Re: Public Comments for Triennial Review - Docket No. WQCC 20-51(R)

Dear New Mexico Water Quality Control Commissioners:

My name is Jose Arnaldo Lopez and I am a Commissioner for the Acequias de Chamisal y Ojito in Taos County. Traditional rural communities such as acequias and land grant-mercedes are experiencing rapid land use development that negatively impacts our water resources. Impacts include potential risks of groundwater contamination and increased degradation of surface water quality from municipal wastewater treatment facilities and industrial water users, such as oil & gas, mining, and national laboratories. The state Triennial Review is therefore critical to ensure our precious water is protected for current and future generations.

I support the proposals by Communities for Clean Water (CCW) and the Gila Resources Information Project (GRIP) to provide more protections of New Mexico's waters. Specifically, I urge the New Mexico Water Quality Control Commission (WQCC) to:

- Adopt CCW's and GRIP's proposed definition of climate change that identifies human activities as the major cause of climate change and make clear that the purpose of these regulations is to address climate change;

- Adopt CCW's and GRIP's proposed definition of Emerging Contaminants.

- Adopt language that clearly gives NMED authority to require monitoring for Emerging Contaminants;

- Add PFAS to the definition of Emerging Contaminants;

- Not limit the definition of Toxic Pollutants to the EPA list of toxic pollutants. New Mexico should not cede its authority to identify and regulate toxic pollutants;

- Oppose the efforts of Los Alamos National Laboratory (LANL) to weaken the human healthorganism only (HH-OO) criteria;

- Not eliminate requirements to monitor for PFAS, a group of harmful 'forever' chemicals.

- Not eliminate the requirement that LANL monitor for PCBs with sufficient accuracy to determine whether state standards are violated; and

- Express dismay that LANL is spending taxpayer dollars on lawyers to fight state efforts protecting waters from toxic and persistent pollutants.

El agua es vida. Thank you for your careful consideration of my comments.

Sincerely, Jose Arnaldo Lopez 13 Lower Ojito Rd Chamisal, New Mexico 87521

575-224-5719

jalope@kitcarson.net

Jose Arnaldo Lopez jalope@kitcarson.net 13 Lower Ojito Rd, P.O. Box 298 Chamisal, New Mexico 87521

Re: Public Comments for Triennial Review - Docket No. WQCC 20-51(R)

Dear New Mexico Water Quality Control Commissioners:

My name is Oro Benson and I am la mayordoma from the community of J.P. Gonzales Acequia in Abiquiu. Traditional rural communities such as acequias and land grant-mercedes are experiencing rapid land use development that negatively impacts our water resources. Impacts include potential risks of groundwater contamination and increased degradation of surface water quality from municipal wastewater treatment facilities and industrial water users, such as oil & gas, mining, and national laboratories. The state Triennial Review is therefore critical to ensure our precious water is protected for current and future generations.

I support the proposals by Communities for Clean Water (CCW) and the Gila Resources Information Project (GRIP) to provide more protection of New Mexico's waters. Specifically, I urge the New Mexico Water Quality Control Commission (WQCC) to:

- Adopt CCW's and GRIP's proposed definition of climate change that identifies human activities as the major cause of climate change and make clear that the purpose of these regulations is to address climate change;

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- Oppose the efforts of Los Alamos National Laboratory (LANL) to weaken the human healthorganism only (HH-OO) criteria;

- Not eliminate requirements to monitor for PFAS, a group of harmful 'forever' chemicals.

- Not eliminate the requirement that LANL monitor for PCBs with sufficient accuracy to determine whether state standards are violated; and

- Express dismay that LANL is spending taxpayer dollars on lawyers to fight state efforts protecting waters from toxic and persistent pollutants.

We are on the verge of a time when water is more valuable than oil. We should act like it. Thank you for your careful consideration of my comments.

Sincerely, Oro "Goldie" Benson

Oro Benson orolynn@windstream.net 28 Private Drive 1637., Abiquiu, New Mexico 87510

Re: Public Comments for Triennial Review - Docket No. WQCC 20-51(R)

Dear New Mexico Water Quality Control Commissioners:

My name is Karen Blair and I am a COMISSIONER from the community of Costilla and the Acequia Madre. Traditional rural communities such as acequias are experiencing rapid land use development that negatively impacts our water resources. Impacts include potential risks of groundwater contamination and increased degradation of surface water quality from municipal wastewater treatment facilities and industrial water users, such as oil & gas, mining, and national laboratories. The state Triennial Review is therefore critical to ensure our precious water is protected for current and future generations.

I support the proposals by Communities for Clean Water (CCW) and the Gila Resources Information Project (GRIP) to provide more protections of New Mexico's waters. Specifically, I urge the New Mexico Water Quality Control Commission (WQCC) to:

- Adopt CCW's and GRIP's proposed definition of climate change that identifies human activities as the major cause of climate change and make clear that the purpose of these regulations is to address climate change;

- Adopt CCW's and GRIP's proposed definition of Emerging Contaminants.

