Benzene	0.3298	0.3173	3.79
Toluene	0.9798	0.9573	2.30
Ethylbenzene	0.2223	0.2195	1.25
Xylenes	1.2116	1.2017	0.82
C8+ Heavies	1.1088	1.0424	5.99
Total Emissions	117.3029	5.5678	95.25
Total Hydrocarbon Emissions	117.3029	5.5678	95.25
Total VOC Emissions	5.9607	4.2368	28.92
Total HAP Emissions	2.7756	2.7093	2.39
Total BTEX Emissions	2.7436	2.6959	1.74

EQUIPMENT REPORTS:

ABSORBER

Calculated Absorber Stages: 2.61
Specified Dry Gas Dew Point: 6.00 lbs. H2O/MMSCF
Temperature: 104.6 deg. F
Pressure: 314.3 psig
Dry Gas Flow Rate: 12.0000 MMSCF/day
Glycol Losses with Dry Gas: 0.0792 lb/hr
Wet Gas Water Content: Saturated

Wet Gas Water Content: Saturated

Calculated Wet Gas Water Content: 171.03 lbs. H2O/MMSCF 2.54 gal/lb H2O Calculated Lean Glycol Recirc. Ratio:

Component	Remaining in Dry Gas	Absorbed in Glycol
Water	3.50%	96.50%
Carbon Dioxide	99.85%	0.15%
Nitrogen	99.99%	0.01%
Methane	99.99%	0.01%
Ethane	99.96%	0.04%
Propane	99.92%	0.08%
Isobutane	99.88%	0.12%
n-Butane	99.84%	0.16%
Isopentane	99.82%	0.18%
n-Pentane	99.77%	0.23%
Cyclopentane	99.07%	0.93%

Page: 4

n-Hexane 99.58% 0.42%
Cyclohexane 98.26% 1.74%
Other Hexanes 99.68% 0.32%
Heptanes 99.14% 0.86%

Methylcyclohexane 97.82% 2.18%
Benzene 85.49% 14.51%
Toluene 77.09% 22.91%
Ethylbenzene 63.84% 36.16%
Xylenes 50.68% 49.32%

C8+ Heavies 93.07% 6.93%

FLASH TANK

Flash Control: Recycle/recompression

Flash Temperature: 96.2 deg. F Flash Pressure: 31.2 psig

Component	Left in Glycol	Removed in Flash Gas
Water	99.93%	0.07%
Carbon Dioxide	14.85%	85.15%
Nitrogen	1.04%	98.96%
Methane	1.11%	98.89%
Ethane	4.05%	95.95%
Propane	9.72%	90.28%
Isobutane	14.89%	85.11%
n-Butane	19.23%	80.77%
Isopentane	22.45%	77.55%
n-Pentane	27.22%	72.78%
Cyclopentane	57.69%	42.31%
n-Hexane	42.10%	57.90%
Cyclohexane	73.85%	26.15%
Other Hexanes	34.95%	65.05%
Heptanes	61.48%	38.52%
Methylcyclohexane	79.71%	20.29%
Benzene	96.40%	3.60%
Toluene	97.88%	2.12%
Ethylbenzene	98.88%	1.12%
Xylenes	99.29%	0.71%
C8+ Heavies	94.72%	5.28%

REGENERATOR

No Stripping Gas used in regenerator.

Component	Remaining in Glycol	Distilled Overhead
Water	26.29%	73.71%
Carbon Dioxide	0.00%	100.00%
Nitrogen	0.00%	100.00%
Methane	0.00%	100.00%
Ethane	0.00%	100.00%
Propane	0.00%	100.00%
Isobutane	0.00%	100.00%
n-Butane	0.00%	100.00%

C8+ Heavies 12.51% 87.49%

STREAM REPORTS:

WET GAS STREAM

Temperature: 104.60 deg. F Pressure: 329.00 psia Flow Rate: 5.02e+005 scfh

Component		Loading (lb/hr)	
Carbon Dioxide Nitrogen Methane	3.60e-001 6.47e+000 9.90e-002 9.16e+001 1.20e+000	3.77e+003 3.67e+001 1.94e+004	
Isobutane n-Butane Isopentane	2.03e-001 3.14e-002 2.59e-002 9.37e-003 4.28e-003	2.41e+001 1.99e+001 8.94e+000	
Cyclohexane Other Hexanes	1.20e-003 5.98e-004	1.36e+000 6.66e-001 3.63e+000	
Toluene Ethylbenzene	4.98e-004 7.97e-004	5.15e-001 9.72e-001 1.40e-001	
C8+ Heavies Total Components			
TOTAL COMPONENTS	100.00	2.100.001	

DRY GAS STREAM

Temperature: 104.60 deg. F Pressure: 329.00 psia Flow Rate: 5.00e+005 scfh

Component	Conc. (vol%)	_
Carbon Dioxide Nitrogen Methane	1.26e-002 6.49e+000 9.94e-002 9.19e+001 1.21e+000	3.76e+003 3.67e+001 1.94e+004
Isobutane n-Butane Isopentane	2.04e-001 3.15e-002 2.60e-002 9.38e-003 4.29e-003	2.41e+001 1.99e+001 8.92e+000
Cyclohexane Other Hexanes	1.20e-003 5.90e-004	1.36e+000 6.54e-001 3.62e+000
Toluene Ethylbenzene	4.27e-004 6.17e-004	4.40e-001 7.49e-001 8.93e-002
C8+ Heavies	1.49e-003	3.34e+000
Total Components	100.00	2.39e+004

LEAN GLYCOL STREAM

Temperature: 104.60 deg. F Flow Rate: 3.50e+000 gpm

Component		Loading (lb/hr)
Water Carbon Dioxide Nitrogen	9.85e+001 1.50e+000 2.82e-011 1.91e-014 3.41e-018	2.96e+001 5.56e-010 3.77e-013
Propane Isobutane	4.32e-009 1.92e-010 4.39e-011 4.00e-011 4.10e-006	3.79e-009 8.66e-010 7.88e-010
Cyclopentane	1.46e-006 1.94e-005	8.60e-006 2.87e-005 3.82e-004
Methylcyclohexane Benzene	2.00e-004 9.69e-004	1.65e-003 3.93e-003 1.91e-002
Xylenes C8+ Heavies	2.08e-003 1.73e-003	
Total Components	100.00	1.97e+003

RICH GLYCOL AND PUMP GAS STREAM

Temperature: 104.60 deg. F
Pressure: 329.00 psia
Flow Rate: 3.74e+000 gpm
NOTE: Stream has more than one phase.

Component	Conc. (wt%)	Loading (lb/hr)
Water Carbon Dioxide Nitrogen	9.28e+001 5.39e+000 4.77e-001 2.23e-003 1.18e+000	1.12e+002 9.96e+000 4.66e-002
Propane Isobutane	3.54e-002 1.11e-002 2.73e-003 2.64e-003 1.27e-003	2.32e-001 5.70e-002 5.50e-002
Cyclopentane	3.52e-004 6.09e-004	1.94e-003 7.34e-003 1.27e-002
Methylcyclohexane Benzene	3.79e-003 1.16e-002	4.33e-002 7.92e-002 2.43e-001
Xylenes C8+ Heavies	1.52e-002 1.38e-002	
Total Components	100.00	2.09e+003

FLASH TANK OFF GAS STREAM

Temperature: 96.20 deg. F Pressure: 45.90 psia Flow Rate: 6.64e+002 scfh

Component		Loading (lb/hr)
Carbon Dioxide Nitrogen Methane	2.36e-001 1.10e+001 9.40e-002 8.69e+001 1.35e+000	8.48e+000 4.61e-002 2.44e+001
Isobutane n-Butane Isopentane	2.71e-001 4.77e-002 4.37e-002 1.63e-002 8.21e-003	4.85e-002 4.44e-002 2.06e-002
Cyclohexane Other Hexanes	2.82e-003 2.25e-003	4.25e-003 3.32e-003 1.03e-002

Methylcyclohexane 5.11e-003 8.78e-003
Benzene 2.09e-003 2.85e-003
Toluene 3.19e-003 5.14e-003
Ethylbenzene 3.41e-004 6.34e-004
Xylenes 1.22e-003 2.26e-003

C8+ Heavies 5.09e-003 1.52e-002
Total Components 100.00 3.41e+001

FLASH TANK GLYCOL STREAM

Temperature: 96.20 deg. F Flow Rate: 3.66e+000 gpm

Conc. Loading (wt%) (lb/hr) Component TEG 9.44e+001 1.94e+003 Water 5.47e+000 1.12e+002 Carbon Dioxide 7.20e-002 1.48e+000 Nitrogen 2.35e-005 4.83e-004 Methane 1.33e-002 2.74e-001 Ethane 1.46e-003 3.00e-002 Propane 1.10e-003 2.25e-002 Isobutane 4.13e-004 8.49e-003 n-Butane 5.15e-004 1.06e-002 Isopentane 2.91e-004 5.97e-003 n-Pentane 1.89e-004 3.88e-003 Cyclopentane 5.44e-005 1.12e-003 n-Hexane 1.50e-004 3.09e-003 Cyclohexane 4.57e-004 9.39e-003 Other Hexanes 2.69e-004 5.53e-003 Heptanes 5.43e-004 1.11e-002 Methylcyclohexane 1.68e-003 3.45e-002 Benzene 3.72e-003 7.64e-002 Toluene 1.16e-002 2.38e-001 Ethylbenzene 2.73e-003 5.60e-002 Xylenes 1.54e-002 3.15e-001 C8+ Heavies 1.32e-002 2.72e-001 -----Total Components 100.00 2.05e+003

FLASH GAS EMISSIONS

Control Method: Recycle/recompression

Control Efficiency: 100.00

Note: Flash Gas Emissions are zero with the Recycle/recompression control option.

REGENERATOR OVERHEADS STREAM

Temperature: 212.00 deg. F Pressure: 14.70 psia Flow Rate: 1.77e+003 scfh

Component Conc. Loading (vol%) (lb/hr)

8.29e+001 1.48e+000 4.83e-004 2.74e-001 3.00e-002	7.21e-001 3.70e-004 3.66e-001	Carbon Dioxide Nitrogen Methane
2.25e-002 8.49e-003 1.06e-002 5.89e-003 3.83e-003	3.13e-003 3.91e-003 1.75e-003	Isobutane n-Butane Isopentane
3.06e-003 9.00e-003	7.62e-004 2.29e-003 1.35e-003	Cyclohexane Other Hexanes
7.24e-002 2.19e-001	1.99e-002 5.09e-002 1.01e-002	Toluene Ethylbenzene
2.38e-001	3.00e-002	C8+ Heavies
8.56e+001	100.00	Total Components

Dehydrator Reboiler Exhaust Emissions Calculations

Unit Number: 17b, 18b, 19b, 20b, 21b, 22b

Description: Dehydrator Reboiler (12 mmscfd)

Note: The data on this worksheet applies to each individual emissions unit identified above.

Fuel Consumption

0.386 MMBtu/hr Capacity scf/hr x Btu/scf / 1,000,000 429 scf/hr Hourly fuel consumption Mfg. data (Enertek) 8,760 hr/yr Annual operating time Williams Four Corners LLC 3,382 MMBtu/yr Annual fuel consumption MMBtu/hr x hr/yr scf/hr x hr/yr / 1,000,000 3.76 MMscf/yr Annual fuel consumption 900 Btu/scf Field gas heating value Nominal heat content

Steady-State Emission Rates

	Emission		
Pollutants	Factors,	Uncontrolled Emission Rates	
	lb/day	pph	tpy
NOX	1.03	4.29E-02	0.188
CO	0.78	3.25E-02	0.142
VOC	0.12	4.79E-03	2.10E-02
SO2	0.02	8.33E-04	3.65E-03

NOX emission factor taken from August 1994 Enertek Letter

CO, TOC and SO2 emission factors taken from July 1998 InFab Letter

VOC lb/day = 50% of TOC emissions, consistent with AP-42, Table 1.4-2

Uncontrolled Emission Rates (pph) = lb/day / 24 hr/day

Uncontrolled Emission Rates (tpy) = Uncontrolled Emission Rates (pph) x hr/yr / 2,000 lb/ton

Pollutants	Emission Factors,	Uncontrolled E	mission Rates,
	lb/MMscf	pph	tpy
TSP	7.60	3.26E-03	1.43E-02
PM10	7.60	3.26E-03	1.43E-02
PM2.5	7.60	3.26E-03	1.43E-02
Lead	5.00E-04	2.15E-07	9.40E-07

Emission factors taken from AP-42, Table 1.4-2

Uncontrolled Emission Rates (pph) = lb/MMscf x (scf/hr / 1,000,000)

Uncontrolled Emission Rates (tpy) = Uncontrolled Emission Rates (pph) x hr/yr / 2,000 lb/ton

Exhaust Parameters

600 °FExhaust temperatureMfg. data (Enertek & InFab)200 cfmStack flowratefps x ft^2 x 60 sec/min0.83 ftStack diameterMfg. data (InFab)6.1 fpsStack velocityMfg. data (Enertek & InFab)20 ftStack heightMfg. data (InFab)

GRI-HAPCalc® 3.01 **External Combustion Devices Report**

Facility ID: 31-6 CDP Notes:

Operation Type: COMPRESSOR STATION

31-6 CENTRAL DELIVERY POINT **Facility Name:**

Cirrus User Name:

Units of Measure: U.S. STANDARD

Note: Emissions less than 5.00E-09 tons (or tonnes) per year are considered insignificant and are treated as zero.

These emissions are indicated on the report with a "0".

Emissions between 5.00E-09 and 5.00E-05 tons (or tonnes) per year are represented on the report with "0.0000".

External Combustion Devices

Unit Name: 429 SCFH

8,760 Yearly Hours of Operation: MMBtu/hr Heat Input:

NATURAL GAS Fuel Type:

BURNER Device Type:

Emission Factor Set: EPA > FIELD > LITERATURE

-NONE-Additional EF Set:

Calculated Emissions (ton/yr)

Chemical Name	Emissions	Emission Factor	Emission Factor Set
<u>HAPs</u>			
7,12-Dimethylbenz(a)anthracene	0.0000	0.0000000157 lb/MMBtu	EPA
Formaldehyde	0.0001	0.0000735294 lb/MMBtu	EPA
Methanol	0.0007	0.0004333330 lb/MMBtu	GRI Field
Acetaldehyde	0.0005	0.0002909000 lb/MMBtu	GRI Field
1,3-Butadiene	0.0000	0.0000001830 lb/MMBtu	GRI Field
Benzene	0.0000	0.0000020588 lb/MMBtu	EPA
Toluene	0.0000	0.0000033333 lb/MMBtu	EPA
Ethylbenzene	0.0000	0.0000000720 lb/MMBtu	GRI Field
Xylenes(m,p,o)	0.0000	0.0000010610 lb/MMBtu	GRI Field
2,2,4-Trimethylpentane	0.0001	0.0000323000 lb/MMBtu	GRI Field
n-Hexane	0.0030	0.0017647059 lb/MMBtu	EPA
Phenol	0.0000	0.0000000950 lb/MMBtu	GRI Field
Naphthalene	0.0000	0.0000005980 lb/MMBtu	EPA
2-Methylnaphthalene	0.0000	0.0000000235 lb/MMBtu	EPA
Biphenyl	0.0000	0.0000011500 lb/MMBtu	GRI Field
Phenanthrene	0.0000	0.0000000167 lb/MMBtu	EPA
Pyrene	0.0000	0.0000000049 lb/MMBtu	EPA
Lead	0.0000	0.0000004902 lb/MMBtu	EPA
Total	0.0044		
Criteria Pollutants			
VOC	0.0092	0.0053921569 lb/MMBtu	EPA
PM	0.0127	0.0074509804 lb/MMBtu	EPA
PM, Condensible	0.0095	0.0055882353 lb/MMBtu	EPA
PM, Filterable	0.0032	0.0018627451 lb/MMBtu	EPA
СО	0.1407	0.0823529410 lb/MMBtu	EPA
/2015 19:08:56	GRI-HAPCalc 3.0	1	Page 1 of 2

NMHC	0.0146	0.0085294118 lb/MMBtu	EPA
NOx	0.1675	0.0980392157 lb/MMBtu	EPA
SO2	0.0010	0.0005880000 lb/MMBtu	EPA

Other Pollutants

Dichlorobenzene	0.0000	0.0000011765 lb/MMBtu	EPA
Methane	0.0039	0.0022549020 lb/MMBtu	EPA
Acetylene	0.0091	0.0053314000 lb/MMBtu	GRI Field
Ethylene	0.0009	0.0005264000 lb/MMBtu	GRI Field
Ethane	0.0052	0.0030392157 lb/MMBtu	EPA
Propylene	0.0016	0.0009333330 lb/MMBtu	GRI Field
Propane	0.0027	0.0015686275 lb/MMBtu	EPA
Butane	0.0035	0.0020588235 lb/MMBtu	EPA
Cyclopentane	0.0001	0.0000405000 lb/MMBtu	GRI Field
Pentane	0.0044	0.0025490196 lb/MMBtu	EPA
n-Pentane	0.0034	0.0020000000 lb/MMBtu	GRI Field
Cyclohexane	0.0001	0.0000451000 lb/MMBtu	GRI Field
Methylcyclohexane	0.0003	0.0001691000 lb/MMBtu	GRI Field
n-Octane	0.0001	0.0000506000 lb/MMBtu	GRI Field
n-Nonane	0.0000	0.0000050000 lb/MMBtu	GRI Field
CO2	200.9647	117.6470588235 lb/MMBtu	EPA

08/31/2015 19:08:56 GRI-HAPCalc 3.01 Page 2 of 2

GRI-GLYCalc VERSION 4.0 - SUMMARY OF INPUT VALUES

Case Name: 31-6 EU 31 30mm PTE Gas 2020-07-10

File Name: C:\Users\user\Documents\Cirrus\Permit applications\New Mexico\Harvest Four Corners\0 0 31-6\TITLE V\2021-04 Apr Title V mod & renewal\Analysis & Info\GLYCalc\31-6

EU 31 30mm PTE Gas 2020-07-10.ddf

Date: April 07, 2021

DESCRIPTION:

Description: 31-6 EU 31 (slot 7) 30mmcd dehy PTE

July 10, 2020 gas blend, 2020 Avg DPT parameters

Annual Hours of Operation: 8760.0 hours/yr

WET GAS:

Temperature: 104.60 deg. F Pressure: 314.30 psig

Wet Gas Water Content: Saturated

Component	Conc. (vol %)
Carbon Dioxide	6.4949
Nitrogen	0.0994
Methane	91.9113
Ethane	1.2077
Propane	0.2042
Isobutane	0.0315
n-Butane	0.0260
Isopentane	0.0094
n-Pentane	0.0043
Cyclopentane	0.0002
n-Hexane	0.0012
Cyclohexane	0.0006
Other Hexanes	0.0032
Heptanes	0.0014
Methylcyclohexane	0.0014
Benzene	0.0005
Toluene	0.0008
Ethylbenzene	0.0001
Xylenes	0.0004
C8+ Heavies	0.0016

DRY GAS:

Flow Rate: 30.0 MMSCF/day Water Content: 6.0 lbs. H2O/MMSCF

LEAN GLYCOL:

Glycol Type: TEG
Water Content: 1.5 wt% H2O
Flow Rate: 3.5 gpm

Glycol Pump Type: Gas Injection

Gas Injection Pump Volume Ratio: 0.130 acfm gas/gpm glycol

FLASH TANK:

Flash Control: Recycle/recompression

Temperature: 96.2 deg. F Pressure: 31.2 psig

GRI-GLYCalc VERSION 4.0 - AGGREGATE CALCULATIONS REPORT

Case Name: 31-6 EU 31 30mm PTE Gas 2020-07-10

File Name: C:\Users\user\Documents\Cirrus\Permit applications\New Mexico\Harvest Four Corners\0 0 31-6\TITLE V\2021-04 Apr Title V mod & renewal\Analysis & Info\GLYCalc\31-6

EU 31 30mm PTE Gas 2020-07-10.ddf

Date: April 07, 2021

DESCRIPTION:

Description: 31-6 EU 31 (slot 7) 30mmcd dehy PTE

July 10, 2020 gas blend, 2020 Avg DPT parameters

Annual Hours of Operation: 8760.0 hours/yr

EMISSIONS REPORTS:

UNCONTROLLED REGENERATOR EMISSIONS

Component	lbs/hr	lbs/day	tons/yr
Methane	0.2539	6.093	1.1120
Ethane	0.0241	0.578	0.1055
Propane	0.0210	0.503	0.0918
Isobutane	0.0075	0.180	0.0328
n-Butane	0.0093	0.224	0.0408
Isopentane	0.0050	0.120	0.0219
n-Pentane	0.0032	0.078	0.0142
Cyclopentane	0.0008	0.020	0.0037
n-Hexane	0.0025	0.060	0.0109
Cyclohexane	0.0070	0.168	0.0306
Other Hexanes	0.0044	0.105	0.0191
Heptanes	0.0087	0.209	0.0382
Methylcyclohexane	0.0257	0.617	0.1126
Benzene	0.0680	1.631	0.2976
Toluene	0.2034	4.881	0.8908
Ethylbenzene	0.0478	1.147	0.2093
Xylenes	0.2888	6.932	1.2650
C8+ Heavies	0.1891	4.538	0.8282
Total Emissions	1.1701	28.083	5.1251
Total Hydrocarbon Emissions	1.1701	28.083	5.1251
Total VOC Emissions	0.8921	21.411	3.9076
Total HAP Emissions	0.6104	14.650	2.6737
Total BTEX Emissions	0.6079	14.591	2.6628

FLASH GAS EMISSIONS

Note: Flash Gas Emissions are zero with the Recycle/recompression control option.

FLASH TANK OFF GAS

Component	lbs/hr	lbs/day	tons/yr

Methane Ethane Propane Isobutane n-Butane	25.7358 0.7317 0.2165 0.0498 0.0455	617.660 17.561 5.197 1.196 1.093	Page: 2 112.7229 3.2050 0.9484 0.2182 0.1995
Isopentane	0.0211	0.506	0.0924
n-Pentane	0.0106	0.255	0.0465
Cyclopentane	0.0009	0.021	0.0038
n-Hexane	0.0044	0.106	0.0193
Cyclohexane	0.0037	0.090	0.0164
Other Hexanes	0.0106	0.253	0.0463
Heptanes	0.0075	0.180	0.0329
Methylcyclohexane	0.0101	0.243	0.0444
Benzene	0.0032	0.077	0.0141
Toluene	0.0061	0.146	0.0266
Ethylbenzene	0.0008	0.019	0.0035
Xylenes	0.0030	0.072	0.0132
C8+ Heavies	0.0197	0.473	0.0864
Total Emissions	26.8812	645.149	117.7397
Total Hydrocarbon Emissions Total VOC Emissions Total HAP Emissions Total BTEX Emissions	26.8812	645.149	117.7397
	0.4137	9.928	1.8119
	0.0175	0.420	0.0767
	0.0131	0.314	0.0574

COMBINED REGENERATOR VENT/FLASH GAS EMISSIONS

Component	lbs/hr	lbs/day	tons/yr
Methane Ethane Propane Isobutane n-Butane	0.2539 0.0241 0.0210 0.0075 0.0093	6.093 0.578 0.503 0.180 0.224	0.1055 0.0918
Isopentane n-Pentane Cyclopentane n-Hexane Cyclohexane	0.0050 0.0032 0.0008 0.0025 0.0070	0.120 0.078 0.020 0.060 0.168	0.0219 0.0142 0.0037 0.0109 0.0306
Other Hexanes Heptanes Methylcyclohexane Benzene Toluene	0.0044 0.0087 0.0257 0.0680 0.2034	0.105 0.209 0.617 1.631 4.881	0.0191 0.0382 0.1126 0.2976 0.8908
Ethylbenzene Xylenes C8+ Heavies	0.0478 0.2888 0.1891		
Total Emissions	1.1701	28.083	5.1251
Total Hydrocarbon Emissions Total VOC Emissions Total HAP Emissions Total BTEX Emissions	1.1701 0.8921 0.6104 0.6079	28.083 21.411 14.650 14.591	5.1251 3.9076 2.6737 2.6628

COMBINED REGENERATOR VENT/FLASH GAS EMISSION CONTROL REPORT:

Component	Uncontrolled tons/yr	Controlled tons/yr	Page: 3 % Reduction
Methane	113.8349	1.1120	99.02
Ethane	3.3104	0.1055	96.81
Propane	1.0403	0.0918	91.17
Isobutane	0.2511	0.0328	86.93
n-Butane	0.2403	0.0408	83.01
Isopentane	0.1142	0.0219	80.84
n-Pentane	0.0607	0.0142	76.60
Cyclopentane	0.0075	0.0037	50.82
n-Hexane	0.0302	0.0109	63.85
Cyclohexane	0.0470	0.0306	34.83
Other Hexanes	0.0654	0.0191	70.77
Heptanes	0.0711	0.0382	46.32
Methylcyclohexane	0.1570	0.1126	28.30
Benzene	0.3117	0.2976	4.52
Toluene	0.9174	0.8908	2.90
Ethylbenzene	0.2128	0.2093	1.65
Xylenes	1.2782	1.2650	1.03
C8+ Heavies	0.9145	0.8282	9.44
Total Emissions	122.8648	5.1251	95.83
Total Hydrocarbon Emissions	122.8648	5.1251	95.83
Total VOC Emissions	5.7194	3.9076	31.68
Total HAP Emissions	2.7504	2.6737	2.79
Total BTEX Emissions	2.7202	2.6628	2.11

EQUIPMENT REPORTS:

ABSORBER

Calculated Absorber Stages: 4.14
Specified Dry Gas Dew Point: 6.00 lbs. H2O/MMSCF
Temperature: 104.6 deg. F
Pressure: 314.3 psig
Dry Gas Flow Rate: 30.0000 MMSCF/day
Glycol Losses with Dry Gas: 0.1981 lb/hr

Wet Gas Water Content: Saturated

Calculated Wet Gas Water Content: 171.03 lbs. H2O/MMSCF Calculated Lean Glycol Recirc. Ratio: 1.02 gal/lb H20

Component	Remaining in Dry Gas	Absorbed in Glycol
Water	3.50%	96.50%
Carbon Dioxide	99.94%	0.06%
Nitrogen	100.00%	0.00%
Methane	100.00%	0.00%
Ethane	99.99%	0.00%
Propane	99.97%	0.03%
Isobutane	99.95%	0.05%
n-Butane	99.94%	0.06%
Isopentane	99.93%	0.07%
n-Pentane	99.91%	0.09%
Cyclopentane	99.68%	0.32%
n-Hexane	99.85%	0.15%

Page: 4 Cyclohexane 99.40% 0.60% Other Hexanes Heptanes 99.89% 0.11% 99.70% 0.30% Methylcyclohexane 99.26% 0.74% lohexane Benzene Toluene lbenzene vulenes 94.52% 5.48% 91.42% 8.58% Ethylbenzene 86.16% 13.84% 79.18% 20.82% C8+ Heavies 97.72% 2.28%

FLASH TANK

Flash Control: Recycle/recompression
Flash Temperature: 96.2 deg. F
Flash Pressure: 31.2 psig

Component	Left in Glycol	Removed in Flash Gas
Water	99.93%	0.07%
Carbon Dioxide	13.74%	86.26%
Nitrogen	0.85%	99.15%
Methane	0.98%	99.02%
Ethane	3.19%	96.81%
Propane	8.83%	91.17%
Isobutane	13.07%	86.93%
n-Butane	16.99%	83.01%
Isopentane	19.39%	80.61%
n-Pentane	23.64%	76.36%
Cyclopentane	49.41%	50.59%
n-Hexane	36.39%	63.61%
Cyclohexane	66.20%	33.80%
Other Hexanes	29.73%	70.27%
Heptanes	53.88%	46.12%
Methylcyclohexane	72.76%	27.24%
Benzene	95.70%	4.30%
Toluene	97.33%	2.67%
Ethylbenzene	98.52%	1.48%
Xylenes	99.10%	0.90%
C8+ Heavies	91.67%	8.33%

REGENERATOR

No Stripping Gas used in regenerator.

Component	Remaining in Glycol	Distilled Overhead
Water	12.49%	87.51%
Carbon Dioxide	0.00%	100.00%
Nitrogen	0.00%	100.00%
Methane	0.00%	100.00%
Ethane	0.00%	100.00%
Propane	0.00%	100.00%
Isobutane	0.00%	100.00%
n-Butane	0.00%	100.00%
Isopentane	1.48%	98.52%

n-Pentane	1.34%	Page: 98.66%	5
Cyclopentane	0.88%	99.12%	
n-Hexane	1.04%	98.96%	
Cyclohexane	4.47%	95.53%	
Other Hexanes	2.35%	97.65%	
Heptanes	0.80%	99.20%	
Methylcyclohexane	5.17%	94.83%	
Benzene	5.18%	94.82%	
Toluene	8.08%	91.92%	
Ethylbenzene	10.54%	89.46%	
Xylenes	13.03%	86.97%	
C8+ Heavies	12.86%	87.14%	

STREAM REPORTS:

WET GAS STREAM

Temperature: 104.60 deg. F Pressure: 329.00 psia Flow Rate: 1.25e+006 scfh

Component	Conc. (vol%)	Loading (lb/hr)
Carbon Dioxide Nitrogen Methane	3.60e-001 6.47e+000 9.90e-002 9.16e+001 1.20e+000	9.42e+003 9.17e+001 4.86e+004
Isobutane n-Butane Isopentane	2.03e-001 3.14e-002 2.59e-002 9.37e-003 4.28e-003	6.03e+001 4.98e+001 2.23e+001
Cyclohexane Other Hexanes	1.20e-003 5.98e-004	3.41e+000 1.66e+000 9.09e+000
Toluene Ethylbenzene	4.98e-004 7.97e-004	1.29e+000 2.43e+000 3.50e-001
C8+ Heavies Total Components		

DRY GAS STREAM

Temperature: 104.60 deg. F Pressure: 329.00 psia Flow Rate: 1.25e+006 scfh

```
(vol%) (lb/hr)
----- -----
                      Water 1.26e-002 7.50e+000
               Carbon Dioxide 6.49e+000 9.41e+003
                    Nitrogen 9.94e-002 9.17e+001
                     Methane 9.19e+001 4.86e+004
                      Ethane 1.21e+000 1.20e+003
                     Propane 2.04e-001 2.97e+002
                   Isobutane 3.15e-002 6.03e+001
                    n-Butane 2.60e-002 4.98e+001
                   Isopentane 9.39e-003 2.23e+001
                   n-Pentane 4.30e-003 1.02e+001
                 Cyclopentane 1.99e-004 4.61e-001
                    n-Hexane 1.20e-003 3.40e+000
                  Cyclohexane 5.96e-004 1.65e+000
                Other Hexanes 3.20e-003 9.08e+000
Heptanes 1.40e-003 4.61e+000
            Methylcyclohexane 1.39e-003 4.50e+000
                     Benzene 4.73e-004 1.22e+000
                     Toluene 7.31e-004 2.22e+000
                 Ethylbenzene 8.62e-005 3.01e-001
                     Xylenes 3.17e-004 1.11e+000
                 C8+ Heavies 1.56e-003 8.77e+000
-----
             Total Components 100.00 5.98e+004
```

LEAN GLYCOL STREAM

Temperature: 104.60 deg. F Flow Rate: 3.50e+000 gpm

Component	Conc. (wt%)	Loading (lb/hr)	
Water Carbon Dioxide Nitrogen	9.85e+001 1.50e+000 2.76e-011 1.69e-014 3.14e-018	2.96e+001 5.43e-010 3.34e-013	
Propane Isobutane	3.85e-009 1.86e-010 4.16e-011 3.79e-011 3.82e-006	3.66e-009 8.20e-010 7.47e-010	
Cyclopentane	1.32e-006 1.66e-005	7.46e-006 2.61e-005 3.27e-004	
Methylcyclohexane Benzene	1.88e-004 9.07e-004	1.40e-003 3.71e-003 1.79e-002	
Xylenes C8+ Heavies	2.20e-003 1.42e-003		
Total Components	100.00	1.97e+003	

RICH GLYCOL AND PUMP GAS STREAM

Temperature: 104.60 deg. F Pressure: 329.00 psia Flow Rate: 3.98e+000 gpm

NOTE: Stream has more than one phase.

Component	Conc. (wt%)	Loading (lb/hr)
Water Carbon Dioxide Nitrogen	8.76e+001 1.07e+001 4.58e-001 2.22e-003 1.18e+000	2.37e+002 1.01e+001 4.90e-002
Propane Isobutane	3.42e-002 1.07e-002 2.59e-003 2.48e-003 1.18e-003	2.38e-001 5.73e-002 5.49e-002
Cyclopentane	3.13e-004 5.01e-004	1.72e-003 6.91e-003 1.11e-002
Methylcyclohexane Benzene	3.39e-003 1.03e-002	3.72e-002 7.49e-002 2.27e-001
Xylenes C8+ Heavies	1.52e-002 1.07e-002	
Total Components	100.00	2.21e+003

FLASH TANK OFF GAS STREAM

Temperature: 96.20 deg. F Pressure: 45.90 psia Flow Rate: 7.00e+002 scfh

Component		Loading (lb/hr)	
Carbon Dioxide Nitrogen Methane	4.87e-001 1.07e+001 9.39e-002 8.69e+001 1.32e+000	8.72e+000 4.85e-002 2.57e+001	
Isobutane n-Butane Isopentane	2.66e-001 4.65e-002 4.25e-002 1.58e-002 7.98e-003	4.98e-002 4.55e-002 2.11e-002	
Cyclohexane Other Hexanes	2.77e-003 2.41e-003	4.40e-003 3.74e-003 1.06e-002	
Methylcyclohexane	5.60e-003	1.01e-002	

Page: 8 Benzene 2.23e-003 3.22e-003

Toluene 3.57e-003 6.07e-003 Ethylbenzene 4.09e-004 8.02e-004

Xylenes 1.54e-003 3.01e-003

C8+ Heavies 6.27e-003 1.97e-002 Total Components 100.00 3.58e+001

FLASH TANK GLYCOL STREAM

Temperature: 96.20 deg. F Flow Rate: 3.90e+000 gpm

Component		Loading (lb/hr)	(ppm)
Water Carbon Dioxide Nitrogen	1.09e+001 6.39e-002	4.17e-004	108839. 639.
Propane Isobutane	1.11e-003 9.65e-004 3.45e-004 4.29e-004 2.33e-004	2.10e-002 7.49e-003 9.32e-003	11. 10. 3. 4. 2.
Cyclopentane	1.16e-004 3.37e-004	8.51e-004 2.52e-003 7.32e-003	2. 0. 1. 3. 2.
Methylcyclohexane Benzene	3.30e-003 1.02e-002	2.71e-002 7.17e-002 2.21e-001	4. 12. 33. 102. 25.
Xylenes C8+ Heavies		3.32e-001 2.17e-001	153. 100.
Total Components	100.00	2.17e+003	1000001.

FLASH GAS EMISSIONS

Control Method: Recycle/recompression

Control Efficiency: 100.00

Note: Flash Gas Emissions are zero with the Recycle/recompression control option.

REGENERATOR OVERHEADS STREAM

Temperature: 212.00 deg. F Pressure: 14.70 psia Flow Rate: 4.38e+003 scfh

Component Conc. Loading (vol%) (lb/hr) Water 9.95e+001 2.07e+002

```
Carbon Dioxide 2.73e-001 1.39e+000
           Nitrogen 1.29e-004 4.17e-004
            Methane 1.37e-001 2.54e-001
             Ethane 6.93e-003 2.41e-002
            Propane 4.12e-003 2.10e-002
        Isobutane 1.12e-003 7.49e-003 n-Butane 1.39e-003 9.32e-003 Isopentane 6.00e-004 5.00e-003
         n-Pentane 3.89e-004 3.24e-003
      Cyclopentane 1.04e-004 8.44e-004
           n-Hexane 2.50e-004 2.49e-003
       Cyclohexane 7.19e-004 6.99e-003
     Other Hexanes 4.38e-004 4.36e-003
          Heptanes 7.52e-004 8.71e-003
Methylcyclohexane 2.27e-003 2.57e-002
Benzene 7.53e-003 6.80e-002
Toluene 1.91e-002 2.03e-001
      Ethylbenzene 3.90e-003 4.78e-002
            Xylenes 2.35e-002 2.89e-001
      C8+ Heavies 9.61e-003 1.89e-001
Total Components 100.00 2.10e+002
```

Dehydrator Reboiler Exhaust Emissions Calculations

Unit Number: 31b

Description: Dehydrator Reboiler (30 mmscfd)

Note: The data on this worksheet applies to each individual emissions unit identified above.

