

KAFB Bulk Fuels Facility Spill

Revised Interim Measures and Characterization Plans
And
Site Status

New Mexico Environment Department

<http://www.nmenv.state.nm.us/hwb/>

May 3, 2011



KAFB Bulk Fuels Facility

Fuel Storage and Distribution System

- Constructed ~ 1952
- Tank farm (2.1 and 4.2 MGal tanks)
- Ancillary piping (underground and above ground)
- Fuel Offloading Rack (removed)
- Fuels: aviation gas (in the past) and jet fuel (JP-4 prior to 1993, JP-8 since 1993)

The Problem

- Millions of gallons of fuel have leaked into the ground, possibly for decades.
- Jet fuel floating on groundwater (500 ft depth) – known as “LNAPL” – extends north at least ½ mile
- Dissolved fuel constituents form groundwater contaminant plume extending north at least a mile.
- Contamination has migrated, and may still be migrating, off-site toward water-supply wells
- Contaminants in groundwater include fuel constituents such as EDB, benzene, toluene, xylene, naphthalene, 1-methyl naphthalene, 2-methylnaphthalene

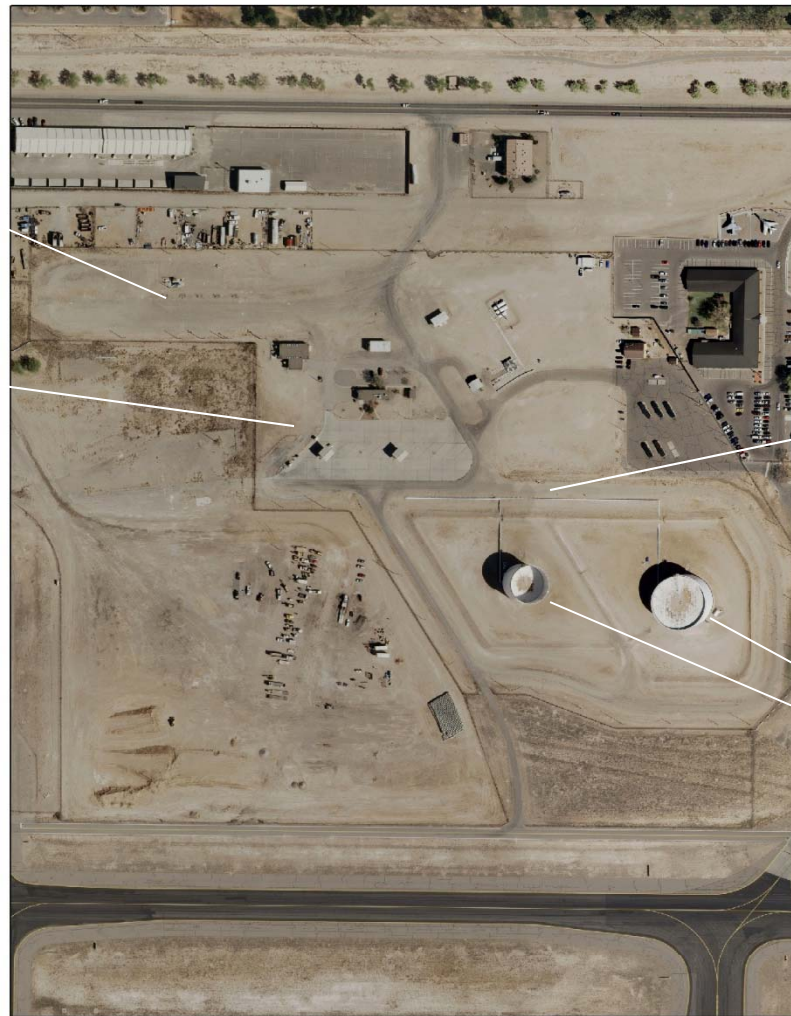
Primary Features of Bulk Fuels Facility

Former Fuel
Offloading Rack

Underground
Pipeline

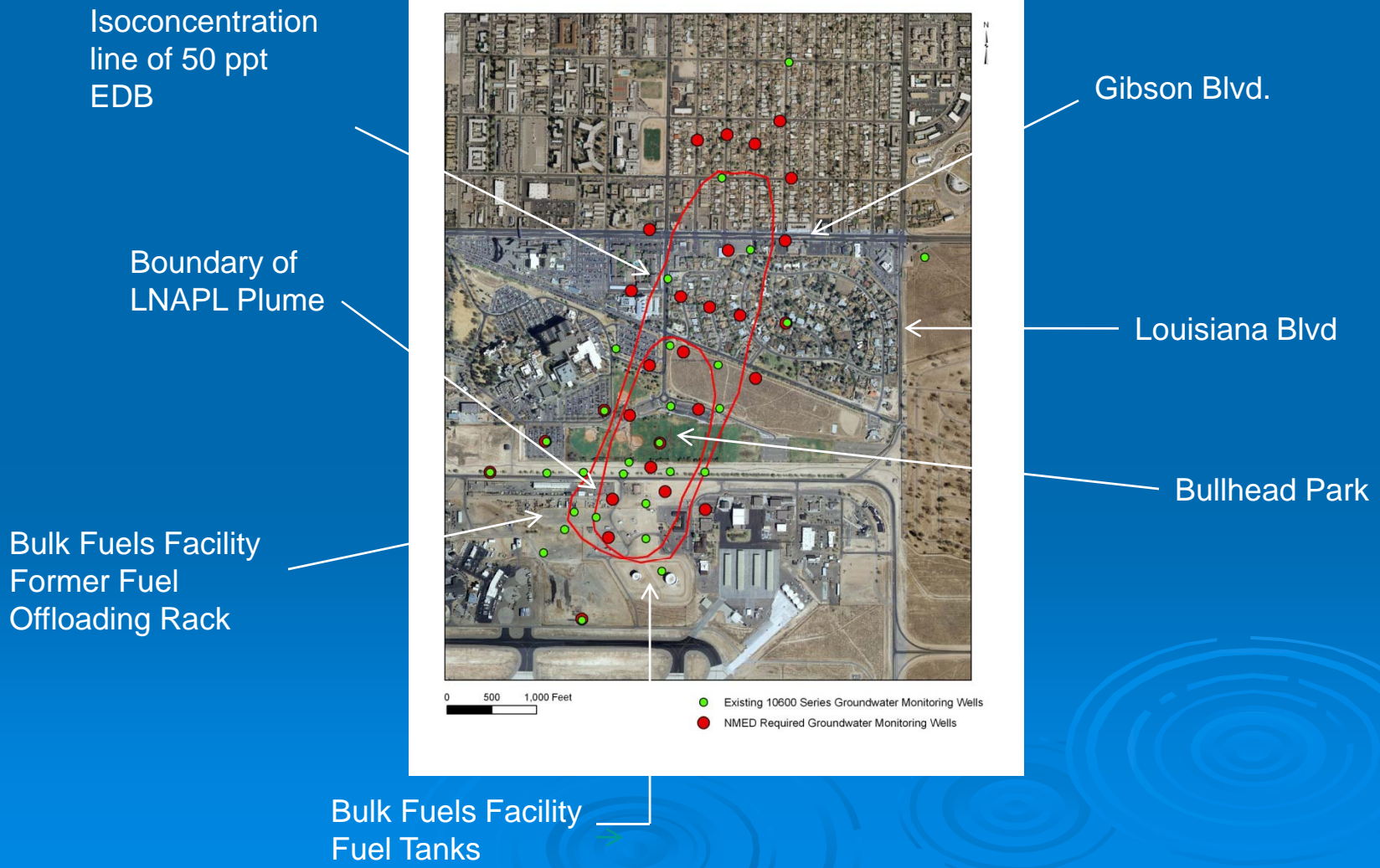
Above Ground
Pipeline

Fuel
Tanks

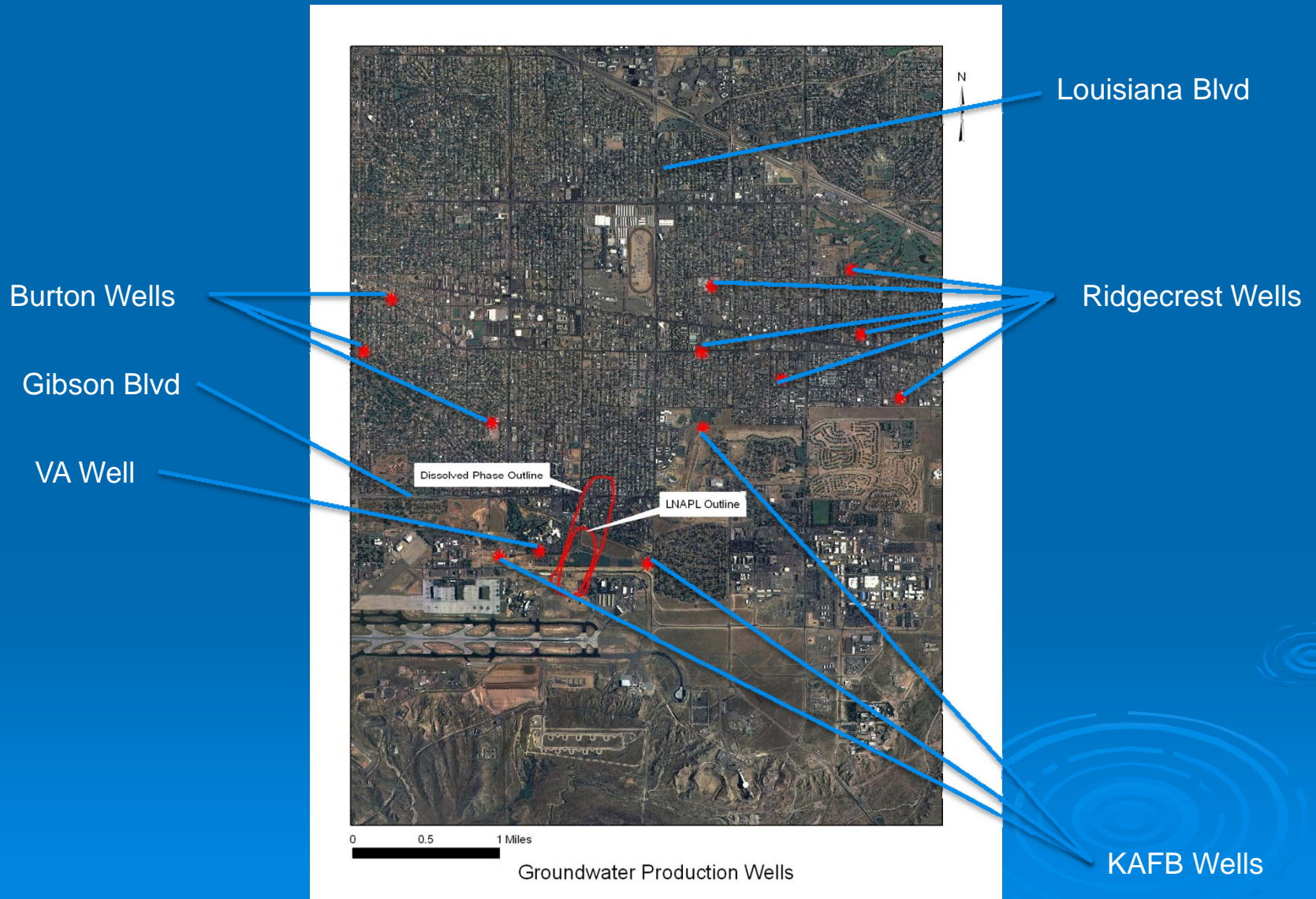


0 200 400 Feet

Historical Depiction of Contaminant Plumes



Historical Depiction of Contaminant Plumes Relative to Water-Supply Wells



Current Objectives

- **Accelerate and complete characterization of vadose zone (VZ) and groundwater (GW)**
 - **Nature and extent of all contamination**
 - **Meet clean up levels in those areas above standards**
- **Conduct Interim Measures (IM) to begin cleanup**
- **Conduct Corrective Measures Evaluation for selection of long-term remedy**
- **Four major plans have been submitted by KAFB to accomplish the first two objectives**

The Four Major Plans

- IM Plan – excavate former Fuel Offloading Rack area, complete shallow boreholes along ancillary piping, and conduct various tests.
- VZ Investigation Plan – complete soil borings and soil-vapor monitoring wells.
- GW Investigation Plan – install groundwater monitoring wells.
- LNAPL Containment Plan – proposal to stop migration of LNAPL and dissolved-phase plumes by extracting groundwater, treating the water, and re-injecting the water back into the aquifer.