- Adopt language that clearly gives NMED authority to require monitoring for Emerging Contaminants;

- Add PFAS to the definition of Emerging Contaminants;

- Not limit the definition of Toxic Pollutants to the EPA list of toxic pollutants. New Mexico should not cede its authority to identify and regulate toxic pollutants;

- Oppose the efforts of Los Alamos National Laboratory (LANL) to weaken the human healthorganism only (HH-OO) criteria;

- Not eliminate requirements to monitor for PFAS, a group of harmful 'forever' chemicals.

- Not eliminate the requirement that LANL monitor for PCBs with sufficient accuracy to determine whether state standards are violated; and

- Express dismay that LANL is spending taxpayer dollars on lawyers to fight state efforts protecting waters from toxic and persistent pollutants.

El agua es vida. Thank you for your careful consideration of my comments.

Sincerely, Karen Blair, Commissioner The Acequia Madre de Rio Costilla karenmccurtainblair@gmail.com

Karen Blair karenmccurtainblair@gmail.com PO Box 128 Costilla, New Mexico 87524 July 15, 2021

Dear New Mexico Water Quality Control Commissioners:

My name is Alicia Chavez and I am a community member from the community of Barelas, Albuquerque, NM. Traditional rural communities such as acequias and land grant-mercedes are experiencing rapid land use development that negatively impacts our water resources. Impacts include potential risks of groundwater contamination and increased degradation of surface water quality from municipal wastewater treatment facilities and industrial water users, such as oil & gas, mining, and national laboratories. The state Triennial Review is therefore critical to ensure our precious water is protected for current and future generations of acequieros. I support the proposals by Communities for Clean Water (CCW) and the Gila Resources Information Project (GRIP) to provide more protections of New Mexico's waters. Specifically, I urge the New Mexico Water Quality Control Commission (WQCC) to:

• Adopt CCW's and GRIP's proposed definition of climate change that identifies human activities as the major cause of climate change and make clear that the purpose of these regulations is to address climate change;

• Adopt CCW's and GRIP's proposed definition of Emerging Contaminants.

• Adopt language that clearly gives NMED authority to require monitoring for Emerging Contaminants;

• Add PFAS to the definition of Emerging Contaminants; • Not limit the definition of Toxic Pollutants to the EPA list of toxic pollutants. New Mexico should not cede its authority to identify and regulate toxic pollutants;

• Oppose the efforts of Los Alamos National Laboratory (LANL) to weaken the human health-organism only (HH-OO) criteria;

• Not eliminate requirements to monitor for PFAS, a group of harmful 'forever' chemicals. Not eliminate the requirement that LANL monitor for PCBs with sufficient accuracy to determine whether state standards are violated; and

• Express dismay that LANL is spending taxpayer dollars on lawyers to fight state efforts protecting waters from toxic and persistent pollutants. El agua es vida. Thank you for your careful consideration of my comments.

Gracias,

Alicia Chavez | FoodCorps She, her, hers New Mexico Associate Director | She/Her/Hers FoodCorps.org (505)490-0854

Re: Public Comments for Triennial Review - Docket No. WQCC 20-51(R)

Dear New Mexico Water Quality Control Commissioners:

My name is Jens Deichmann

I support the proposals by Communities for Clean Water (CCW) and the Gila Resources Information Project (GRIP) to provide more protections of New Mexico's waters. Specifically, I urge the New Mexico Water Quality Control Commission (WQCC) to:

- Adopt CCW's and GRIP's proposed definition of climate change that identifies human activities as the major cause of climate change and make clear that the purpose of these regulations is to address climate change;

- Adopt CCW's and GRIP's proposed definition of Emerging Contaminants.

- Adopt language that clearly gives NMED authority to require monitoring for Emerging Contaminants;

- Add PFAS to the definition of Emerging Contaminants;

- Not limit the definition of Toxic Pollutants to the EPA list of toxic pollutants. New Mexico should not cede its authority to identify and regulate toxic pollutants;

- Oppose the efforts of Los Alamos National Laboratory (LANL) to weaken the human healthorganism only (HH-OO) criteria;

- Not eliminate requirements to monitor for PFAS, a group of harmful 'forever' chemicals.

- Not eliminate the requirement that LANL monitor for PCBs with sufficient accuracy to determine whether state standards are violated; and

- Express dismay that LANL is spending taxpayer dollars on lawyers to fight state efforts protecting waters from toxic and persistent pollutants.

El agua es vida. Thank you for your careful consideration of my comments.

Sincerely, Jens Deichmann, 2126 Calle Tecolote, Santa Fe.