Fuel Consumption

0.400 MMBtu/hr Hourly heat rate scf/hr x Btu/scf / 1,000,000 444 scf/hr Hourly fuel consumption Est. burner fuel use 8,760 hr/yr Annual operating time Williams Four Corners LLC 3,500 MMBtu/yr Annual fuel consumption MMBtu/hr x hr/yr 3.89 MMscf/yr Annual fuel consumption scf/hr x hr/yr / 1,000,000 900 Btu/scf Field gas heating value Nominal heat content

Steady-State Emission Rates

	Emission		
Pollutants	Factors,	Uncontrolled E	mission Rates,
	lb/MMscf	pph	tpy
NO_X	100	0.044	0.194
CO	84	0.037	0.163
VOC	5.5	2.4E-03	1.1E-02
SO_2	0.6	2.7E-04	1.2E-03

NOx and CO emission factors from AP-42, Table 1.4-1 VOC and SO2 emission factors from AP-42, Table 1.4-2 Emission Rates (pph) = lb/MMscf x (scf/hr / 1,000,000)

Emission Rates (tpy) = Uncontrolled Emission Rates (pph) x hr/yr / 2,000 lb/ton

	Emission		
Pollutants	Factors,	Uncontrolled E	mission Rates,
	lb/MMscf	pph	tpy
TSP	7.60	3.37E-03	1.48E-02
PM ₁₀	7.60	3.37E-03	1.48E-02
PM _{2.5}	7.60	3.37E-03	1.48E-02
Lead	5.00E-04	2.22E-07	9.72E-07

Emission factors taken from AP-42, Table 1.4-2

Emission Rates (pph) = lb/MMscf x (scf/hr / 1,000,000)

Emission Rates (tpy) = Uncontrolled Emission Rates (pph) x hr/yr / 2,000 lb/ton

Exhaust Parameters

600 °F	Exhaust temperature	Mfg. data (Enertek & InFab)
200 cfm	Stack flowrate	Stack velocity x stack area
0.83 ft	Stack diameter	Mfg. data (InFab)
6.1 fps	Stack velocity	Mfg. data (Enertek & InFab)
25 ft	Stack height	Mfg. data (InFab)

GRI-HAPCalc® 3.01 **External Combustion Devices Report**

31-6 CDP Facility ID: Notes:

Operation Type: COMPRESSOR STATION

31-6 CENTRAL DELIVERY POINT Facility Name:

Cirrus User Name:

Units of Measure: U.S. STANDARD

Note: Emissions less than 5.00E-09 tons (or tonnes) per year are considered insignificant and are treated as zero.

These emissions are indicated on the report with a "0".

Emissions between 5.00E-09 and 5.00E-05 tons (or tonnes) per year are represented on the report with "0.0000".

External Combustion Devices

Unit Name: 444 SCFH

Hours of Operation: 8,760 Yearly 0.40 MMBtu/hr Heat Input:

NATURAL GAS Fuel Type:

BURNER Device Type:

Emission Factor Set: EPA > FIELD > LITERATURE

-NONE-Additional EF Set:

Calculated Emissions (ton/yr)

Chemical Name	Emissions	Emission Factor	Emission Factor Set
HAPs			
7,12-Dimethylbenz(a)anthracene	0.0000	0.0000000157 lb/MMBtu	EPA
Formaldehyde	0.0001	0.0000735294 lb/MMBtu	EPA
Methanol	0.0008	0.0004333330 lb/MMBtu	GRI Field
Acetaldehyde	0.0005	0.0002909000 lb/MMBtu	GRI Field
1,3-Butadiene	0.0000	0.0000001830 lb/MMBtu	GRI Field
Benzene	0.0000	0.0000020588 lb/MMBtu	EPA
Toluene	0.0000	0.0000033333 lb/MMBtu	EPA
Ethylbenzene	0.0000	0.0000000720 lb/MMBtu	GRI Field
Xylenes(m,p,o)	0.0000	0.0000010610 lb/MMBtu	GRI Field
2,2,4-Trimethylpentane	0.0001	0.0000323000 lb/MMBtu	GRI Field
n-Hexane	0.0031	0.0017647059 lb/MMBtu	EPA
Phenol	0.0000	0.0000000950 lb/MMBtu	GRI Field
Naphthalene	0.0000	0.0000005980 lb/MMBtu	EPA
2-Methylnaphthalene	0.0000	0.0000000235 lb/MMBtu	EPA
Biphenyl	0.0000	0.0000011500 lb/MMBtu	GRI Field
Phenanthrene	0.0000	0.0000000167 lb/MMBtu	EPA
Fluoranthene	0.0000	0.0000000029 lb/MMBtu	EPA
Pyrene	0.0000	0.0000000049 lb/MMBtu	EPA
Lead	0.0000	0.0000004902 lb/MMBtu	EPA
Total	0.0046		
Criteria Pollutants			
VOC	0.0094	0.0053921569 lb/MMBtu	EPA
PM	0.0131	0.0074509804 lb/MMBtu	EPA
PM, Condensible	0.0098	0.0055882353 lb/MMBtu	EPA
PM, Filterable	0.0033	0.0018627451 lb/MMBtu	EPA
/2015 18:43:45	GRI-HAPCalc 3.	01	Page 1 of 1

CO	0.1443	0.0823529410 lb/MMBtu	EPA
NMHC	0.0149	0.0085294118 lb/MMBtu	EPA
NOx	0.1718	0.0980392157 lb/MMBtu	EPA
SO2	0.0010	0.0005880000 lb/MMBtu	EPA

Other Pollutants

Dichlorobenzene	0.0000	0.0000011765 lb/MMBtu	EPA
Methane	0.0040	0.0022549020 lb/MMBtu	EPA
Acetylene	0.0093	0.0053314000 lb/MMBtu	GRI Field
Ethylene	0.0009	0.0005264000 lb/MMBtu	GRI Field
Ethane	0.0053	0.0030392157 lb/MMBtu	EPA
Propylene	0.0016	0.0009333330 lb/MMBtu	GRI Field
Propane	0.0027	0.0015686275 lb/MMBtu	EPA
Butane	0.0036	0.0020588235 lb/MMBtu	EPA
Cyclopentane	0.0001	0.0000405000 lb/MMBtu	GRI Field
Pentane	0.0045	0.0025490196 lb/MMBtu	EPA
n-Pentane	0.0035	0.0020000000 lb/MMBtu	GRI Field
Cyclohexane	0.0001	0.0000451000 lb/MMBtu	GRI Field
Methylcyclohexane	0.0003	0.0001691000 lb/MMBtu	GRI Field
n-Octane	0.0001	0.0000506000 lb/MMBtu	GRI Field
n-Nonane	0.0000	0.0000050000 lb/MMBtu	GRI Field
CO2	206.1176	117.6470588235 lb/MMBtu	EPA

08/31/2015 18:43:45 GRI-HAPCalc 3.01 Page 2 of 1

Malfunction Emissions Data and Calculations

Unit Number: M1

Description: Malfunctions

Emission Rates

		Uncontrolled
	Weight	Emission
Pollutants	Percents,	Rates,
	%	tpy
VOC		10.00
2,2,4-Trimethylpentane	0.000E+00	0.00E+00
Benzene	2.669E-01	2.67E-02
Ethylbenzene	6.047E-02	6.05E-03
n-Hexane	7.361E-01	7.36E-02
Toluene	5.247E-01	5.25E-02
Xylene	3.023E-01	3.02E-02

Weight percents calculated from gas composition (see table below)

Uncontrolled Emission Rates (tpy) = VOC Emission Rate (tpy) x (% / 100)

Gas Composition

Components	Mole Percents.	Molecular Weights,	Component Weights,	Weight Percent.
Components	%	lb/lb-mole	lb/lb-mole	%
Carbon dioxide	6.4949	44.01		
Hydrogen sulfide	0.0000	34.07		
Nitrogen	0.0994	28.01		
Methane	91.9113	16.04		
Ethane	1.2077	30.07		
Propane	0.2042	44.09	0.0900	6.250E+01
Isobutane	0.0315	58.12	0.0183	1.271E+01
n-Butane	0.0260	58.12	0.0151	1.049E+01
Isopentane	0.0094	72.15	0.0068	4.725E+00
n-Pentane	0.0043	72.15	0.0031	2.137E+00
Cyclopentane	0.0002	70.14	0.0002	1.198E-01
n-Hexane	0.0012	86.17	0.0011	7.361E-01
Cyclohexane	0.0006	84.16	0.0005	3.355E-01
Other hexanes	0.0032	86.18	0.0028	1.914E+00
Heptanes	0.0014	100.20	0.0014	9.701E-01
Methylcyclohexane	0.0014	98.19	0.0014	9.506E-01
2,2,4-Trimethylpentane	0.0000	100.21	0.0000	0.000E+00
Benzene	0.0005	78.11	0.0004	2.669E-01
Toluene	0.0008	92.14	0.0008	5.247E-01
Ethylbenzene	0.0001	106.17	0.0001	6.047E-02
Xylenes	0.0004	106.17	0.0004	3.023E-01
C8+ Heavies	0.0016	110.00	0.0018	1.253E+00
Total	100.0002			
Total VOC			0.1440	

Blended gas stream composition obtained from the 31-6 Straddle Suction & 31-6 Suction gas analyses sampled July 10, 2020. Component Weights (lb/lb-mole) = (% / 100) x Molecular Weights (lb/lb-mole)

Weight Percents (%) = 100 x Component Weights (lb/lb-mole) / Total VOC Weight (lb/lb-mole)

Storage Tank Emissions Summary

Unit Number: T17, T25, T43, T44, T50, T55 & T56

Description: Storage Tank Emissions (Insignificant Source Demonstration)

	Source		ntrolled athing Losses (ton/yr)	Uncontrolled Flash Losses (ton/yr)	Total Uncontrolled Emissions (ton/yr)
Tank T25 VOC Benzene n-Hexane Toluene	Produced Water (12,600 gal)	17.68 0.02 2.40 0.01	8.84E-03 1.00E-05 1.20E-03 5.00E-06	N/A N/A N/A N/A	0.00884 0.00001 0.00120 0.00001
Tank T43 VOC Benzene n-Hexane Toluene	Produced Water (12,600 gal)	17.68 0.02 2.40 0.01	8.84E-03 1.00E-05 1.20E-03 5.00E-06	N/A N/A N/A N/A	0.00884 0.00001 0.00120 0.00001
Tank T44 VOC Benzene n-Hexane Toluene	Produced Water (1,680 gal)	17.68 0.02 2.40 0.01	8.84E-03 1.00E-05 1.20E-03 5.00E-06	N/A N/A N/A N/A	0.00884 0.00001 0.00120 0.00001
Tank T55 VOC Benzene n-Hexane Toluene	Produced Water (12,600 gal)	17.68 0.02 2.40 0.01	8.84E-03 1.00E-05 1.20E-03 5.00E-06	N/A N/A N/A N/A	0.00884 0.00001 0.00120 0.00001
Tank T56 VOC Benzene n-Hexane Toluene	Produced Water (12,600 gal)	17.68 0.02 2.40 0.01	8.84E-03 1.00E-05 1.20E-03 5.00E-06	N/A N/A N/A N/A	0.00884 0.00001 0.00120 0.00001
PRODUCED VOC Benzene n-Hexane Toluene	WATER TANK EMISSION TOTALS	88.40 0.10 12.00 0.05	4.42E-02 5.00E-05 6.00E-03 2.50E-05	N/A N/A N/A N/A	0.04420 0.00005 0.00600 0.00003
Tank T17 VOC Methanol Xylenes	Corrosion Inhibitor (500 gal)	28.86 18.12 0.19	1.44E-02 9.06E-03 9.50E-05	N/A N/A N/A	1.44E-02 9.06E-03 9.50E-05
Tank T50 VOC Methanol	Methanol (500 gal)	14.44 14.44	7.22E-03 7.22E-03	N/A N/A	7.22E-03 7.22E-03

Working/breathing losses are calculated using TANKS 4.0.

TANKS 4.0.9d

Emissions Report - Detail Format Tank Indentification and Physical Characteristics

Identification

User Identification: 31-6 T-25 Produced Water (300 bbl) 305340 gal thru

City: Rio Arriba Co, T30N, R06W, Sec01

State: NM

Company: Williams Four Corners
Type of Tank: Vertical Fixed Roof Tank

Description: 300 bbl (12600 gal) Produced Water tank 305,340 gal throughput

Tank Dimensions

 Shell Height (ft):
 13.00

 Diameter (ft):
 13.00

 Liquid Height (ft):
 12.00

 Avg. Liquid Height (ft):
 6.50

 Volume (gallons):
 12,600.00

 Turnovers:
 24.23

 Net Throughput(gal/yr):
 305,340.00

Is Tank Heated (y/n): N

Paint Characteristics

Shell Color/Shade: Gray/Medium
Shell Condition Good
Roof Color/Shade: Gray/Medium
Roof Condition: Good

Roof Characteristics

Type: Cone

Height (ft) 0.00 Slope (ft/ft) (Cone Roof) 0.06

Breather Vent Settings

Vacuum Settings (psig): -0.03 Pressure Settings (psig) 0.03

Meterological Data used in Emissions Calculations: Albuquerque, New Mexico (Avg Atmospheric Pressure = 12.15 psia)

TANKS 4.0.9d Emissions Report - Detail Format Liquid Contents of Storage Tank

31-6 T-25 Produced Water (300 bbl) 305340 gal thru - Vertical Fixed Roof Tank Rio Arriba Co, T30N, R06W, Sec01, NM

			nily Liquid So perature (de		Liquid Bulk Temp	Vapo	r Pressure	(psia)	Vapor Mol.	Liquid Mass	Vapor Mass	Mol.	Basis for Vapor Pressure
Mixture/Component	Month	Avg.	Min.	Max.	(deg F)	Avg.	Min.	Max.	Weight.	Fract.	Fract.	Weight	Calculations
Produced Water	All	67.36	53.93	80.79	59.23	0.3488	0.2187	0.5425	20.7692			18.15	
Benzene						1.4274	0.9846	2.0237	78.1100	0.0001	0.0002	78.11	Option 2: A=6.905, B=1211.033, C=220.79
Butane						29.9323	23.3587	37.8099	58.1300	0.0008	0.0572	58.13	Option 1: VP60 = 26.098 VP70 = 31.306
Ethylbenzene						0.1396	0.0876	0.2162	106.1700	0.0000	0.0000	106.17	Option 2: A=6.975, B=1424.255, C=213.21
Hexane (-n)						2.3100	1.6303	3.2059	86.1700	0.0042	0.0244	86.17	Option 2: A=6.876, B=1171.17, C=224.41
Pentane (-n)						8.0308	5.9649	10.6537	72.1500	0.0049	0.0977	72.15	Option 3: A=27691, B=7.558
Toluene						0.4136	0.2726	0.6120	92.1300	0.0001	0.0001	92.13	Option 2: A=6.954, B=1344.8, C=219.48
Water						0.3305	0.2049	0.5188	18.0200	0.9900	0.8203	18.02	Option 2: A=8.07131, B=1730.63, C=233.426
Xylene (-m)						0.1165	0.0728	0.1813	106.1700	0.0000	0.0000	106.17	Option 2: A=7.009, B=1462.266, C=215.11

TANKS 4.0.9d Emissions Report - Detail Format Detail Calculations (AP-42)

31-6 T-25 Produced Water (300 bbl) 305340 gal thru - Vertical Fixed Roof Tank Rio Arriba Co, T30N, R06W, Sec01, NM

Annual Emission Calcaulations	
Standing Losses (lb):	45.5776
Vapor Space Volume (cu ft):	880.7340
Vapor Density (lb/cu ft):	0.0013
Vapor Space Expansion Factor: Vented Vapor Saturation Factor:	0.1243 0.8907
vented vapor editation ration.	0.0001
Tank Vapor Space Volume:	
Vapor Space Volume (cu ft):	880.7340
Tank Diameter (ft):	13.0000
Vapor Space Outage (ft):	6.6354 13.0000
Tank Shell Height (ft): Average Liquid Height (ft):	6.5000
Roof Outage (ft):	0.1354
Roof Outage (Cone Roof)	
Roof Outage (ft):	0.1354
Roof Height (ft):	0.0000
Roof Slope (ft/ft):	0.0625
Shell Radius (ft):	6.5000
Vapor Density	
Vapor Density (lb/cu ft):	0.0013
Vapor Molecular Weight (lb/lb-mole):	20.7692
Vapor Pressure at Daily Average Liquid	
Surface Temperature (psia):	0.3488
Daily Avg. Liquid Surface Temp. (deg. R):	527.0322 56.1542
Daily Average Ambient Temp. (deg. F): Ideal Gas Constant R	36.1342
(psia cuft / (lb-mol-deg R)):	10.731
Liquid Bulk Temperature (deg. R):	518.9042
Tank Paint Solar Absorptance (Shell):	0.6800
Tank Paint Solar Absorptance (Roof):	0.6800
Daily Total Solar Insulation	
Factor (Btu/sqft day):	1,765.3167
Vapor Space Expansion Factor	
Vapor Space Expansion Factor:	0.1243
Daily Vapor Temperature Range (deg. R):	53.7176
Daily Vapor Pressure Range (psia):	0.3238
Breather Vent Press. Setting Range(psia): Vapor Pressure at Daily Average Liquid	0.0600
Surface Temperature (psia):	0.3488
Vapor Pressure at Daily Minimum Liquid	0.5400
Surface Temperature (psia):	0.2187
Vapor Pressure at Daily Maximum Liquid	
Surface Temperature (psia):	0.5425
Daily Avg. Liquid Surface Temp. (deg R):	527.0322
Daily Min. Liquid Surface Temp. (deg R):	513.6028
Daily Max. Liquid Surface Temp. (deg R):	540.4617
Daily Ambient Temp. Range (deg. R):	27.9250
Vented Vapor Saturation Factor	
Vented Vapor Saturation Factor:	0.8907
Vapor Pressure at Daily Average Liquid: Surface Temperature (psia):	0.3488
Vapor Space Outage (ft):	6.6354
vapor opade odiage (it).	0.0334
Working Losses (lb):	52.6595
Vapor Molecular Weight (lb/lb-mole):	20.7692
Vapor Pressure at Daily Average Liquid	

Surface Temperature (psia):	0.3488
Annual Net Throughput (gal/yr.):	305,340.0000
Annual Turnovers:	24.2333
Turnover Factor:	1.0000
Maximum Liquid Volume (gal):	12,600.0000
Maximum Liquid Height (ft):	12.0000
Tank Diameter (ft):	13.0000
Working Loss Product Factor:	1.0000

Total Losses (lb): 98.2371

TANKS 4.0.9d Emissions Report - Detail Format Individual Tank Emission Totals

Emissions Report for: Annual

31-6 T-25 Produced Water (300 bbl) 305340 gal thru - Vertical Fixed Roof Tank Rio Arriba Co, T30N, R06W, Sec01, NM

	Losses(lbs)							
Components	Working Loss	Breathing Loss	Total Emissions					
Produced Water	52.66	45.58	98.24					
Benzene	0.01	0.01	0.02					
Butane	3.01	2.61	5.62					
Ethylbenzene	0.00	0.00	0.00					
Hexane (-n)	1.29	1.11	2.40					
Pentane (-n)	5.15	4.45	9.60					
Toluene	0.00	0.00	0.01					
Xylene (-m)	0.00	0.00	0.00					
Water	43.20	37.39	80.58					

98.24 lb/yr total VOC + water - 80.56 lb/yr water = 17.68 lb/yr VOC

TANKS 4.0.9d

Emissions Report - Detail Format Tank Indentification and Physical Characteristics

Identification

User Identification: 31-6 T-50 Methanol (500 gal)
City: Rio Arriba Co., T30N, R06W, Sec01

State: NN

Company: Williams Four Corners Type of Tank: Vertical Fixed Roof Tank

Description: 500 gal methanol tank 2,000 gal throughput

Tank Dimensions

 Shell Height (ft):
 5.00

 Diameter (ft):
 4.50

 Liquid Height (ft):
 4.00

 Avg. Liquid Height (ft):
 2.00

 Volume (gallons):
 500.00

 Turnovers:
 4.00

 Net Throughput(gal/yr):
 2,000.00

Is Tank Heated (y/n): N

Paint Characteristics

Shell Color/Shade: White/White
Shell Condition Good
Roof Color/Shade: White/White
Roof Condition: Good

Roof Characteristics

Type: Cone

Height (ft) 0.00 Slope (ft/ft) (Cone Roof) 0.06

Breather Vent Settings

Vacuum Settings (psig): -0.03 Pressure Settings (psig) 0.03

Meterological Data used in Emissions Calculations: Albuquerque, New Mexico (Avg Atmospheric Pressure = 12.15 psia)

TANKS 4.0.9d Emissions Report - Detail Format Liquid Contents of Storage Tank

31-6 T-50 Methanol (500 gal) - Vertical Fixed Roof Tank Rio Arriba Co., T30N, R06W, Sec01, NM

			aily Liquid S		Liquid Bulk Temp	Vapo	or Pressure	(psia)	Vapor Mol.	Liquid Mass	Vapor Mass	Mol.	Basis for Vapor Pressure
Mixture/Component	Month	Avg.	Min.	Max.	(deg F)	Avg.	Min.	Max.	Weight.	Fract.	Fract.	Weight	Calculations
Methyl alcohol	All	58.54	51.41	65.66	56.17	1.3769	1.0943	1.7198	32.0400			32.04	Option 2: A=7.897, B=1474.08, C=229.13

TANKS 4.0.9d Emissions Report - Detail Format Detail Calculations (AP-42)

31-6 T-50 Methanol (500 gal) - Vertical Fixed Roof Tank Rio Arriba Co., T30N, R06W, Sec01, NM

Annual Emission Calcaulations	
Standing Losses (lb):	12.3406
Vapor Space Volume (cu ft):	48.4585
Vapor Density (lb/cu ft):	0.0079
Vapor Space Expansion Factor:	0.1075
Vented Vapor Saturation Factor:	0.8181
Tank Vapor Space Volume:	
Vapor Space Volume (cu ft):	48.4585
Tank Diameter (ft):	4.5000
Vapor Space Outage (ft):	3.0469
Tank Shell Height (ft):	5.0000
Average Liquid Height (ft): Roof Outage (ft):	2.0000 0.0469
Roof Outage (Cone Roof)	
Roof Outage (ft):	0.0469
Roof Height (ft):	0.0000
Roof Slope (ft/ft):	0.0625
Shell Radius (ft):	2.2500
Vapor Density	
Vapor Density (lb/cu ft):	0.0079
Vapor Molecular Weight (lb/lb-mole):	32.0400
Vapor Pressure at Daily Average Liquid	
Surface Temperature (psia):	1.3769
Daily Avg. Liquid Surface Temp. (deg. R):	518.2062
Daily Average Ambient Temp. (deg. F):	56.1542
Ideal Gas Constant R	
(psia cuft / (lb-mol-deg R)):	10.731
Liquid Bulk Temperature (deg. R):	515.8442
Tank Paint Solar Absorptance (Shell):	0.1700
Tank Paint Solar Absorptance (Roof):	0.1700
Daily Total Solar Insulation	1 765 2167
Factor (Btu/sqft day):	1,765.3167
Vapor Space Expansion Factor Vapor Space Expansion Factor:	0.1075
Daily Vapor Temperature Range (deg. R):	28.5089
Daily Vapor Pressure Range (psia):	0.6255
Breather Vent Press. Setting Range(psia):	0.0600
Vapor Pressure at Daily Average Liquid	
Surface Temperature (psia):	1.3769
Vapor Pressure at Daily Minimum Liquid	
Surface Temperature (psia):	1.0943
Vapor Pressure at Daily Maximum Liquid	
Surface Temperature (psia):	1.7198
Daily Avg. Liquid Surface Temp. (deg R):	518.2062
Daily Min. Liquid Surface Temp. (deg R):	511.0790
Daily Max. Liquid Surface Temp. (deg R):	525.3334
Daily Ambient Temp. Range (deg. R):	27.9250
Vented Vapor Saturation Factor	
Vented Vapor Saturation Factor:	0.8181
Vapor Pressure at Daily Average Liquid:	
Surface Temperature (psia):	1.3769
Vapor Space Outage (ft):	3.0469
Working Losses (lb):	2.1008
Vapor Molecular Weight (lb/lb-mole):	32.0400
Vapor Pressure at Daily Average Liquid	

Surface Temperature (psia):	1.3769
Annual Net Throughput (gal/yr.):	2,000.0000
Annual Turnovers:	4.0000
Turnover Factor:	1.0000
Maximum Liquid Volume (gal):	500.0000
Maximum Liquid Height (ft):	4.0000
Tank Diameter (ft):	4.5000
Working Loss Product Factor:	1.0000

Total Losses (lb): 14.4414

TANKS 4.0.9d Emissions Report - Detail Format Individual Tank Emission Totals

Emissions Report for: Annual

31-6 T-50 Methanol (500 gal) - Vertical Fixed Roof Tank Rio Arriba Co., T30N, R06W, Sec01, NM

	Losses(lbs)							
Components	Working Loss	Breathing Loss	Total Emissions					
Methyl alcohol	2.10	12.34	14.44					

TANKS 4.0.9d

Emissions Report - Detail Format Tank Indentification and Physical Characteristics

Identification

User Identification: 31-6 T-17 Corrosion Inhibitor (500 gal) City: Rio Arriba Co., T30N, R06W, Sec01

State: NM

Company: Williams Four Corners Type of Tank: Vertical Fixed Roof Tank

Description: 500 gal corrosion inhibitor tank 2,000 gal throughput

Tank Dimensions

 Shell Height (ft):
 5.00

 Diameter (ft):
 4.50

 Liquid Height (ft):
 4.00

 Avg. Liquid Height (ft):
 2.00

 Volume (gallons):
 500.00

 Turnovers:
 4.00

 Net Throughput(gal/yr):
 2,000.00

Is Tank Heated (y/n): N

Paint Characteristics

Shell Color/Shade: Gray/Medium
Shell Condition Good
Roof Color/Shade: Gray/Medium
Roof Condition: Good

Roof Cortainori.

Roof Characteristics

Type: Cone

Height (ft) 0.00 Slope (ft/ft) (Cone Roof) 0.06

Breather Vent Settings

Vacuum Settings (psig): -0.03 Pressure Settings (psig) 0.03

Meterological Data used in Emissions Calculations: Albuquerque, New Mexico (Avg Atmospheric Pressure = 12.15 psia)

TANKS 4.0.9d Emissions Report - Detail Format Liquid Contents of Storage Tank

31-6 T-17 Corrosion Inhibitor (500 gal) - Vertical Fixed Roof Tank Rio Arriba Co., T30N, R06W, Sec01, NM

		Daily Liquid Surf. Temperature (deg F)		Liquid Bulk Temp Vapor Pressure (psia)		Vapor Liquid Mol. Mass			Mol.	Basis for Vapor Pressure			
Mixture/Component	Month	Avg.	Min.	Max.	(deg F)	Avg.	Min.	Max.	Weight.	Fract.	Fract.	Weight	Calculations
Corrosion Inhibitor	All	67.36	53.93	80.79	59.23	1.2967	0.8686	1.8803	41.3754			68.87	
1,2,3-Trimethylbenzene						0.0198	0.0114	0.0332	120.2000	0.0450	0.0011	120.20	Option 2: A=7.04082, B=1593.958, C=207.078
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene						0.0273	0.0160	0.0451	120.1900	0.2700	0.0095	120.19	Option 2: A=7.04383, B=1573.267, C=208.56
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene						0.0292	0.0171	0.0483	120.1900	0.0900	0.0034	120.19	Option 2: A=7.07436, B=1573.622, C=208.564
1-Dodecanethiol						0.0000	0.0000	0.0001	202.4000	0.0100	0.0000	202.40	Option 2: A=7.0244, B=1817.8, C=164.1
Jet naphtha (JP-4)						1.5209	1.1180	1.9396	80.0000	0.2700	0.3514	120.00	Option 1: VP60 = 1.3 VP70 = 1.6
Methyl alcohol						1.8115	1.1881	2.6951	32.0400	0.2700	0.6279	32.04	Option 2: A=7.897, B=1474.08, C=229.13
Xylene (-m)						0.1165	0.0728	0.1813	106.1700	0.0450	0.0067	106.17	Option 2: A=7.009, B=1462,266, C=215.11

TANKS 4.0.9d Emissions Report - Detail Format Detail Calculations (AP-42)

31-6 T-17 Corrosion Inhibitor (500 gal) - Vertical Fixed Roof Tank Rio Arriba Co., T30N, R06W, Sec01, NM

Annual Emission Calcaulations	
Standing Losses (lb):	26.3064
Vapor Space Volume (cu ft):	48.4585
Vapor Density (lb/cu ft):	0.0095
Vapor Space Expansion Factor:	0.1896
Vented Vapor Saturation Factor:	0.8269
Tank Vapor Space Volume:	
Vapor Space Volume (cu ft):	48.4585
Tank Diameter (ft):	4.5000
Vapor Space Outage (ft):	3.0469
Tank Shell Height (ft):	5.0000
Average Liquid Height (ft):	2.0000
Roof Outage (ft):	0.0469
Roof Outage (Cone Roof)	
Roof Outage (ft):	0.0469
Roof Height (ft):	0.0000
Roof Slope (ft/ft):	0.0625
Shell Radius (ft):	2.2500
Vapor Density	
Vapor Density (lb/cu ft):	0.0095
Vapor Molecular Weight (lb/lb-mole):	41.3754
Vapor Pressure at Daily Average Liquid	
Surface Temperature (psia):	1.2967
Daily Avg. Liquid Surface Temp. (deg. R):	527.0322
Daily Average Ambient Temp. (deg. F):	56.1542
Ideal Gas Constant R	
(psia cuft / (lb-mol-deg R)):	10.731
Liquid Bulk Temperature (deg. R):	518.9042
Tank Paint Solar Absorptance (Shell):	0.6800
Tank Paint Solar Absorptance (Roof):	0.6800
Daily Total Solar Insulation	4 705 0407
Factor (Btu/sqft day):	1,765.3167
Vapor Space Expansion Factor	0.4000
Vapor Space Expansion Factor:	0.1896
Daily Vapor Temperature Range (deg. R):	53.7176
Daily Vapor Pressure Range (psia):	1.0118
Breather Vent Press. Setting Range(psia): Vapor Pressure at Daily Average Liquid	0.0600
Surface Temperature (psia):	1,2967
Vapor Pressure at Daily Minimum Liquid	1.2307
Surface Temperature (psia):	0.8686
Vapor Pressure at Daily Maximum Liquid	0.0000
Surface Temperature (psia):	1.8803
Daily Avg. Liquid Surface Temp. (deg R):	527.0322
Daily Min. Liquid Surface Temp. (deg R):	513.6028
Daily Max. Liquid Surface Temp. (deg R):	540.4617
Daily Ambient Temp. Range (deg. R):	27.9250
Vented Vapor Saturation Factor	
Vented Vapor Saturation Factor:	0.8269
Vapor Pressure at Daily Average Liquid:	0.0200
Surface Temperature (psia):	1.2967
Vapor Space Outage (ft):	3.0469
Tapo. Opaso Galago (II).	5.5405

Working Losses (lb):	2.5548
Vapor Molecular Weight (lb/lb-mole):	41.3754
Vapor Pressure at Daily Average Liquid	
Surface Temperature (psia):	1.2967
Annual Net Throughput (gal/yr.):	2,000.0000
Annual Turnovers:	4.0000
Turnover Factor:	1.0000
Maximum Liquid Volume (gal):	500.0000
Maximum Liquid Height (ft):	4.0000
Tank Diameter (ft):	4.5000
Working Loss Product Factor:	1.0000
•	

Total Losses (lb): 28.8612

TANKS 4.0.9d Emissions Report - Detail Format Individual Tank Emission Totals

Emissions Report for: Annual

31-6 T-17 Corrosion Inhibitor (500 gal) - Vertical Fixed Roof Tank Rio Arriba Co., T30N, R06W, Sec01, NM

	Losses(lbs)							
Components	Working Loss	Breathing Loss	Total Emissions					
Corrosion Inhibitor	2.55	26.31	28.86					
1,2,3-Trimethylbenzene	0.00	0.03	0.03					
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	0.02	0.25	0.27					
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	0.01	0.09	0.10					
1-Dodecanethiol	0.00	0.00	0.00					
Jet naphtha (JP-4)	0.90	9.24	10.14					
Methyl alcohol	1.60	16.52	18.12					
Xylene (-m)	0.02	0.18	0.19					

Truck Loading Emissions Calculations

Unit Number: L1

Description: Truck Loading - Produced Water (Insignificant source demonstration)

Emission Factor

0.6 Saturation factor, S AP-42, Table 5.2-1 (submerged loading

& dedicated service)

0.5425 psia True vapor pressure of liquid, P TANKS 4.0 output file

20.7692 lb/lb-mole Molecular weight of vapors, M TANKS 4.0 output file

80.79 °F Temperature of liquid TANKS 4.0 output file

540.46 °R Temperature of liquid, T °F + 459.67

0.16 lb/10³ gal Emission factor, L AP-42, Section 5.2, Equation 1

 $L = 12.46 \frac{SPM}{T}$

Production Rate

8.40 10^3 gal/hr Maximum hourly production rate Williams Four Corners LLC

1,526.70 10^3 gal/yr Maximum annual production rate Williams Four Corners LLC

(Safety factor of x2 applied to annual production rate of largest tank)

Steady-State Emission Rates

Pollutant	Uncontrolled Emission Rates,						
	pph	tpy					
VOC	1.31	1.19E-01					

Uncontrolled Emission Rate (pph) = lb/10^3 gal x 10^3 gal/hr Uncontrolled Emission Rate (tpy) = lb/10^3 gal x 10^3 gal/yr / 2,000 lb/ton

Pollutants	Vapor Mass Fraction	Emission Rates,				
		pph	tpy			
Benzene	0.0002	2.62E-04	2.38E-05			
Ethylbenzene	0.0000	0.00E+00	0.00E+00			
n-Hexane	0.0244	3.19E-02	2.90E-03			
Toluene	0.0001	1.31E-04	1.19E-05			
m-Xylene	0.0000	0.00E+00	0.00E+00			

Percent of VOC calculated from the TANKS 4.0 results

Percent of VOC (%) = 100 x Pollutant Emission Rate (lb/yr) / Total VOC Emission Rate (lb/yr)

Emission Rates (pph) = VOC Emission Rate (pph) x (% / 100)

Emission Rates (tpy) = VOC Emission Rate (tpy) x (% / 100)

Equipment Leaks Emissions Calculations

Unit Number: F1

Description: Valves, Connectors, Seals & Open-Ended Lines (Insignificant source demonstration)

Steady-State Emission Rates

	Number of	Emission	Emission	Uncontro	olled TOC
Equipment	Components,	Factors,	Factors,	Emissio	n Rates,
	# of sources	kg/hr/source	lb/hr/source	pph	tpy
Valves	1323	0.0045	0.0099	13.10	57.37
Connectors	1467	0.0002	0.0004	0.65	2.83
Pump Seals	14	0.0024	0.0053	0.07	0.32
Compressor Seals	88	0.0088	0.0194	1.70	7.46
Pressure Relief Valves	124	0.0088	0.0194	2.40	10.51
Open-Ended Lines	361	0.0020	0.0044	1.59	6.96
Tota	al			19.51	85.45

Number of components based on the numbers of compressors and dehydrators at the station (see next page)

Emission factors taken from the EPA "1995 Protocol for Equipment Leak Emission Estimates"

Emission factors (lb/hr/source) = Emission factors (kg/hr/source) x 2.2 lb/kg

Uncontrolled TOC Emission Rates (pph) = lb/hr/source x # of sources

Uncontrolled TOC Emission Rates (tpy) = Uncontrolled TOC Emission Rates (pph) x 8,760 hr/yr / 2,000 lb/ton

			_	Weight		
0	Mole	Molecular	Component	Percent		Section Bodge
Components	Percents,	Weights,	Weights,	of TOC,		mission Rates,
	%	lb/lb-mole	lb/lb-mole	%	pph	tpy
Carbon dioxide	6.4949	44.010				
Hydrogen sulfide	0.0000	34.070				
Nitrogen	0.0994	28.013				
Methane	91.9113	16.043	1474.532	96.674		
Ethane	1.2077	30.070	36.315	2.381		
Propane	0.2042	44.097	9.004	0.590	1.15E-01	5.04E-01
Isobutane	0.0315	58.123	1.831	0.120	2.34E-02	1.03E-01
n-Butane	0.0260	58.123	1.512	0.099	1.93E-02	8.47E-02
Isopentane	0.0094	72.150	0.681	0.045	8.71E-03	3.81E-02
n-Pentane	0.0043	72.150	0.308	0.020	3.94E-03	1.72E-02
Cyclopentane	0.0002	70.134	0.017	0.001	2.21E-04	9.67E-04
n-Hexane	0.0012	86.177	0.106	0.007	1.36E-03	5.94E-03
Cyclohexane	0.0006	84.161	0.048	0.003	6.18E-04	2.71E-03
Other hexanes	0.0032	86.177	0.276	0.018	3.53E-03	1.54E-02
Heptanes	0.0014	100.204	0.140	0.009	1.79E-03	7.83E-03
Methylcyclohexane	0.0014	98.188	0.137	0.009	1.75E-03	7.67E-03
2,2,4-Trimethylpentane	0.0000	114.231	0.000	0.000	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
Benzene	0.0005	78.114	0.038	0.003	4.92E-04	2.15E-03
Toluene	0.0008	92.141	0.076	0.005	9.67E-04	4.23E-03
Ethylbenzene	0.0001	106.167	0.009	0.001	1.11E-04	4.88E-04
Xylenes	0.0004	106.167	0.044	0.003	5.57E-04	2.44E-03
C8+ Heavies	0.0016	114.231	0.187	0.012	2.40E-03	1.05E-02
Total	100.0002		1525.260			
Total VOC				0.945	0.184	0.807

Blended gas stream composition obtained from the 31-6 Straddle Suction & 31-6 Suction gas analyses sampled July 10, 2020.