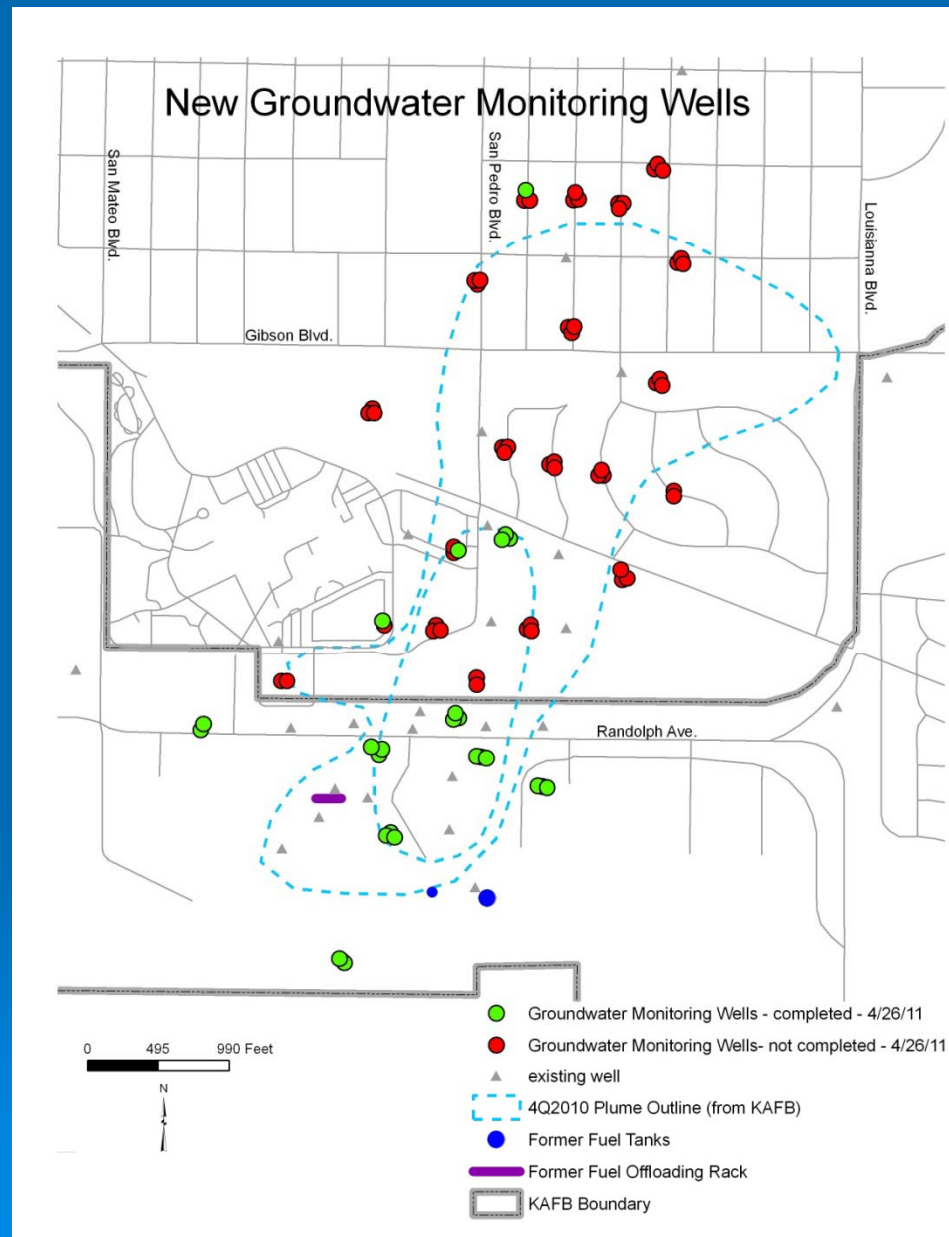
Status of the Four Work Plans

- March 31, 2011 – KAFB submitted revised IM, GW, and VZ Investigation Plans
 - Plans partially approved by NMED on December 10, 2010
 - Revisions under review by NMED
- March 31, 2011 – NMED disapproved LNAPL Containment Plan
 - Required characterization work plan to collect information crucial to system design – due June 15, 2011
 - Report on characterization due February 1, 2012
 - Design for pump and treat system due April 2, 2012