Jens Deichmann

jens.deichmann@gmail.com 2126 Calle Tecolote Santa Fe, New Mexico 87505

Re: Public Comments for Triennial Review - Docket No. WQCC 20-51(R)

Dear New Mexico Water Quality Control Commissioners:

My name is Lindsey and I am a farmer from the community of Albuquerque. Traditional rural communities such as acequias and land grant-mercedes are experiencing rapid land use development that negatively impacts our water resources. Impacts include potential risks of groundwater contamination and increased degradation of surface water quality from municipal wastewater treatment facilities and industrial water users, such as oil & gas, mining, and national laboratories. The state Triennial Review is therefore critical to ensure our precious water is protected for current and future generations.

I support the proposals by Communities for Clean Water (CCW) and the Gila Resources Information Project (GRIP) to provide more protections of New Mexico's waters. Specifically, I urge the New Mexico Water Quality Control Commission (WQCC) to:

- Adopt CCW's and GRIP's proposed definition of climate change that identifies human activities as the major cause of climate change and make clear that the purpose of these regulations is to address climate change;

- Adopt CCW's and GRIP's proposed definition of Emerging Contaminants.

- Adopt language that clearly gives NMED authority to require monitoring for Emerging Contaminants;

- Add PFAS to the definition of Emerging Contaminants;

- Not limit the definition of Toxic Pollutants to the EPA list of toxic pollutants. New Mexico should not cede its authority to identify and regulate toxic pollutants;

- Oppose the efforts of Los Alamos National Laboratory (LANL) to weaken the human healthorganism only (HH-OO) criteria;

- Not eliminate requirements to monitor for PFAS, a group of harmful 'forever' chemicals.

- Not eliminate the requirement that LANL monitor for PCBs with sufficient accuracy to determine whether state standards are violated; and

- Express dismay that LANL is spending taxpayer dollars on lawyers to fight state efforts protecting waters from toxic and persistent pollutants.

El agua es vida. Thank you for your careful consideration of my comments.

Sincerely, (ADD YOUR NAME, TITLE AND CONTACT INFORMATION)

Lindsey Diaz lindseystoneham@gmail.com 8807 Cordova Ave NE Albuquerque , New Mexico 87112

Re: Public Comments for Triennial Review - Docket No. WQCC 20-51(R)

Dear NM Water Quality Control Commissioners:

My name is Susan Ellenbogen and I am a community member and homeowner in Pueblo Alegre in Santa Fe. I live near the Camino Real de Tierra Adentro and value the traditional communities and practices that have made life possible for centuries alongside this ancient byway.

Traditional rural communities such as acequias and land grant-mercedes are experiencing rapid land use development that negatively impacts our water resources. Impacts include potential risks of groundwater contamination and increased degradation of surface water quality from municipal wastewater treatment facilities and industrial water users, such as oil & gas, mining, and national laboratories. The state Triennial Review is therefore critical to ensure our precious water is protected for current and future generations.

I support the proposals by Communities for Clean Water (CCW) and the Gila Resources Information Project (GRIP) to provide more protections of New Mexico's waters. Specifically, I urge the New Mexico Water Quality Control Commission (WQCC) to:

- Adopt CCW's and GRIP's proposed definition of climate change that identifies human activities as the major cause of climate change and make clear that the purpose of these regulations is to address climate change;

- Adopt CCW's and GRIP's proposed definition of Emerging Contaminants.

- Adopt language that clearly gives NMED authority to require monitoring for Emerging Contaminants;

- Add PFAS to the definition of Emerging Contaminants;

- Not limit the definition of Toxic Pollutants to the EPA list of toxic pollutants. New Mexico should not cede its authority to identify and regulate toxic pollutants;

- Oppose the efforts of Los Alamos National Laboratory (LANL) to weaken the human healthorganism only (HH-OO) criteria;

- Not eliminate requirements to monitor for PFAS, a group of harmful 'forever' chemicals.

- Not eliminate the requirement that LANL monitor for PCBs with sufficient accuracy to

determine whether state standards are violated; and

- Express dismay that LANL is spending taxpayer dollars on lawyers to fight state efforts protecting waters from toxic and persistent pollutants.

El agua es vida. Thank you for your careful consideration of my comments.

Sincerely, Susan Ellenbogen 505-720-5722

Susan Ellenbogen pelican@onepost.net 1017 Camino Oraibi Santa Fe, New Mexico 87505 Dear Ms. Jones,

I am writing to comment on the Triennial Review of New Mexico's surface water quality standards. I am in agreement with the recommendations being made by Communities for Clean Water (CCW), the Gila Resources Information Project (GRIP), and Amigos Bravos, among others, to provide increased protections of New Mexico's waters.

First, I strongly support keeping the existing definition of "toxic pollutants," rather than limiting that definition to only toxic pollutants listed in an outdated EPA list. New Mexico should not cede its authority to identify and regulate toxic pollutants based on an outdated federal list.