Component Weights (lb/lb-mole) = (% / 100) * Molecular Weights (lb/lb-mole)

Weight Percent of TOC (%) = 100 x Component Weights (lb/lb-mole) / Total Component Weight (lb/lb-mole)

Uncontrolled Emission Rates (pph) = Total Uncontrolled TOC Emission Rate (pph) x (% / 100)

Uncontrolled Emission Rates (tpy) = Total Uncontrolled TOC Emission Rate (tpy) x (% / 100)

Equipment Leaks Emissions Calculations

Unit Number: F1

Description: Valves, Connectors, Seals & Lines

Number of Compression Units at the Facility: 16
Number of Dehydrators at the Facility: 7

			Equipm	ent Count			Ins	strument Co	unt
					Pressure				
Process Equipment Description			Pump	Compressor	Relief				
	Valves	Connectors	Seals	Seals	Valves	Open-end	Flow	Level	Pressure
Station inlet, meter run to pulsation dampener	17	14	0	0	1	13	3	0	3
Pulsation dampener	12	8	0	0	0	2	0	4	1
Compressor suction header	7	4	0	0	0	3	0	0	1
Suction header feed to instrument gas header	3	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0
Compressor discharge header and bypass to station discharge	6	5	0	0	0	3	0	1	1
Compressor discharge header and suction header bypass lines	4	2	0	0	0	2	0	0	1
Fuel gas header	2	2	0	0	1	2	0	0	1
Instrument gas header	2	2	0	0	1	2	0	0	0
Station discharge header	9	5	0	0	1	6	0	0	2
Fuel gas recovery header	2	2	0	0	1	2	0	0	0
Fuel gas feed and filter loop	15	9	0	0	0	1	0	4	1
Instrument gas feed and filter loop	9	11	0	0	0	3	0	0	0
Produced water storage tank	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0
ESD panel	12	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Starting gas header	6	2	0	0	1	3	0	0	0
Hot gas header	2	2	0	0	0	2	0	0	0
Volume bottle lop	12	4	0	24	1	2	0	0	1
Components from Compressors	704	944	0	64	96	176	0	64	144
Components from dehydrators	42	70	14	0	21	42	0	21	28
Total	867	1087	14	88	124	266	3	95	184
Adjusted Total	1323	1467	14	88	124	361			

The following additions are included in the Adjusted Total:

- 1 valve is added for each open end line
- 2 connectors are added for each flow meter
- 2 valves, 2 connectors and 1 open end line are added for each level gauge
- 1 connector is added for each pressure gauge

The component count is based on an evaluation of the Sim Mesa Compressor Station (two stage compression)

Section 6.a

Green House Gas Emissions

(Submitting under 20.2.70, 20.2.72 20.2.74 NMAC)

Title V (20.2.70 NMAC), Minor NSR (20.2.72 NMAC), and PSD (20.2.74 NMAC) applicants must estimate and report greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions to verify the emission rates reported in the public notice, determine applicability to 40 CFR 60 Subparts, and to evaluate Prevention of Significant Deterioration (PSD) applicability. GHG emissions that are subject to air permit regulations consist of the sum of an aggregate group of these six greenhouse gases: carbon dioxide (CO₂), nitrous oxide (N₂O), methane (CH₄), hydrofluorocarbons (HFCs), perfluorocarbons (PFCs), and sulfur hexafluoride (SF₆).

Calculating GHG Emissions:

- 1. Calculate the ton per year (tpy) GHG mass emissions and GHG CO₂e emissions from your facility.
- **2.** GHG mass emissions are the sum of the total annual tons of greenhouse gases without adjusting with the global warming potentials (GWPs). GHG CO₂e emissions are the sum of the mass emissions of each individual GHG multiplied by its GWP found in Table A-1 in 40 CFR 98 Mandatory Greenhouse Gas Reporting.
- 3. Emissions from routine or predictable start up, shut down, and maintenance must be included.
- **4.** Report GHG mass and GHG CO₂e emissions in Table 2-P of this application. Emissions are reported in **short** tons per year and represent each emission unit's Potential to Emit (PTE).
- **5.** All Title V major sources, PSD major sources, and all power plants, whether major or not, must calculate and report GHG mass and CO2e emissions for each unit in Table 2-P.
- **6.** For minor source facilities that are not power plants, are not Title V, and are not PSD there are three options for reporting GHGs in Table 2-P: 1) report GHGs for each individual piece of equipment; 2) report all GHGs from a group of unit types, for example report all combustion source GHGs as a single unit and all venting GHGs as a second separate unit; 3) or check the following By checking this box, the applicant acknowledges the total CO2e emissions are less than 75,000 tons per year.

Sources for Calculating GHG Emissions:

- Manufacturer's Data
- AP-42 Compilation of Air Pollutant Emission Factors at http://www.epa.gov/ttn/chief/ap42/index.html
- EPA's Internet emission factor database WebFIRE at http://cfpub.epa.gov/webfire/
- 40 CFR 98 <u>Mandatory Green House Gas Reporting</u> except that tons should be reported in short tons rather than in metric tons for the purpose of PSD applicability.
- API Compendium of Greenhouse Gas Emissions Methodologies for the Oil and Natural Gas Industry. August 2009 or most recent version.
- Sources listed on EPA's NSR Resources for Estimating GHG Emissions at http://www.epa.gov/nsr/clean-air-act-permitting-greenhouse-gases:

Global Warming Potentials (GWP):

Applicants must use the Global Warming Potentials codified in Table A-1 of the most recent version of 40 CFR 98 Mandatory Greenhouse Gas Reporting. The GWP for a particular GHG is the ratio of heat trapped by one unit mass of the GHG to that of one unit mass of CO₂ over a specified time period.

"Greenhouse gas" for the purpose of air permit regulations is defined as the aggregate group of the following six gases: carbon dioxide, nitrous oxide, methane, hydrofluorocarbons, perfluorocarbons, and sulfur hexafluoride. (20.2.70.7 NMAC, 20.2.74.7 NMAC). You may also find GHGs defined in 40 CFR 86.1818-12(a).

Metric to Short Ton Conversion:

Short tons for GHGs and other regulated pollutants are the standard unit of measure for PSD and title V permitting programs. 40 CFR 98 Mandatory Greenhouse Reporting requires metric tons.

1 metric ton = 1.10231 short tons (per Table A-2 to Subpart A of Part 98 – Units of Measure Conversions)

Form-Section 6 last revised: 5/3/16 Section 6, Page 8 Saved Date: 4/7/2021

Greenhouse Gas (GHG) Emissions

Greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions are provided. Carbon dioxide (CO_2), methane (CH_4) emissions, nitrous oxide (N_2O) (combustion sources only), and total GHG are reported in tons per year (tpy). Carbon dioxide equivalent (CO_2e) emissions (including CO_2 , N_2O and CH_4) are reported in metric tonnes per year. The CO_2e is calculated by summing the estimated CO_2 emissions with the CH_4 emissions (adjusted for the Global Warming Potential (GWP) of the CH_4) and the N_2O emissions (adjusted for the GWP of the N_2O). The GWPs are from Title 40, Part 98 (40 CFR 98), *Mandatory Greenhouse Gas Reporting*, Table A-1.

The portion of 40 CFR 98, Table A-1 that includes the GWPs for CH₄ and N₂O is included in Section 7. 40 CFR 98, Subpart A (including Table A-1) is available for download in its entirety through the U.S. Government Publications Office (GPO) website at http://ecfr.gpoaccess.gov/ under the "Code of Federal Regulations" link.

Combustion Equipment GHG. GHG emissions, including carbon dioxide (CO₂), methane (CH₄), and nitrous oxide (N₂O) exhaust emissions from the combustion equipment (including the natural gas fired reciprocating internal combustion engines and the TEG dehydrator reboilers) are calculated from emission factors from 40 CFR 98, Part C, Tables C-1 & C-2, and the equipment higher heating value (HHV) design heat rate.

Emission factors and methodologies from 40 CFR 98, Table C-1 and C-2 are included in Section 7. 40 CFR 98, Subpart C (including Tables C-1 and C-2) is available for download in its entirety through the U.S. Government Publications Office (GPO) website at http://ecfr.gpoaccess.gov/ under the "Code of Federal Regulations" link.

Non-Combustion Equipment GHG (General). The non-combustion GHG emissions from the facility are based on 40 CFR 98, Subpart W, *Petroleum and Natural Gas Systems*, or an appropriate method published in the American Petroleum Institute's 2009 *Compendium of Greenhouse Gas Emission Estimates Methodologies for the Oil and Gas Industry* (API Compendium). The emission calculation methods is noted in the calculations spreadsheets.

40 CFR 98, Subpart W is published and available for download in its entirety through the U.S. Government Publications Office (GPO) website at http://ecfr.gpoaccess.gov/ under the "Code of Federal Regulations" link. The API Compendium in its entirety is available at http://www.api.org/environment-health-and-safety/climate-change/whats-new/compendium-ghg-methodologies-oil-and-gas-industry. Excerpts of the cited 40 CFR 98 and API Compendium materials are provided in Section 7.

Dehydrator Still Vent GHG. Emissions of GHG from the dehydrator still vents are calculated in accordance with the methods of 40 CFR 98, subpart W, *Petroleum and Natural Gas Systems*, §98.233(e), including GRI-GLYCalc 4.0 emissions estimation software, the natural gas stream composition, and dehydrator operating parameters corresponding to the PTE emission calculations.

Form-Section 6 last revised: 5/3/16 Section 6, Page 9 Saved Date: 4/7/2021

SSM Compressor Blowdown GHG. Compressor blowdown emissions (SSM), including emissions from SSM and compressor venting and associated piping, are calculated from the estimated total annual gas losses (scf/yr) and the molar fraction of CO₂ and CH₄ in the natural gas extended analysis. The SSM emissions are estimated from the annual blowdown volume of gas. The emission calculations are provided in this section. The extended gas analysis used in the emission estimates is in section 7.

Malfunction Emissions GHG. GHG emissions from the malfunction VOC emissions (unit M1) are calculated based on the estimated total volume of annual gas (scf/yr) associated with the specified tpy of VOC emissions and the molar fractions of CO₂ and CH₄ in the natural gas extended analysis.

Reciprocating Compressor Venting Emissions. Annual GHG emissions from reciprocating compressor vented emissions, including compressor blowdown valve leaks, rod packing leaks and isolation valve leaks, are estimated from the number of compressors; the estimated compressor operating times; the CO₂ and CH₄ molar composition of the gas stream; and the density of the GHG gases according to 40 CFR 98, Subpart W, equation W-36.

Isolation valve leakage occurs when the compressors are not in operation, i.e., when the compressors operate zero hours. The GHG emissions from isolation valve leakage are greater than the combined blowdown valve leakage and rod packing emissions that occur when compressor(s) are in operation. Therefore, the PTE is calculated assuming 0 hours per year of compressor operation (corresponding with isolation valve leakage occurring 8,760 hours per year).

Equipment Leaks Emissions. GHG emissions from facility-wide equipment leaks (unit F1) are based on the estimated total annual gas losses (scf/yr) associated with the estimated number of components, the corresponding emission factors from the EPA's 1995 *Protocol for Equipment Leak Emission Estimates*, and the molar fraction of CO₂ and CH₄ contained in the natural gas extended analysis.

Natural Gas Driven Pneumatic Device Venting Emissions and Natural Gas Driven Pneumatic Pump Venting Emissions. Gas-driven pneumatic device and pneumatic pump emissions are calculated from the facility gas stream composition for CO₂ and CH₄, the estimated number of devices, and the appropriate emission factors from 40 CFR 98, Subpart W, Table W-1A (Western U.S. - Gas Service).

Storage Tank and Truck Loading GHG. GHG emissions from the working and breathing losses from the produced water, waste water, lube oil and waste lube oil storage tanks are considered to be zero, based on the stored contents are either non-flashing liquids or post-flashed liquid. The other stored liquids (antifreeze, methanol) do not contain appreciable amounts of GHG. Similarly, any transferred liquid (truck loading) does not contain appreciable amounts of any gases, including GHG.

		Facil	ity Total Emis	sions	
Sources	CO2,	N2O,	CH4,	GHG,	CO2e,
	tpy	tpy	tpy	tpy	tpy
Engine & Turbine Exhaust Emissions	96,167.25	1.81E-01	1.81E+00	96,169.24	96266.57
SSM Emissions	59.46		306.66	366.12	7726.06
Reciprocating Compressor Venting Emissions	185.11		956.16	1,141.26	24089.05
Dehydrator Emissions	306.03		8.31	314.34	513.79
Reboiler Exhaust Emissions	1,543.06	2.91E-03	2.91E-02	1,543.09	1544.66
Equipment Leak Emissions	7.26		37.51	44.78	945.09
Natural Gas Pneumatic Device Venting Emissions	41.36		213.11	254.47	5369.22
Natural Gas Driven Pneumatic Pump Venting Emissions	0.44		2.26	2.70	56.98
Malfunction Emissions	198.44		1023.46	1221.90	25784.98
Storage Tank Emissions	0.00		0.00	0.00	0.00
Total	98,508.40	1.84E-01	2,549.32	101,057.91	162,296.38

Engine & Turbine Exhaust Emissions

Unit		Е	mission Factor	'S		Emission Rates	6
Numbers	Description	CO2,	N2O,	CH4,	CO2,	N2O,	CH4,
		kg/MMBtu	kg/MMBtu	kg/MMBtu	tpy	tpy	tpy
1	7042GL engine	53.06	1.00E-04	1.00E-03	6,010.45	1.13E-02	1.13E-01
3	7042GL engine	53.06	1.00E-04	1.00E-03	6,010.45	1.13E-02	1.13E-01
4	7042GL engine	53.06	1.00E-04	1.00E-03	6,010.45	1.13E-02	1.13E-01
5	7042GL engine	53.06	1.00E-04	1.00E-03	6,010.45	1.13E-02	1.13E-01
6	7042GL engine	53.06	1.00E-04	1.00E-03	6,010.45	1.13E-02	1.13E-01
7	7042GL engine	53.06	1.00E-04	1.00E-03	6,010.45	1.13E-02	1.13E-01
8	7042GL engine	53.06	1.00E-04	1.00E-03	6,010.45	1.13E-02	1.13E-01
9	7042GL engine	53.06	1.00E-04	1.00E-03	6,010.45	1.13E-02	1.13E-01
10	7042GL engine	53.06	1.00E-04	1.00E-03	6,010.45	1.13E-02	1.13E-01
11	7042GL engine	53.06	1.00E-04	1.00E-03	6,010.45	1.13E-02	1.13E-01
12	7042GL engine	53.06	1.00E-04	1.00E-03	6,010.45	1.13E-02	1.13E-01
13	7042GL engine	53.06	1.00E-04	1.00E-03	6,010.45	1.13E-02	1.13E-01
14	7042GL engine	53.06	1.00E-04	1.00E-03	6,010.45	1.13E-02	1.13E-01
15	7042GL engine	53.06	1.00E-04	1.00E-03	6,010.45	1.13E-02	1.13E-01
16	7042GL engine	53.06	1.00E-04	1.00E-03	6,010.45	1.13E-02	1.13E-01
33	7042GL engine	53.06	1.00E-04	1.00E-03	6,010.45	1.13E-02	1.13E-01
	Total				96,167.25	1.81E-01	1.81

The emissions factors are taken from 40 CFR 98, Subpart C, Tables C-1 & C-2 Emission Rates (tpy) = $kg/MMBtu \times 2.2 lb/kg \times MMBtu/yr / 2,000 lb/ton$

				LHV	HI	ΗV
Unit			Operating	Design	Design	Fuel
Numbers	Description	Fuel Types	Times,	Heat Rates,	Heat Rates,	Usages,
			hr/yr	MMBtu/hr	MMBtu/hr	MMBtu/yr
1	7042GL engine	Nat. Gas	8,760	10.58	11.76	102,979
3	7042GL engine	Nat. Gas	8,760	10.58	11.76	102,979
4	7042GL engine	Nat. Gas	8,760	10.58	11.76	102,979
5	7042GL engine	Nat. Gas	8,760	10.58	11.76	102,979
6	7042GL engine	Nat. Gas	8,760	10.58	11.76	102,979
7	7042GL engine	Nat. Gas	8,760	10.58	11.76	102,979
8	7042GL engine	Nat. Gas	8,760	10.58	11.76	102,979
9	7042GL engine	Nat. Gas	8,760	10.58	11.76	102,979
10	7042GL engine	Nat. Gas	8,760	10.58	11.76	102,979
11	7042GL engine	Nat. Gas	8,760	10.58	11.76	102,979
12	7042GL engine	Nat. Gas	8,760	10.58	11.76	102,979
13	7042GL engine	Nat. Gas	8,760	10.58	11.76	102,979
14	7042GL engine	Nat. Gas	8,760	10.58	11.76	102,979
15	7042GL engine	Nat. Gas	8,760	10.58	11.76	102,979

The fuel types and operating times are provided by Williams

The LHV design heat rates are taken from manufacturers data

HHV Design Heat Rates (MMBtu/hr) = LHV Design Heat Rates (MMBtu/hr) / 0.9 LHV/HHV

HHV Fuel Usages (MMBtu/yr) = HHV Design Heat Rates (MMBtu/hr) x hr/yr

SSM Emissions

Unit		Total	CO2 Emission	Emission			ites	
Numbers	Description	Gas Losses,	Factors,	Factors,	CO2,	N2O,	CH4,	
		scf/yr	lb/scf	lb/scf	tpy	tpy	tpy	
SSM	SSM	15,784,000	0.0075	0.0389	59.46		306.66	

The annual blowdown volumes are calculated from data provided by Williams

The CO2 and CH4 emission factors are calculated from the facility extended gas analysis

Emission Rates (tpy) = scf/yr x lb/scf / 2,000 lb/ton

Reciprocating Compressor Venting Emissions

Unit			Emission Rates	3
Numbers	Description	CO2,	N2O,	CH4,
		tpy	tpy	tpy
NA	Blowdown Valve Leakage	17.68		91.34
NA	Rod Packing Emissions	167.42		864.82
NA	Isolation Valve Leakage	0.00		0.00
	Total	185.11		956.16

Operating or standby mode - includes blowdown valve leakage through blowdown vent stack

Operating mode - includes rod packing emissions

Non-operating depressurized mode - includes isolation valve leakage through open blowdown vents (without blind flanges)

Rod packing gas emissions assume 4 cylinders per compressor

A combination of equations W-26 & W-36 (Subpart W) is used to calculate reciprocating compressor emissions

As the NMED requires CO2 & CH4 emissions rather than CO2e emissions, it is not necessary to include the global warming potential from equation W-36

CO2 Emission Rates (tpy) = # x scf/hr x hr/yr x (CO2 Mole Percent (%) / 100) x CO2 Density (kg/scf)

x (2,204.6 lb/tonne / 2,000 lb/ton) / 1,000 kg/tonne

CH4 Emission Rates (tpy) = # x scf/hr x hr/yr x (CH4 Mole Percent (%) / 100) x CH4 Density (kg/scf)

x (2,204.6 lb/tonne / 2,000 lb/ton) / 1,000 kg/tonne

Unit		Number of	Gas	Operating	CO2 Mole	CH4 Mole	CO2	CH4
Numbers	Description	Compressors	Emissions,	Times,	Percents,	Percents,	Density,	Density,
		#	scf/hr	hr/yr	%	%	kg/scf	kg/scf
NA	Blowdown Valve Leakage	16	33.5	8,760	6.49	91.91	0.0526	0.0192
NA	Rod Packing Emissions	16	317.2	8,760	6.49	91.91	0.0526	0.0192
NA	Blowdown Valve Leakage (Sta	16	10.5	0	6.49	91.91	0.0526	0.0192

The number of compressors are provided by Williams

Blowdown valve leakage (33.5 scf/hr) and rod packing emissions occur in operating mode

Blowdown valve leakage (10.5 scf/hr) occurs in standby pressurized mode

Emission factors are the three year rolling average (2012-2014) of all measurements in the Williams Field Services, LLC compressor fleet located at natural gas processing plants

The operating times (the average operating times for all station compressors combined) are provided by Williams

The facility CO2 and CH4 contents are taken from the facility extended gas analysis

The CO2 & CH4 densities (kg/scf) are taken from Subpart W, Paragraph 98.233(v)

Dehydrator Emissions

Unit			Emission Rates	3
Numbers	Description	CO2,	N2O,	CH4,
		tpy	tpy	tpy
17a	Dehydrator (12 mmscfd)	43.62		1.20
18a	Dehydrator (12 mmscfd)	43.62		1.20
19a	Dehydrator (12 mmscfd)	43.62		1.20
20a	Dehydrator (12 mmscfd)	43.62		1.20
21a	Dehydrator (12 mmscfd)	43.62		1.20
22a	Dehydrator (12 mmscfd)	43.62		1.20
31a	Dehydrator (30 mmscfd)	44.28		1.11
	Total	306.03		8.31

The emission rates are taken from the GRI-GLYCalc output file

Reboiler Exhaust Emissions

Unit		Е	mission Factor	S		Emission Rates	3
Numbers	Description	CO2,	N2O,	CH4,	CO2,	N2O,	CH4,
		kg/MMBtu	kg/MMBtu	kg/MMBtu	tpy	tpy	tpy
17b	Reboiler (429 scfh)	53.06	1.00E-04	1.00E-03	219.34	4.13E-04	4.13E-03
18b	Reboiler (429 scfh)	53.06	1.00E-04	1.00E-03	219.34	4.13E-04	4.13E-03
19b	Reboiler (429 scfh)	53.06	1.00E-04	1.00E-03	219.34	4.13E-04	4.13E-03
20b	Reboiler (429 scfh)	53.06	1.00E-04	1.00E-03	219.34	4.13E-04	4.13E-03
21b	Reboiler (429 scfh)	53.06	1.00E-04	1.00E-03	219.34	4.13E-04	4.13E-03
22b	Reboiler (429 scfh)	53.06	1.00E-04	1.00E-03	219.34	4.13E-04	4.13E-03
31b	Reboiler (444 scfh)	53.06	1.00E-04	1.00E-03	227.01	4.28E-04	4.28E-03
	Total				1,543.06	2.91E-03	2.91E-02

The emissions factors are taken from 40 CFR 98, Subpart C, Tables C-1 & C-2 Emission Rates (tpy) = kg/MMBtu x 2.2 lb/kg x MMBtu/yr / 2,000 lb/ton

					LHV		HHV		
Unit			Operating	Fuel	Fuel Heat	Fuel	Fuel	Fuel	
Numbers	Description	Fuel Types	Times	Usages,	Contents,	Usages,	Usages,	Usages,	
			hr/yr	scf/hr	Btu/scf	MMBtu/hr	MMBtu/hr	MMBtu/yr	
17b	Reboiler (429 scfh)	Nat. Gas	8,760	429	900	0.39	0.43	3,758	
18b	Reboiler (429 scfh)	Nat. Gas	8,760	429	900	0.39	0.43	3,758	
19b	Reboiler (429 scfh)	Nat. Gas	8,760	429	900	0.39	0.43	3,758	
20b	Reboiler (429 scfh)	Nat. Gas	8,760	429	900	0.39	0.43	3,758	
21b	Reboiler (429 scfh)	Nat. Gas	8,760	429	900	0.39	0.43	3,758	
22b	Reboiler (429 scfh)	Nat. Gas	8,760	429	900	0.39	0.43	3,758	
31b	Reboiler (444 scfh)	Nat. Gas	8,760	444	900	0.40	0.44	3,889	

The fuel types and operating times are provided by Williams

The LHV fuel usages (scf/hr) are taken from manufacturer's data

The LHV fuel heat contents are estimated based on the value typically used by manufacturers

LHV Fuel Usages (MMBtu/hr) = LHV Fuel Usages (scf/hr) x Btu/scf / 1,000,000 Btu/MMBtu

HHV Fuel Usages (MMBtu/hr) = LHV Fuel Usages (MMBtu/hr) / 0.9 LHV/HHV

HHV Fuel Usages (MMBtu/yr) = HHV Fuel Usages (MMBtu/hr) x hr/yr

Equipment Leaks Emissions

Unit			Emission Rates	3
Numbers	Description	CO2,	N2O,	CH4,
		tpy	tpy	tpy
NA	Valves	5.3		27.3
NA	Connectors	0.8		4.2
NA	Open-Ended Lines	0.4		1.9
NA	Pressure Relief Valves	0.8		4.1
	Total	7.3		37.5

A combination of equations W-31 & W-36 (Subpart W) is used to calculate uncombusted CO2 & CH4 emissions

As the NMED requires CO2 & CH4 emissions rather than CO2e emissions, it is not necessary to include the global warming potential from equation W-36

CO2 Emission Rate (tpy) = # x scf/hr/component x (CO2 Content (mole %) / 100) x hr/yr x CO2 Density (kg/scf)

x (2,204.6 lb/tonne / 2,000 lb/ton) / 1,000 kg/tonne

CH4 Emission Rate (tpy) = # x scf/hr/component x (CH4 Content (mole %) / 100) x hr/yr x CH4 Density (kg/scf)

x (2,204.6 lb/tonne / 2,000 lb/ton) / 1,000 kg/tonne

			Emission					
Unit		Number of	Factors,	CO2	CH4	Operating	CO2	CH4
Numbers	Description	Components,	scf/hr	Contents,	Contents,	Times,	Density,	Density,
		#	/component	mole %	mole %	hr/yr	kg/scf	kg/scf
NA	Valves	1323	0.121	6.49	91.91	8,760	0.0526	0.0192
NA	Connectors	1467	0.017	6.49	91.91	8,760	0.0526	0.0192
NA	Open-Ended Lines	361	0.031	6.49	91.91	8,760	0.0526	0.0192
NA	Pressure Relief Valves	124	0.193	6.49	91.91	8,760	0.0526	0.0192

The number of sources are calculated based on the number of compressors and dehydrators at the station (see criteria pollutant and HAP equipment leaks calculations)

The emission factors are taken from Subpart W, Table W-1A (Western U.S. - Gas Service)

The facility CO2 and CH4 contents are taken from the facility extended gas analysis

The operating times are provided by Williams (default is the entire year)

The CO2 & CH4 densities are taken from Subpart W, Paragraph 98.233(v)

Natural Gas Pneumatic Device Venting Emissions

Unit		Number	Emission	Operating		Emission Rates		
Numbers	Description	of Devices,	Factors,	Times,	CO2,	N2O,	CH4,	
		#	scf/hr/device	hr/yr	tpy	tpy	tpy	
NA	Continuous High Bleed Pneumatic Devices	2	37.3	8,760	2.46		12.69	
NA	Intermittent Bleed Pneumatic Devices	87	13.5	8,760	38.76		199.72	
NA	Continuous Low Bleed Pneumatic Devices	3	1.39	8,760	0.14		0.71	
	Total				41.36		213.11	

The number of devices are provided by Williams

The emission factors are taken from Subpart W, Table W-1A (Western U.S. - Gas Service)

The operating times are provided by Williams

Equation W-1 (Subpart W) is used to calculate CO2 & CH4 emissions

As the NMED requires CO2 & CH4 emissions in addition to CO2e emissions, it is necessary to divide by the global warming potentials

CO2 Emission Rates (tpy) = # x scf/hr/device x (CO2 Content (mole %) / 100) x CO2 Conversion Factors (tonne CO2e/scf) x hr/yr

x (2,204.6 lb/tonne / 2,000 lb/ton) / CO2 Global Warming Potentials (tonne CO2e/tonne CO2)

CH4 Emission Rates (tpy) = # x scf/hr/device x (CH4 Contents (mole %) / 100) x CH4 Conversion Factors (tonne CO2e/scf) x hr/yr x (2,204.6 lb/tonne / 2,000 lb/ton) / CH4 Global Warming Potentials (tonne CO2e/tonne CH4)

				CO2	CH4	CO2 Global	CH4 Global
				Conversion	Conversion	Warming	Warming
Unit		CO2	CH4	Factors,	Factors,	Potentials,	Potentials,
Numbers	Description	Contents,	Contents,	tonne CO2e	tonne CO2e	tonne CO2e	tonne CO2e
		mole %	mole %	/scf	/scf	/tonne CO2	/tonne CH4
NA	Continuous High Bleed Pneumatic Devices	6.49	91.91	5.262E-05	4.790E-04	1	25
NA	Continuous Low Bleed Pneumatic Devices	6.49	91.91	5.262E-05	4.790E-04	1	25
NA	Intermittent Bleed Pneumatic Devices	6.49	91.91	5.262E-05	4.790E-04	1	25

The facility CO2 and CH4 contents are taken from the facility extended gas analysis

The conversion factors are taken from Subpart W, Paragraph 98.233(a)

The global warming potentials are taken from 40 CFR Part 98, Table A-1

Natural Gas Driven Pneumatic Pump Venting Emissions

Emission Rates

Unit		Number	Emission	Operating		3	
Number	Description	of Pumps,	Factor,	Time,	CO2,	N2O,	CH4,
		#	scf/hr/pump	hr/yr	tpy	tpy	tpy
NA	Pneumatic Pump Venting	1	13.3	8,760	0.44		2.26

The number of pumps are provided by Williams

The emission factor is taken from Subpart W, Table W-1A (Western U.S. - Gas Service)

The operating time is provided by Williams (default is the entire year)

Equation W-2 (Subpart W) is used to calculate CO2 & CH4 emissions

As the NMED requires CO2 & CH4 emissions in addition to CO2e emissions, it is necessary to divide by the global warming potentials CO2 Emission Rate (tpy) = # x scf/hr/pump x (CO2 Content (mole %) / 100) x CO2 Conversion Factor (tonne CO2e/scf) x hr/yr

x (2,204.6 lb/tonne / 2,000 lb/ton) / CO2 Global Warming Potentials (tonne CO2e/tonne CO2)

CH4 Emission Rate (tpy) = # x scf/hr/pump x (CH4 Content (mole %) / 100) x CH4 Conversion Factor (tonne CO2e/scf) x hr/yr x (2,204.6 lb/tonne / 2,000 lb/ton) / CH4 Global Warming Potentials (tonne CO2e/tonne CH4)

				CO2	CH4	CO2 Global	CH4 Global
				Conversion	Conversion	Warming	Warming
Unit		CO2	CH4	Factor,	Factor,	Potential,	Potential,
Number	Description	Content,	Content,	tonne CO2e	tonne CO2e	tonne CO2e	tonne CO2e
		mole %	mole %	/scf	/scf	/tonne CO2	/tonne CH4
NA	Pneumatic Pump Venting	6.49	91.91	5.262E-05	4.790E-04	1	25

The facility CO2 and CH4 contents are taken from the facility extended gas analysis

The conversion factors are taken from Subpart W, Paragraph 98.233(a)

The operating time is provided by Williams (the default is the entire year)

The global warming potentials are taken from 40 CFR Part 98, Table A-1

Malfunction Emissions

Un	it		Permitted	Emission Rates				
Num	ber	Description	VOC,	CO2,	N2O,	CH4,		
			tpy	tpy	tpy	tpy		
M ⁻	1	Malfunctions	10.00	198.44		1,023.46		

The VOC emission rate is estimated (see calculations workbook)

CO2 Emission Rate (tpy) = VOC Emission Rate (tpy) x (Total Component Weight (lb/lb-mole) / VOC Component Weight (lb-lb-mole)) x (CO2 Weight % of Total (%) / 100)

CH4 Emission Rate (tpy) = VOC Emission Rate (tpy) x (Total Component Weight (lb/lb-mole) / VOC Component Weight (lb-lb-mole)) x (CH4 Weight % of Total (%) / 100)

		Total	VOC	CO2	CH4
Unit		Component	Component	Weight %	Weight %
Number	Description	Weight,	Weight,	of Total,	of Total,
		lb/lb-mole	lb/lb-mole	%	%
M1	Malfunctions	18.14	0.14	15.76	81.29

The total & VOC component weights and CO2 & CH4 weight % of totals are calculated from the facility extended gas analysis

Storage Tank Emissions

Unit			Emission Rates			
Number	Description	CO2,	N2O,	CH4,		
		tpy	tpy	tpy		
	Storage Tanks (all)	0.00		0.00		
	Total	0.00		0.00		

Gas Stream Composition

				Weight	
	Mole	Molecular	Component	Percent	Emission
Components	Percents,	Weights,	Weights,	of Total,	Factors,
	%	lb/lb-mole	lb/lb-mole	%	lb/scf
Carbon Dioxide	6.4949	44.01	2.86	15.7609	0.0075
Hydrogen Sulfide	0.0000	34.07	0.00	0.0000	0.0000
Nitrogen	0.0994	28.01	0.03	0.1536	0.0001
Methane	91.9113	16.04	14.74	81.2889	0.0389
Ethane	1.2077	30.07	0.36	2.0024	0.0010
Propane	0.2042	44.09	0.09	0.4964	0.0002
IsoButane	0.0315	58.12	0.02	0.1010	0.0000
Normal Butane	0.0260	58.12	0.02	0.0833	0.0000
IsoPentane	0.0094	72.15	0.01	0.0375	0.0000
Normal Pentane	0.0043	72.15	0.00	0.0170	0.0000
Cyclopentane	0.0002	70.14	0.00	0.0010	0.0000
n-Hexane	0.0012	86.17	0.00	0.0058	0.0000
Cyclohexane	0.0006	84.16	0.00	0.0027	0.0000
Other Hexanes	0.0032	86.18	0.00	0.0152	0.0000
Heptanes	0.0014	100.20	0.00	0.0077	0.0000
Methylcyclohexane	0.0014	98.19	0.00	0.0076	0.0000
2,2,4-Trimethylpentane	0.0000	100.21	0.00	0.0000	0.0000
Benzene	0.0005	78.11	0.00	0.0021	0.0000
Toluene	0.0008	92.14	0.00	0.0042	0.0000
Ethylbenzene	0.0001	106.17	0.00	0.0005	0.0000
Xylenes	0.0004	106.17	0.00	0.0024	0.0000
C8+ heavies	0.0016	110.00	0.00	0.0100	0.0000
Total	100.0002		18.14	100.0000	0.0478
VOC			0.14		0.0004

Blended gas stream composition obtained from the 31-6 Straddle Suction & 31-6 Suction gas analyses sampled July 10, 2020.

Component Weights (lb/lb-mole) = [Mole Percents (%) / 100] x Molecular Weights (lb/lb-mole)

Weight Percent of Total (%) = 100 x Component Weights (lb/lb-mole) / Total Component Weight (lb/lb-mole)

Emission Factors (lb/scf) = [Mole Percents (%) / 100] x Molecular Weights (lb/lb-mole) / 379.4 scf/lb-mole

Section 7

Information Used To Determine Emissions

<u>Information Used to Determine Emissions</u> shall include the following:

- If manufacturer data are used, include specifications for emissions units <u>and</u> control equipment, including control efficiencies specifications and sufficient engineering data for verification of control equipment operation, including design drawings, test reports, and design parameters that affect normal operation.
- ☐ If test data are used, include a copy of the complete test report. If the test data are for an emissions unit other than the one being permitted, the emission units must be identical. Test data may not be used if any difference in operating conditions of the unit being permitted and the unit represented in the test report significantly effect emission rates.
- If the most current copy of AP-42 is used, reference the section and date located at the bottom of the page. Include a copy of the page containing the emissions factors, and clearly mark the factors used in the calculations.
- ☐ If an older version of AP-42 is used, include a complete copy of the section.
- X If an EPA document or other material is referenced, include a complete copy.
- **X** Fuel specifications sheet.
- If computer models are used to estimate emissions, include an input summary (if available) and a detailed report, and a disk containing the input file(s) used to run the model. For tank-flashing emissions, include a discussion of the method used to estimate tank-flashing emissions, relative thresholds (i.e., permit or major source (NSPS, PSD or Title V)), accuracy of the model, the input and output from simulation models and software, all calculations, documentation of any assumptions used, descriptions of sampling methods and conditions, copies of any lab sample analysis.

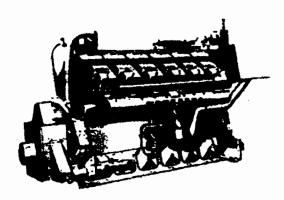
Please see the following pages.

Saved Date: 4/7/2021

Waukesha

7042GL

YHP LEAN COMBUSTION GAS ENGINE 1108 - 1702 BHP



Model 7042GL Turbocharged and Intercooled Twelve Cylinder, Lean Combustion, Four-Cycle Gas Engine **SPECIFICATIONS**

Cylinders	V 12
Piston Displacement	7040 in ³ (115 L)
Bore & Stroke	. 9.375" x 8.5" (238 x 216 mm)
Compression Ratio	10.5:1
Jacket Water System Capacity	
Lube Oil Capucity	
Starting System 125 -	150 psi air/ges; 24/32V electric
Dry Weight	
Sulf Legal Enhance Emissions	
NO	1.50 g/bhp-lv
CD	2.65 g/bhp-lw
HC (non-methans)	1.00 g/bhp-lv

STANDARD EQUIPMENT

AIR CLEANER -- Two, dry type with rain shield and service indicator. BARRING DEVICE -- Mercusi.