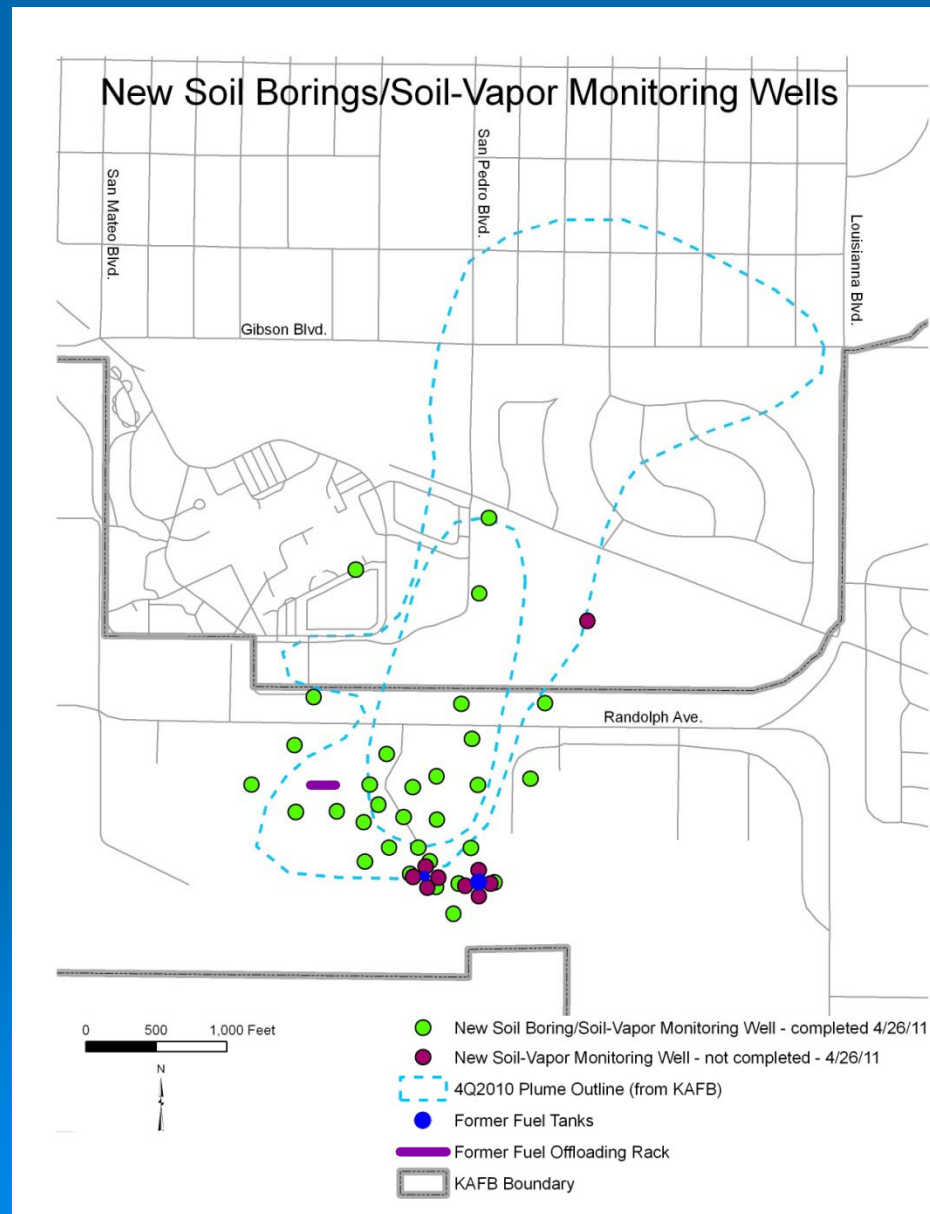
Characterization Work Completed

- Shallow Soil Borings: 5 of 5 completed
- Soil-Vapor Monitoring Wells: 26 of 35
- Groundwater Monitoring Wells: 25 of 78
 - Drilling has moved to neighborhoods north of KAFB
 - 6 drilling rigs in operation
 - Noise, vibration, disruption, air quality are among the neighborhood concerns

Status of Groundwater Monitoring Wells



Status of Soil Boring/Soil Vapor Wells



Relocation of Wells

- Locations for 4 groundwater wells along Gibson changed or to be changed
 - 3 alternative locations approved
 - 1 proposed alternative location requires access agreement
- Locations were moved to:
 - Lessen disruption of traffic flow
 - Improve safety for workers and the public

Indoor Air Quality

- January 28, 2011 – NMED disapproved *Screening Level Risk valuation for Petroleum Hydrocarbon Fuel Compounds in Subslab Soil Vapor*
- Report documents analysis of subslab soil-vapor samples collected at the Fuels Facility Office (Building 1032) and the 90-Day Hazardous Waste Storage Area (Building 1048)
- Additional investigation of soil vapor, and further risk evaluation required
- No air quality impacts from LNAPL plume or groundwater to residents, workers, or KAFB personnel

Hydraulic Properties

- February 21, 2011 – KAFB directed to collect samples at well locations during current drilling campaign
 - Analyze samples for key hydraulic properties
 - Samples were to be undisturbed and representative of aquifer
- No formal response received from KAFB to date, but NMED agreed to allow KAFB to:
 - Collect samples from cyclone of drilling rig, instead of undisturbed samples
 - Forego analysis of porosity and compressibility

A Fifth Work Plan

- January 27, 2011 – KAFB submitted a 5th Work Plan: *Pre-Remedy Monitoring and Soil-Vapor Extraction System Operation and Maintenance Work Plan*
 - Sampling and analysis plan for water, soil, and soil-vapor
 - Also a plan for operating and maintaining the existing soil-vapor extraction (SVE) units
- Under NMED review

Additional Information

- Quarterly Reports (last February 25, 2011)
- Weekly activity reports
- Memoranda prepared by INTERA Corp. for Water Utility Authority (WUA) concerning various plans
- KAFB response to WUA memorandum on LNAPL Containment Plan
- Laboratory reports on KAFB 10625 and 10626