Second, I support the adoption of a definition of "Contaminants of Emerging Concern" that clearly gives NMED the authority to require monitoring of these contaminants. I very much support adding PFAS to the definition of contaminants of emerging concern, considering the serious threat they pose to human health and the high levels found in some New Mexico waters.

Third, I oppose LANL's proposal to substantially limit the number of waters, including waters on LANL's property, that currently receive protections under the Human Health - Organism Only (HH-OO) criteria for toxic pollutants. The fish we catch in our rivers, streams, reservoirs, and lakes must be kept safe to eat.

Fourth, I also oppose LANL's proposal to limit monitoring to an outdated EPA list of monitoring methods for purposes of permit compliance and enforcement. This proposal would prevent the effective monitoring of substances like PCBs and PFAS. With its troubling track record of environmental contamination, LANL should not be spending taxpayer dollars to try to fight state efforts to protect waters from persistent and harmful pollutants.

Finally, I urge the commission to adopt a definition of climate change that acknowledges that human activities are the major cause of climate change and that specifies that combating climate change is one purpose of these regulations. I oppose the NMED's limited definition of climate change that fails to identify climate change as predominantly anthropogenic.

Thank you for considering my comments.

Kristina G. Fisher 1608 Camino la Canada Santa Fe, NM 87501

Re: Public Comments for Triennial Review - Docket No. WQCC 20-51(R)

Dear New Mexico Water Quality Control Commissioners:

My name is Juan Garcia and I am an El Rito Community member, a parciante, farmer, water system president and a land grant heir from the community of El Rito. Traditional rural communities such as acequias and land grant-mercedes are experiencing rapid land use development that negatively impacts our water resources. Impacts include potential risks of groundwater contamination and increased degradation of surface water quality from a lack of waste water treatment facilities and or policy, rules or regs and industrial water users, such as oil & gas, mining, and national laboratories. The state Triennial Review is therefore critical to ensure our precious water is protected for current and future generations.

I support the proposals by Communities for Clean Water (CCW) and the Gila Resources Information Project (GRIP) to provide more protections of New Mexico's waters. Specifically, I urge the New Mexico Water Quality Control Commission (WQCC) to:

- Adopt CCW's and GRIP's proposed definition of climate change that identifies human activities as the major cause of climate change and make clear that the purpose of these regulations is to address climate change;

- Adopt CCW's and GRIP's proposed definition of Emerging Contaminants.

- Adopt language that clearly gives NMED authority to require monitoring for Emerging Contaminants;

- Add PFAS to the definition of Emerging Contaminants;

- Not limit the definition of Toxic Pollutants to the EPA list of toxic pollutants. New Mexico should not cede its authority to identify and regulate toxic pollutants;

- Oppose the efforts of Los Alamos National Laboratory (LANL) to weaken the human healthorganism only (HH-OO) criteria;

- Not eliminate requirements to monitor for PFAS, a group of harmful 'forever' chemicals.

- Not eliminate the requirement that LANL monitor for PCBs with sufficient accuracy to determine whether state standards are violated; and

- Express dismay that LANL is spending taxpayer dollars on lawyers to fight state efforts

protecting waters from toxic and persistent pollutants.

El agua es vida. Thank you for your careful consideration of my comments.

Sincerely,

Juan Garcia President El Rito Regional Water A Parciante juanfgarcia@windstream.net

Juan Garcia juanfgarcia@windstream.net POST OFFICE BOX 26 EL RITO, New Mexico 87530 - 0026 July 15, 2021

Pamela Jones, WQCC Administrator New Mexico Environment Department P.O. Box 5469 Santa Fe, NM 87502 Dear Ms. Jones:

I live in Taos ands care about the quality of our waters in New Mexico. Our waters are under threat. We need for you to protect us from effects of environmental damage, particularly from LANL. I support the proposals by Communities for Clean Water (CCW) and the Gila Resources Information Project (GRIP) to provide more protections of New Mexico's waters. Specifically, I urge the New Mexico Water Quality Control Commission (WQCC) to:

- adopt an adequate definition of climate change that identifies human activities as the major cause of climate change. *See* the CCW and GRIP proposed changes to definitions;
- state in the regulations that a purpose of the regulations is to address climate change;
- support the adoption of the CCW and GRIP proposed definition of **Emerging Contaminants**;
- support adoption of language that clearly gives NMED authority to require monitoring for**Emerging Contaminants**;
- support adding PFAS to the definition of Emerging Contaminants;
- oppose the efforts of Los Alamos National Laboratory (LANL) to weaken the human health-organism only (HH-OO) criteria. In order to protect public health and New Mexico communities, ensure the fish we catch in rivers, streams, reservoirs, and lakes are kept safe to eat;
- not limit the definition of **Toxic Pollutants** to the EPA list of toxic pollutants. New Mexico should not cede its authority to identify and regulate toxic pollutants.
- noteliminate requirements to monitor for **PFAS**, a group of harmful 'forever' chemicals. PFAS have been detected at LANL.PFAS, or per- and poly-fluoroalkyl substances, have been around since the 1940s and are found in Teflon and in military-grade fire retardants.
- noteliminate the requirement that LANL monitor for **PCBs** with sufficient accuracy to determine whether state standards are violated.
- express its dismay that LANL is spending taxpayer dollars on lawyers to fight state efforts to protect waters from toxic and persistent pollutants.