BEARINGS - Heavy duty, replaceable, precision type.

BREATHER - Ejector type, extractor breather syst

CONNECTING PICIDS - Drop targed steel, /No drilled.

CONTROL SYSTEM - Pneumatic. Includes pilot operated valves for air start and prolube. Engine mounted control panel with two push button valves. Pilot operated air start valves omitted when starter is not furnished by Washesha. Includes engine On/Oil push button. One mounted on either side of the engine.

CRANKCASE -- Integral crankcase and cylinder frame. Main bearing caps drilled and tapped for temperature sensors. Does not include

CRANKSHAFT - Counterweighted, forged steel, seven main bearings, hardened journals and dynamically balanced.

CYLINDER HEADS - Twelve interchangeable, valve-in-head type. Two stellite-faced intake and two stellite-faced enhaust valves per cylinder. Stellte-faced intelle and advant valve seet inserts. Flotter valve litters and hydraulic push rods. Includes prechamber and related fast control valves.

ENGINE ROTATION -- Counterclockwise when facing flywheel.

ENGINE MONITORING DEVICES - Engine thermocouples, K-type, are wired to a common junction box for jacket water temperature, lube oil temperature, intake manifold temperature, individual cylinder enhaust turnpuratures and a common pre turbine temperatures, one on each bank. Lube of pressure and intake manifold pressure sensing lines are terminated in a common bulk

EXHAUST OUTLET - Single vertical at rear. Flexible stainless steel connection with 8" (203 mm) pipe flange.

FLYWHEEL - Appear WFF = 155000 lb-in2, with ring gener (208 wells), machined to accept two drive adapture: 31.88" (610 mm) pilot bore, 30.25" (766 mm) bolt circle, (12) 0.75"-10 tapped holiss; or 28.88" (734 mm) plot bore, 27.25" (692 mm) box circle, (12) 0.625"—11 tapped hous and (12) 0.75"—10 tapped hous. FLYWHEEL NOUBBIG — No. 00 SAE.

FUEL SYSTEM -- Dual natural gas. 4" (102 mm) duplex updraft carburetors. Two Fisher Model 99, 2" (51 mm) gas regulators, 30 - 50 psi (241 - 345 kPa) gas inlet pressure required. Prechamber fuel system and control topic.

GOVERNOR - Woodward UG-8 LD hydraulic lever type, with friction type speed control. Mounted on right hand side.

IGNITION - Washeehe Custom Engine Control[®] Ignition Module. Electronic digital ignition system. 24 VDC power required.

LEVELING HOLYS

LIFTING EYES

LUBRICATION -- Full pressure. Gear type pump. Full flow filter, 36 gallon (136 filtres) capacity, not mounted. Includes flexible connections. Includes lube oil strainer, mounted on angine. Airigas motor driven prolube pump. Requires final piping.

MANNFOLDS - Extraust, (2) water cooled.

OIL COOLER - With thermostatic temperature controller and nure regulating valve. Not mounted.

Oil. PAN -- Base type. 73 gallon (275 litres) capacity including filter. PAMFF - Offield Owinge Primer.

PISTONS - Aluminum with floating pin. Oil cooled.

SHIPPING SIGO - Sheel for domestic truck or rail.

TURBOCHARGERS - Two, dry type. Westegate controlled.

VIBRATION DAMPER - Two, viscous type. Guard included with remote mounted radiator or no radiator.

WATER CHICULATING SYSTEM, AUXILIARY CIRCUIT -- For oil cooler and intercooler. Pump is hall driven from crashshalt pulley. includes theresostatic valve.

WATER CIRCULATING SYSTEM, ENGINE JACKET - But driven water circulating pump, cluster type thermostalic temperature regulating value, full flow bypees type. Flenge connections and ing flanges for (2) 4" (102 mm) inlate and (1) 5" (127 mm) outer.

ALRESHA CUSTON ENGINE CONTROLS, DETONATION SENSING MODULE (DWM) - includes includual cylinder sensors. Detonation Sansing Module, filter and cables. Device is competitie with Washesha CEC Ignition Module only. Sensors are mounted and wired to engine junction box. Determine Seneing Module and filter are shipped loose. One 11 ft. ceble provided for correction between engine junction box and filter. One each 15 ft, cable provided for connection between filter and DSM and Ignition Module and DSM. One 2018, cubic provided for power and ground for films. All cables are shipped incom. Packager is responsible for power supply and ground to the DBM. 24V DC power is required.

BRAKE HORSEPOWER RATINGS

130° F (54° C) Intercooler Water Temperature

	700 RPM	900 RPM	902 PEPM	1000 RPW	1100 RPM	1200 RPM	
High Speed Turbacharger ¹	576	806	1106	1232	1355	1478	
Law Speed Turbocharger ²	622	985	1108	1232	-	-	

85° F (29° C) Interpooler Water Temperature

	706 RPM	800 PAPM	900 RPM	1000 RPM	1100 Forte	1200 RPM
High Speed Turbackerger ¹	804	920	1160	1289	1418	1547
Low Speed Turbookerger ²	622	1031	1160	1289	-	-

Reting Standard: All models: Ratings are based on ISO 3046/1-1995 with mechanical efficiency of 90% and Tope (clause 10.1) as specified above limited to ±10° F (5° C). Ratings are also -a.-o for SAE J1349, 8S5514, DINS271 and AP178-11C standard asmospheric conditions.

ISO Standard Power/Continuous Power Reting: The highest load and speed which can be applied 24 hours a day, seven days a week, 365 days per year succept for normal maintenance, h.s. comissible to operate the engine at up to 10% overload, or maintenance in a comissible to operate the engine at up to 10% overload, or maintenance in a comission by the intermittent rating, whichever is lower, for two hours in each 24 hour period.

All natural gas engine ratings are based on a fuer of 900 Bluff³ (35.3 Milmo³⁾ SLHV value, 119 octane (per ASTM D-2700 test method). For conditions or fuels other than standard, cons., the Waukesha Engine Division Application Engineering Department,

7042GL PERFORMANCE

130" F (54" C) Interceptor Water Temperature

85° F (29° C) Intercooler Water Temperature

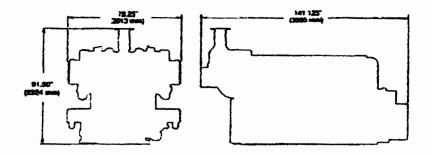
	Partermence	RPM			Performence	SP-60	
		1200	1000			1200	1000
Power	Bhp	1478	1232	Power	(Day	1547	1200
Low MCx Settings	BSFC (Builtinp-hr)	7155	8815	Low HOx Seldings	BSFC (Bluthho-hr)	7180	8840
	NO _x (grame/b/p-lv)	0.90	0.90		14O _c (grams/shp-lsr)	0.70	0.70
	CO (grame/bhp-fv)	2.75	2.65		CO (grams/b/sp-fs/)	2.65	2.55
	NMHC (grame/bhp-tv)	7.0	1.0		HIRTC (granufato-tv)	1.1	1,1
Low Fund Consumption Settings	SEFC (Sturbing-In)	5910	6615	Low Fuel Communities Sellings	BSFC (Building-hr)	8635	6640
	MO _v (grame/bhp-hr)	1.50	1.60		NO _x (grams/bhp-hr)	1.30	1.40
	CO (grame/bhp-hr)	3.00	2.75		CO (grama(thp-frf)	2.90	2.65
	NMHC (gramatity-fr)	0.70	1.00		NMHC (gramable-lu)	0.80	1.10

NOTES: 1) Performance relings are based on ISO 3040/1-1905 with mechanical efficiency of 90% and Tox limited to \pm 10 $^\circ$ F.

First consumptions beand on ISO 30487-1985 with a +5% interace for commercial quality natural gas having a 300 Shuft3 submited for heat value.

3) Data based on standard conditions of 77° F (25° C) ambient temperature, 38.53 inches Hg. (100 MPs) becometic pressure, 30% relative humidity (1 MPs /0.3 inches Hg. water vapor pressure).

4) Data will very due to variations in site conditions. For conditions and/or fusits other than standard, consult the Waukesha Engine Division Application Engineering Department.



WAUKESHA SALES OFFICES WORLDWIDE

MONTX

CA

Singapore Latin America Middle Cost

(403) 266-8666 (410) 780-8590 (713) 987-4600 (916) 784-1982 (65) 737-7965 (414) 896-4930 (414) 547-3311 (31) 586-862222 nce. The manufacturer revenies the right to change or monity without rotoe, the energiner of wat provincisty optic or in the procure of construction except when afterwise apagingsly o



WALKESHA ENGINE DIVISION DRESSER INDUSTRIES, INC. WALKESHA, WISCONSIN 53188-4999

¹ High speed turbocharger match = 1001-1200 mm.
2 Low speed turbocharger match = 700 = 1000 mm.



Mailing address: P.O. Box 90, Concord, Ontario, Canada, L4K 1B2

Toll free: 1-800-872-1968 Phone: 905-660-6450 Fax: 905-660-6435 E-mail: info@dcl-inc.com

RE: EMISSIONS GUARANTEE

We hereby guarantee that our QUICK-LID™ Model 2-DC66-12 catalytic converter described below:

Catalyst model	2-DC66-12	
Catalyst coating	Oxidation	
No. of catalyst substrates	2	

and sized for the following engine:

Engine model	Waukesha 7042GL
Power	1478 bhp
Fuel	Natural Gas (Fuel Analysis Provided by Customer)
Exhaust Temperature	Min. 709 deg F
Exhaust Flow Rate	Max. 15,890 #/hr

will perform as follows:

Emissions	Reduction	
Oxides of Nitrogen (NOx)	0%	
Carbon Monoxide (CO)	93%	
Volatile Organic Compounds (VOC's)	80%	

for a period of 1 year or 8000 hours, whichever comes first, subject to all terms and conditions contained in our warranty documents being respected and met.

Best regards,

Paul Cook

DCL International, Inc.

Jan Continue

REF: 6-1001

HEAT REJECTION 3

HEAT REJECTION AND OPERATING DATA MODEL L7042GL 130° F INTERCOOLER WATER TEMPERATURE

180° F JACKET WATER TEMPERATURE

			EN	GINE SPEED — F	RPM	
	BMEP (PSI)	LOWS	PEED TURBOCH	ARGER	HIGH SPEED TU	JRBOCHARGER
	(1-31)	700	900	1000	1000	1200
	152	_	_	1355	1355	1626
	138	_	1108	1232	1232	1478
HORSEPOWER	125	_	1000	1111	1111	1333
(BHP)	100	622	800	889	889	1067
(БПР)	75	467	600	667	667	800
	50	311	400	444	444	533
	152	_	_	7061	6891	7168
	138	_	6889	7151	6984	7274
BRAKE SPEC	125	_	6991	7259	7095	7401
FUEL CONSUMPTION (BTU/BHP-HR)	100	7051	7252	7535	7379	7726
(BTO/BHF-HK)	75	7492	7687	7995	7852	8267
	50	8374	8558	8914	8798	9349
	152	_	_	9565	9335	11650
	138	_	7635	8805	8600	10750
FUEL CONSUMPTION	125	_	6990	8065	7885	9870
(BTU/HR X 1000)	100	4385	5800	6700	6560	8240
	75	3495	4610	5330	5235	6615
	50	2605	3425	3960	3910	4985
	152	_	_	2510	2400	3010
	138	_	1995	2335	2235	2815
HEAT TO	125	_	1850	2165	2070	2630
JACKET WATER (BTU/HR X 1000)	100	1202	1585	1850	1775	2280
(210/111771000)	75	1015	1323	1535	1475	1930
	50	829	1059	1219	1177	1585
	152	_	_	372	358	449
	138	_	277	353	340	430
HEAT TO LUBE OIL	125	_	263	334	323	412
(BTU/HR X 1000)	100	177	238	29	291	379
(= : : : : : : : : : ;	75	155	213	264	258	346
	50	133	188	229	226	313
	152	_	_	532	452	616
11547.70	138	_	355	447	368	543
HEAT TO INTERCOOLER	125	_	291	370	295	472
(BTU/HR X 1000)	100	85	187	244	180	340
()	75	25.5	98.5	139	91.5	207
	50	2	26.5	56.5	29.5	73
	152	_	_	303	308	332
HEATTO	138	_	294	302	305	328
HEAT TO RADIATION	125	_	294	301	304	323
(BTU/HR X 1000)	100	282	292	300	304	314
,,	75	281	292	303	309	311
	50	280	292	317	318	320



HEAT REJECTION AND OPERATING DATA MODEL L7042GL 130° F INTERCOOLER WATER TEMPERATURE 180° F JACKET WATER TEMPERATURE	EN: 120301 DATE: 1/03	Ref. <u>S</u> 6124-63
---	--------------------------	-----------------------------

Page 1 of 4

HEAT REJECTION AND OPERATING DATA MODEL L7042GL

130° F INTERCOOLER WATER TEMPERATURE 180° F JACKET WATER TEMPERATURE

			EN	GINE SPEED — F	RPM	
	BMEP (PSI)	LOWS	PEED TURBOCH	ARGER	HIGH SPEED TU	JRBOCHARGER
	(1.0.)	700	900	1000	1000	1200
	152	_	_	2595	2580	3370
	138	_	2060	2390	2380	3085
TOTAL ENERGY IN EXHAUST	125	_	1890	2190	2180	2805
(BTU/HR X 1000)	100	1179	1575	1830	1830	2310
(210//// 1000)	75	942	1272	1494	1498	1865
	50	722	985	1188	1198	1485
	152	_	_	673	683	719
	138	_	661	669	679	709
EXHAUST TEMP AFTER TURBINE	125	_	659	666	676	699
(± 50° F)	100	645	656	664	675	684
(= 33 .)	75	638	655	671	683	679
	50	620	653	690	704	691
	152	_	_	3120	3045	3800
	138	_	2485	2865	2800	3500
INDUCTION AIR FLOW	125	_	2275	2620	2565	3210
(SCFM)	100	1430	1885	2180	2135	2685
(001)	75	1140	1500	1740	1705	2155
	50	845	1110	1285	1270	1620
	152	_	_	14165	13825	17200
	138	_	11290	13020	12715	15890
EXHAUST	125	_	10330	11920	11645	14580
GAS FLOW (LBS/HR)	100	6485	8585	9910	9710	12195
(LDO/III)	75	5170	6830	7890	7750	9795
	50	3855	5050	5840	5765	7350

NOTES:

- 1. All data are based on ISO standard conditions of 29.54 inches Hg. barometric pressure, 77∞F ambient and induction air temperature, 30% relative humidity (0.3 inches of water vapor pressure), 180∞F engine jacket water outlet temperature, and standard 10∞BTDC ignition timing.
- 2. Data are average values at the standard conditions and will vary for individual engines and with operating and ambient conditions and with changes to ignition timing or air/fuel ratio. An adequate reserve should be used for cooling system or heat recovery calculations. See also Cooling System Guidelines S-6699-7, latest verison.
- 3. ISO Standard (continuous) power ratings conform to ISO 3046/1, latest version, with a mechanical efficiency of 90% and auxiliary water temperature, Tcra, of 130∞F limited to ± 10∞F.
- Fuel rating standard; dry natural gas, 900 Btu/scf saturated lower heating value (SLHV), with a minimum 90 WKI™. Refer to S-7884-7, latest version, for the full fuel specification.
- 5. For heat rejection changes due to engine jacket water outlet temperature higher than standard (Note 1), refer to S-7613-3, latest version.

180° F JACKET WATER TEMPERATURE

- Total Exhaust Energy includes both recoverable and non-recoverable heat. For a procedure to calculate recoverable heat refer to S-8117-2, latest version.
- 7. Exhaust oxygen concentration set to 9.8% at rated speed and load at standard timing to provide 1.5 g/bhp-hr NOx, or less. This level is to be measured at the port located in the exhaust manifold, upstream of the turbocharger, for GL engines.
- 8. Reference curve C-968-19.
- 9. Exhaust flow at nominal 29.54 inches Hg. barometric pressure:

Flow rate: ACFM = $\frac{\text{(Exh. Flow, lb/hr) x (Exh. Temp. }^{\circ}\text{F} + 460^{\circ})}{2275}$

HEAT REJECTION AND OPERATING DATA

MODEL L7042GL

130° F INTERCOOLER WATER TEMPERATURE

Ref.

S

CADA 6

Page 2 of 4

6124-63



HEAT REJECTION 3

— METRIC — HEAT REJECTION AND OPERATING DATA — MODEL L7042GL 54° C INTERCOOLER WATER TEMPERATURE — 82° C JACKET WATER TEMPERATURE

	ENGINE SPEED — RPM						
	BMEP (bar)	LOW S	PEED TURBOCH	ARGER	HIGH SPEED TU	JRBOCHARGER	
	(50.7)	700	900	1000	1000	1200	
	10.51	_	_	1010	1010	1212	
	9.54	_	827	918	918	1102	
HORSEPOWER	8.62	_	746	829	829	994	
(kW)	6.9	464	597	663	663	795	
(VAA)	5.17	348	447	497	497	597	
	3.45	232	298	331	331	398	
	10.51		_	9990	9750	10142	
	9.54	_	9747	10118	9882	10292	
BRAKE SPEC	8.62	_	9891	10270	10039	10472	
FUEL CONSUMPTION (kJ/kWh)	6.9	9976	10261	10661	10440	10931	
(RO/ROTH)	5.17	10600	10877	11311	11110	11697	
	3.45	11848	12108	12612	12448	13228	
	10.51	_	_	2803	2736	3415	
	9.54	_	2238	2581	2521	3151	
FUEL CONSUMPTION	8.62	_	2049	2364	2310	2892	
(kW)	6.9	1286	1700	1963	1922	2415	
(****)	5.17	1025	1352	1562	1534	1938	
	3.45	764	1003	1161	1146	1461	
	10.51	_	_	735	703	882	
	9.54	_	585	684	655	825	
HEAT TO JACKET WATER	8.62	_	543	634	607	770	
(kW)	6.9	352	465	542	520	668	
	5.17	298	388	449	432	566	
	3.45	243	310	357	345	464	
	10.51	_	_	109	105	132	
HEAT TO	9.54	_	81	103	100	126	
LUBE OIL	8.62	_	77	98	95	121	
(kW)	6.9	52	70	88	85	111	
, ,	5.17	45	63	77	76	101	
	3.45	39	55	67	66	92	
	10.51	_	_	156	132	180	
HEAT TO	9.54		104	131	108	159	
INTERCOOLER	8.62	_	85	108	86	138	
(kW)	6.9	25	55	71	53	100	
	5.17	7	29	41	27	61	
	3.45	1	8	16	9	21	
	10.51	_		89	90	97	
HEAT TO	9.54	_	86	89	89	96	
RADIATION	8.62	_	86	88	89	95	
(kW)	6.9	83	86	88	89	92	
	5.17	82	86	89	90	91	
	3.45	82	85	93	93	94	



— METRIC — HEAT REJECTION AND OPERATING DATA — MODEL L7042GL 54° C INTERCOOLER WATER TEMPERATURE 82° C JACKET WATER TEMPERATURE	EN: 120301 DATE: 1/03	Ref. <u>S</u> 6124-63
--	--------------------------	-----------------------------

Page 3 of 4

HEAT REJECTION 3

— METRIC — HEAT REJECTION AND OPERATING DATA — MODEL L7042GL 54° C INTERCOOLER WATER TEMPERATURE — 82° C JACKET WATER TEMPERATURE

		ENGINE SPEED — RPM				
	BMEP (bar)	LOW S	PEED TURBOCH	ARGER	HIGH SPEED TU	JRBOCHARGER
	(50.7)	700	900	1000	1000	1200
	10.51	_	_	761	756	988
	9.54	_	603	700	697	904
TOTAL ENERGY IN EXHAUST	8.62	_	554	642	640	822
(kW)	6.9	346	462	536	536	677
()	5.17	276	373	438	439	547
	3.45	211	289	348	351	435
	10.51	_	_	356	362	381
	9.54	_	349	354	360	376
EXHAUST TEMP AFTER TURBINE	8.62	_	348	352	358	371
(± 30° C)	6.9	341	347	351	357	362
(2 33 3)	5.17	337	346	355	362	359
	3.45	327	345	365	373	366
	10.51	_	_	4793	4678	5839
	9.54	_	3818	4403	4301	5375
INDUCTION AIR FLOW	8.62	_	3494	4031	3940	4932
(nm³/h)	6.9	2195	2904	3352	3283	4125
(5.17	1749	2310	2670	2622	3313
	3.45	1306	1707	1975	1949	2486
	10.51	_	_	6427	6273	7830
	9.54	_	5120	5905	5768	7209
EXHAUST	8.62	_	4686	5406	5284	6614
GAS FLOW (kg/h)	6.9	2943	3894	4496	4403	5532
(kg/II)	5.17	2345	3098	3580	3516	4442
	3.45	1751	2289	2649	2615	3334

NOTES:

- 1. All data are based on ISO standard conditions of 100 kPa barometric pressure, 25∞C ambient and induction air temperature, 30% relative humidity, (1 kPa water vapor pressure), 82∞C engine jacket water outlet temperature, and standard 10∞BTDC ignition timing.
- 2. Data are average values at the standard conditions and will vary for individual engines and with operating and ambient conditions and with changes to ignition timing or air/fuel ratio. An adequate reserve should be used for cooling system or heat recovery calculations. See also Cooling System Guidelines S-6699-7, latest version.
- 3. ISO Standard (continuous) power ratings conform to ISO 3046/1, latest version, with a mechanical efficiency of 90% and auxiliary water temperature, Tcra, of 54∞C limited to ± 5.5∞C.
- 1. Fuel standard: dry natural gas, 35.38 MJ/m³ [25, V (0; 101.325)] saturated lower heating value (SLHV), with a minimum Waukesha Knock Index of 91. Refer to S-7884-7, latest version, for the full fuel specification.
- 5. For heat rejection changes due to engine jacket water outlet temperature higher than standard (Note 1), refer to S-7613-3, latest version.
- Total Exhaust Energy includes both recoverable and non-recoverable heat. For a procedure to calculate recoverable heat refer to S-8117-2, latest version.
- Exhaust oxygen concentration set to 9.8% at rated speed and load at standard timing to provide 1.5 g/bhp-hr NOx, or less. This level is to be measured at the port located in the exhaust manifold, upstream of the turbocharger, for GL engines.
- 8. Reference curve C-968-19.
- 9. Exhaust flow at nominal 100 kPa barometric pressure:

Flow rate: $m^3/hr = \frac{\text{(Exh. Flow, kg/hr) x (Exh. Temp. }^{\circ}\text{C} + 273^{\circ}\text{)}}{336.66}$

DRESSER. Waukesha

— METRIC — HEAT REJECTION AND OPERATING DATA — MODEL L7042GL 54° C INTERCOOLER WATER TEMPERATURE 82° C JACKET WATER TEMPERATURE	EN: 120301 DATE: 1/03	Ref. <u>S</u> 6124-63	
--	--------------------------	-----------------------------	--

Page 4 of 4

Table 3.2-2. UNCONTROLLED EMISSION FACTORS FOR 4-STROKE LEAN-BURN ENGINES^a (SCC 2-02-002-54)

Pollutant	Emission Factor (lb/MMBtu) ^b (fuel input)	Emission Factor Rating
Criteria Pollutants and Greenhouse	e Gases	
NO _x ^c 90 - 105% Load	4.08 E+00	В
NO _x ^c <90% Load	8.47 E-01	В
CO ^c 90 - 105% Load	3.17 E-01	C
CO ^c <90% Load	5.57 E-01	В
CO_2^d	1.10 E+02	A
SO ₂ ^e	5.88 E-04	A
TOC ^f	1.47 E+00	A
Methane ^g	1.25 E+00	C
VOCh	1.18 E-01	С
PM10 (filterable) ⁱ	7.71 E-05	D
PM2.5 (filterable) ⁱ	7.71 E-05	D
PM Condensable ^j	9.91 E-03	D
Trace Organic Compounds		
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane ^k	<4.00 E-05	Е
1,1,2-Trichloroethane ^k	<3.18 E-05	Е
1,1-Dichloroethane	<2.36 E-05	Е
1,2,3-Trimethylbenzene	2.30 E-05	D
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	1.43 E-05	C
1,2-Dichloroethane	<2.36 E-05	Е
1,2-Dichloropropane	<2.69 E-05	Е
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	3.38 E-05	D
1,3-Butadiene ^k	2.67E-04	D
1,3-Dichloropropene ^k	<2.64 E-05	E
2-Methylnaphthalene ^k	3.32 E-05	С
2,2,4-Trimethylpentane ^k	2.50 E-04	С
Acenaphthene ^k	1.25 E-06	С

Table 3.2-2. UNCONTROLLED EMISSION FACTORS FOR 4-STROKE LEAN-BURN ENGINES (Continued)

Pollutant	Emission Factor (lb/MMBtu) ^b (fuel input)	Emission Factor Rating
Acenaphthylenek	5.53 E-06	С
Acetaldehyde ^{k,l}	8.36 E-03	A
Acrolein ^{k,l}	5.14 E-03	A
Benzene ^k	4.40 E-04	A
Benzo(b)fluoranthene ^k	1.66 E-07	D
Benzo(e)pyrene ^k	4.15 E-07	D
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene ^k	4.14 E-07	D
Biphenyl ^k	2.12 E-04	D
Butane	5.41 E-04	D
Butyr/Isobutyraldehyde	1.01 E-04	С
Carbon Tetrachloride ^k	<3.67 E-05	Е
Chlorobenzene ^k	<3.04 E-05	Е
Chloroethane	1.87 E-06	D
Chloroform ^k	<2.85 E-05	Е
Chrysene ^k	6.93 E-07	С
Cyclopentane	2.27 E-04	С
Ethane	1.05 E-01	С
Ethylbenzene ^k	3.97 E-05	В
Ethylene Dibromide ^k	<4.43 E-05	E
Fluoranthenek	1.11 E-06	С
Fluorene ^k	5.67 E-06	С
Formaldehyde ^{k,l}	5.28 E-02	A
Methanol ^k	2.50 E-03	В
Methylcyclohexane	1.23 E-03	С
Methylene Chloride ^k	2.00 E-05	С
n-Hexane ^k	1.11 E-03	С
n-Nonane	1.10 E-04	С

Table 3.2-2. UNCONTROLLED EMISSION FACTORS FOR 4-STROKE LEAN-BURN ENGINES
(Continued)

Pollutant	Emission Factor (lb/MMBtu) ^b (fuel input)	Emission Factor Rating
n-Octane	3.51 E-04	С
n-Pentane	2.60 E-03	С
Naphthalene ^k	7.44 E-05	С
PAH ^k	2.69 E-05	D
Phenanthrene k	1.04 E-05	D
Phenol ^k	2.40 E-05	D
Propane	4.19 E-02	С
Pyrene ^k	1.36 E-06	С
Styrene ^k	<2.36 E-05	E
Tetrachloroethanek	2.48 E-06	D
Toluene ^k	4.08 E-04	В
Vinyl Chloride ^k	1.49 E-05	С
Xylene ^k	1.84 E-04	В

Reference 7. Factors represent uncontrolled levels. For NO_x , CO, and PM10, "uncontrolled" means no combustion or add-on controls; however, the factor may include turbocharged units. For all other pollutants, "uncontrolled" means no oxidation control; the data set may include units with control techniques used for NOx control, such as PCC and SCR for lean burn engines, and PSC for rich burn engines. Factors are based on large population of engines. Factors are for engines at all loads, except as indicated. SCC = Source Classification Code. TOC = Total Organic Compounds. PM-10 = Particulate Matter ≤ 10 microns (μ m) aerodynamic diameter. A "<" sign in front of a factor means that the corresponding emission factor is based on one-half of the method detection limit. Emission factors were calculated in units of (lb/MMBtu) based on procedures in EPA Method 19. To convert from (lb/MMBtu) to (lb/10⁶ scf), multiply by the heat content of the fuel. If the heat content is not available, use 1020 Btu/scf. To convert from (lb/MMBtu) to (lb/hp-hr) use the following equation:

lb/hp-hr = (lb/MMBtu) (heat input, MMBtu/hr) (1/operating HP, 1/hp)

Emission tests with unreported load conditions were not included in the data set. Based on 99.5% conversion of the fuel carbon to CO_2 . CO_2 [lb/MMBtu] = (3.67)(%CON)(C)(D)(1/h), where %CON = percent conversion of fuel carbon to CO_2 , C = carbon content of fuel by weight (0.75), D = density of fuel, 4.1 E+04 lb/10⁶ scf, and

h = heating value of natural gas (assume 1020 Btu/scf at 60°F).

- ^e Based on 100% conversion of fuel sulfur to SO₂. Assumes sulfur content in natural gas of $2,000 \text{ gr/}10^6 \text{scf.}$
- Emission factor for TOC is based on measured emission levels from 22 source tests.
- g Emission factor for methane is determined by subtracting the VOC and ethane emission factors from the TOC emission factor. Measured emission factor for methane compares well with the calculated emission factor, 1.31 lb/MMBtu vs. 1.25 lb/MMBtu, respectively.

h VOC emission factor is based on the sum of the emission factors for all speciated organic compounds less ethane and methane.

- Considered $\leq 1 \mu m$ in aerodynamic diameter. Therefore, for filterable PM emissions, PM10(filterable) = PM2.5(filterable).
- ^j PM Condensable = PM Condensable Inorganic + PM-Condensable Organic
- Hazardous Air Pollutant as defined by Section 112(b) of the Clean Air Act.
- For lean burn engines, aldehyde emissions quantification using CARB 430 may reflect interference with the sampling compounds due to the nitrogen concentration in the stack. The presented emission factor is based on FTIR measurements. Emissions data based on CARB 430 are available in the background report.

TABLE 1.4-2. EMISSION FACTORS FOR CRITERIA POLLUTANTS AND GREENHOUSE GASES FROM NATURAL GAS COMBUSTION^a

Pollutant	Emission Factor (lb/10 ⁶ scf)	Emission Factor Rating
CO ₂ ^b	120,000	A
Lead	0.0005	D
N ₂ O (Uncontrolled)	2.2	E
N ₂ O (Controlled-low-NO _X burner)	0.64	Е
PM (Total) ^c	7.6	D
PM (Condensable) ^c	5.7	D
PM (Filterable) ^c	1.9	В
SO_2^{-d}	0.6	A
TOC	11	В
Methane	2.3	В
VOC	5.5	С

are for all natural gas combustion sources. To convert from lb/10⁶ scf to kg/10⁶ m³, multiply by 16. To convert from lb/10⁶ scf to 1b/MMBtu, divide by 1,020. The emission factors in this table may be converted to other natural gas heating values by multiplying the given emission factor by the ratio of the specified heating value to this average heating value. TOC = Total Organic Compounds. VOC = Volatile Organic Compounds.

^b Based on approximately 100% conversion of fuel carbon to CO_2 . $CO_2[lb/10^6 \text{ scf}] = (3.67)$ (CON) (C)(D), where CON = fractional conversion of fuel carbon to CO_2 , C = carbon content of fuel by weight (0.76), and D = density of fuel, $4.2 \times 10^4 \text{ lb}/10^6 \text{ scf}$.

^c All PM (total, condensible, and filterable) is assumed to be less than 1.0 micrometer in diameter. Therefore, the PM emission factors presented here may be used to estimate PM₁₀, PM_{2.5} or PM₁ emissions. Total PM is the sum of the filterable PM and condensible PM. Condensible PM is the particulate matter collected using EPA Method 202 (or equivalent). Filterable PM is the particulate matter collected on, or prior to, the filter of an EPA Method 5 (or equivalent) sampling train.

d Based on 100% conversion of fuel sulfur to SO₂.

Assumes sulfur content is natural gas of 2,000 grains/10⁶ scf. The SO₂ emission factor in this table can be converted to other natural gas sulfur contents by multiplying the SO₂ emission factor by the ratio of the site-specific sulfur content (grains/10⁶ scf) to 2,000 grains/10⁶ scf.

31-6 Combined Inlet Stream Gas Composition

	31-6 SUCTIO	N	31-6 STRADDI	E SUCTION	Mixed Inlet			
Meter # / Sample Date	0217-01	7/10/2020	62205	7/10/2020		Wilked lillet		
Component	mol%	% gas assumed	mol%	% gas assumed	mol%	MW (lb/lb-mole)	Emission Factor (lb/scf)	
Carbon Dioxide	17.9260	18.0%	3.9918	82.0%	6.4949	44.01	7.53E-03	
Hydrogen Sulfide	0.0000		0.0000		0.0000	34.07	0.00E+00	
Nitrogen	0.0261		0.1155		0.0994	28.01	7.34E-05	
Methane	81.5317		94.1841		91.9113	16.04	3.89E-02	
Ethane	0.4577		1.3719		1.2077	30.07	9.57E-04	
Propane	0.0585		0.2361		0.2042	44.09	2.37E-04	
Isobutane	0.0000		0.0384		0.0315	58.12	4.83E-05	
n-Butane	0.0000		0.0317		0.0260	58.12	3.98E-05	
Isopentane	0.0000		0.0115		0.0094	72.15	1.79E-05	
n-Pentane	0.0000		0.0052		0.0043	72.15	8.11E-06	
Cyclopentane	0.0000		0.0003		0.0002	70.14	4.55E-07	
n-Hexane, C6	0.0000		0.0015		0.0012	86.17	2.79E-06	
Cyclohexane	0.0000		0.0007		0.0006	84.16	1.27E-06	
Other Hexanes	0.0000		0.0039		0.0032	86.18	7.27E-06	
Heptanes	0.0000		0.0017		0.0014	100.20	3.68E-06	
Methylcyclohexane	0.0000		0.0017		0.0014	98.19	3.61E-06	
2,2,4 Trimethylpentane	0.0000		0.0000		0.0000	100.21	0.00E+00	
Benzene, C6	0.0000		0.0006		0.0005	78.11	1.01E-06	
Toluene, C7	0.0000		0.0010		0.0008	92.14	1.99E-06	
Ethylbenzene, C8	0.0000		0.0001		0.0001	106.17	2.30E-07	
Xylenes, C8	0.0000		0.0005		0.0004	106.17	1.15E-06	
C8+ Heavies	0.0000		0.0020		0.0016	110.00	4.76E-06	
Total	100.0000		100.0002		100.0002	TOC lb/scf:	4.78E-02	
Total VOC		_		_	_	VOC lb/scf:	3.80E-04	

The blended gas stream composition is based on the 31-6 Straddle Suction & 31-6 Suction gas analyses sampled on July 10, 2020.

The individual gas percentages are from actual 2020 31-6 CDP gas throughputs. The percentages vary over time according to field conditions. Mixed Inlet mol % =

[(mol % (31-6 CDP) x 2020 12-month flow (31-6 CDP)) + (mol % (31-6 Straddle Suction) x 2020 12-month flow (31-6 Straddle Suction))] / (2020 12-month flow (31-6 CDP) + 2020 12-month flow (31-6 Straddle Suction))

Emission Factor (lb/scf) = (MW (lb/lb-mol) x (Mixed Inlet mol % of gas constituent /100)) / (379.4 scf/mol)



2030 Afton Place Farmington, NM 87401 (505) 325-6622

Analysis No: HM200064 Cust No: 33700-10100

Well/Lease Information

Customer Name: HARVEST MIDSTREAM

Well Name: 31-6 SUCTION

County/State: Location: Lease/PA/CA: Formation: Cust. Stn. No.: Source: METER RUN Well Flowing:

Υ

Pressure: 98 PSIG Flow Temp: 105 DEG. F Ambient Temp: 90 DEG. F Flow Rate: 32 MCF/D Sample Method: Purge & Fill Sample Date: 07/10/2020 Sample Time: 2.00 PM Sampled By: D. VALENCIA

Sampled by (CO): HARVEST

Heat Trace: Ν

Remarks: Calculated Molecular Weight = 21.1401

Analysis

Component:	Mole%:	Unormalized %:	**GPM:	*BTU:	*SP Gravity:
Nitrogen	0.0261	0.0263	0.0030	0.00	0.0003
CO2	17.9260	18.0630	3.0660	0.00	0.2724
Methane	81.5317	82.1547	13.8530	823.47	0.4516
Ethane	0.4577	0.4612	0.1230	8.10	0.0048
Propane	0.0585	0.0589	0.0160	1.47	0.0009
Iso-Butane	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.00	0.0000
N-Butane	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.00	0.0000
Neopentane 2,2 dmc3	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.00	0.0000
I-Pentane	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.00	0.0000
N-Pentane	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.00	0.0000
Neohexane	0.0000	N/R	0.0000	0.00	0.0000
2-3-Dimethylbutane	0.0000	N/R	0.0000	0.00	0.0000
Cyclopentane	0.0000	N/R	0.0000	0.00	0.0000
2-Methylpentane	0.0000	N/R	0.0000	0.00	0.0000
3-Methylpentane	0.0000	N/R	0.0000	0.00	0.0000
C6	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.00	0.0000
Methylcyclopentane	0.0000	N/R	0.0000	0.00	0.0000
Benzene	0.0000	N/R	0.0000	0.00	0.0000
Cyclohexane	0.0000	N/R	0.0000	0.00	0.0000
2-Methylhexane	0.0000	N/R	0.0000	0.00	0.0000
3-Methylhexane	0.0000	N/R	0.0000	0.00	0.0000
2-2-4-Trimethylpentane	0.0000	N/R	0.0000	0.00	0.0000
i-heptanes	0.0000	N/R	0.0000	0.00	0.0000
Heptane	0.0000	N/R	0.0000		0.0000
1			0.0000	0.00	0.0000

Total	100.00	100.764	17.061	833.04	0.7299
C12P	0.0000	N/R	0.0000	0.00	0.0000
C11	0.0000	N/R	0.0000	0.00	0.0000
i-C11	0.0000	N/R	0.0000	0.00	0.0000
C10	0.0000	N/R	0.0000	0.00	0.0000
i-C10	0.0000	N/R	0.0000	0.00	0.0000
C9	0.0000	N/R	0.0000	0.00	0.0000
i-C9	0.0000	N/R	0.0000	0.00	0.0000
o Xylene (& 2,2,4 tmc7)	0.0000	N/R	0.0000	0.00	0.0000
m, p Xylene	0.0000	N/R	0.0000	0.00	0.0000
Ethylbenzene	0.0000	N/R	0.0000	0.00	0.0000
Octane	0.0000	N/R	0.0000	0.00	0.0000
i-Octanes	0.0000	N/R	0.0000	0.00	0.0000
4-Methylheptane	0.0000	N/R	0.0000	0.00	0.0000
2-Methylheptane	0.0000	N/R	0.0000	0.00	0.0000
Toluene	0.0000	N/R	0.0000	0.00	0.0000
Methylcyclohexane	0.0000	N/R	0.0000	0.00	0.0000

^{* @ 14.730} PSIA DRY & UNCORRECTED FOR COMPRESSIBILITY

^{**@ 14.730} PSIA & 60 DEG. F.