Thank you for your careful consideration of my comments. Sincerely,

Jeanne Green, Taos, NM, 575-751-4130

Re: Public Comments for Triennial Review - Docket No. WQCC 20-51(R)

Dear New Mexico Water Quality Control Commissioners:

My name is Ann Hunkins and I am a community member from Santa Fe. Please let's not endanger the Acequia system that has been the lifeblood of this land for hundreds of years. They are a precious resource we cannot replace, worth much more than money or oil snd gas profits.

Traditional rural communities such as acequias and land grant-mercedes are experiencing rapid land use development that negatively impacts our water resources. Impacts include potential risks of groundwater contamination and increased degradation of surface water quality from municipal wastewater treatment facilities and industrial water users, such as oil & gas, mining, and national laboratories. The state Triennial Review is therefore critical to ensure our precious water is protected for current and future generations.

I support the proposals by Communities for Clean Water (CCW) and the Gila Resources Information Project (GRIP) to provide more protections of New Mexico's waters. Specifically, I urge the New Mexico Water Quality Control Commission (WQCC) to:

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- Not eliminate the requirement that LANL monitor for PCBs with sufficient accuracy to

determine whether state standards are violated; and

- Express dismay that LANL is spending taxpayer dollars on lawyers to fight state efforts protecting waters from toxic and persistent pollutants.

El agua es vida. Thank you for your careful consideration of my comments.

Thank you for listening, Ann Hunkins Annhunkk@Gmail.com

Ann Hunkins annhunkk@gmail.com 1021 dunlap St Santa Fe, New Mexico 87501

Re: Public Comments for Triennial Review - Docket No. WQCC 20-51(R)

Dear New Mexico Water Quality Control Commissioners:

My name is Elena Mitchel and I am a parciante from the community of Atrisco, in the South Valley. Using water from the Roger's lateral (AKA Ranchos de Atrisco lateral) acequia I grow food for my family and community and create habitat for wildlife. Protecting the quality of the acequia waters protects the health of myself, my community and the animals of my community. Please take action to enact the most stringent protections for our precious water, for the sake of our health, our communities and our future generations.

Traditional rural communities such as acequias and land grant-mercedes are experiencing rapid land use development that negatively impacts our water resources. Impacts include potential risks of groundwater contamination and increased degradation of surface water quality from municipal wastewater treatment facilities and industrial water users, such as oil & gas, mining, and national laboratories. The state Triennial Review is therefore critical to ensure our precious water is protected for current and future generations.

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- Express dismay that LANL is spending taxpayer dollars on lawyers to fight state efforts protecting waters from toxic and persistent pollutants.

El agua es vida. Thank you for your careful consideration of my comments.

Sincerely, Elena Mitchel elenamitchel@gmail.com 630 Isleta Blvd. SW Albuquerque, NM 87105

Elena Mitchel elenamitchel@gmail.com 630 Isleta Blvd. SW Albuquerque, New Mexico 87105

Re: Public Comments for Triennial Review - Docket No. WQCC 20-51(R)

Dear New Mexico Water Quality Control Commissioners:

My name is John Olivas and I am a MORA COUNTY COMMUNITY PLANNING AND ZONING BOARD MEMBER from the community in MORA COUNTY. Traditional rural communities such as acequias and land grant-mercedes are experiencing rapid land use development that negatively impacts our water resources. Impacts include potential risks of groundwater contamination and increased degradation of surface water quality from municipal wastewater treatment facilities and industrial water users, such as oil & gas, mining, and national laboratories. The state Triennial Review is therefore critical to ensure our precious water is protected for current and future generations.

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- Not eliminate the requirement that LANL monitor for PCBs with sufficient accuracy to determine whether state standards are violated; and

- Express dismay that LANL is spending taxpayer dollars on lawyers to fight state efforts

protecting waters from toxic and persistent pollutants.

El agua es vida. Thank you for your careful consideration of my comments.