COMPRESSIBLITY FACTOR	(1/Z):	1.0025	CYLINDER #:	18
BTU/CU.FT IDEAL:		835.0	CYLINDER PRESSURE:	100 PSIG
BTU/CU.FT (DRY) CORRECTED FO	OR (1/Z):	837.1	ANALYSIS DATE:	07/13/2020
BTU/CU.FT (WET) CORRECTED FO	OR (1/Z):	822.5	ANALYIS TIME:	12:14:04 AM
DRY BTU @ 15.025:		853.9	ANALYSIS RUN BY:	PATRICIA KING
REAL SPECIFIC GRAVITY:		0.7314		

GPM, BTU, and SPG calculations as shown above are based on current GPA constants.

GPA Standard: GPA 2286-14

GC: SRI Instruments 8610 Last Cal/Verify: 07/14/2020

GC Method: C12+BTEX Gas



HARVEST MIDSTREAM WELL ANALYSIS COMPARISON

 Lease:
 31-6 SUCTION
 METER RUN
 07/14/2020

 Stn. No.:
 33700-10100

Mtr. No.:

Smpl Date:	07/10/2020	12/26/2018
Test Date:	07/13/2020	12/28/2018
Run No:	HM200064	HM180021
		0.0450
Nitrogen:	0.0261	0.2159
CO2:	17.9260	13.9884
Methane:	81.5317	84.4428
Ethane:	0.4577	0.6331
Propane:	0.0585	0.1085
I-Butane:	0.0000	0.0102
N-Butane:	0.0000	0.0150
2,2 dmc3:	0.0000	0.5773
I-Pentane:	0.0000	0.0032
N-Pentane:	0.0000	0.0023
Neohexane:	0.0000	0.0000
2-3-	0.0000	0.0000
Cyclopentane:	0.0000	0.0000
2-Methylpentane:	0.0000	0.0001
3-Methylpentane:	0.0000	0.0000
C6:	0.0000	0.0003
Methylcyclopentane:	0.0000	0.0002
Benzene:	0.0000	0.0001
Cyclohexane:	0.0000	0.0001
2-Methylhexane:	0.0000	0.0000
3-Methylhexane: 2-2-4-	0.0000	0.0000
i-heptanes:	0.0000	0.0000
Heptane:	0.0000	0.0000
Methylcyclohexane:	0.0000	0.0002
	0.0000	0.0004
Toluene:	0.0000	0.0003
2-Methylheptane:	0.0000	0.0001
4-Methylheptane:	0.0000	0.0001
i-Octanes:	0.0000	0.0002
Octane:	0.0000	0.0002
Ethylbenzene:	0.0000	0.0000
m, p Xylene:	0.0000	0.0002
o Xylene (& 2,2,4	0.0000	0.0000
i-C9:	0.0000	0.0002
C9:	0.0000	0.0001
i-C10:	0.0000	0.0001
C10:	0.0000	0.0001
i-C11:	0.0000	0.0000
C11:	0.0000	0.0000
C12P:	0.0000	0.0000
DTU.		
BTU: GPM:	837.1	895.3
SPG:	17.0610	16.9770
Oi O.	0.7314	0.7072

2030 Afton Place, Farmington, NM 87401 - (50	15) 325-6622 100 H
C6+ □ C9+ □ C12+	
NALYSIS N2 Flowback - Sulfur	rs 🗆 Ext. Liquid 🗆
SERVICE Other Extended Analysis	Date 7/10/2020
Sampled By: (co.) Harvest Mustream	Time 1406 HPM
Sampled by: (Person) Dany Valencia	Well Flowing: Yes No
company: Harvest missheam	Heat Trace: Yes 110
Well Name: 31-6 CDP INLET SUCTION	Flow Pressure (PSIG): 98#
Lease#:	Flow Temp (°F): 1050
County: Ro Ambin Formation: Mehon (OP)	Ambient Temp (°F): 40
State: NM Location:	Flow Rate (MCF/D): 32mcF
Source: Meter Run Tubing Casing Bradenhead Other	
Sample Type: Spot Composite Sample Method: Purge & Fill	Other
Meter Number: 02017 - 01	Cylinder Number: 18
Contact: D. Valencia	
Remarks: Extended Analysis	
33700 · 10100 //m	200064



2030 Afton Place Farmington, NM 87401 (505) 325-6622

Analysis No: HM200063 Cust No: 33700-10095

Well/Lease Information

Customer Name: HARVEST MIDSTREAM

Well Name: 31-6 STRADDLE SUCTION

County/State: Location: Lease/PA/CA: Formation: Cust. Stn. No.: Source: METER RUN

Well Flowing: Y

Pressure: 34 PSIG Flow Temp: 83 DEG. F Ambient Temp: 90 DEG. F Flow Rate: MCF/D Sample Method: Purge & Fill Sample Date: 07/10/2020 Sample Time: 2.00 PM Sampled By: D. VALENCIA Sampled by (CO): HARVEST

Heat Trace: N

Remarks: Calculated Molecular Weight = 17.4823

Analysis

Component:	Mole%:	Unormalized %:	**GPM:	*BTU:	*SP Gravity:
Nitrogen	0.1155	0.1155	0.0130	0.00	0.0011
CO2	3.9918	3.9905	0.6830	0.00	0.0607
Methane	94.1841	94.1534	15.9980	951.26	0.5217
Ethane	1.3719	1.3715	0.3680	24.28	0.0142
Propane	0.2361	0.2360	0.0650	5.94	0.0036
Iso-Butane	0.0384	0.0384	0.0130	1.25	0.0008
N-Butane	0.0317	0.0317	0.0100	1.03	0.0006
Neopentane 2,2 dmc3	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.00	0.0000
I-Pentane	0.0115	0.0115	0.0040	0.46	0.0003
N-Pentane	0.0052	0.0052	0.0020	0.21	0.0001
Neohexane	0.0001	N/R	0.0000	0.00	0.0000
2-3-Dimethylbutane	0.0003	N/R	0.0000	0.01	0.0000
Cyclopentane	0.0003	N/R	0.0000	0.01	0.0000
2-Methylpentane	0.0017	N/R	0.0010	0.08	0.0001
3-Methylpentane	0.0007	N/R	0.0000	0.03	0.0000
C6	0.0015	0.0137	0.0010	0.07	0.0000
Methylcyclopentane	0.0011	N/R	0.0000	0.05	0.0000
Benzene	0.0006	N/R	0.0000	0.02	0.0000
Cyclohexane	0.0007	N/R	0.0000	0.03	0.0000
2-Methylhexane	0.0003	N/R	0.0000	0.02	0.0000
3-Methylhexane	0.0002	N/R	0.0000	0.01	0.0000
2-2-4-Trimethylpentane	0.0000	N/R	0.0000	0.00	0.0000
i-heptanes	0.0002	N/R	0.0000	0.01	0.0000
Heptane	0.0010	N/R	0.0000	0.06	0.0000

Total	100.00	99.967	17.159	985.14	0.6036
C12P	0.0000	N/R	0.0000	0.00	0.0000
C11	0.0000	N/R	0.0000	0.00	0.0000
i-C11	0.0000	N/R	0.0000	0.00	0.0000
C10	0.0001	N/R	0.0000	0.01	0.0000
i-C10	0.0002	N/R	0.0000	0.01	0.0000
C9	0.0002	N/R	0.0000	0.01	0.0000
i-C9	0.0002	N/R	0.0000	0.01	0.0000
o Xylene (& 2,2,4 tmc7)	0.0001	N/R	0.0000	0.01	0.0000
m, p Xylene	0.0004	N/R	0.0000	0.02	0.0000
Ethylbenzene	0.0001	N/R	0.0000	0.01	0.0000
Octane	0.0006	N/R	0.0000	0.04	0.0000
i-Octanes	0.0002	N/R	0.0000	0.01	0.0000
4-Methylheptane	0.0002	N/R	0.0000	0.01	0.0000
2-Methylheptane	0.0003	N/R	0.0000	0.02	0.0000
Toluene	0.0010	N/R	0.0000	0.04	0.0000
Methylcyclohexane	0.0017	N/R	0.0010	0.09	0.0001

^{* @ 14.730} PSIA DRY & UNCORRECTED FOR COMPRESSIBILITY

^{**@ 14.730} PSIA & 60 DEG. F.

COMPRESSIBLITY FACTOR	(1/Z):	1.0022	CYLINDER #:	01
BTU/CU.FT IDEAL:		987.4	CYLINDER PRESSURE:	24 PSIG
BTU/CU.FT (DRY) CORRECTED FC	PR (1/Z):	989.6	ANALYSIS DATE:	07/13/2020
BTU/CU.FT (WET) CORRECTED FO	OR (1/Z):	972.4	ANALYIS TIME:	11:03:20 AM
DRY BTU @ 15.025:		1009.4	ANALYSIS RUN BY:	PATRICIA KING
REAL SPECIFIC GRAVITY:		0.6047		

GPM, BTU, and SPG calculations as shown above are based on current GPA constants.

GPA Standard: GPA 2286-14

GC: SRI Instruments 8610 Last Cal/Verify: 07/14/2020

GC Method: C12+BTEX Gas



HARVEST MIDSTREAM WELL ANALYSIS COMPARISON

 Lease:
 31-6 STRADDLE SUCTION
 METER RUN
 07/14/2020

 Stn. No.:
 33700-10095

Mtr. No.:

Smpl Date:	07/10/2020	12/26/2018
Test Date:	07/13/2020	12/28/2018
Run No:	HM200063	HM180020
Nitrogen:	0.1155	0.0920
CO2:	3.9918	4.2055
Methane:	94.1841	93.7409
Ethane:	1.3719	1.4234
Propane:	0.2361	0.2857
I-Butane:	0.0384	0.0493
N-Butane:	0.0317	0.0483
2,2 dmc3:	0.0000	0.1198
I-Pentane:	0.0115	0.0160
N-Pentane:	0.0052	0.0104
Neohexane:	0.0001	0.0001
2-3-	0.0003	0.0001
Cyclopentane:	0.0003	0.0001
2-Methylpentane:	0.0017	0.0010
3-Methylpentane:	0.0007	0.0003
C6:	0.0015	0.0010
Methylcyclopentane:	0.0011	0.0008
Benzene:	0.0006	0.0003
Cyclohexane:	0.0007	0.0004
2-Methylhexane:	0.0003	0.0002
3-Methylhexane:	0.0000	0.0000
2-2-4-	0.0000	0.0001
i-heptanes:	0.0002	0.0001
Heptane:	0.0010	0.0005
Methylcyclohexane:	0.0017	0.0010
Toluene:	0.0010	0.0004
2-Methylheptane:	0.0003	0.0003
4-Methylheptane:	0.0002	0.0001
i-Octanes:	0.0002	0.0003
Octane:	0.0006	0.0004
Ethylbenzene:	0.0001	0.0000
m, p Xylene:	0.0004	0.0003
o Xylene (& 2,2,4	0.0004	0.0000
i-C9:	0.0001	0.0000
C9:		
i-C10:	0.0002	0.0002
C10:	0.0002	0.0000
i-C11:	0.0001	0.0001
C11:	0.0000	0.0000
C12P:	0.0000	0.0000
- •	0.0000	0.0000
BTU:	989.6	993.1
GPM:	17.1620	17.1570
SPG:	0.6047	0.6101

2030 Afton Place, Farmington, NM 87401 - (3	505) 325-6622 24#
Sampled By: (Co.) Harcest Midstream Sampled by: (Person) Donated Market	Time 1400 DAM
Company: Hamest Milshen on	_ Well Flowing: For No
Well Name: 21-14 CAR St. 11.0 S	_ Heat Trace: Yes - NO
Well Name: 31-6 cop straddie Suchin	Flow Pressure (PSIG): 34 #
	t A
County: FIV HC/164 Formation: COP	Ambient Temp (°F): 90 0
State: / V / / L Looption D / W	Flow Rate (MCF/D):
Source: Meter Run Tubing Casing Bradenhead Other	, Flow Rate (IVICF/D):
Sample Type: Spot Composite Sample Method: Purge & Fill	
Meter Number: Le 220 5	Other
Contact: D. Valence	Cylinder Number:
Pomertie EVILLA I and a	
Remarks: Extended Manalysis 33700-10095 17-W	
10075 /TW	200063





PUMPS AVAILABLE:

"PV" SERIES GLYCOL PUMPS						
Catalog Number	Model Number		acity / Hr.	Wor Pres	king sure	
Ivallibol	Trumber Trumber	Min.	Max.**	Min.	Max.	
GAA	315 PV	3	13	100	1500	
GAD	1715 PV	8	40	300	1500	
GAB	4015 PV	12	40	300	1500	
GAF	9015 PV	27	90	300	1500	
GAH	21015 PV	66	210	400	1500	
GAJ	45015 PV	166	450	400	1500	

^{**}Maximum output is affected by system pressure drops. See system operation parameter for maximum output curves.

"SC" SERIES GLYCOL PUMPS						
Catalog Number	Model Number	Capacity Gal. / Hr.		Working Pressure		
Number	Number	Min.	Max.**	Min.	Max.	
GAC	2015 SC*	8	20	100	500	
GAG	5015 SC*	12	50	100	500	
GAI	10015 SC*	22	100	100	500	
GAK	20015 SC*	60	200	100	500	

NOTE: To order a Pump with Viton O Rings add 1 to Catalog number. Example: To order GAA with Viton O Rings, specify: GAA1.

MAXIMUM DESIGN PRESSURE FOR P.V. AND S.C. MODELS IS 1500 psig

APPLICATIONS:

Circulating pump for gas glycol dehydrators Circulating pump for gas amine desulphurizers

FEATURES:

Eliminates absorber liquid level controls No auxiliary power supply required Low gas consumption Completely sealed system prevents loss glycol No springs or toggles, only two moving assemblies Hydraulic "cushioned" check valves with removable seats of hardened stainless steel

OPERATION:

Materials for the vital working parts have been selected for greatest wear resistance. These materials include stainless steel, hard chrome plating, satellite, nylon and teflon. Moving "O" Ring seals are compounded specifically for ethylene glycol service. A complete operational check is given each pump after assembly.

"O" Ring sealed check valve darts are standard in all except the model 315 PV. Teflon sealed darts are available. Capsule type ball checks are used in the 315 PV and are available for 1715 PV, 2015 SC and 4015 PV.

*These pumps are designed for operating pressures between 100 and 500 psig maximum design pressure for all models is 1500 psig.

P. 1/1

Oil and Gas Traduction Equipment

S. Erwerk, Inc. 4101 Ball Main Street Familigeon, NM 87401

\$05/476-1151 6430: \$05/325-0317

VIA FACSIMILE Fax No. (801) 584-7760 Pages: 1

August 19, 1994

Mr. Lee Bauerla Williams Field Services Salt Lake City, UT

The following table shows the stack emissions \$7 maximum firing conditions for the dahydraters noted:

Dehydrator	NO _x	CO ≠/Pay	Fuel SCEH	Total Stack Cisses ACFH	Stack Hi. Fi	Stack Dia Inches	Stack Temp P	. Steck Yelocity, FFS
J2P10M11109	0.16	0.17	357	10010	12-4-	*	600	5. 1
J2F10M749	1.03	0.21	429	12012	19"-1"	10	600	6.1
J2P12M11109	0.36	0.17	357	10010	13'-5"	*	600	5.1
J2P12M749	1.03	0.21	429	12012	19'-1"	10	600	6.1
J2P20M11109	1.03	0.21	429	12012	131.	10	600	6.1

Please call me if you need additional information.

Sincerely,

Frosty Heath

FH/ab

5928 U.S. Highway 64 Farmington, NM 87401



Office: (505)632-2200 Fax: (505)632-8070

July 22, 1998

Mr. Bobby Myers
Williams Field Services
Environmental Affairs
295 Chipeta Way
P O Box 58900
Salt Lake City, UT 84158-0900

The table shown below gives the stack emissions for our larger dehydrators:

Unit Description	SO Ib/day	NO _x	CO Jb/ Day	Fuel SCFH	Total Organic Comp. Lb/d	Stack Ht.	Stack Dia inches	Stack Temp °F	Stack Velocity
Description	i sorday	I Day	10000		1		1	1 100 1	1
10 MM LP	10.1	.27	.43	659	.13	1 10.	8	600	5.1
10 MM HP	.01	.27	.43	659	.13	1 10.	1 10	600	6.1
12 MM LP	.02	.49	.78	1208	.23	10'	1 8 1	600	5.1
12 MM HP	.02	.49	.78	1208	.23	10'	10	600	6.1
15 MM	.02	_54	.85	1318	.25	10.	8	600 !	5.1
20 MM LP	.02	.67	1.07	1648	.31	10, 1	8	600	5.1
20 MM HP	.02	.67	1.07	1648	.31	10, 1	12	600 ;	6.1

If you need any additional information please call me.

Sincerely,

Darby West

VP Engineering

1995 Protocol for Equipment Leak Emission Estimates

Emission Standards Division

U.S. ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY
Office of Air and Radiation
Office of Air Quality Planning and Standards
Research Triangle Park, North Carolina 27711

November 1995

TABLE 2-4. OIL AND GAS PRODUCTION OPERATIONS AVERAGE EMISSION FACTORS (kg/hr/source)

Equipment Type	Service ^a	Emission Factor (kg/hr/source)b
Valves	Gas Heavy Oil Light Oil Water/Oil	4.5E-03 8.4E-06 2.5E-03 9.8E-05
Pump seals	Gas Heavy Oil Light Oil Water/Oil	2.4E-03 NA 1.3E-02 2.4E-05
Others ^C	Gas Heavy Oil Light Oil Water/Oil	8.8E-03 3.2E-05 7.5E-03 1.4E-02
Connectors	Gas Heavy Oil Light Oil Water/Oil	2.0E-04 7.5E-06 2.1E-04 1.1E-04
Flanges	Gas Heavy Oil Light Oil Water/Oil	3.9E-04 3.9E-07 1.1E-04 2.9E-06
Open-ended lines	Gas Heavy Oil Light Oil Water/Oil	2.0E-03 1.4E-04 1.4E-03 2.5E-04

aWater/Oil emission factors apply to water streams in oil service with a water content greater than 50%, from the point of origin to the point where the water content reaches 99%. For water streams with a water content greater than 99%, the emission rate is considered negligible.

bThese factors are for total organic compound emission rates (including non-VOC's such as methane and ethane) and apply to light crude, heavy crude, gas plant, gas production, and off shore facilities. "NA" indicates that not enough data were available to develop the indicated emission factor.

CThe "other" equipment type was derived from compressors, diaphrams, drains, dump arms, hatches, instruments, meters, pressure relief valves, polished rods, relief valves, and vents. This "other" equipment type should be applied for any equipment type other than connectors, flanges, open-ended lines, pumps, or valves.

loading operation, resulting in high levels of vapor generation and loss. If the turbulence is great enough, liquid droplets will be entrained in the vented vapors.

A second method of loading is submerged loading. Two types are the submerged fill pipe method and the bottom loading method. In the submerged fill pipe method, the fill pipe extends almost to the bottom of the cargo tank. In the bottom loading method, a permanent fill pipe is attached to the cargo tank bottom. During most of submerged loading by both methods, the fill pipe opening is below the liquid surface level. Liquid turbulence is controlled significantly during submerged loading, resulting in much lower vapor generation than encountered during splash loading.

The recent loading history of a cargo carrier is just as important a factor in loading losses as the method of loading. If the carrier has carried a nonvolatile liquid such as fuel oil, or has just been cleaned, it will contain vapor-free air. If it has just carried gasoline and has not been vented, the air in the carrier tank will contain volatile organic vapors, which will be expelled during the loading operation along with newly generated vapors.

Cargo carriers are sometimes designated to transport only one product, and in such cases are practicing "dedicated service". Dedicated gasoline cargo tanks return to a loading terminal containing air fully or partially saturated with vapor from the previous load. Cargo tanks may also be "switch loaded" with various products, so that a nonvolatile product being loaded may expel the vapors remaining from a previous load of a volatile product such as gasoline. These circumstances vary with the type of cargo tank and with the ownership of the carrier, the petroleum liquids being transported, geographic location, and season of the year.

One control measure for vapors displaced during liquid loading is called "vapor balance service", in which the cargo tank retrieves the vapors displaced during product unloading at bulk plants or service stations and transports the vapors back to the loading terminal. Figure 5.2-5 shows a tank truck in vapor balance service filling a service station underground tank and taking on displaced gasoline vapors for return to the terminal. A cargo tank returning to a bulk terminal in vapor balance service normally is saturated with organic vapors, and the presence of these vapors at the start of submerged loading of the tanker truck results in greater loading losses than encountered during nonvapor balance, or "normal", service. Vapor balance service is usually not practiced with marine vessels, although some vessels practice emission control by means of vapor transfer within their own cargo tanks during ballasting operations, discussed below.

Emissions from loading petroleum liquid can be estimated (with a probable error of ± 30 percent)⁴ using the following expression:

$$L_{L} = 12.46 \frac{SPM}{T} \tag{1}$$

where:

 L_T = loading loss, pounds per 1000 gallons (lb/10³ gal) of liquid loaded

S = a saturation factor (see Table 5.2-1)

P = true vapor pressure of liquid loaded, pounds per square inch absolute (psia) (see Figure 7.1-5, Figure 7.1-6, and Table 7.1-2)

M = molecular weight of vapors, pounds per pound-mole (lb/lb-mole) (see Table 7.1-2)

T = temperature of bulk liquid loaded, ${}^{\circ}R$ (${}^{\circ}F$ + 460)

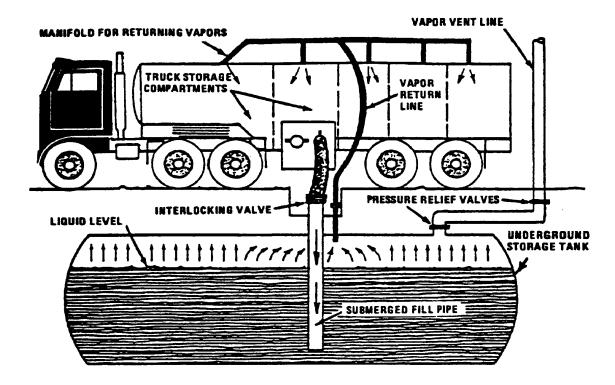


Figure 5.2-5. Tank truck unloading into a service station underground storage tank and practicing "vapor balance" form of emission control.

Table 5.2-1. SATURATION (S) FACTORS FOR CALCULATING PETROLEUM LIQUID LOADING LOSSES

Cargo Carrier	Mode Of Operation	S Factor
Tank trucks and rail tank cars	Submerged loading of a clean cargo tank	0.50
	Submerged loading: dedicated normal service	0.60
	Submerged loading: dedicated vapor balance service	1.00
	Splash loading of a clean cargo tank	1.45
	Splash loading: dedicated normal service	1.45
	Splash loading: dedicated vapor balance service	1.00
Marine vessels ^a	Submerged loading: ships	0.2
	Submerged loading: barges	0.5

^a For products other than gasoline and crude oil. For marine loading of gasoline, use factors from Table 5.2-2. For marine loading of crude oil, use Equations 2 and 3 and Table 5.2-3.

Table A-1 to Subpart A of Part 98—Global Warming Potentials

[100-Year Time Horizon]

Name	CAS No.	Chemical formula	Global warming potential (100 yr.)
Carbon dioxide	124-38-9	CO ₂	1
Methane	74–82–8	CH₄	² 25
Nitrous oxide	10024-97-2	N ₂ O	² 298
HFC-23	75–46–7	CHF ₃	^a 14,800
HFC-32	75–10–5	CH ₂ F ₂	^a 675
HFC-41	593-53-3	CH₃F	ª 92
HFC-125	354–33–6	C ₂ HF ₅	^a 3,500
HFC-134	359–35–3	$C_2H_2F_4$	^a 1,100
HFC-134a	811–97–2	CH ₂ FCF ₃	^a 1,430
HFC-143	430–66–0	$C_2H_3F_3$	^a 353
HFC-143a	420–46–2	$C_2H_3F_3$	^a 4,470
HFC-152	624-72-6	CH₂FCH₂F	53
HFC-152a	75–37–6	CH ₃ CHF ₂	^a 124
HFC-161	353–36–6	CH₃CH₂F	12
HFC-227ea	431–89–0	C ₃ HF ₇	^a 3,220
HFC-236cb	677–56–5	CH ₂ FCF ₂ CF ₃	1,340
HFC-236ea	431–63–0	CHF ₂ CHFCF ₃	1,370
HFC-236fa	690–39–1	C ₃ H ₂ F ₆	³ 9,810
HFC-245ca	679–86–7	C ₃ H ₃ F ₅	^a 693
HFC-245fa	460-73-1	CHF ₂ CH ₂ CF ₃	1,030
HFC-365mfc	406–58–6	CH ₃ CF ₂ CH ₂ CF ₃	794
HFC-43-10mee	138495–42–8	CF ₃ CFHCFHCF ₂ CF ₃	^a 1,640
Sulfur hexafluoride	2551–62–4	SF ₆	° 22,800
Trifluoromethyl sulphur pentafluoride	373-80-8	SF ₅ CF ₃	17,700
Nitrogen trifluoride	7783–54–2	NF ₃	17,200
PFC-14 (Perfluoromethane)	75–73–0	CF ₄	7,390
PFC-116 (Perfluoroethane)	76–16–4	C ₂ F ₆	^a 12,200
PFC-218 (Perfluoropropane)	76–19–7	C ₃ F ₈	^a 8,830

Name	CAS No.	Chemical formula	Global warming potential (100 yr.)
Perfluorocyclopropane	931–91–9	C-C ₃ F ₆	17,340
PFC-3-1-10 (Perfluorobutane)	355–25–9	C ₄ F ₁₀	^a 8,860
Perfluorocyclobutane	115-25-3	C-C ₄ F ₈	^a 10,300
PFC-4-1-12 (Perfluoropentane)	678–26–2	C ₅ F ₁₂	³ 9,160
PFC-5-1-14 (Perfluorohexane)	355–42–0	C ₆ F ₁₄	ª 9,300
PFC-9-1-18	306–94–5	C ₁₀ F ₁₈	7,500
HCFE-235da2 (Isoflurane)	26675–46–7	CHF ₂ OCHCICF ₃	350
HFE-43-10pccc (H-Galden 1040x)	E1730133	CHF ₂ OCF ₂ OC ₂ F ₄ OCHF ₂	1,870
HFE-125	3822-68-2	CHF ₂ OCF ₃	14,900
HFE-134	1691–17–4	CHF ₂ OCHF ₂	6,320
HFE-143a	421–14–7	CH ₃ OCF ₃	756
HFE–227ea	2356–62–9	CF ₃ CHFOCF ₃	1,540
HFE-236ca12 (HG-10)	78522–47–1	CHF ₂ OCF ₂ OCHF ₂	2,800
HFE-236ea2 (Desflurane)	57041–67–5	CHF ₂ OCHFCF ₃	989
HFE-236fa	20193-67-3	CF ₃ CH ₂ OCF ₃	487
HFE-245cb2	22410-44-2	CH ₃ OCF ₂ CF ₃	708
HFE-245fa1	84011–15–4	CHF ₂ CH ₂ OCF ₃	286
HFE-245fa2	1885–48–9	CHF ₂ OCH ₂ CF ₃	659
HFE-254cb2	425–88–7	CH ₃ OCF ₂ CHF ₂	359
HFE-263fb2	460–43–5	CF₃CH₂OCH₃	11
HFE-329mcc2	67490–36–2	CF ₃ CF ₂ OCF ₂ CHF ₂	919
HFE-338mcf2	156053-88-2	CF ₃ CF ₂ OCH ₂ CF ₃	552
HFE-338pcc13 (HG-01)	188690-78-0	CHF ₂ OCF ₂ CF ₂ OCHF ₂	1,500
HFE-347mcc3	28523-86-6	CH ₃ OCF ₂ CF ₂ CF ₃	575
HFE-347mcf2	E1730135	CF ₃ CF ₂ OCH ₂ CHF ₂	374
HFE-347pcf2	406–78–0	CHF ₂ CF ₂ OCH ₂ CF ₃	580
HFE-356mec3	382-34-3	CH₃OCF₂CHFCF₃	101
HFE-356pcc3	160620–20–2	CH ₃ OCF ₂ CF ₂ CHF ₂	110
HFE-356pcf2	E1730137	CHF ₂ CH ₂ OCF ₂ CHF ₂	265
HFE-356pcf3	35042-99-0	CHF ₂ OCH ₂ CF ₂ CHF ₂	502

Name	CAS No.	Chemical formula	Global warming potential (100 yr.)
HFE-365mcf3	378–16–5	CF ₃ CF ₂ CH ₂ OCH ₃	11
HFE-374pc2	512–51–6	CH ₃ CH ₂ OCF ₂ CHF ₂	557
HFE-449sl (HFE-7100) Chemical blend	163702–07–6 163702–08–7	C ₄ F ₉ OCH ₃ (CF ₃) ₂ CFCF ₂ OCH ₃	297
HFE–569sf2 (HFE–7200) Chemical blend	163702-05-4 163702-06-5	$C_4F_9OC_2H_5$ (CF_3) ₂ $CFCF_2OC_2H_5$	59
Sevoflurane	28523-86-6	CH ₂ FOCH(CF ₃) ₂	345
HFE-356mm1	13171–18–1	(CF ₃)₂CHOCH ₃	27
HFE-338mmz1	26103-08-2	CHF ₂ OCH(CF ₃) ₂	380
(Octafluorotetramethy- lene)hydroxymethyl group	NA	X-(CF ₂) ₄ CH(OH)-X	73
HFE-347mmy1	22052-84-2	CH ₃ OCF(CF ₃) ₂	343
Bis(trifluoromethyl)-methanol	920–66–1	(CF ₃) ₂ CHOH	195
2,2,3,3,3-pentafluoropropanol	422-05-9	CF ₃ CF ₂ CH ₂ OH	42
PFPMIE	NA	CF ₃ OCF(CF ₃)CF ₂ OCF ₂ O CF ₃	10,300

^a The GWP for this compound is different than the GWP in the version of Table A-1 to subpart A of part 98 published on October 30, 2009.

Table C−1 to Subpart C of Part 98—Default CO₂ Emission Factors and High Heat Values for Various Types of Fuel

Table C–1 to Subpart C—Default CO₂ Emission Factors and High Heat Values for Various Types of Fuel

Fuel type	Default high heat value	Default CO ₂ emission factor
Coal and coke	mmBtu/short ton	kg CO ₂ /mmBtu
Anthracite	25.09	103.69
Bituminous	24.93	93.28
Subbituminous	17.25	97.17
Lignite	14.21	97.72
Coal Coke	24.80	113.67
Mixed (Commercial sector)	21.39	94.27
Mixed (Industrial coking)	26.28	93.90
Mixed (Industrial sector)	22.35	94.67
Mixed (Electric Power sector)	19.73	95.52
Natural gas	mmBtu/scf	kg CO₂/mmBtu
(Weighted U.S. Average)	1.026×10^{-3}	53.06
Petroleum products	mmBtu/gallon	kg CO₂/mmBtu
Distillate Fuel Oil No. 1	0.139	73.25
Distillate Fuel Oil No. 2	0.138	73.96
Distillate Fuel Oil No. 4	0.146	75.04
Residual Fuel Oil No. 5	0.140	72.93
Residual Fuel Oil No. 6	0.150	75.10
Used Oil	0.138	74.00
Kerosene	0.135	75.20
Liquefied petroleum gases (LPG) ¹	0.092	61.71
Propane ¹	0.091	62.87
Propylene ²	0.091	67.77
Ethane ¹	0.068	59.60
Ethanol	0.084	68.44
Ethylene ²	0.058	65.96
Isobutane ¹	0.099	64.94
Isobutylene ¹	0.103	68.86
Butane ¹	0.103	64.77
Butylene ¹	0.105	68.72
Naphtha (<401 deg F)	0.125	68.02
Natural Gasoline	0.110	66.83

Fuel type	Default high heat value	Default CO ₂ emission factor
Other Oil (>401 deg F)	0.139	76.22
Pentanes Plus	0.110	70.02
Petrochemical Feedstocks	0.125	71.02
Petroleum Coke	0.143	102.41
Special Naphtha	0.125	72.34
Unfinished Oils	0.139	74.54
Heavy Gas Oils	0.148	74.92
Lubricants	0.144	74.27
Motor Gasoline	0.125	70.22
Aviation Gasoline	0.120	69.25
Kerosene-Type Jet Fuel	0.135	72.22
Asphalt and Road Oil	0.158	75.36
Crude Oil	0.138	74.54
Other fuels-solid	mmBtu/short ton	kg CO₂/mmBtu
Municipal Solid Waste	9.95 ³	90.7
Tires	28.00	85.97
Plastics	38.00	75.00
Petroleum Coke	30.00	102.41
Other fuels—gaseous	mmBtu/scf	kg CO₂/mmBtu
Blast Furnace Gas	0.092×10^{-3}	274.32
Coke Oven Gas	0.599×10^{-3}	46.85
Propane Gas	2.516×10^{-3}	61.46
Fuel Gas ⁴	1.388×10^{-3}	59.00
Biomass fuels—solid	mmBtu/short ton	kg CO₂/mmBtu
Wood and Wood Residuals (dry basis)5	17.48	93.80
Agricultural Byproducts	8.25	118.17
Peat	8.00	111.84
Solid Byproducts	10.39	105.51
Biomass fuels—gaseous	mmBtu/scf	kg CO₂/mmBtu
Landfill Gas	0.485×10^{-3}	52.07
Other Biomass Gases	0.655 × 10 ⁻³	52.07
Biomass Fuels—Liquid	mmBtu/gallon	kg CO₂/mmBtu
Ethanol	0.084	68.44
Biodiesel (100%)	0.128	73.84
Rendered Animal Fat	0.125	71.06
Vegetable Oil	0.120	81.55

 $HHV_w = ((100 - M)/100)*HHV_d$

where

 $HHV_w = wet basis HHV$,

M = moisture content (percent) and

 $HHV_d = dry basis HHV from Table C-1.$

[74 FR 56374, Oct. 30, 2009, as amended at 75 FR 79153, Dec. 17, 2010; 78 FR 71950, Nov. 29, 2013]

¹ The HHV for components of LPG determined at 60 °F and saturation pressure with the exception of ethylene.

² Ethylene HHV determined at 41 °F (5 °C) and saturation pressure.

³ Use of this default HHV is allowed only for: (a) Units that combust MSW, do not generate steam, and are allowed to use Tier 1; (b) units that derive no more than 10 percent of their annual heat input from MSW and/or tires; and (c) small batch incinerators that combust no more than 1,000 tons of MSW per year.

⁴ Reporters subject to subpart X of this part that are complying with § 98.243(d) or subpart Y of this part may only use the default HHV and the default CO2 emission factor for fuel gas combustion under the conditions prescribed in § 98.243(d)(2)(i) and (d)(2)(ii) and § 98.252(a)(1) and (a)(2), respectively.

Otherwise, reporters subject to subpart X or subpart Y shall use either Tier 3 (Equation C-5) or Tier 4.