Sincerely,

JOHN OLIVAS Mora County Planning and Zoning Commissioner 505-37-5551

John Olivas avidelksman@yahoo.com HC 45 Box 65 Holman, New Mexico 87723

Re: Public Comments for Triennial Review - Docket No. WQCC 20-51(R)

Dear New Mexico Water Quality Control Commissioners:

My name is (INSERT YOUR NAME) and I am a (COMMUNITY

MEMBER/PARCIANTE/COMISSIONER/MAYORDOMO/YOUNG PERSON/FARMER) from the community of (INSERT ACEQUIA AND/OR TOWN NAME). Traditional rural communities such as acequias and land grant-mercedes are experiencing rapid land use development that negatively impacts our water resources. Impacts include potential risks of groundwater contamination and increased degradation of surface water quality from municipal wastewater treatment facilities and industrial water users, such as oil & gas, mining, and national laboratories. The state Triennial Review is therefore critical to ensure our precious water is protected for current and future generations.

I support the proposals by Communities for Clean Water (CCW) and the Gila Resources Information Project (GRIP) to provide more protections of New Mexico's waters. Specifically, I urge the New Mexico Water Quality Control Commission (WQCC) to:

- Adopt CCW's and GRIP's proposed definition of climate change that identifies human activities as the major cause of climate change and make clear that the purpose of these regulations is to address climate change;

- Adopt CCW's and GRIP's proposed definition of Emerging Contaminants.

- Adopt language that clearly gives NMED authority to require monitoring for Emerging Contaminants;

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- Not limit the definition of Toxic Pollutants to the EPA list of toxic pollutants. New Mexico should not cede its authority to identify and regulate toxic pollutants;

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- Express dismay that LANL is spending taxpayer dollars on lawyers to fight state efforts protecting waters from toxic and persistent pollutants.

El agua es vida. Thank you for your careful consideration of my comments.

Sincerely, (ADD YOUR NAME, TITLE AND CONTACT INFORMATION)

michaeldpacheco@hotmail.com 1040 Sioux St, SIOUX STREET Los Alamos, New Mexico 87544

Re: Public Comments for Triennial Review - Docket No. WQCC 20-51(R)

Dear New Mexico Water Quality Control Commissioners:

My name is Soledad Roybal and I am a COMMUNITY MEMBER from Santa Fe. Traditional rural communities such as acequias and land grant-mercedes are experiencing rapid land use development that negatively impacts our water resources. Impacts include potential risks of groundwater contamination and increased degradation of surface water quality from municipal wastewater treatment facilities and industrial water users, such as oil & gas, mining, and national laboratories. The state Triennial Review is therefore critical to ensure our precious water is protected for current and future generations.

I support the proposals by Communities for Clean Water (CCW) and the Gila Resources Information Project (GRIP) to provide more protection of New Mexico's waters. Specifically, I urge the New Mexico Water Quality Control Commission (WQCC) to:

- Adopt CCW's and GRIP's proposed definition of climate change that identifies human activities as the major cause of climate change and make clear that the purpose of these regulations is to address climate change;

- Adopt CCW's and GRIP's proposed definition of Emerging Contaminants.

- Adopt language that clearly gives NMED authority to require monitoring for Emerging Contaminants;

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- Not eliminate the requirement that LANL monitor for PCBs with sufficient accuracy to determine whether state standards are violated; and

- Express dismay that LANL is spending taxpayer dollars on lawyers to fight state efforts protecting waters from toxic and persistent pollutants.

El agua es vida. Thank you for your careful consideration of my comments.

Sincerely, Soledad Roybal Santa Fe, NM

Soledad Roybal soledadroybal@gmail.com 1432 Upper Canyon Road Santa Fe, New Mexico Area, New Mexico 87501

Re: Public Comments for Triennial Review - Docket No. WQCC 20-51(R)

Dear New Mexico Water Quality Control Commissioners:

My name is Carlos Salazar) and I am a COMISSIONER from the community of the Acequia de Rio Chama in Medanales, New Mexico. Traditional rural communities such as acequias and land grant-mercedes are experiencing rapid land use development that negatively impacts our water resources. Impacts include potential risks of groundwater contamination and increased degradation of surface water quality from unmanaged National Forests, unregulated recreation, too many elk and designating areas as wilderness and catastrophic wildfires. The state Triennial Review is critical to ensure our precious water is protected for current and future generations. The commissioners need to review the T & E Species Act to see if the mitigating measures taken by the US Fish and Wildlife Service in conjunction with the State of New Mexico are working, if not designate the species as being in Peril with no chance of recovery. We are spending millions of dollars down a rathole. Let's use common sense management and stop lining the pockets of the environmental organizations.

La agua es vida. Thank you for your careful consideration of my comments.

Sincerely,

Carlos Salazar, President, Acequia de Rio Chama and President of Northern NM Stockman's Association. (505-685-4541

Carlos Salazar casalazar98@yahoo.com 157 County Road 142 Medanales, NM, New Mexico 87548

Dear New Mexico Water Quality Control Commissioners:

We are Susan Meadows and Paul Johnson and we are parciantes on Acequia Los Ortiz in Nambé.

The Southwest is experiencing aridification as a result of climate change. In an already arid climate this means water has become even more precious.

Traditional rural communities such as acequias and land grant-mercedes are experiencing rapid land use development that negatively impacts our water resources. Impacts include potential risks of groundwater contamination and increased degradation of surface water quality from municipal wastewater treatment facilities and industrial water users, such as oil & gas, mining, and national laboratories. The state Triennial Review is therefore critical to ensure our precious water is protected for current and future generations of acequieros.

I support the proposals by Communities for Clean Water (CCW) and the Gila Resources Information Project (GRIP) to provide more protections of New Mexico's waters. Specifically, I urge the New Mexico Water Quality Control Commission (WQCC) to:

- <!--[if !supportLists]-->• <!--[endif]-->Adopt CCW's and GRIP's proposed definition of climate change that identifies human activities as the major cause of climate change and make clear that the purpose of these regulations is to address climate change;
- <!--[if !supportLists]-->• <!--[endif]-->Adopt CCW's and GRIP's proposed definition of **Emerging Contaminants**.
- <!--[if !supportLists]-->• <!--[endif]-->Adopt language that clearly gives NMED authority to require monitoring for **Emerging Contaminants**;
- <!--[if !supportLists]-->• <!--[endif]-->Add PFAS to the definition of **Emerging Contaminants**;
- <!--[if !supportLists]-->• <!--[endif]-->Not limit the definition of **Toxic Pollutants** to the EPA list of toxic pollutants. New Mexico should not cede its authority to identify and regulate toxic pollutants;
- <!--[if !supportLists]-->• <!--[endif]-->Oppose the efforts of Los Alamos National Laboratory (LANL) to weaken the human health-organism only (HH-OO) criteria;
- <!--[if !supportLists]-->• <!--[endif]-->Not eliminate requirements to monitor for **PFAS**, a group of harmful 'forever' chemicals. Not eliminate the requirement that LANL monitor for **PCBs** with sufficient accuracy to determine whether state standards are violated; and
- <!--[if !supportLists]-->• <!--[endif]-->Express dismay that LANL is spending taxpayer dollars on lawyers to fight state efforts protecting waters from toxic and persistent

pollutants.

El agua es vida. Thank you for your careful consideration of my comments.

Sincerely,

Susan Meadows & Paul Johnson

4 County Road 113 South (aka 4 Kaa Tay Poe)

Santa Fe, NM 87506

(505)455-2884

Un bi agindi, With your respect my name is Beata Tsosie, I am from Santa Clara Pueblo and El Rito, and work with Tewa Women United. I am a birth worker, farmer, and educator, and advocate for an end to environmental violence from nuclear colonialism and extraction industries in my ancestral homelands.

I want to start with affirming my support for Communities for Clean Water's (CCW) testimony and recommendations. Our community voices are facing multiple barriers to being able to participate in this hearing, so I hope CCW testimony is heard for the representation they hold in their testimony.

As a Tewa caregiver of this land I am a part of, I oppose several of the proposals put forth by Los Alamos National Laboratory, an ongoing for-profit military colonial occupation that has severely disrupted, degraded, and continues to cause ongoing harm to our land-based quality of life, the health of our community downwind and down river, and the health and integrity of our precious living waters.

I urge the commission to protect all waterways, and as many waters as possible, including those on LANLs occupied property to be protected under the Human Health Organism Only (HH-OO) criteria for toxic pollutants. My community still subsists from fishing and hunting, and is our Indigenous human rights to continue to be able to live our traditional existence free from toxic exposures when it comes to fishing in our rivers, streams, reservoirs and lakes. We are already impacted by bioaccumulation of toxins in our ecology. These protections are crucial when it comes to considering the cumulative and multiple exposures our peoples face just by living our traditional land-based existence. It is environmental racism perpetrated by LANL to try and limit the number of waters that hold this standard of protection to human health.

I want to affirm that New Mexico should not weaken its authority to regulate and identify what are toxic pollutants when it comes to water quality. There are existing and yet to be discovered contaminated sites, and we must be able to respond to toxicity based on existing definitions of toxic pollutants.

I oppose LANLs proposal to limit monitoring methods for purposes of permit compliance and enforcement. It is not just radionuclides we are concerned with, it is PCBS and countless chemical combinations, including PFAS which are at extremely concerning levels at some sites. I am often disheartened at the fact that all I can hope for when it comes to clean up at LANL contaminated sites is often times the bare minimum of monitoring. It angers me that the DOE and LANL can use these platforms and waste resources to constantly try and fight efforts to protect waters from pollution, and try and make water protections less stringent when it comes to these extremely harmful pollutants that we have to live with. Monitoring must remain pervasive, it is informing our community of what is happening.

I am in support of the adoption of a Contaminants of Emerging Concern CEC definition that clearly gives NMED the authority to require monitoring CEC's. I support adding PFAS to the CEC definition as an example of CECs. PFAS are perfluoroalkyl and polyfluoroalkyl substances that are a group of man-made chemicals that research has shown to affect reproductive health, increase the risk of some cancers, affect childhood development, increase cholesterol levels, weaken the immune system, and interfere with the body's hormones. We must center Indigenous Pregnant families as the standard for protection, this means monitoring CEC's at a local and state level.