⁵ Use the following formula to calculate a wet basis HHV for use in Equation C-1:

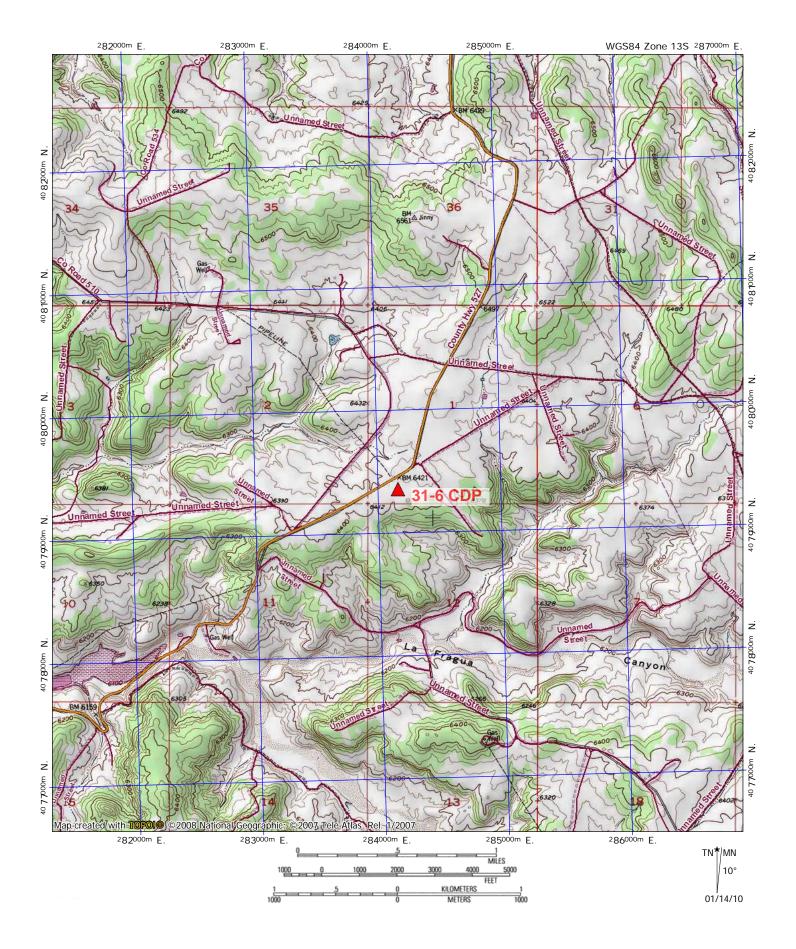
Map(s)

A map such as a 7.5 minute topographic quadrangle showing the exact location of the source. The map shall also include the following:

The UTM or Longitudinal coordinate system on both axes	An indicator showing which direction is north
A minimum radius around the plant of 0.8km (0.5 miles)	Access and haul roads
Topographic features of the area	Facility property boundaries
The name of the map	The area which will be restricted to public access
A graphical scale	

Please see the following page(s).

Saved Date: 4/7/2021



Proof of Public Notice

(for NSR applications submitting under 20.2.72 or 20.2.74 NMAC) (This proof is required by: 20.2.72.203.A.14 NMAC "Documentary Proof of applicant's public notice")

	This document provides detailed instructions about public notice requirements for various permitting actions. It also provides public notice examples and certification forms. Material mistakes in the public notice will require a re-notice before issuance of the permit. Unless otherwise allowed elsewhere in this document, the following items document proof of the applicant's Public Notification. Please include this page in your proof of public notice submittal with checkmarks indicating which documents are being submitted with the application.								
	Ne	w Permit and Significant Permit Revision public notices must include all items in this list.							
	Te	chnical Revision public notices require only items 1, 5, 9, and 10.							
	Per 1	he Guidelines for Public Notification document mentioned above, include:							
1.		A copy of the certified letter receipts with post marks (20.2.72.203.B NMAC)							
2.		A list of the places where the public notice has been posted in at least four publicly accessible and conspicuous places, including the proposed or existing facility entrance. (e.g. post office, library, grocery, etc.)							
3.		A copy of the property tax record (20.2.72.203.B NMAC).							
4.		A sample of the letters sent to the owners of record.							
5.		A sample of the letters sent to counties, municipalities, and Indian tribes.							
6.		A sample of the public notice posted and a verification of the local postings.							
7.		A table of the noticed citizens, counties, municipalities and tribes and to whom the notices were sent in each group.							
8.		A copy of the public service announcement (PSA) sent to a local radio station and documentary proof of submittal.							
9.		A copy of the <u>classified or legal</u> ad including the page header (date and newspaper title) or its affidavit of publication stating the ad date, and a copy of the ad. When appropriate, this ad shall be printed in both English and Spanish.							
0.		A copy of the <u>display</u> ad including the page header (date and newspaper title) or its affidavit of publication stating the ad date, and a copy of the ad. When appropriate, this ad shall be printed in both English and Spanish.							
1.		A map with a graphic scale showing the facility boundary and the surrounding area in which owners of record were notified by mail. This is necessary for verification that the correct facility boundary was used in determining distance for notifying land owners of record.							

Not applicable for Title V applications.

Written Description of the Routine Operations of the Facility

A written description of the routine operations of the facility. Include a description of how each piece of equipment will be operated, how controls will be used, and the fate of both the products and waste generated. For modifications and/or revisions, explain how the changes will affect the existing process. In a separate paragraph describe the major process bottlenecks that limit production. The purpose of this description is to provide sufficient information about plant operations for the permit writer to determine appropriate emission sources.

The 31-6 Compressor Station compresses and dehydrates pipeline quality natural gas for pipeline transmission using natural gas-fired reciprocating engines.

Natural gas is received from independent producers and is metered as it enters the facility. The natural gas stream typically contains produced water, which is separated from the gas stream via an inlet separator. The natural gas is then compressed for pipeline transmission using compressors driven by up to 16 natural gas-fired reciprocating internal combustion engines. The gas stream is then routed to up to seven triethylene glycol (TEG) dehydrators which further dehydrate the gas stream. The TEG solution comes into contact with the natural gas and removes the water and some hydrocarbons. The rich TEG solution is regenerated by boiling off the water and hydrocarbons and reclaiming the glycol. The resulting produced water is stored in above ground storage tanks and is periodically transported offsite by truck.

Other emission sources at the facility include storage tanks, fugitive emissions from process piping (valves, flanges, seals, etc.), truck loading, and compressor blowdown emissions during startup, shutdown and routine maintenance operations.

The facility is authorized to operate continuously, 24 hours per day, seven days per week, 52 weeks per year, 8,760 hours per year.

Form-Section 10 last revised: 8/15/2011

Section 10, Page 1

Saved Date: 4/7/2021

Source Determination

Source submitting under 20.2.70, 20.2.72, 20.2.73, and 20.2.74 NMAC

Sources applying for a construction permit, PSD permit, or operating permit shall evaluate surrounding and/or associated sources (including those sources directly connected to this source for business reasons) and complete this section. Responses to the following questions shall be consistent with the Air Quality Bureau's permitting guidance, <u>Single Source Determination Guidance</u>, which may be found on the Applications Page in the Permitting Section of the Air Quality Bureau website.

Typically, buildings, structures, installations, or facilities that have the same SIC code, that are under common ownership or control, and that are contiguous or adjacent constitute a single stationary source for 20.2.70, 20.2.72, 20.2.73, and 20.2.74 NMAC applicability purposes. Submission of your analysis of these factors in support of the responses below is optional, unless requested by NMED.

A. Identify the emission sources evaluated in this section (list and describe):

31-6 Central Delivery Point (CDP)

B. Apply the 3 criteria for determining a single source:

grouping (2-digit SIC code	e) as this facilit	sources belong to the same 2-digit industrial by, <u>OR</u> surrounding or associated sources that oport facilities for this source.
	X Yes	□ No
Common Ownership or Cownership or control as this		nding or associated sources are under common
	X Yes	□ No
Contiguous or Adjacent: with this source.	Surrounding or	associated sources are contiguous or adjacent
	X Yes	□ No

C. Make a determination:

- The source, as described in this application, constitutes the entire source for 20.2.70, 20.2.72, 20.2.73, or 20.2.74 NMAC applicability purposes. If in "A" above you evaluated only the source that is the subject of this application, all "YES" boxes should be checked. If in "A" above you evaluated other sources as well, you must check AT LEAST ONE of the boxes "NO" to conclude that the source, as described in the application, is the entire source for 20.2.70, 20.2.72, 20.2.73, and 20.2.74 NMAC applicability purposes.
- ☐ The source, as described in this application, <u>does not</u> constitute the entire source for 20.2.70, 20.2.72, 20.2.73, or 20.2.74 NMAC applicability purposes (A permit may be issued for a portion of a source). The entire source consists of the following facilities or emissions sources (list and describe):

Saved Date: 4/7/2021

Section 12.A PSD Applicability Determination for All Sources

(Submitting under 20.2.72, 20.2.74 NMAC)

Not applicable for Title V applications.

Form-Section 12 last revised: 5/29/2019

Section 12, Page 1

Harvest Four Corners LLC 31-6 CDP Apr. 2021; Rev.0

Section 13

Determination of State & Federal Air Quality Regulations

This section lists each state and federal air quality regulation that may apply to your facility and/or equipment that are stationary sources of regulated air pollutants.

Not all state and federal air quality regulations are included in this list. Go to the Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) or to the Air Quality Bureau's regulation page to see the full set of air quality regulations.

Required Information for Specific Equipment:

For regulations that apply to specific source types, in the 'Justification' column **provide any information needed to determine if the regulation does or does not apply**. **For example**, to determine if emissions standards at 40 CFR 60, Subpart IIII apply to your three identical stationary engines, we need to know the construction date as defined in that regulation; the manufacturer date; the date of reconstruction or modification, if any; if they are or are not fire pump engines; if they are or are not emergency engines as defined in that regulation; their site ratings; and the cylinder displacement.

Required Information for Regulations that Apply to the Entire Facility:

See instructions in the 'Justification' column for the information that is needed to determine if an 'Entire Facility' type of regulation applies (e.g. 20.2.70 or 20.2.73 NMAC).

Regulatory Citations for Regulations That Do Not, but Could Apply:

If there is a state or federal air quality regulation that does not apply, but you have a piece of equipment in a source category for which a regulation has been promulgated, you must **provide the low level regulatory citation showing why your piece of equipment is not subject to or exempt from the regulation.** For example if you have a stationary internal combustion engine that is not subject to 40 CFR 63, Subpart ZZZZ because it is an existing 2 stroke lean burn stationary RICE with a site rating of more than 500 brake HP located at a major source of HAP emissions, your citation would be 40 CFR 63.6590(b)(3)(i). We don't want a discussion of every non-applicable regulation, but if it is possible a regulation could apply, explain why it does not. For example, if your facility is a power plant, you do not need to include a citation to show that 40 CFR 60, Subpart OOO does not apply to your non-existent rock crusher.

Regulatory Citations for Emission Standards:

For each unit that is subject to an emission standard in a source specific regulation, such as 40 CFR 60, Subpart OOO or 40 CFR 63, Subpart HH, include the low level regulatory citation of that emission standard. Emission standards can be numerical emission limits, work practice standards, or other requirements such as maintenance. Here are examples: a glycol dehydrator is subject to the general standards at 63.764C(1)(i) through (iii); an engine is subject to 63.6601, Tables 2a and 2b; a crusher is subject to 60.672(b), Table 3 and all transfer points are subject to 60.672(e)(1)

Federally Enforceable Conditions:

All federal regulations are federally enforceable. All Air Quality Bureau State regulations are federally enforceable except for the following: affirmative defense portions at 20.2.7.6.B, 20.2.7.110(B)(15), 20.2.7.11 through 20.2.7.113, 20.2.7.115, and 20.2.7.116; 20.2.37; 20.2.42; 20.2.43; 20.2.62; 20.2.63; 20.2.86; 20.2.89; and 20.2.90 NMAC. Federally enforceable means that EPA can enforce the regulation as well as the Air Quality Bureau and federally enforceable regulations can count toward determining a facility's potential to emit (PTE) for the Title V, PSD, and nonattainment permit regulations.

INCLUDE ANY OTHER INFORMATION NEEDED TO COMPLETE AN APPLICABILITY DETERMINATION OR THAT IS RELEVENT TO YOUR FACILITY'S NOTICE OF INTENT OR PERMIT.

EPA Applicability Determination Index for 40 CFR 60, 61, 63, etc: http://cfpub.epa.gov/adi/

Form-Section 13 last revised: 5/29/2019 Section 13, Page 1 Saved Date: 4/7/2021

Federal Regulations

Federal standards and requirements are embodied in Title 40 (Protection of the Environment), Subchapter C (Air Programs) of the CFR, Parts 50 through 99. The applicability of those parts of the CFR that are consistent with the limited list of standards and requirements defined as applicable requirements are identified in the following pages.

FEDERAL REGULATIONS APPLICABILITY CHECKLIST

FEDERAL REGU- LATION	Title	Applies? Enter Yes or No	Unit(s) or Facility	JUSTIFICATION:
40 CFR 50	National Ambient Air Quality Standards (NAAQS)	Yes	Facility	The requirement to comply with the National Ambient Air Quality Standards applies to all sources operating within the State of New Mexico, including the station.
40 CFR 52	Approval and Promulgation of Implementation Plans	Yes	Facility	40 CFR 52.21, Prevention of Significant Deterioration of Air Quality applies to the facility, as it is a Prevention of Significant Deterioration (PSD) major source. (The remainder of the subpart addresses approval of local, state and/or tribal agency Implementation Plans for administering the Prevention of Deterioration (PSD) program.)
NSPS 40 CFR 60, Subpart A	General Provisions	No		Applies if any other NSPS subpart applies. No other NSPS subpart applies, and the regulation is not applicable.
NSPS 40 CFR60, Subpart Da	Performance Standards for Electric Utility Steam Generating Units	No		The subpart applies to each electric utility steam generating unit that is capable of combusting more than 73 megawatts (MW) (250 million British thermal units per hour (MMBtu/hr)) heat input of fossil fuel (either alone or in combination with any other fuel); and that commences construction, modification, or reconstruction after September 18, 1978. The facility is not an affected facility as defined under the regulation; therefore, the subpart does not apply.
NSPS 40 CFR 60, Subpart Db	Standards of Performance for Industrial- Commercial- Institutional Steam Generating Units	No		The subpart applies to each steam generating unit that commences construction, modification, or reconstruction after June 19, 1984, and that has a heat input capacity from fuels combusted in the steam generating unit of greater than 29 MW (100 million Btu/hour). The facility is not an affected facility as defined in the regulation; therefore, the subpart does not apply.
NSPS 40 CFR 60, Subpart Dc	Standards of Performance for Small Industrial- Commercial- Institutional Steam Generating Units	No		The subpart applies to each steam generating unit that commences construction, modification, or reconstruction after June 9, 1989, and that has a maximum design heat input capacity of 29 megawatts (MW) (100 million British thermal units per hour (MMBtu/hr)) or less, but greater than or equal to 2.9 MW (10 MMBtu/hr). The facility does not have any affected sources under the regulation; therefore, the subpart does not apply.

Form-Section 13 last revised: 5/29/2019

FEDERAL REGU- LATION	Title	Applies? Enter Yes or No	Unit(s) or Facility	JUSTIFICATION:
NSPS 40 CFR 60, Subpart Ka	Standards of Performance for Storage Vessels for Petroleum Liquids	No		The affected facility to which this subpart applies are storage tanks with capacity greater than 151,416 liters (40,000 gallons) that are used to store petroleum liquids for which construction is commenced after May 18, 1978.
Subpart Ka	for which Construction, Reconstruction, or Modification Commenced After May 18, 1978, and Prior to July 23, 1984			The facility does not have equipment defined as an affected facility as defined in the regulation; therefore, the subpart does not apply.
NSPS 40 CFR 60, Subpart Kb	Standards of Performance for Volatile Organic Liquid Storage	No		The affected facility to which this subpart applies is any storage vessel with a capacity greater than or equal to 75 cubic meters (m³) used to store volatile organic liquids (VOL) for which construction, reconstruction, or modification is commenced after July 23, 1984.
	Vessels (Including Petroleum Liquid Storage Vessels) for Which Construction, Reconstruction, or Modification Commenced After July 23, 1984			All of the storage tanks at the facility are below 75 m ³ capacity. Therefore, the regulation does not apply.
NSPS 40 CFR 60	Standards of Performance for Stationary Gas	No		Affected facilities under the subpart are stationary gas turbines with a heat input at peak load equal to or greater than 10.7 gigajoules (10 MMBtu) per hour and for which construction commenced after October 3, 1977
Subpart GG	Turbines			There are no turbines at the facility and the subpart is not applicable.
NSPS 40 CFR 60, Subpart KKK	Standards of Performance for Leaks of VOC from Onshore Gas Plants	No		An affected facility under the subpart is an onshore gas plant that commences construction, reconstruction, or modification after January 20, 1984, and includes the group of all equipment (each pump, pressure relief device, openended valve or line, valve, compressor, and flange or other connector that is in VOC service or in wet gas service, and any device or system required by this subpart) except compressors (defined in § 60.631) within a process unit. A compressor station, dehydration unit, sweetening unit, underground storage tank, field gas gathering system, or liquefied natural gas unit is covered by this subpart if it is located at an onshore natural gas processing plant. If the unit is not located at the plant site, then it is exempt from the provisions of the subpart.
				The facility is not an onshore gas plant and the subpart does not apply.
NSPS 40 CFR 60, Subpart	Standards of Performance for Onshore Natural Gas Processing:	No		An affected facility is each sweetening unit, and each sweetening unit followed by a sulfur recovery unit, for which construction or modification commenced after January 20, 1984 at a natural gas processing plant.
LLL	SO ₂ Emissions			The facility is not a natural gas processing plant and does not include any affected units as defined by the subpart; therefore the subpart does not apply.
NSPS 40 CFR 60,	Standards of Performance for Stationary Spark	No		Under § 60.4230, the requirements of the subpart apply to spark-ignition (SI), reciprocating internal combustion engines (RICE) constructed, modified or reconstructed after June 12, 2006.
Subpart JJJJ	Ignition Internal Combustion Engines			RICE units 1, 3, 5, 7, 8, 10-12, 15, 16, and 33 were each constructed prior to the June 12, 2006 regulatory applicability date of subpart JJJJ. Therefore, the regulation is not applicable to these RICE. The engines have not undergone either "modification" or "reconstruction" under NSPS.

FEDERAL REGU- LATION	Title	Applies? Enter Yes or No	Unit(s) or Facility	JUSTIFICATION:
				Engine units 4, 6, 9, 13 and 14 RICE are not installed. The applicability of subpart JJJJ to the RICE will be evaluated if and when any of the unit 4, 6, 9, 13 and/or 14 RICE are installed.
NSPS 40 CFR 60, Subpart KKKK	Standards of Performance for Stationary Combustion Turbines	No		This subpart establishes emission standards and compliance schedules for the control of emissions from stationary combustion turbines that commenced construction, modification or reconstruction after February 18, 2005. There are no stationary gas turbines at the facility. Therefore, the subpart does not apply.
NSPS 40 CFR 60, Subpart OOOO	Standards of Performance for Crude Oil and Natural Gas Production, Transmission and Distribution for which Construction, Modification or Reconstruction Commenced After August 23, 2011, and on or before September 18, 2015	No		Subpart OOOO establishes natural gas production, processing, transmission and distribution emission and equipment standards, including well completions; single continuous bleed, natural gas driven pneumatic controllers operating at bleed rates greater than 6 scfh and located between a wellhead and point of custody transfer; equipment leaks and sweetening units at natural gas processing plants; reciprocating compressors; centrifugal compressors; and storage vessels at well sites. The regulation includes provisions for initial and continuous compliance demonstrations, and recordkeeping and reporting requirements. As it applies to the natural gas production segment, "affected sources" include the following sources constructed, modified or reconstructed after August 23, 2011 and before September 18, 2015: - Each affected single natural gas well, as described in the regulation; - Each reciprocating compressor, unless it is located at a well site or adjacent well site; - Each single continuous bleed, natural gas driven pneumatic controller operating at a bleed rate of greater than 6 scfh and located between a wellhead and point of custody transfer; - Each single storage vessel affected facility with VOC emissions of six (6) tpy or greater. The equipment at the facility were constructed prior to the applicability date; therefore, the regulation is not applicable to the existing equipment.
NSPS 40 CFR 60, Subpart OOOOa	Standards of Performance for Crude Oil and Natural Gas Facilities for which Construction, Modification or Reconstruction Commenced After September 18, 2015	No		Subpart OOOOa establishes emission standards and compliance schedules for the control of GHG methane emission limits as well as emission standards and compliance schedules for the control of VOC and SO2 emissions from crude oil and natural gas facilities that commence construction, modification, or reconstruction after September 18, 2015. As it applies to equipment at a compressor station in the natural gas production segment, "affected sources" include the following emission sources constructed, modified or reconstructed after September 18, 2015 (§60.5365a): - Each single reciprocating compressor (§60.5365a(c)); - Each pneumatic controller that is a single continuous bleed natural gasdriven pneumatic controller operating at a natural gas bleed rate greater than 6 scfh (§60.5365a(d)(1)); - Each single storage vessel with the potential for VOC emissions equal to or greater than 6 tpy (§60.5365a(e)); and - The collection of fugitive emissions components at a compressor station, as defined in §60.5430a (§60.5365a(j)). The reciprocating compressors, pneumatic controllers, and collection of fugitive emissions components equipment at the facility, were each constructed prior to the applicability date or do not otherwise trigger the applicability of the regulation. Should a new affected source be installed at the facility, the applicability of the subpart to that source shall be evaluated upon installation. Harvest will comply with the applicable requirements in the subpart for any future devices installed.

FEDERAL REGU- LATION	Title	Applies? Enter Yes or No	Unit(s) or Facility	JUSTIFICATION:
NESHAP 40 CFR 61,	General Provisions	No		40 CFR 61National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants (NESHAP) provides standards for equipment that emits hazardous air pollutants by specific source types.
Subpart A				Subpart A, General Provisions, applies if any other 40 CFR 61 NESHAP subpart applies. Subpart A is not applicable because there are no stationary sources at this facility for which a standard is prescribed under this part.
NESHAP 40 CFR 61, Subpart V	National Emission Standard for Equipment Leaks (Fugitive Emission Sources)	No		40 CFR 61, subpart V provides equipment standards, and monitoring, recordkeeping and reporting standards for specified equipment in VHAP service, including fugitive emissions from pumps, compressors, pressure relief devices, sampling connection systems, open-ended valves or lines, valves, connectors, surge control vessels, bottoms receivers, and required control devices or systems.
				Subpart V is not applicable because none of the potentially affected sources are in VHAP service.
MACT 40 CFR 63, Subpart A	General Provisions	Yes	Dehydrator units 17a- 22a & 31a	Applies if any other 40 CFR 63 (NESHAP/MACT) subpart applies. Subpart HH applies, as discussed below.
MACT	National Emission Standard for	No		The subpart includes standards for minimizing asbestos emissions from several operations, including demolition and renovation activities.
40 CFR 63, Subpart M	Asbestos			No existing or planned operation or activity at this facility triggers the applicability of this requirement. Therefore, the regulation does not apply.
MACT 40 CFR 63,	Standards for	Yes	Dehydrator units 17a- 22a & 31a	Under § 63.760, the subpart applies to owners and operators of affected sources located at oil and natural gas production facilities, including facilities that are major and area sources of hazardous air pollutants (HAP).
Subpart HH	Pollutants From Oil and Natural Gas Production Facilities			Under the definitions provided in §63.761, the 31-6 CDP facility is a natural gas production field facility. As such, the definition of "major source" in §63.762 provides that only HAP emissions from glycol dehydration units and storage vessels are aggregated for a major source determination. The aggregated HAP emissions from the facility dehydrators and storage vessels are below the major HAP source thresholds; therefore, the facility is an area source of HAP under Subpart HH.
				The TEG dehydrators are located in an area that is not within an UA plus offset and UC boundary (as defined in §63.761).
				Under §63.764(e)(1)(ii), the owner or operator of an affected area source [TEG dehydrator] with <i>actual</i> average benzene emissions from the process vent to the atmosphere of less than 0.90 megagrams per year (~1 tpy) is exempt from the operational, recordkeeping and notification requirements in §63.764(d), provided that documentation of the exemption determination is maintained as required in §63.774(d)(1).
MACT 40 CFR 63 Subpart HHH	National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants From Natural Gas	No		§63.1270, applies to owners and operators of natural gas transmission and storage facilities that transport or store natural gas prior to entering the pipeline to a local distribution company or to a final end user (if there is no local distribution company), and that are major sources of hazardous air pollutants (HAP) emissions as defined in §63.1271.
	Transmission and Storage Facilities			A production segment natural gas compressor station is not in the natural gas transmission and storage source category covered by the subpart. Therefore, the regulation does not apply.

FEDERAL REGU- LATION	Title	Applies? Enter Yes or No	Unit(s) or Facility	JUSTIFICATION:
MACT 40 CFR 63 Subpart YYYY	National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants From Stationary Combustion Turbines	No		Under §63.6080, subpart YYYY establishes emission and operating limitations for stationary combustion turbines located at a major source of HAP emissions. Under § 63.6175, "Major source, as used in this subpart, has the same meaning as in §63.2, except that (3) For production field facilities, only HAP emissions from glycol dehydration units, storage vessel with the potential for flash emissions, combustion turbines and reciprocating internal combustion engines shall be aggregated for a major source determination " The facility is not a major source of HAP as defined by the regulation.
MACT 40 CFR 63, Subpart ZZZZ	National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants for Stationary Reciprocating Internal Combustion Engines	No		Therefore, the subpart does not apply. 40 CFR 63, Subpart ZZZZ establishes national emission limitations and operating limitations for hazardous air pollutants (HAP) emitted from existing, new, modified and reconstructed stationary reciprocating internal combustion engines (RICE) located at major and area sources of HAP. The regulation contains provisions for initial and continuous compliance demonstration. As defined at §63.6585(c), the station is an major source of HAP. Under §63.6590(a)(1)(i), a stationary RICE greater than 500 horsepower (hp) located at an major source of HAP is considered an "existing" unit if construction or reconstruction commenced before December 19, 2002. ("Construction" does not include the reinstallation of an existing engine at another location.) Each of the engines that have been installed at the facility is an "existing" engine under the regulation. The 4-stroke, lean burn (4SLB) RICE units 1, 3, 5, 7, 8, 10-12, 15, 16, and 33 each have a site rating of more than 500 hp and were constructed prior to December 19, 2002. Under §63.6590(b)(3)(ii), existing 4SLB stationary RICE with site rating of more than 500 hp, located at a major source of HAP do not have to meet the requirements of the subpart and of subpart A, including initial notification requirements. Therefore, the subpart is not applicable to engine units 1, 3, 5, 7, 8, 10-12, 15, 16, and 33. Engine units 4, 6, 9, 13 and 14 RICE are not installed. The applicability of the subpart to the RICE will be evaluated if and when if and when any of the unit 4, 6, 9, 13 and/or 14 RICE are installed.
MACT 40 CFR 63 Subpart DDDDD	National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants for Industrial, Commercial, and Institutional Boilers and Process Heaters	No		40 CFR 63, Subpart DDDDD establishes emission limits and work practice standards for industrial, commercial, or institutional boiler or process heaters, as defined in § 63.7575, that are located at or are part of a major source of HAP, as defined under § 63.2 or § 63.761 (40 CFR 63, subpart HH), except as specified under § 63.7491. As defined under the regulation, the facility is an area source of HAP. Further, under § 63.7506(c)(3), existing small gaseous fuel boilers and process heaters are not subject to any requirements under the subpart or of subpart A, including notification provisions. Therefore, the regulation is not applicable.
MACT 40 CFR 63 Subpart JJJJJJ	National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants for Industrial, Commercial, and Institutional Boilers Area Sources	No		40 CFR 63, Subpart JJJJJJ establishes emission limits, work practice standards, emission reduction measures, and management practices for new, reconstructed, or existing affected sources that are industrial, commercial, or institutional boilers within a subcategory listed in §63.11200 and defined in §63.11237, and that are located at an area source of HAP. The facility does not have industrial, commercial or institutional boilers of one of the listed subcategories. Also, under § 63.11195(e), the regulation does not apply to gas-fired units. Therefore, the regulation does not apply.

FEDERAL REGU- LATION	Title	Applies? Enter Yes or No	Unit(s) or Facility	JUSTIFICATION:
40 CFR 64	Compliance Assurance Monitoring	No		40 CFR 64, Compliance Assurance Monitoring (CAM) monitoring requirements are applicable to sources that are located at a at a major source, that are required to obtain a part 70 or 71 permit, and with uncontrolled criteria pollutant emission rates equal to or exceeding the major source threshold (100 tons per year), that use a control device to achieve compliance with an emission limit or standard, and which the resulting controlled emissions are less than the major source threshold. Passive control devices such as lean-burn technology are not considered a control device as defined in 40 CFR 64 definitions and as clarified in discussions with EPA. There are no emission units at the facility with uncontrolled emissions that are a major source, including the replacement engine units 5, 11 and 16 Therefore, the regulation is not applicable under §64.2(a).
40 CFR 68	Chemical Accident Prevention Provisions	No		40 CFR 68, <i>Chemical Accident Prevention Provisions</i> , is not applicable because the facility does not store any of the identified toxic and flammable substances in quantities exceeding the applicability thresholds.
40 CFR 70	State Operating Permit Programs	No		40 CFR 70, State Operating Permit Programs, is not applicable: The regulation provides for the establishment of comprehensive State air quality permitting programs consistent with the requirements of title V of the Clean Air Act (Act). New Mexico Environment Department (NMED) was delegated authority by the EPA to administer the State operating permit program through regulations adopted into the State Implementation Plant (SIP) and 20.2.70 NMAC. Although Harvest is subject to the Operating Permit Program for facilities within NMED jurisdiction as implemented by the State, there are no specific requirements of the regulation that are applicable directly to applicants. Therefore, the regulation does not apply.
40 CFR 71	Federal Operating Permit Programs	No		40 CFR 71, Federal Operating Permit Programs sets forth requirements and the corresponding standards and procedures by which the EPA Administrator issues operating permits in the absence of an approved State operating permit program. The NMED has received delegated authority by the EPA to administer Title V permits under the State operating permit program approved under 40 CFR Part 70. There are no specific requirements applicable directly to applicants with facilities in NMED jurisdiction. Therefore, 40 CFR 71 does not apply.
40 CFR 72	Permits Regulation	No		40 CFR 72, <i>Permits Regulation</i> , is not applicable because the facility does not operate a source subject to Title IV of the Clean Air Act (CAA).
40 CFR 73	Sulfur Dioxide Allowance System	No		40 CFR 73, <i>Sulfur Dioxide Allowance System</i> , is not applicable to the facility because it does not operate a source subject to Title IV of the Clean Air Act (CAA).
40 CFR 75	Continuous Emission Monitoring	No		40 CFR 75, Continuous Emission Monitoring, is not applicable to the facility because it does not operate a source subject to Title IV of the Clean Air Act (CAA) and does not measure emissions with Continuous Emission Monitoring Systems (CEMS).
40 CFR 76	Acid Rain Nitrogen Dioxide Emission Reduction Program	No		40 CFR 76, <i>Acid Rain Nitrogen Dioxide Emission Reduction Program</i> , is not applicable to the facility because it does not operate a source subject to Title IV of the Clean Air Act (CAA).
40 CFR 77	Excess Emissions	No		40 CFR 77, <i>Excess Emissions</i> , is not applicable to the facility because it does not operate a source subject to Title IV of the Clean Air Act (CAA).

FEDERAL REGU- LATION	Title	Applies? Enter Yes or No	Unit(s) or Facility	JUSTIFICATION:
40 CFR 78	Appeal Procedures for Acid Rain Program	No		40 CFR 78, <i>Appeal Procedures for Acid Rain Program</i> , is not applicable to the facility because it does not operate a source subject to Title IV of the Clean Air Act (CAA).
40 CFR 82	Protection of Stratospheric Ozone	No		The purpose of 40 CFR 82, <i>Protection of Stratospheric Ozone</i> is to implement the <i>Montreal Protocol on Substances that Deplete the Ozone Layer</i> . Under §82.1(b), the subpart applies to anyone that produces, transforms, destroys, imports or exports a controlled substance or imports or exports a controlled product.
				The facility does not carry out any of the listed activities, nor does it maintain or service motor vehicle air conditioning units or refrigeration equipment. The facility does not sell, distribute, or offer for sale or distribution any product that contains ozone-depleting substances. Therefore, the subpart does not have direct applicability to the facility.
40 CFR 98	Mandatory Greenhouse Gas Reporting	Yes	Facility	40 CFR 98, <i>Mandatory Greenhouse Gas Reporting</i> , is a federal requirement that is applicable to facilities that include source categories listed in Subpart A, Table A-3, or to facilities with annual emissions of 25,000 metric tons of CO ₂ equivalent (CO ₂ e) or more in combined emissions from stationary fuel combustion units, miscellaneous uses of carbonate, and all applicable source categories listed in Table A–3 and Table A–4 of Subpart A.
				The regulation is applicable to the facility as its actual annual CO ₂ e emissions are above the major source threshold as defined in Subpart A, <i>General Provision</i> , Subpart C, <i>General Stationary Fuel Combustion Sources</i> , and, as applicable, Subpart W, <i>Petroleum Oil and Natural Gas Systems</i> . The GHG emissions inventory is reported annually.
CAA Section 112(r)	Chemical Accident Prevention Provisions	No		CAA Section 112(r), <i>Chemical Accident Prevention Provisions</i> . The station does not store designated toxic and flammable chemicals in quantities exceeding the applicable thresholds.

State Regulations

Applicable state requirements are embodied in the New Mexico SIP, the New Mexico Administrative Code (NMAC), and the terms and conditions of any preconstruction permits issued pursuant to regulations promulgated through rulemaking under Title I of the CAA. A summary of the applicability of the NMACs is presented on the following pages.

STATE REGULATIONS APPLICABILITY CHECKLIST

STATE REGU- LATIONS CITATION	Title	Applies? Enter Yes or No	Unit(s) or Facility	JUSTIFICATION:
20.2.1 NMAC	General Provisions	Yes	Facility	20.2.1 NMAC, <i>General Provisions</i> , establishes procedures for protecting confidential information, procedures for seeking a variance, NMAQB's authority to require sampling equipment, severability, the effective date for conformance with the NMACs, and prohibits the violation of other requirements in attempting to comply with NMACs. Although this regulation may apply to the facility, it does not impose any specific requirements.

STATE REGU-	Title	Applies? Enter Yes	Unit(s) or Facility	JUSTIFICATION:
LATIONS CITATION	Title	or No	racinty	JUSTIFICATION.
20.2.2 NMAC	Definitions *	No		20.2.2 NMAC, <i>Definitions</i> , establishes definitions used throughout the remaining regulations.
				Although this regulation may apply to the facility, it does not impose any specific requirements on the operation of the facility as described in the permit. Therefore, the regulation is considered not applicable.
20.2.3 NMAC	Ambient Air Quality Standards	Yes	Facility	20.2.3 NMAC, Ambient Air Quality Standards, is a SIP approved regulation that limits the maximum allowable concentration of total suspended particulates (TSP), sulfur compounds, carbon monoxide (CO) and nitrogen dioxide (NO ₂) in the areas of New Mexico under the jurisdiction of the Environmental Improvement Board. Under subsection 20.2.3.9, the requirements of the part are not considered applicable requirements under 20.2.70 NMAC (i.e., federally enforceable requirements), as defined by that part. However, the regulation applies to sources required to obtain a permit under 20.2.72 NMAC, and it does not limit which terms and conditions of permits issued pursuant to 20.2.72 NMAC are applicable requirements for permits issued pursuant to 20.2.70 NMAC.
20.2.5 NMAC	Source Surveillance	No		20.2.5 NMAC, <i>Source Surveillance</i> , establishes the NMAQB's authority to require recordkeeping/ surveillance upon request.
				Although this regulation may apply to the facility, it does not impose any specific requirements on the operation of the facility as described in the permit. Therefore, the regulation is considered not applicable.
20.2.7 NMAC	Excess Emissions	Yes	Facility	20.2.7 NMAC, <i>Excess Emissions</i> , is applicable because it prohibits excess emissions and proscribes notification procedures in the event of excess emissions.
20.2.8 NMAC	Emissions Leaving New Mexico	No		20.2.8 NMAC, <i>Emissions Leaving New Mexico</i> , establishes prohibitions on the release of pollutants that cross New Mexico State boundaries.
				Although this regulation may apply to the facility, it does not impose any specific requirements on the operation of the facility as described in the permit. Therefore, the regulation is considered not applicable.
20.2.33 NMAC	Gas Burning Equipment - Nitrogen Dioxide	No		20.2.33 NMAC, Gas Burning Equipment - Nitrogen Dioxide, does not apply to the station because the compressor station does not include new or existing gas burning equipment (external combustion emission sources, such as gas fired boilers and heaters) having a heat input of greater than 1,000,000 million British Thermal Units per year per unit.
20.2.34 NMAC	Oil Burning Equipment: NO ₂	No		20.2.34 NMAC, <i>Oil Burning Equipment: NO</i> ₂ , does not apply to the station because the compressor station does not have oil burning equipment.
20.2.35 NMAC	Natural Gas Processing Plant – Sulfur	No		20.2.35 NMAC, <i>Natural Gas Processing Plant – Sulfur</i> , applies to new natural gas processing plants for which a modification commenced on or after July 1, 1974. The regulation is not applicable to the station because the facility is not a natural gas processing plant.