Finally, I urge the Commission to adopt a definition of climate change that identifies human activities as the major cause of climate change and to specify combatting climate change as a purpose of the regulations. This is another attempt to limit accountability for polluters, and our children deserve better, ask them what is causing climate change today, this is common sense. Thank you,

Beata Tsosie

Re: Public Comments for Triennial Review - Docket No. WQCC 20-51(R)

Dear New Mexico Water Quality Control Commissioners:

My name is Chyna Dixon and I am a community member, PhD researcher, and young parciante and acequia advocate from Taos, New Mexico. Traditional rural communities such as acequias and land grant-mercedes are experiencing rapid land use development that negatively impacts our water resources. Impacts include potential risks of groundwater contamination and increased degradation of surface water quality from municipal wastewater treatment facilities and industrial water users, such as oil & gas, mining, and national laboratories. The state Triennial Review is therefore critical to ensure our precious water is protected for current and future generations.

I support the proposals by Communities for Clean Water (CCW) and the Gila Resources Information Project (GRIP) to provide more protections of New Mexico's waters. Specifically, I urge the New Mexico Water Quality Control Commission (WQCC) to:

- Adopt CCW's and GRIP's proposed definition of climate change that identifies human activities as the major cause of climate change and make clear that the purpose of these regulations is to address climate change;

- Adopt CCW's and GRIP's proposed definition of Emerging Contaminants.

- Adopt language that clearly gives NMED authority to require monitoring for Emerging Contaminants;

- Add PFAS to the definition of Emerging Contaminants;

- Not limit the definition of Toxic Pollutants to the EPA list of toxic pollutants. New Mexico should not cede its authority to identify and regulate toxic pollutants;

- Oppose the efforts of Los Alamos National Laboratory (LANL) to weaken the human healthorganism only (HH-OO) criteria;

- Not eliminate requirements to monitor for PFAS, a group of harmful 'forever' chemicals.

- Not eliminate the requirement that LANL monitor for PCBs with sufficient accuracy to determine whether state standards are violated; and

- Express dismay that LANL is spending taxpayer dollars on lawyers to fight state efforts

protecting waters from toxic and persistent pollutants.

El agua es vida. Thank you for your careful consideration of my comments.

Sincerely, Chyna Dixon

Chyna Dixon kcrdixon@gmail.com 408 Perry Lane Taos, New Mexico 87571

Re: Public Comments for Triennial Review - Docket No. WQCC 20-51(R)

Dear New Mexico Water Quality Control Commissioners:

My name is (Lydia Vidaurre) and I am a (Commissioner) from the community of (Acequias De Llano De San Juan Nepomucano). Traditional rural communities such as acequias and land grant-mercedes are experiencing rapid land use development that negatively impacts our water resources. Impacts include potential risks of groundwater contamination and increased degradation of surface water quality from municipal wastewater treatment facilities and industrial water users, such as oil & gas, mining, and national laboratories. The state Triennial Review is therefore critical to ensure our precious water is protected for current and future generations.

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- Express dismay that LANL is spending taxpayer dollars on lawyers to fight state efforts

protecting waters from toxic and persistent pollutants.

El agua es vida. Thank you for your careful consideration of my comments.

Sincerely, (Lydia T Vidaurre Treasurer Acequia de Llano de San Juan Nepomuceno.

Lydia Vidaurre leevidatres@nsn.com 11 Camino Del Arnold Penasco, New Mexico 87553

Re: Public Comments for Triennial Review - Docket No. WQCC 20-51(R)

Dear New Mexico Water Quality Control Commissioners:

My name is Maya Y Anthony and I am a PARCIANTE and YOUNG FARMER from the community of San Cristobal on the Highland Ditch. Traditional rural communities such as acequias and land grant-mercedes are experiencing rapid land use development that negatively impacts our water resources. Impacts include potential risks of groundwater contamination and increased degradation of surface water quality from municipal wastewater treatment facilities and industrial water users, such as oil & gas, mining, and national laboratories. The state Triennial Review is therefore critical to ensure our precious water is protected for current and future generations.

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- Not eliminate the requirement that LANL monitor for PCBs with sufficient accuracy to determine whether state standards are violated; and

- Express dismay that LANL is spending taxpayer dollars on lawyers to fight state efforts

protecting waters from toxic and persistent pollutants.

El agua es vida. Thank you for your careful consideration of my comments.

Sincerely, Maya Y Anthony, Parciante/farmer, maya.yasuko@gmail.com, 575.779.4964

Maya Y Anthony maya.yasuko@gmail.com 5 Medina Rd. San Cristobal, New Mexico 87564