STATE		A	TI94()	
REGU- LATIONS CITATION	Title	Applies? Enter Yes or No	Unit(s) or Facility	JUSTIFICATION:
20.2.38 NMAC	Hydrocarbon Storage	No		20.2.38 NMAC, <i>Hydrocarbon Storage Facilities</i> , is not applicable because the facility does not store hydrocarbons containing hydrogen sulfide; does not have a hydrocarbon liquid throughput of 50,000 barrels or greater located within a municipality or within five miles of a municipality with population of 20,000 or more; nor is there a new hydrocarbon tank battery with storage capacity of 65,000 gallons or greater.
20.2.61.109 NMAC	Smoke & Visible Emissions	Yes	RICE units 1, 3-16 & 33; and dehydrator reboiler units 17b- 22b & 31b	20.2.61 NMAC, <i>Smoke and Visible Emissions</i> , limits visible emissions from stationary combustion equipment to less than 20 percent opacity. The facility compressor engines and reboilers are subject to the regulation as they are each a stationary combustion source.
20.2.70 NMAC	Operating Permits	Yes	Facility	20.2.70 NMAC, <i>Operating Permits</i> , contains permitting requirements for major sources of criteria and hazardous air pollutants subject to Part 70 (Title V) permitting requirements. The facility PTE for NO _X , CO, VOC and HAP exceeds the Title V major source permitting thresholds. Therefore, the regulation is applicable. The facility is currently permitted under Title V Operating Permit No. P027-R4 .
20.2.71 NMAC	Operating Permit Fees	Yes	Facility	20.2.71 NMAC, <i>Operating Permit Emission Fees</i> , specifies fees for emissions from facilities subject to Part 70 (Title V) permitting requirements under 20.2.70 NMAC. The regulation is applicable as the facility is subject to permitting
20.2.72 NMAC	Construction Permits	Yes	Facility	requirements under 20.2.70 NMAC. 20.2.72 NMAC, <i>Construction Permits</i> , requires a construction [NSR] permit for stationary source with emissions greater than 10 pounds per hour or 25 tons per year of criteria pollutants. The station emissions exceed the permit requirement thresholds; therefore, the station is required to apply for and obtain an NSR permit. The construction (NSR) permit issued under 20.2.72 for this facility is permit No. PSD 1031-M9-R10 .
20.2.73 NMAC	NOI & Emissions Inventory Requirements	Yes	Facility	20.2.73 NMAC requires that owners/operators intending to construct a new stationary source that has a potential emission rate (uncontrolled emissions) greater than 10 tons per year of any regulated air contaminant, or 1 ton per year of lead, must file a notice of intent (NOI) with the department. The station emits regulated air pollutants in amounts greater than 10
				tons per year. Therefore, the facility is subject to the regulation. The requirement to file an NOI with the Department is fulfilled with the application for a construction permit under 20.2.72 NMAC.
20.2.74 NMAC	Permits – PSD	Yes	Facility	20.2.74 NMAC, Permits, Prevention of Significant Deterioration (PSD), provides requirements for sources subject to permit requirements for PSD facilities. The facility CO emissions exceed the PSD permit threshold levels. Therefore, the regulation is applicable.
				The facility Waukesha 7042GL compressor engines underwent a Best Available Control Technology (BACT) analysis (NSR permit 1031-M4). BACT for the Waukesha 7042GL engines was determined to be "Lean Burn" technology. All of the Waukesha 7042GL compressor engines comply with the established BACT.

STATE REGU- LATIONS CITATION	Title	Applies? Enter Yes or No	Unit(s) or Facility	JUSTIFICATION:
20.2.75 NMAC	Construction Permit Fees	Yes	Facility	20.2.75 NMAC, <i>Construction Permit Fees</i> , establishes the fee schedule associated with the filing of permits and permit revisions.
				The regulation is applicable to the facility for construction permit applications submitted under 20.2.72 NMAC.
20.2.77 NMAC	New Source Performance Standards	No		20.2.77 NMAC, <i>New Source Performance Standards</i> , incorporates by reference specific Standards of Performance for New Stationary Sources (NSPS) codified under 40 CFR 60, as amended through January 15, 2017.
				The regulation is not applicable as none of the facility equipment are subject to any NSPS subpart.
20.2.78 NMAC	Emission Standards for HAPS	No		20.2.78 NMAC, <i>Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants</i> , incorporates by reference specific National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants (NESHAPs) codified under 40 CFR 61, as amended through January 15, 2017.
				The regulation is not applicable as none of the facility emission units are subject to any NESHAP under 40 CFR 61.
20.2.79 NMAC	Permits – Nonattainment Areas	No		20.2.79 NMAC, <i>Permits - Nonattainment Areas</i> , is not applicable to the compressor station because the it is not located within a non-attainment area.
20.2.80 NMAC	Stack Heights	No		20.2.80 NMAC, <i>Stack Heights</i> , establishes guidelines for the selection of an appropriate stack height for the purposes of atmospheric dispersion modeling.
				Air quality dispersion modeling is not required for this Title V Operating Permit renewal application submitted under 20.2.70 NMAC.
20.2.82 NMAC	MACT Standards for source categories of HAPS	Yes	Dehydrator units 17a- 22a & 31a	20.2.82 NMAC, Maximum Achievable Control Technology Standards for Source Categories of Hazardous Air Pollutants, incorporates by reference specified federal Maximum Available Control Technology (MACT) Standards codified in 40 CFR 63, as amended through January 15, 2017.
				TEG dehydrator units 17a, 18a, 19a, 20a, 21a, 22a and 31a are each subject to 40 CFR 63, subpart HH.
				Currently installed engine units 1, 3, 5, 7, 8, 10-12, 15, 16, and 33 are not subject to any 40 CFR 63 NESHAP/MACT subpart. The applicability of 40 CFR 63 to engine unit 4, 6, 9, 13 and/or 14 will be evaluated upon their installation.
20.2.84 NMAC	Acid Rain Permits	No		20.2.84 NMAC, <i>Acid Rain Permits</i> , is not applicable to the station because the compressor station does not operate an affected unit under the regulation.

Operational Plan to Mitigate Emissions

(Submitting under 20.2.70, 20.2.72, 20.2.74 NMAC)

- Title V Sources (20.2.70 NMAC): By checking this box and certifying this application the permittee certifies that it has developed an Operational Plan to Mitigate Emissions During Startups, Shutdowns, and Emergencies defining the measures to be taken to mitigate source emissions during startups, shutdowns, and emergencies as required by 20.2.70.300.D.5(f) and (g) NMAC. This plan shall be kept on site to be made available to the Department upon request. This plan should not be submitted with this application.
- NSR (20.2.72 NMAC), PSD (20.2.74 NMAC) & Nonattainment (20.2.79 NMAC) Sources: By checking this box and certifying this application the permittee certifies that it has developed an Operational Plan to Mitigate Source Emissions During Malfunction, Startup, or Shutdown defining the measures to be taken to mitigate source emissions during malfunction, startup, or shutdown as required by 20.2.72.203.A.5 NMAC. This plan shall be kept on site to be made available to the Department upon request. This plan should not be submitted with this application.
- Title V (20.2.70 NMAC), NSR (20.2.72 NMAC), PSD (20.2.74 NMAC) & Nonattainment (20.2.79 NMAC) Sources: By checking this box and certifying this application the permittee certifies that it has established and implemented a Plan to Minimize Emissions During Routine or Predictable Startup, Shutdown, and Scheduled Maintenance through work practice standards and good air pollution control practices as required by 20.2.7.14.A and B NMAC. This plan shall be kept on site or at the nearest field office to be made available to the Department upon request. This plan should not be submitted with this application.

Alternative Operating Scenarios

(Submitting under 20.2.70, 20.2.72, 20.2.74 NMAC)

Alternative Operating Scenarios: Provide all information required by the department to define alternative operating scenarios. This includes process, material and product changes; facility emissions information; air pollution control equipment requirements; any applicable requirements; monitoring, recordkeeping, and reporting requirements; and compliance certification requirements. Please ensure applicable Tables in this application are clearly marked to show alternative operating scenario.

Construction Scenarios: When a permit is modified authorizing new construction to an existing facility, NMED includes a condition to clearly address which permit condition(s) (from the previous permit and the new permit) govern during the interval between the date of issuance of the modification permit and the completion of construction of the modification(s). There are many possible variables that need to be addressed such as: Is simultaneous operation of the old and new units permitted and, if so for example, for how long and under what restraints? In general, these types of requirements will be addressed in Section A100 of the permit, but additional requirements may be added elsewhere. Look in A100 of our NSR and/or TV permit template for sample language dealing with these requirements. Find these permit templates at: https://www.env.nm.gov/aqb/permit/aqb-pol.html. Compliance with standards must be maintained during construction, which should not usually be a problem unless simultaneous operation of old and new equipment is requested.

In this section, under the bolded title "Construction Scenarios", specify any information necessary to write these conditions, such as: conservative-realistic estimated time for completion of construction of the various units, whether simultaneous operation of old and new units is being requested (and, if so, modeled), whether the old units will be removed or decommissioned, any PSD ramifications, any temporary limits requested during phased construction, whether any increase in emissions is being requested as SSM emissions or will instead be handled as a separate Construction Scenario (with corresponding emission limits and conditions, etc.

Not applicable.

Air Dispersion Modeling

- 1) Minor Source Construction (20.2.72 NMAC) and Prevention of Significant Deterioration (PSD) (20.2.74 NMAC) ambient impact analysis (modeling): Provide an ambient impact analysis as required at 20.2.72.203.A(4) and/or 20.2.74.303 NMAC and as outlined in the Air Quality Bureau's Dispersion Modeling Guidelines found on the Planning Section's modeling website. If air dispersion modeling has been waived for one or more pollutants, attach the AQB Modeling Section modeling waiver approval documentation.
- 2) SSM Modeling: Applicants must conduct dispersion modeling for the total short term emissions during routine or predictable startup, shutdown, or maintenance (SSM) using realistic worst case scenarios following guidance from the Air Quality Bureau's dispersion modeling section. Refer to "Guidance for Submittal of Startup, Shutdown, Maintenance Emissions in Permit Applications (http://www.env.nm.gov/aqb/permit/app form.html) for more detailed instructions on SSM emissions modeling requirements.
- 3) Title V (20.2.70 NMAC) ambient impact analysis: Title V applications must specify the construction permit and/or Title V Permit number(s) for which air quality dispersion modeling was last approved. Facilities that have only a Title V permit, such as landfills and air curtain incinerators, are subject to the same modeling required for preconstruction permits required by 20.2.72 and 20.2.74 NMAC.

What is the purpose of this application?	Enter an X for each purpose that applies
New PSD major source or PSD major modification (20.2.74 NMAC). See #1 above.	
New Minor Source or significant permit revision under 20.2.72 NMAC (20.2.72.219.D NMAC).	
See #1 above. Note: Neither modeling nor a modeling waiver is required for VOC emissions.	
Reporting existing pollutants that were not previously reported.	
Reporting existing pollutants where the ambient impact is being addressed for the first time.	
Title V application (new, renewal, significant, or minor modification. 20.2.70 NMAC). See #3	X
above.	
Relocation (20.2.72.202.B.4 or 72.202.D.3.c NMAC)	
Minor Source Technical Permit Revision 20.2.72.219.B.1.d.vi NMAC for like-kind unit	
replacements.	
Other: i.e. SSM modeling. See #2 above.	
This application does not require modeling since this is a No Permit Required (NPR) application.	
This application does not require modeling since this is a Notice of Intent (NOI) application	
(20.2.73 NMAC).	
This application does not require modeling according to 20.2.70.7.E(11), 20.2.72.203.A(4),	X
20.2.74.303, 20.2.79.109.D NMAC and in accordance with the Air Quality Bureau's Modeling	
Guidelines.	

Check each box that applies:

See attached	, approved	modeling	waiver	for all	pollutants	from the	facil	ity.
	_		_	_		_		

- ☐ See attached, approved modeling **waiver for some** pollutants from the facility.
- ☐ Attached in Universal Application Form 4 (UA4) is a **modeling report for all** pollutants from the facility.
- ☐ Attached in UA4 is a **modeling report for some** pollutants from the facility.
- No modeling is required.

An ambient air quality impact analysis including dispersion modeling was previously submitted in the permit application for NSR permit 0338-M7. The dispersion modeling demonstrated compliance with the National Ambient Air Quality Standards and applicable PSD increments. Dispersion modeling was not required for permits 0338-M8 or –M9.

Compliance Test History

(Submitting under 20.2.70, 20.2.72, 20.2.74 NMAC)

To show compliance with existing NSR permits conditions, you must submit a compliance test history. The table below provides an example.

Compliance Test History Table

Unit No.	Test Description	Test Date
1	Compliance test for NO _X and CO, in accordance with Operating Permit P027-R4, Condition A201.A.	June 18, 2020
3	Compliance test for NO _X and CO, in accordance with Operating Permit P027-R4, Condition A201.A &.C.	Jan. 12, 2021
5	Compliance test for NO _X and CO, in accordance with Operating Permit P027-R4, Condition A201.A &.C.	Jan. 12, 2021
7	Compliance test for NO _X and CO, in accordance with Operating Permit P027	June 17, 2020
8	Compliance test for NO _X and CO, in accordance with Operating Permit P027	Dec. 20, 2011
10	Compliance test for NO _X and CO, in accordance with Operating Permit P027-R4, Condition A201.A &.C.	Jan. 13, 2021
11	Compliance test for NO _X and CO, in accordance with Operating Permit P027-R4, Condition A201.A &.C.	Jan. 13, 2021
12	Compliance test for NO _X and CO, in accordance with Operating Permit P027-R4, Condition A201.A &.C.	Feb. 18, 2021
15	Compliance test for NO _X and CO, in accordance with Operating Permit P027-R4, Condition A201.A &.C.	Jan. 14, 2021
16	Compliance test for NO _X and CO, in accordance with Operating Permit P023-R3, Condition A201.A	July 1, 2020
33	Compliance test for NO _X and CO, in accordance with Operating Permit P027-R4, Condition A201.A.	June 19, 2020

Addendum for Streamline Applications

Do not print this section unless this is a streamline application.

Streamline Applications do not require a complete application. Submit Sections 1-A, 1-B, 1-D, 1-F, 1-G, 2-A, 2-C thru L, Sections 3 thru 8, Section 13, Section 18, Section 22, and Section 23 (Certification). Other sections may be required at the discretion of the Department. 20.2.72.202 NMAC Exemptions do not apply to Streamline sources. 20.2.72.219 NMAC revisions and modifications do not apply to Streamline sources, thus 20.2.72.219 type actions require a complete new application submittal. Please do not print sections of a streamline application that are not required.

Not applicable.

Requirements for Title V Program

Do not print this section unless this is a Title V application.

Who Must Use this Attachment:

- * Any major source as defined in 20.2.70 NMAC.
- * Any source, including an area source, subject to a standard or other requirement promulgated under Section 111 Standards of Performance for New Stationary Sources, or Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants, of the 1990 federal Clean Air Act ("federal Act"). Non-major sources subject to Sections 111 or 112 of the federal Act are exempt from the obligation to obtain an 20.2.70 NMAC operating permit until such time that the EPA Administrator completes rulemakings that require such sources to obtain operating permits. In addition, sources that would be required to obtain an operating permit solely because they are subject to regulations or requirements under Section 112(r) of the federal Act are exempt from the requirement to obtain an Operating Permit.
- * Any Acid Rain source as defined under title IV of the federal Act. The Acid Rain program has additional forms. See http://www.env.nm.gov/aqb/index.html. Sources that are subject to both the Title V and Acid Rain regulations are encouraged to submit both applications simultaneously.
- * Any source in a source category designated by the EPA Administrator ("Administrator"), in whole or in part, by regulation, after notice and comment.

19.1 - 40 CFR 64, Compliance Assurance Monitoring (CAM) (20.2.70.300.D.10.e NMAC)

Any source subject to 40CFR, Part 64 (Compliance Assurance Monitoring) must submit all the information required by section 64.7 with the operating permit application. The applicant must prepare a separate section of the application package for this purpose; if the information is already listed elsewhere in the application package, make reference to that location. Facilities not subject to Part 64 are invited to submit periodic monitoring protocols with the application to help the AQB to comply with 20.2.70 NMAC. Sources subject to 40 CFR Part 64, must submit a statement indicating your source's compliance status with any enhanced monitoring and compliance certification requirements of the federal Act.

The 31-6 CDP is not subject to 40 CFR, Part 64, Compliance Assurance Monitoring (CAM); consequently, a monitoring protocol is not required with this application.

19.2 - Compliance Status (20.2.70.300.D.10.a & 10.b NMAC)

Describe the facility's compliance status with each applicable requirement at the time this permit application is submitted. This statement should include descriptions of or references to all methods used for determining compliance. This statement should include descriptions of monitoring, recordkeeping and reporting requirements and test methods used to determine compliance with all applicable requirements. Refer to Section 2, Tables 2-N and 2-O of the Application Form as necessary. (20.2.70.300.D.11 NMAC) For facilities with existing Title V permits, refer to most recent Compliance Certification for existing requirements. Address new requirements such as CAM, here, including steps being taken to achieve compliance.

The 31-6 CDP is in compliance with all applicable requirements affecting the facility. A copy of Part 1 (Permit Requirements Certification Table) of the 2021 Annual Compliance Certification (ACC) is provided in Section 20, Other Relevant Information. It identifies the requirements of the current Title V operating permit and the methods and data used to determine compliance with that permit. It is assumed that compliance with the Title V operating permit ensures compliance with the construction permit and New Mexico regulations.

Form-Section 19 last revised: 8/15/2011 Section 19, Page 1 Saved Date: 4/7/2021

19.3 - Continued Compliance (20.2.70.300.D.10.c NMAC)

Provide a statement that your facility will continue to be in compliance with requirements for which it is in compliance at the time of permit application. This statement must also include a commitment to comply with other applicable requirements as they come into effect during the permit term. This compliance must occur in a timely manner or be consistent with such schedule expressly required by the applicable requirement.

The 31-6 CDP will continue to be in compliance with applicable requirements for which it is in compliance at the time of this permit application. In addition, the station will, in a timely manner or consistent with such schedule expressly required by the applicable requirement, comply with other applicable requirements as they come into effect during the permit term.

19.4 - Schedule for Submission of Compliance (20.2.70.300.D.10.d NMAC)

You must provide a proposed schedule for submission to the department of compliance certifications during the permit term. This certification must be submitted annually unless the applicable requirement or the department specifies a more frequent period. A sample form for these certifications will be attached to the permit.

The submittal of compliance certifications during the five-year term of the operating permit will occur annually.

19.5 - Stratospheric Ozone and Climate Protection

In addition to completing the four (4) questions below, you must submit a statement indicating your source's compliance status with requirements of Title VI, Section 608 (National Recycling and Emissions Reduction Program) and Section 609 (Servicing of Motor Vehicle Air Conditioners).

- 1. Does your facility have any air conditioners or refrigeration equipment that uses CFCs, HCFCs or other ozone-depleting substances?

 Yes

 No
- Does any air conditioner(s) or any piece(s) of refrigeration equipment contain a refrigeration charge greater than 50 lbs?
 Yes
 No

(If the answer is yes, describe the type of equipment and how many units are at the facility.)

- 3. Do your facility personnel maintain, service, repair, or dispose of any motor vehicle air conditioners (MVACs) or appliances ("appliance" and "MVAC" as defined at 82. 152)? Yes No
- 4. Cite and describe which Title VI requirements are applicable to your facility (i.e. 40 CFR Part 82, Subpart A through G.)

The facility does not produce, manufacture, transform, destroy, import, or export any stratospheric ozone-depleting substances (CFCs, HCFCs); does not maintain or service motor vehicle air conditioning units or refrigeration equipment; and does not sell, distribute, or offer for sale any product that may contain stratospheric ozone-depleting substances.

Form-Section 19 last revised: 8/15/2011 Section 19, Page 2 Saved Date: 4/7/2021

Harvest shall continue to maintain compliance with the conditions stipulated in 40 CFR 82, Subparts A-G of the Stratospheric Ozone Protection Program (Title VI of the Clean Air Act Amendments).

19.6 - Compliance Plan and Schedule

Applications for sources, which are not in compliance with all applicable requirements at the time the permit application is submitted to the department, must include a proposed compliance plan as part of the permit application package. This plan shall include the information requested below:

A. Description of Compliance Status: (20.2.70.300.D.11.a NMAC)

A narrative description of your facility's compliance status with respect to all applicable requirements (as defined in 20.2.70 NMAC) at the time this permit application is submitted to the department.

B. Compliance plan: (20.2.70.300.D.11.B NMAC)

A narrative description of the means by which your facility will achieve compliance with applicable requirements with which it is not in compliance at the time you submit your permit application package.

C. Compliance schedule: (20.2.70.300D.11.c NMAC)

A schedule of remedial measures that you plan to take, including an enforceable sequence of actions with milestones, which will lead to compliance with all applicable requirements for your source. This schedule of compliance must be at least as stringent as that contained in any consent decree or administrative order to which your source is subject. The obligations of any consent decree or administrative order are not in any way diminished by the schedule of compliance.

D. Schedule of Certified Progress Reports: (20.2.70.300.D.11.d NMAC)

A proposed schedule for submission to the department of certified progress reports must also be included in the compliance schedule. The proposed schedule must call for these reports to be submitted at least every six (6) months.

E. Acid Rain Sources: (20.2.70.300.D.11.e NMAC)

If your source is an acid rain source as defined by EPA, the following applies to you. For the portion of your acid rain source subject to the acid rain provisions of title IV of the federal Act, the compliance plan must also include any additional requirements under the acid rain provisions of title IV of the federal Act. Some requirements of title IV regarding the schedule and methods the source will use to achieve compliance with the acid rain emissions limitations may supersede the requirements of title V and 20.2.70 NMAC. You will need to consult with the Air Quality Bureau permitting staff concerning how to properly meet this requirement.

NOTE: The Acid Rain program has additional forms. See http://www.env.nm.gov/aqb/index.html. Sources that are subject to both the Title V and Acid Rain regulations are **encouraged** to submit both applications **simultaneously**.

The 31-6 CDP is in compliance with all applicable requirements; consequently, a compliance plan, a compliance schedule, and a schedule of certified progress reports is not required.

The 31-6 CDP is not equipped with any acid rain sources; consequently, compliance with the acid rain provisions is not required as a part of this permit application.

19.7 - 112(r) Risk Management Plan (RMP)

Any major sources subject to section 112(r) of the Clean Air Act must list all substances that cause the source to be subject to section 112(r) in the application. The permittee must state when the RMP was submitted to and approved by EPA.

Management Plan is not required.

The 31-6 CDP is not subject to 40 CFR 68, Chemical Accident Prevention Provisions; consequently, a Risk

19.8 - Distance to Other States, Bernalillo, Indian Tribes and Pueblos

Will the property on which the facility is proposed to be constructed or operated be closer than 80 km (50 miles) from other states, local pollution control programs, and Indian tribes and pueblos (20.2.70.402.A.2 and 20.2.70.7.B NMAC)?

(If the answer is yes, state which apply and provide the distances.)

Yes, the property on which the station is constructed and operated on is closer than 80 km (50 miles) from other states, local pollution control programs and Indian tribes and pueblos as described below:

Neighboring States, Class I Areas, and Indian Lands

	Approximate Distance to Facility (kilometers)
Neighboring States	
Colorado	18.2
Indian Lands	
Southern Ute Tribe	18.2
Jicarilla Apache Tribe	19.9
Navajo Nation	34.1
Ute Mountain Ute Tribe	74.1

19.9 - Responsible Official

The responsible official for the 31-6 CDP is Travis Jones, EH&S Manager.

Other Relevant Information

<u>Other relevant information</u>. Use this attachment to clarify any part in the application that you think needs explaining. Reference the section, table, column, and/or field. Include any additional text, tables, calculations or clarifying information.

Additionally, the applicant may propose specific permit language for AQB consideration. In the case of a revision to an existing permit, the applicant should provide the old language and the new language in track changes format to highlight the proposed changes. If proposing language for a new facility or language for a new unit, submit the proposed operating condition(s), along with the associated monitoring, recordkeeping, and reporting conditions. In either case, please limit the proposed language to the affected portion of the permit.

As discussed in Section 19.2, this section contains the Part 1 (Permit Requirements Certification Table) of the 2020 Annual Compliance Certification (ACC).

Form-Section 20 last revised: 8/15/2011 Section 20, Page 1 Saved Date: 4/7/2021

Title V Annual Compliance Certification for Permits P027-R4 & P027-R4M1

Title (TV) Permit Administration Amendment

On December 19, 2018 NMED AQB issued an Administrative Amendment to Operating Permit P027-R4.

The Administrative Amendment **P027-R4M1** corrected the following:

1. The Department clarifies the information on page 1 of the permit as follows:

a. Permittee is changed to Harvest Four Corners LLC

1755 Arroyo Dr

Bloomfield, NM 87413

b. Facility Owner is Harvest Four Corners LLC

1755 Arroyo Dr

Bloomfield, NM 87413

For this Administrative Amendment (P027-R4M1), the facility can use one Annual Compliance Certification (ACC) Form which will cover both TV Permits.

Although the facility is only required to submit one ACC Form, the facility shall submit **two (2)** separate TV Report Certification Forms. Each form shall list the corresponding TV Permit number, TV Permit Issue Date and Reporting Period.

Please note that this is a one-time authorization. Submittal forms for future Administrative Revisions will be evaluated on a case by case basis.

This form can also be used for future submittals that cover only the P027-R4M1 permit.

Part 1 - Permit Requirements Certification Table

Annual Compliance Certification Data for Title V Permit No. P027-R4 & P027-R4M1

1. Permit Condition # and Permit Condition:	2. Method(s) or other information or other facts used to determine the compliance status:	3. What is the frequency of data collection used to determine compliance?	4. Was this facility in compliance with this requirement during the reporting period?	5. Were there any deviations associated with this requirement during the reporting period?
A. The term of this permit is five (5) years. It will expire five years from the date of issuance. Application for renewal of this permit is due twelve (12) months prior to the date of expiration. (20.2.70.300.B.2 and 302.B NMAC)	An application to renew P027-R4 that is submitted at least 12 months prior to the June 20, 2022 expiration of this permit will demonstrate compliance with this condition.	☐ Continuous ☑ Intermittent	⊠ Yes □ No	☐ Yes ⊠ No
B. If a timely and complete application for a permit renewal is submitted, consistent with 20.2.70.300 NMAC, but the Department has failed to issue or disapprove the renewal permit before the end of the term of the previous permit, then the permit shall not expire and all the terms and conditions of the permit shall remain in effect until the renewal permit has been issued or disapproved. (20.2.70.400.D NMAC)	An application to renew P027-R4 that is submitted at least 12 months prior to the June 20, 2022 expiration of this permit will demonstrate compliance with this condition.	☐ Continuous ☑ Intermittent	∑ Yes ☐ No	☐ Yes ⊠ No
A102 Facility: Description B. This facility is located approximately 30.4 miles east of Aztec, New Mexico in Rio Arriba County (20.2.70.302.A(7) NMAC).	Semi-annual reports and this ACC are used to determine that the source continues to comply with this condition.	☐ Continuous ☐ Intermittent	⊠ Yes □ No	☐ Yes ☑ No

1. Permit Condition # and Permit Condition:	2. Method(s) or other information or other facts used to determine the compliance status:	3. What is the frequency of data collection used to determine compliance?	4. Was this facility in compliance with this requirement during the reporting period?	5. Were there any deviations associated with this requirement during the reporting period?
A. The permittee shall comply with all applicable sections of the requirements listed in Table 103.A	Semi-annual reports and the annual emissions inventory are used to demonstrate compliance with the identified applicable requirements of Table 103-A.	☐ Continuous ☑ Intermittent	⊠ Yes □ No	☐ Yes ⊠ No

Table 103.A: Applicable Requirements

Applicable Requirements	Federally Enforceable	Unit No.
NSR Permit: 1031-M9, -M9R1, -M9R2, -M9R3, -M9R4, -M9R5, and -M9R6 (Per 20.2.72 NMAC)	X	Entire Facility
20.2.1 NMAC General Provisions	X	Entire Facility
20.2.7 NMAC Excess Emissions	X	Entire Facility
20.2.61 NMAC Smoke and Visible Emissions	X	1, 3-16, 33, 17b-22b, 31b
20.2.70 NMAC Operating Permits	X	Entire Facility
20.2.71 NMAC Operating Permit Emission Fees	X	Entire Facility
20.2.72 NMAC Construction Permit	X	Entire Facility
20.2.73 NMAC Notice of Intent and Emissions Inventory Requirements	X	Entire Facility
20.2.74 NMAC Prevention of Significant Deterioration	X	Entire Facility
20.2.77 NMAC New Source Performance	X	Potentially Engine Unit 13
20.2.82 NMAC MACT Standards for Source Categories of HAPS	X	Dehydrator Units 17a-22a, & 31a & Potentially Engine Unit 13

Permit Condition # and Permit Condition:	2. Method(s) or other information or other facts used to determine the compliance status:		3. What is the frequency of data collection used to determine compliance?	compliance with this	5. Were there any deviations associated with this requirement during the reporting period?	
40 CFR 50 National Ambient Air Quality Standards		X	Entire Facility			
40 CFR 60, Subpart A, General Provisions		X	Potentially Engine Unit 13			
40 CFR 60, Subpart JJJJ		X	Potentially Engine Unit 13			
40 CFR 63, Subpart A, General Provisions		X	Dehydrator Units 17a22a 3 Potentially Engine Unit 13	31a &		
40 CFR 63, Subpart HH		X	Dehydrator Units 17a-22a	& 31a		
40 CFR 63, Subpart ZZZZ		X	Potentially Engine Unit 13			
A103 Facility: Applicable Regulations				☐ Continuous	⊠ Yes	☐ Yes
C. Compliance with the terms and conditions of this permit regarding source emissions and operation demonstrate compliance with national ambient air quality standards specified at 40 CFR 50, which were applicable at the time air dispersion modeling was performed for NOx for the facility's NSR Permit 1031-M4 and for CO for the facility's NSR Permit 1031-M7.	are used		e annual emissions inventory ompliance with the terms and	☑ Intermittent	□ No	⊠ No
equipment authorized for this facility. Emission units that were identified as insignificant or trivial activities (as defined in 20.2.70.7 NMAC)		with the Manage) procedures, are	e annual emissions inventory, ement of Change Request used to determine that no has been added or operated d.	☐ Continuous ☑ Intermittent	⊠ Yes □ No	☐ Yes ☑ No

Permit Condition # and Permit Condition:	2. Method(s) or other information or other facts used to determine the compliance status:	frequency of data	4. Was this facility in compliance with this requirement during the reporting period?	deviations associated
		compliance?	reporting period:	period?

Table 104.A: Regulated Sources List

Unit No.	Source Description	Make Model	Serial No.	Skid Package No.	Maximum Capacity/Permitted Capacity	Manufacture Date	Installation or Construction Date
1	4SLB RICE	Waukesha 7042GL	C- 10999/2A	77051	1478 hp/ 1371 hp	9/27/1993	5/11/2017
3	4SLB RICE	Waukesha 7042GL	C-12572/1	804334	1478 hp/ 1371 hp	3/31/98	11/4/2015
4	4SLB RICE	Waukesha 7042GL	319838	804388	1478 hp/ 1371 hp	7/01/1978	2/2/1994
5	4SLB RICE	Waukesha 7042GL	C-10371/1	804368	1478 hp/ 1371 hp	8/4/1991	12/30/1993
6	4SLB RICE	Waukesha 7042GL	C-11192/2	76489	1478 hp/ 1371 hp	5/1/1994	7/20/1995
7	4SLB RICE	Waukesha 7042GL	403191	804389	1478 hp/ 1371 hp	3/5/1991	7/21/2016
8	4SLB RICE	Waukesha 7042GL	C-12677/2	X00002	1478 hp/ 1371 hp	3/3/1991	11/10/2004
9	4SLB RICE	Waukesha 7042GL	261376	76352	1478 hp/ 1371 hp	2/01/1974	10/10/1995
10	4SLB RICE	Waukesha 7042GL	403312	77583	1478 hp/ 1371 hp	5/3/1991	7/18/2005
11	4SLB RICE	Waukesha 7042GL	C-11100/6	76490	1478 hp/ 1371 hp	3/28/1994	7/19/1995
12	4SLB RICE	Waukesha 7042GL	C-10607/3	77582	1478 hp/ 1371 hp	6/30/1992	11/9/2004

Permit Condition # and Permit Condition:				2. Method(s) or other information or other facts used to determine the compliance status:			3. What is the frequency of data collection used to determine compliance? 4. Was this fare compliance we requirement due to reporting period to the compliance?			5. Were there any deviations associated with this requirement during the reporting period?		
13	4SLB RICE	Waukesha 7042GL	TBD	TBD	1478 hp/ 1371 hp		TBI	TBD		TBD		TBD
14	4SLB RICE	Waukesha 7042GL	C-11661/1	804369	1478 hp/ 1371 hp		4/05/1	995		12/6/2013		
15	4SLB RICE	Waukesha 7042GL	401158	77052	1478 hp/ 1371 hp		9/22/1	980		5/24/2016		
16	4SLB RICE	Waukesha 7042GL	C-11060/2	76798	1478 hp/ 1371 hp		12/21/1	1993		8/18/2005		
33	4SLB RICE	Waukesha 7042GL	C- 10607/13	804367	1478 hp/ 1371 hp		7/20/1992		7/20/1992			4/5/2017
17a	Glycol Dehy Still Vent/Flash Tank	Enertek J2P12M74 9	41997	N/A	Inlet Capacity: 12 MMs Lean Glycol Recirc Pur Capacity: 3.5 gal/mir	mp	1/1/1992		1/1/1992			1/1/1992
17b	Glycol Dehy Reboiler Burner	Enertek J2P12M74 9	41997	N/A	Heater Capacity: 0.38 MMBtu/hr	36	1/1/19	992		1/1/1992		
18a	Glycol Dehy Still Vent/Flash Tank	Enertek J2P12M74 9	41733	N/A	Inlet Capacity: 12 MMs Lean Glycol Recirc Pur Capacity: 3.5 gal/mi	mp	1/1/19	992		1/1/1992		
18b	Glycol Dehy Reboiler Burner	Enertek J2P12M74 9	41733	N/A	Heater Capacity: 0.38 MMBtu/hr	36	1/1/1992			1/1/1992		
19a	Glycol Dehy Still Vent/Flash Tank	Enertek J2P12M74 9	41688	N/A	Inlet Capacity: 12 MMs Lean Glycol Recirc Pur Capacity: 3.5 gal/mir	mp	1/1/1992			1/1/1992		
19b	Glycol Dehy Reboiler Burner	Enertek J2P12M74 9	41688	N/A	Heater Capacity: 0.38 MMBtu/hr	 36	1/1/1992			1/1/1992		

1. Perm	1. Permit Condition # and Permit Condition:			2. Method(s) or other information or other facts used to determine the compliance status:			3. What is the frequency of data compliance wit requirement dur reporting period compliance?			5. Were there any deviations associated with this requirement during the reporting period?				
20a	Glycol Dehy Still Vent/Flash Tank	Enertek J2P12M74 9	41747	N/A	Inlet Capacity: 12 MMscfd 1/1/1993 Lean Glycol Recirc Pump Capacity: 3.5 gal/min		93		1993					
20b	Glycol Dehy Reboiler Burner	Enertek J2P12M74 9	41747	N/A	Heater Capacity: 0.386 MMBtu/hr		93		1993					
21a	Glycol Dehy Still Vent/Flash Tank	Enertek J2P12M74 9	42380	N/A	Inlet Capacity: 12 MMs Lean Glycol Recirc Pur Capacity: 3.5 gal/mir	mp	1/1/1993				1/1/1993			1993
21b	Glycol Dehy Reboiler Burner	Enertek J2P12M74 9	42380	N/A	Heater Capacity: 0.38 MMBtu/hr	36	1/1/1993			1993				
22a	Glycol Dehy Still Vent/Flash Tank	Enertek J2P12M74 9	43250	N/A	Inlet Capacity: 12 MMs Lean Glycol Recirc Pur Capacity: 3.5 gal/mir	mp	1/1/199	93		1993				
22b	Glycol Dehy Reboiler Burner	Enertek J2P12M74 9	43250	N/A	Heater Capacity: 0.38 MMBtu/hr			1/1/1992		1992				
31a	Glycol Dehy Still Vent/Flash Tank	Enertek J2P30M74 9	42857	N/A	Inlet Capacity: 30 MMscfd Lean Glycol Recirc Pump Capacity: 3.5 gal/min		2004		1	2/17/2004				
31b	Glycol Dehy Reboiler Burner	Enertek J2P30M74 9	42857	N/A	Heater Capacity: 0.4 MMBtu/hr		1	2/17/2004						

Each dehydrator unit consists of a) still vent/flash tank and b) reboiler burner.
 All TBD (to be determined) units and like-kind engine replacements must be evaluated for applicability to NSPS and MACT requirements.

1. Permit Condition # and Permit Condition:	2. Method(s) or other information or other facts used to determine the compliance status:	3. What is the frequency of data collection used to determine compliance?	4. Was this facility in compliance with this requirement during the reporting period?	5. Were there any deviations associated with this requirement during the reporting period?
A. Table 105.A lists all the pollution control equipment required for this facility. Each emission point is identified by the same number that was assigned to it in the permit application.	Semi-annual reports and the annual emissions inventory, along with the Management of Change Request (MOCR) procedures, are used to demonstrate that only authorized lean-burn units are operated during the applicable period, and that affected units are not operated without catalytic converters.	☐ Continuous ☑ Intermittent	Yes □ No	☐ Yes ☑ No

Table 105.A: Control Equipment List

Control Equipment Unit No.*	Control Description	Pollutants being controlled	Control for Unit Number(s)	PSD BACT?
3	DCL International Inc. 2-DC66-12 Catalytic Converter or equivalent	CO and VOCs	3	No
3	Lean Burn design	NOx	3	Yes
5	DCL International Inc. 2-DC66-12 Catalytic Converter or equivalent	CO and VOCs	5	No
5	Lean Burn design	NOx	5	Yes
6	DCL International Inc. 2-DC66-12 Catalytic Converter or equivalent	CO and VOCs	6	No
6	Lean Burn design	NOx	6	Yes
10	DCL International Inc. 2-DC66-12 Catalytic Converter or equivalent	CO and VOCs	10	No
10	Lean Burn design	NOx	10	Yes
11	DCL International Inc. 2-DC66-12 Catalytic Converter or equivalent	CO and VOCs	11	No
11	Lean Burn design	NOx	11	Yes
12	DCL International Inc. 2-DC66-12 Catalytic Converter or equivalent	CO and VOCs	12	No
12	Lean Burn design	NOx	12	Yes
13	DCL International Inc. 2-DC66-12	CO and VOCs	13	No

1. Permit Condition # and Permit Condition:			2. Method(s) or other information or other facts used to determine the compliance status:			3. What is the frequency of data collection used to determine compliance?	4. Was this facility in compliance with this requirement during the reporting period?	5. Were there any deviations associated with this requirement during the reporting period?	
	Catalytic Converter of			quivalent					
	13	Lean Bur	rn design		NOx	13	Yes		
	DCL International Inc. 2-De Catalytic Converter or equiv				CO and VOCs	15	No		
	15	Lean Bur	rn design		NOx	15	Yes		
	*The designated Control Equipment Unit No. is the same as the associated Regulated Equipment List numbers.								
<u>A1</u>	.06 Facility: A	llowable Emission	<u>1S</u>				☐ Continuous	⊠ Yes	☐ Yes
A. The following table(s) list the emission units, and their allowable emission limits. (40 CFR 50, 40 CFR 60, Subparts A and JJJJ; 40 CFR 63, Subparts A, HH, and ZZZZ; Paragraphs 1, 7, and 8 of 20.2.70.302.A NMAC and NSR Permits 1031-M8 and 1031-M9).				emissions in	ventory and this AC	monitoring, the annual CC are used to determine comply with allowable	⊠ Intermittent	□ No	⊠ No
Ta	ble 106.A: Allo	owable Emissions							
Ta	ble 106.A: Allo Emission Unit No.	owable Emissions NO _x lb/hr ¹	NO _x tons/y	COI	b/hr CO to	ns/y VOC lb/hr	VOC tons/y		
Ta	Emission		NO _x tons/y	CO 1			VOC tons/y		
Та	Emission Unit No.	NO _x lb/hr ¹			0 35.0	3.0	·		

35.0

2.5

2.5

35.0

35.0

35.0

3.0

 0.6^{2}

 0.6^{2}

3.0

3.0

3.0

13.2

2.6

2.6

13.2

13.2

13.2

2.7

2.7

2.7

2.7

2.7

2.7

5

6

7

8

9

11.9

11.9

11.9

11.9

11.9

11.9

8.0

 0.6^{2}

 0.6^{2}

8.0

8.0

8.0

1. Permit Conditi	on # and Permit Co	ondition:	2. Method(s) or other information or other facts used to determine the compliance status:					5. Were there any deviations associated with this requirement during the reporting period?
10	2.7	11.9	0.6^{2}	2.5	0.6^{2}	2.6		
11	2.7	11.9	0.62	2.5	0.6^{2}	2.6		
12	2.7	11.9	0.6^{2}	2.5	0.6^{2}	2.6		
13	2.7	11.9	0.6^{2}	2.5	0.6^{2}	2.6		
14	2.7	11.9	8.0	35.0	3.0	13.2		
15	2.7	11.9	0.6^{2}	2.5	0.6^{2}	2.6		
16	2.7	11.9	8.0	35.0	3.0	13.2		
17a	_ 3	-	-	-	2.1	9.3		
18a	-	-	-	-	2.1	9.3		
19a	-	1	-	-	2.1	9.3		
20a	-	1	-	-	2.1	9.3		
21a	-	-	-	-	2.1	9.3		
22a	-	-	-	-	2.1	9.3		
31a	-	-	-	-	2.1	9.2		
33	2.7	11.9	8.0	35.0	3.0	13.2		

- 2 Indicates the application represented controlled emissions less than 1.0 pph for this pollutant.
- 3 "-" indicates the application represented emissions as not expected for this pollutant.
- 4 To report excess emissions for sources with no pound per hour and/or ton per year emission limits, see condition B110.E.
- 5 Title V annual fee assessments are based on the sum of allowable tons per year emission limits in Sections A106 and A107.

A107 Facility: Allowable Startup, Shutdown, & Maintenance (SSM) and Malfunction Emissions		☐ Continuous ☑ Intermittent	⊠ Yes	☐ Yes
A. The maximum allowable SSM and Malfunction emission limits for this facility are listed in Table 107.A and were relied upon by the Department to determine compliance with	Records of SSM emissions are maintained to ensure compliance.			2110

Permit Condition # and Permit Condition:		Method(s) or other information or other facts used to determine the compliance status:	3. What is the frequency of data collection used to determine compliance?		4. Was this facility in compliance with this requirement during the reporting period?	5. Were there any deviations associated with this requirement during the reporting period?
applicable regulations standards.	s and ambient air quality					
A107 Facility: Allow	vable SSM and Malfunction	n Units, Activities, and Emission Limits				
Unit No.		Description				
SSM		Compressor & Associated Piping Blowdowns during Routine and Predictable Startup, Shutdown, and/or Maintenance (SSM)				
M1	Venting ² of Gas due t	o Malfunctions.	10.0			
	does not include VOC comemissions for sources with no	bustion emissions. o pound per hour and/or ton per year emission limits, see c	ondition B110.E	•		
	vable Startup, Shutdown,		☐ Continuo	us	⊠ Yes	☐ Yes
Emissions (S	SSM) and Malfunction			ent	□ No	⊠ No
B. The authorization of emission limits for startup, shutdown, maintenance, and malfunction does not supersede the requirements to minimize emissions according to Conditions B101.C and B107.A.		SSM emissions are minimized in accordance with the facility SSM Plan				
	vable Startup, Shutdown,		☐ Continuo	us	⊠ Yes	☐ Yes
& Maintenance (S Emissions	SSM) and Malfunction		⊠ Intermitt	ent	□ No	⊠ No
Requirement: The particular facility inlet gas analogous complete the follogous demonstrate compliar predictable startup, shape of the startup of the startu	Emissions (Units 1a, 3a- permittee shall perform a dysis once every year and dwing recordkeeping to ance with routine and mutdown, and maintenance imits (NSR 1031-M9,	Records of SSM emissions are maintained to ensure compliance along with annual inlet gas analysis.				

Permit Condition # and Permit Condition:	2. Method(s) or other information or other facts used to determine the compliance status:	3. What is the frequency of data collection used to determine compliance?	4. Was this facility in compliance with this requirement during the reporting period?	5. Were there any deviations associated with this requirement during the reporting period?
Condition C).				
Monitoring: The permittee shall monitor the permitted routine and predictable startups and	Records of SSM events and associated volumes, along	☐ Continuous	⊠ Yes	☐ Yes
shutdowns and scheduled maintenance events.	with extended gas analyses, are maintained to ensure compliance.	☑ Intermittent	□ No	⊠ No
Recordkeeping: To demonstrate compliance, each month records shall be kept of the		☐ Continuous	⊠ Yes	☐ Yes
cumulative total VOC emissions due to SSM events during the first 12 months and thereafter of the monthly rolling 12-month total of VOC emissions due to SSM events.		⊠ Intermittent	□ No	⊠ No
Records shall also be kept of the inlet gas analysis, the percent VOC of the gas based on the most recent gas analysis, and of the volume of total gas vented in MMscf used to calculate the VOC emissions.	Records of SSM events and associated volumes, along with extended gas analyses, are maintained to ensure compliance.			
The permittee shall record the calculated emissions and parameters used in calculations in accordance with Condition B109, except the requirement in B109.E to record the start and end times of SSM events shall not apply to the venting of known quantities of VOC.				
Reporting: The permittee shall report in	Records of SSM emissions are maintained and reported	☐ Continuous	⊠ Yes	☐ Yes
accordance with Section B110.	in the applicable semi-annual report.	☑ Intermittent	□No	⊠ No
A107 Facility: Allowable Startup, Shutdown, & Maintenance (SSM) and Malfunction		☐ Continuous	⊠ Yes	☐ Yes
Emissions	Record of the facility inlet gas analysis is included in the	☑ Intermittent	□ No	⊠ No
D. Malfunction VOC Emissions	applicable semi-annual reports.			
Requirement: The permittee shall perform a facility inlet gas analysis once every year and complete the following recordkeeping to				

Permit Condition # and Permit Condition:	2. Method(s) or other information or other facts used to determine the compliance status:	3. What is the frequency of data collection used to determine compliance?	4. Was this facility in compliance with this requirement during the reporting period?	5. Were there any deviations associated with this requirement during the reporting period?
demonstrate compliance with malfunction (M1) emission limits in Table A107.A (NSR 1031-M9, Condition D).				
Monitoring: The permittee shall monitor all malfunction events that result in VOC emissions including identification of the equipment or activity that is the source of emissions.	Malfunctions occurring during the applicable monitoring peirods were recorded and counted towards the permitted malfunction emission limit. Malfunction events that occurred and were reported as per 20.2.7 NMAC would be reported in Part 2 of the affected semi-annual report, Deviation Summary Report.	☐ Continuous ☐ Intermittent	⊠ Yes □ No	☐ Yes ⊠ No
To demonstrate compliance, each month records shall be kept of the cumulative total VOC emissions due to malfunction events during the first 12 months and, thereafter of the monthly rolling 12-month total of VOC emissions due to malfunction events.		☐ Continuous ☑ Intermittent	⊠ Yes □ No	☐ Yes ☑ No
Records shall also be kept of the inlet gas analysis, the percent VOC of the gas based on the most recent gas analysis, of the volume of total gas vented in MMscf used to calculate the VOC emissions, a description of the event, and whether the emissions resulting from the event will be used toward the permitted malfunction emission limit or whether the event is reported as excess emissions of the pound per hour limits in Table 106.A (or the pound per hour limits in condition B110E, if applicable), under 20.2.7 NMAC.	Malfunctions occurring during the applicable monitoring peirods were recorded and counted towards the permitted malfunction emission limit. Malfunction events that occurred and were reported as per 20.2.7 NMAC would be reported in Part 2 of the affected semi-annual report, Deviation Summary Report.			
The permittee shall record the calculated emissions and parameters used in calculations in accordance with Condition B109, except the requirement in B109.E to record the start and end times of malfunction events shall not apply to the venting of known quantities of VOC.				
Reporting: The permittee shall report in	Malfunctions occurring during the applicable	☐ Continuous	⊠ Yes	☐ Yes

Permit Condition # and Permit Condition:	2. Method(s) or other information or other facts used to determine the compliance status:	3. What is the frequency of data collection used to determine compliance?	4. Was this facility in compliance with this requirement during the reporting period?	5. Were there any deviations associated with this requirement during the reporting period?
accordance with Section B110.	monitoring peirods were recorded as required.	☑ Intermittent	□No	⊠ No
A108 Facility: Allowable Operations		☐ Continuous	⊠ Yes	Yes
A. This facility is authorized for continuous operation. No monitoring, recordkeeping, and reporting requirements are required to demonstrate compliance with continuous hours of operation.	No requirements.	⊠ Intermittent	□ No	⊠ No
A109 Facility: Reporting Schedules		☐ Continuous	⊠ Yes	☐ Yes
A. A Semi-Annual Report of monitoring activities is due within 45 days following the end of every 6-month reporting period. The six month reporting periods start on March 1st and September 1st of each year.	The first semi-annual report for this compliance period was submitted October 14, 2020, within 45 days of the end of the monitoring period. Submittal of the semi-annual report associated with this ACC by April 14 will demonstrate compliance with this requirement.	☑ Intermittent	□ No	⊠ No
A109 Facility: Reporting Schedules		☐ Continuous	⊠ Yes	☐ Yes
B. The Annual Compliance Certification Report is due within 30 days of the end of every 12-month reporting period. The 12-month reporting period starts on March 1st of each year.	This ACC will be submitted by March 30.	⊠ Intermittent	□ No	⊠ No
A110 Facility: Fuel and Fuel Sulfur Requirements		☐ Continuous	⊠ Yes	☐ Yes
A. Fuel and Fuel Sulfur Requirements (Units 1, 3-16, 33 and Dehydrator Units 17b-22b, 31b)	Natural gas is used for fuel.	☑ Intermittent	□ No	⊠ No

Permit Condition # and Permit Condition:	2. Method(s) or other information or other facts used to determine the compliance status:	3. What is the frequency of data collection used to determine compliance?	4. Was this facility in compliance with this requirement during the reporting period?	5. Were there any deviations associated with this requirement during the reporting period?
Requirement: All combustion emission units shall combust only natural gas containing no more than 0.2 grains of total sulfur per 100 dry standard cubic feet (NSR permit 1031-M8, condition 1.e, revised).				
Monitoring: None. Compliance is demonstrated	Length of stain tube and/or ASTM D-6667 Method test results are maintained as required and are included with	☐ Continuous	⊠ Yes	Yes
through records.	the applicable semi-annual report.	☑ Intermittent	□ No	⊠ No
Recordkeeping: The permittee shall		☐ Continuous	⊠ Yes	☐ Yes
demonstrate compliance with the natural gas limit on total sulfur content by maintaining records of a current, valid purchase contract, tariff sheet or transportation contract for the gaseous fuel, or fuel gas analysis, specifying the allowable limit or less. If fuel gas analysis is used, the analysis shall not be older than one year. Alternatively, the sulfur content of fuel gas shall be measured and recorded annually using a stain tube method. Alternatively, compliance may be demonstrated by keeping a receipt or invoice from a commercial fuel supplier, with each fuel delivery, which shall include the delivery date, the fuel type delivered, the amount of fuel delivered, and the maximum sulfur content of the fuel.	Length of stain tube and/or ASTM D-6667 Method test results are maintained as required and are included with the applicable semi-annual report.	⊠ Intermittent	□ No	⊠ No
Reporting: The permittee shall report in accordance with Section B110.	Length of stain tube and/or ASTM D-6667 Method test results are included with the applicable semi-annual report.	☐ Continuous	⊠ Yes □ No	☐ Yes ⊠ No
A111 Facility: 20.2.61 NMAC Opacity	report.			
ATT Facility, 20,2,01 NWAC Opacity		☐ Continuous	⊠ Yes	Yes
A. Opacity for Engine Units 1, 3-16, 33 and Dehydrator Units 17b-22b, 31b	Natural gas is used for fuel.	⊠ Intermittent	□ No	⊠ No
Requirement: Visible emissions from all stationary combustion emission stacks shall not				

1. Permit Condition # and Permit Condition:	2. Method(s) or other information or other facts used to determine the compliance status:	3. What is the frequency of data collection used to determine compliance?	4. Was this facility in compliance with this requirement during the reporting period?	5. Were there any deviations associated with this requirement during the reporting period?
equal or exceed an opacity of 20 percent in accordance with the requirements at 20.2.61.109 NMAC (Title V permit P027-R3 condition A111.A).				
Monitoring: Use of natural gas fuel constitutes compliance with 20.2.61 NMAC unless opacity exceeds 20% averaged over a 10-minute period. When any visible emissions are observed during steady state operation, opacity shall be measured over a 10-minute period, in accordance with the procedures at 40 CFR 60, Appendix A, Reference Method 9 (EPA Method 9) as required by 20.2.61.114 NMAC, or the operator will be allowed to shut down the equipment to perform maintenance/repair to eliminate the visible emissions. Following completion of equipment maintenance/repair, the operator shall conduct visible emission observations following startup in accordance with the following procedures: • Visible emissions observations shall be conducted over a 10-minute period during operation after completion of startup mode in accordance with the procedures at 40 CFR 60, Appendix A, Reference Method 22 (EPA Method 22). If no visible emissions are observed, no further action is required. • If any visible emissions are observed during completion of the EPA Method 22 observation, subsequent opacity observations shall be conducted over a 10-minute period, in accordance with the procedures at EPA Method 9 as required by 20.2.61.114 NMAC. For the purposes of this condition, Startup mode is defined as the startup period that is described in the facility's startup plan.	Natural gas is used for fuel. No visible emissions were observed during the monitoring period.	☐ Continuous ☐ Intermittent		☐ Yes ☑ No

Permit Condition # and Permit Condition:	2. Method(s) or other information or other facts used to determine the compliance status:	3. What is the frequency of data collection used to determine compliance?	4. Was this facility in compliance with this requirement during the reporting period?	5. Were there any deviations associated with this requirement during the reporting period?
Recordkeeping: If any visible emissions observations were conducted, the permittee shall keep records in accordance with the requirements of Section B109 and as follows:		☐ Continuous ☑ Intermittent	⊠ Yes □ No	☐ Yes ⊠ No
• For any visible emissions observations conducted in accordance with EPA Method 22, record the information on the form referenced in EPA Method 22, Section 11.2.	Natural gas is used for fuel. No visible emissions were observed during the monitoring period.			
• For any opacity observations conducted in accordance with the requirements of EPA Method 9, record the information on the form referenced in EPA Method 9, Sections 2.2 and 2.4.				
Reporting: The permittee shall report in	Natural gas is used for fuel. No visible emissions were	☐ Continuous	⊠ Yes	☐ Yes
accordance with Section B110.	observed during the monitoring period.	Intermittent	□ No	⊠ No
A115 Facility: Inlet Gas Flow		☐ Continuous	⊠ Yes	☐ Yes
A. Specific Quantities Coal Seam and Conventional Gas Streams in Facility Inlet for Engine Units 1, 3-16, 33 and Dehydrator Units 17-22, 31 Requirement: The permittee shall comply with VOC emission limits. These units may combust either coal seam and/or conventional gas streams. The combustion fuel shall be pipeline quality natural gas. (NSR 1031M9)	Records of gas volumes and gas quality are maintained and reported in the applicable semi-annual reports. Pipeline quality natural gas is used for fuel.	⊠ Intermittent	□ No	⊠ No
Monitoring: The permittee shall measure on a daily basis the inlet gas flow to the compressor station and the specific quantities (MMSCFD) of coal seam and conventional gas streams.	Records of gas volumes and gas quality are maintained and reported in the applicable semi-annual reports.	☐ Continuous ☐ Intermittent	⊠ Yes □ No	☐ Yes ⊠ No

Permit Condition # and Permit Condition:	2. Method(s) or other information or other facts used to determine the compliance status:	3. What is the frequency of data collection used to determine compliance?	4. Was this facility in compliance with this requirement during the reporting period?	5. Were there any deviations associated with this requirement during the reporting period?
Recordkeeping: The permittee shall record and measure, on a daily basis, the inlet gas flow to the compressor station and the specific quantities (MMSCFD) of coal seam and conventional gas streams.	Records of gas volumes and gas quality are maintained as required and are reported in the applicable semi-annual reports.	☐ Continuous ☑ Intermittent	⊠ Yes □ No	☐ Yes ☑ No
Reporting: The permittee shall report in accordance with Section B110.	Records of gas volumes and gas quality are reported in the applicable semi-annual reports.	☐ Continuous ☐ Intermittent	⊠ Yes □ No	☐ Yes ⊠ No
EQUIPMENT SPECIFIC REQUIREMENTS		☐ Continuous	⊠ Yes	☐ Yes
OIL AND GAS INDUSTRY		Intermittent	□ No	⊠ No
A201 Engines				
A. Periodic Testing for Units 1, 3-16, 33 Requirement: Compliance with the allowable emission limits in Table 106.A shall be demonstrated by completing periodic emission tests during the monitoring period. (Title V permit P027-R3 condition A201A).	The periodic test reports included in the applicable semi-annual reports demonstrate compliance with emissions limits.			
Monitoring: The permittee shall test using a portable analyzer or EPA Reference Methods		☐ Continuous	⊠ Yes	☐ Yes
subject to the requirements and limitations of Section B108, General Monitoring Requirements. Emission testing is required for NOx and CO and shall be carried out as described below. Test results that demonstrate compliance with the NOx and CO emission limits shall also be considered to demonstrate compliance with the VOC emission limits.	Test results are included with the applicable semi-annual reports.	⊠ Intermittent	□ No	⊠ No
For units with g/hp-hr emission limits, in addition to the requirements stated in Section				

Permit Condition # and Permit Condition:	2. Method(s) or other information or other facts used to determine the compliance status:	3. What is the frequency of data collection used to determine compliance?	4. Was this facility in compliance with this requirement during the reporting period?	5. Were there any deviations associated with this requirement during the reporting period?
B108, the engine load shall be calculated by using the following equation:				
Load(Hp) =				
Fuel consumption (scfh) x Measured fuel heating value (LHV btu/scf)				
Manufacturer's rated BSFC (btu/bhp-hr) at 100% load or best efficiency				
(1) The testing shall be conducted as follows:				
a. Testing frequency shall be once per quarter for Units 3, 5, 6, 10, 11, 12, 13, & 15 and once per year for Units 1, 4, 7, 8, 9, 14, 16, & 33				
b. The monitoring period is defined as a calendar quarter or as a calendar year.				
(2) The tests shall continue based on the existing testing schedule.				
(3) All subsequent monitoring shall occur in each succeeding monitoring period. No two monitoring events shall occur closer together than 25% of a monitoring period.				
(4) The permittee shall follow the General Testing Procedures of Section B111.				
(5) Performance testing required by 40 CFR 60, Subpart JJJJ or IIII or 40 CFR 63, Subpart ZZZZ may be used to satisfy these periodic testing requirements if they meet the requirements of this condition and are completed during the specified monitoring period.				

Permit Condition # and Permit Condition:	2. Method(s) or other information or other facts used to determine the compliance status:	3. What is the frequency of data collection used to determine compliance?	4. Was this facility in compliance with this requirement during the reporting period?	5. Were there any deviations associated with this requirement during the reporting period?
Recordkeeping: The permittee shall maintain		☐ Continuous	⊠ Yes	☐ Yes
records in accordance with Section B109, B110, and B111.	Test results are included with the applicable semi-annual reports.	☑ Intermittent	□ No	⊠ No
Reporting: The permittee shall maintain		☐ Continuous	⊠ Yes	☐ Yes
records in accordance with Section B109, B110, and B111.	Test results are included with the applicable semi-annual reports.	⊠ Intermittent	□ No	⊠ No
A201 Engines		☐ Continuous	⊠ Yes	Yes
D Initial Compliance Test (Unit 12)		☑ Intermittent	□ No	⊠ No
B. Initial Compliance Test (Unit 13) Requirement: Compliance with the allowable emission limits in Table 106.A shall be demonstrated by performing an initial compliance test (NSR 1031-M8, Condition 6.a.).	Unit 13 had not been installed as of the end of this compliance period.			
Monitoring: The permittee shall perform an initial compliance test in accordance with the General Testing Requirements of Section B111. Emission testing is required for NOx and CO. Test results that demonstrate compliance with the NOx and CO emission limits shall also be considered to demonstrate compliance with the volatile organic compound (VOC) emission limits. The monitoring exemptions of Section B108 do not apply to this requirement. For units with g/hp-hr emission limits, the engine load shall be calculated by using the following equation:	Unit 13 had not been installed as of the end of this compliance period.	☐ Continuous ☐ Intermittent	⊠ Yes □ No	☐ Yes ☑ No
Load(Hp) =				

Permit Condition # and Permit Condition:	2. Method(s) or other information or other facts used to determine the compliance status:	3. What is the frequency of data collection used to determine compliance?	4. Was this facility in compliance with this requirement during the reporting period?	5. Were there any deviations associated with this requirement during the reporting period?
Fuel consumption (scfh) x Measured fuel heating value (LHV btu/scf)				
Manufacturer's rated BSFC (btu/bhp-hr) at 100% load or best efficiency				
Recordkeeping: The permittee shall maintain records in accordance with the applicable		☐ Continuous	⊠ Yes	☐ Yes
sections in Section B109, B110, and B111.	Unit 13 had not been installed as of the end of this compliance period.	☑ Intermittent	□ No	⊠ No
Reporting: The permittee shall maintain		☐ Continuous	⊠ Yes	☐ Yes
records in accordance with the applicable sections in Section B109, B110, and B111.	Unit 13 had not been installed as of the end of this compliance period.	☑ Intermittent	□ No	⊠ No
A201 Engines		☐ Continuous	⊠ Yes	☐ Yes
C. Catalytic Converter Operation for Units 3, 5, 6, 10, 11, 12, 13, & 15			□ No	⊠ No
Requirement: The units shall be equipped and operated with a catalytic converter (oxidation catalyst) to control CO, VOC, and HAP emissions. Engines equipped with oxidation catalysts are not required to operate with an AFR. The permittee shall maintain the units according to manufacturer's or supplier's recommended maintenance, including replacement of oxygen sensor as necessary for oxygen-based controllers (NSR 1031-M8, Condition 10, revised).	Maintenance and repair records are used to document proper operation of engines and catalytic converters.			
Monitoring: The unit(s) shall be operated with the catalytic converter, which includes during catalyst maintenance periods. During periods of catalyst maintenance, the permittee shall either (1) shut down the engine(s); or (2) replace the catalyst with a functionally equivalent spare to allow the engine to remain in operation.	Records of catalyst maintenance are recorded in the SSM records of condition A107.C.	☐ Continuous ☑ Intermittent	⊠ Yes □ No	☐ Yes ☑ No

Permit Condition # and Permit Condition:	2. Method(s) or other information or other facts used to determine the compliance status:	3. What is the frequency of data collection used to determine compliance?	4. Was this facility in compliance with this requirement during the reporting period?	5. Were there any deviations associated with this requirement during the reporting period?
Recordkeeping: The permittee shall maintain	Records of catalyst maintenance are recorded in the	☐ Continuous	⊠ Yes	☐ Yes
records in accordance with Section B109.	SSM records of condition A107.C.	☑ Intermittent	□ No	⊠ No
Reporting: The permittee shall report in	Records of catalyst maintenance are recorded in the	☐ Continuous	⊠ Yes	☐ Yes
accordance with Section B110.	SSM records of condition A107.C and included in the applicable semi-annual reports.	Intermittent	□ No	⊠ No
A201 Engines		☐ Continuous	⊠ Yes	☐ Yes
D. 40 CFR 60, Subpart JJJJ for Unit 13		Intermittent	□ No	⊠ No
Requirement: The unit will be subject to 40 CFR 60, Subparts A and JJJJ if the source is constructed (ordered) and manufactured after the applicability dates in 40 CFR 60.4230 and the permittee shall comply with the notification requirements in Subpart A and the specific requirements of Subpart JJJJ.	Records of catalyst maintenance are recorded in the SSM records of condition A107.C and included in the applicable semi-annual reports.			
Monitoring: The permittee shall comply with all applicable monitoring requirements in 40 CFR 60 Subpart A and Subpart JJJJ, including but not limited to 60.4243.	Records of catalyst maintenance are recorded in the SSM records of condition A107.C and included in the applicable semi-annual reports.	☐ Continuous ☑ Intermittent	Yes □ No	☐ Yes ☑ No
Recordkeeping: The permittee shall comply	Records of catalyst maintenance are recorded in the	☐ Continuous	⊠ Yes	☐ Yes
with all applicable recordkeeping requirements in 40 CFR 60 Subpart A and Subpart JJJJ, including but not limited to 60.4245.	SSM records of condition A107.C and included in the applicable semi-annual reports.	☑ Intermittent	□ No	⊠ No
Reporting: The permittee shall comply with all applicable reporting requirements in 40 CFR 60	Records of catalyst maintenance are recorded in the	☐ Continuous	⊠ Yes	☐ Yes
Subpart A and Subpart JJJJ, including but not limited to 60.4245.	SSM records of condition A107.C and included in the applicable semi-annual reports.	✓ Intermittent	□ No	⊠ No
A201 Engines		☐ Continuous	⊠ Yes	☐ Yes
E. 40 CFR 63, Subpart ZZZZ Unit 13 Requirement: The unit will be subject to 40 CFR 63, Subparts A and ZZZZ if the source is constructed after an applicability date in 40 CFR	Records of catalyst maintenance are recorded in the SSM records of condition A107.C and included in the applicable semi-annual reports.	☑ Intermittent	□ No	⊠ No

Permit Condition # and Permit Condition:	2. Method(s) or other information or other facts used to determine the compliance status:	3. What is the frequency of data collection used to determine compliance?	4. Was this facility in compliance with this requirement during the reporting period?	5. Were there any deviations associated with this requirement during the reporting period?
63.6590 and the permittee shall comply with the notification requirements in Subpart A and the specific requirements of Subpart ZZZZ.				
Monitoring: The permittee shall comply with all applicable monitoring requirements in 40 CFR 63 Subpart A and ZZZZ.	Records of catalyst maintenance are recorded in the SSM records of condition A107.C and included in the applicable semi-annual reports.	☐ Continuous☑ Intermittent		☐ Yes ☑ No
Recordkeeping: The permittee shall comply with all applicable recordkeeping requirements in 40 CFR 63 Subpart A and ZZZZ, including but not limited to 63.6655 and 63.10.	Records of catalyst maintenance are recorded in the SSM records of condition A107.C and included in the applicable semi-annual reports.	☐ Continuous ☐ Intermittent	⊠ Yes □ No	☐ Yes ⊠ No
Reporting: The permittee shall comply with all applicable reporting requirements in 40 CFR 63 Subpart A and ZZZZ, including but not limited to 63.6645, 63.6650, 63.9, and 63.10.	Records of catalyst maintenance are recorded in the SSM records of condition A107.C and included in the applicable semi-annual reports.	☐ Continuous ☐ Intermittent	⊠ Yes □ No	☐ Yes ⊠ No
A202 Glycol Dehydrators		☐ Continuous	⊠ Yes	☐ Yes
A. Extended Gas Analysis and GRI-GLYCalc calculation for Units 17a-22a, 31a Requirement: Compliance with the allowable VOC emission limits in Table 106.A shall be demonstrated by conducting a quarterly extended gas analysis on the dehydrator inlet gas and by calculating emissions using GRI-GLYCalc (NSR 1031-M8, Conditions 3.a. and	Dehydrator extended gas analysis records and associated GLYCalc analyses are included with the applicable semi-annual monitoring reports. Note that condition A203.A of the November 15, 2017 NSR permit 1031-M9-R7 now requires that gas sampling and GLYCalc be completed annually rather than quarterly.	⊠ Intermittent	□No	⊠ No
4.a).				

Permit Condition # and Permit Condition:	2. Method(s) or other information or other facts used to determine the compliance status:	3. What is the frequency of data collection used to determine compliance?	4. Was this facility in compliance with this requirement during the reporting period?	5. Were there any deviations associated with this requirement during the reporting period?
deemed an exceedance of an emission limit.				
Recordkeeping: The permittee shall identify in a summary table all parameters that were used as inputs in the GRI-GLYcalc model. The permittee shall keep a record of the results, noting the emission rates for the dehydrator obtained from estimates using GRI-GLYcalc.	Dehydrator extended gas analysis and GLYCalc input/output records are included with the applicable semi-annual monitoring reports.	☐ Continuous ☑ Intermittent	⊠ Yes □ No	☐ Yes ⊠ No
Reporting: The permittee shall report in accordance with Section B110	Dehydrator extended gas analysis and GLYCalc input/output records are included with the applicable semi-annual monitoring reports.	☐ Continuous ☐ Intermittent	⊠ Yes □ No	☐ Yes ⊠ No
B. Glycol pump circulation rate for Units 17a-22a, 31a Requirement: Compliance with the allowable VOC emission limits in Table 106.A shall be demonstrated by monitoring the glycol pump circulation rate for Units 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, & 31. The glycol pump circulation rate shall not exceed 210 gallons per hour (3.5 gallons per minute) (NSR 1031-M8, conditions 3.b and 4.b).	Dehydrator glycol pump recircuation rate records are included with the applicable semi-annual monitoring reports	☐ Continuous ☑ Intermittent	⊠ Yes □ No	☐ Yes ☑ No
Monitoring: The permittee shall monitor the circulation rate quarterly, based on a calendar quarter (January 1st through March 31st, April 1 through June 30th, July 1st through September 30th, and October 1st through December 31st). Monitoring shall include an inspection of pump rate setting or other method previously approved by the Department.	Dehydrator glycol pump recircuation rate records are included with the applicable semi-annual monitoring reports	☐ Continuous ☑ Intermittent	⊠ Yes □ No	☐ Yes ⊠ No
Recordkeeping: The permittee shall maintain records that include a description of the monitoring and are in accordance with Section B109.	Dehydrator glycol pump recircuation rate records are included with the applicable semi-annual monitoring reports	☐ Continuous ☐ Intermittent	⊠ Yes □ No	☐ Yes ⊠ No

Permit Condition # and Permit Condition:	2. Method(s) or other information or other facts used to determine the compliance status:	3. What is the frequency of data collection used to determine compliance?	4. Was this facility in compliance with this requirement during the reporting period?	5. Were there any deviations associated with this requirement during the reporting period?
Reporting: The permittee shall report in accordance with Section B110.	Dehydrator glycol pump recircuation rate records are included with the applicable semi-annual monitoring reports	☐ Continuous ☐ Intermittent	Yes □ No	☐ Yes ☑ No
A202 Glycol Dehydrators C. 40 CFR 63, Subpart HH for Units 17a-22a, & 31a Requirement: The units are subject to 40 CFR 63, Subpart HH and the permittee shall comply with all applicable requirements.	Dehydrator annual GLYCalc analysis records, including gas analysis, demonstrating dehydrator area source exemption status are included with the applicable semi-annual monitoring reports.	☐ Continuous ☑ Intermittent	⊠ Yes □ No	☐ Yes ⊠ No
Monitoring: The permittee shall monitor as required by 40 CFR 63.772(b)(2) to demonstrate facility is exempt from general standards.	Dehydrator annual GLYCalc analysis records, including gas analysis, demonstrating dehydrator area source exemption status are included with the applicable semi-annual monitoring reports.	☐ Continuous ☑ Intermittent	⊠ Yes □ No	☐ Yes ⊠ No
Recordkeeping: The permittee shall generate and maintain the records required by 40 CFR 63.774(d)(1)(ii) to demonstrate compliance with the general standard exemptions found in 40 CFR 63.764(e).	Dehydrator annual GLYCalc analysis records, including gas analysis, demonstrating dehydrator area source exemption status are included with the applicable semi-annual monitoring reports.	☐ Continuous ☑ Intermittent	⊠ Yes □ No	☐ Yes ⊠ No
Reporting: The permittee shall meet all applicable reporting in 40 CFR 63, Subparts A and HH and in Section B110.	Records required to demonstrate compliance with the general standard exemption found in 40 CFR 63.764(e) have been generated and are maintained as required by 40 CFR 63.774(d)(1)(ii).	☐ Continuous ☐ Intermittent	⊠ Yes □ No	☐ Yes ⊠ No

Section 21

Addendum for Landfill Applications

Do not print this section unless this is a landfill application.

Landfill Applications are not required to complete Sections 1-C Input Capacity and Production Rate, 1-E Operating Schedule, 17 Compliance Test History, and 18 Streamline Applications. Section 12 – PSD Applicability is required only for Landfills with Gas Collection and Control Systems and/or landfills with other non-fugitive stationary sources of air emissions such as engines, turbines, boilers, heaters. All other Sections of the Universal Application Form are required.

EPA Background Information for MSW Landfill Air Quality Regulations: https://www3.epa.gov/airtoxics/landfill/landflpg.html

NM Solid Waste Bureau Website: https://www.env.nm.gov/swb/			
Not applicable.			

Saved Date: 4/7/2021

Section 22: Certification

Company Name: ALLEST MIDSTREAM	
	eby certify that the information and data submitted in this application are tru
and as accurate as possible, to the best of my know	vledge and professional expertise and experience.
Signed this 8 day of Apple . 280	upon my oath or affirmation, before a notary of the State of
New Morco	
*Signature	4/8/2021 Date
MAVIS JONES Printed Name	EHS MANAGER Title
Scribed and sworn before me on this day of	april . 2021.
My authorization as a notary of the State of expires on the	
31 day of august	. 2021
Notary's Signature	April 8, 2021
Notary's Printed Name	Official Seal JODI L BOHANNON Notary Public State of New Mexico My Comm. Expires 1/31/2-1

*For Title V applications, the signature must be of the Responsible Official as defined in 20.2.70.7.AE NMAC.