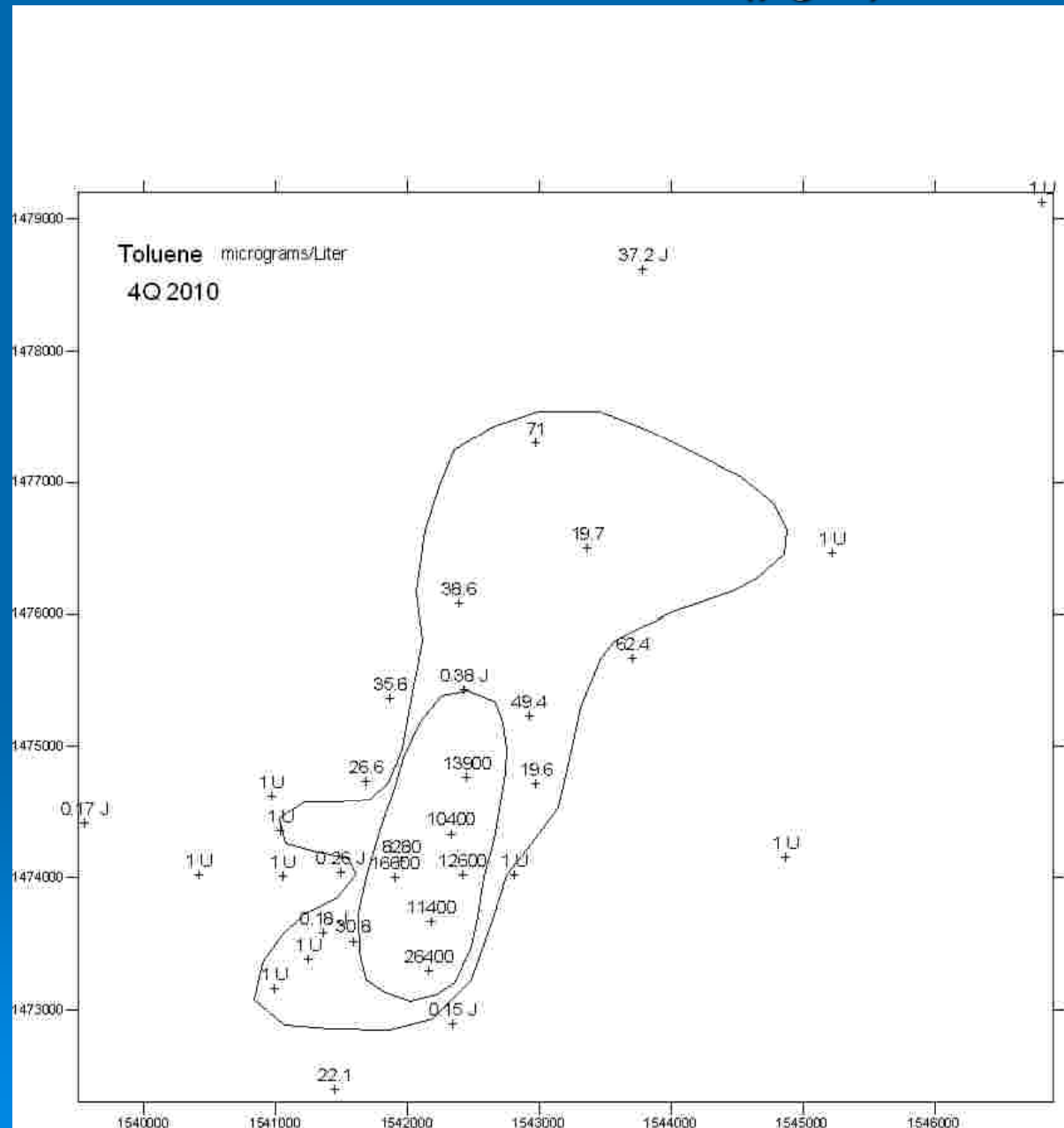
Available on NMED's web site

Groundwater Quality

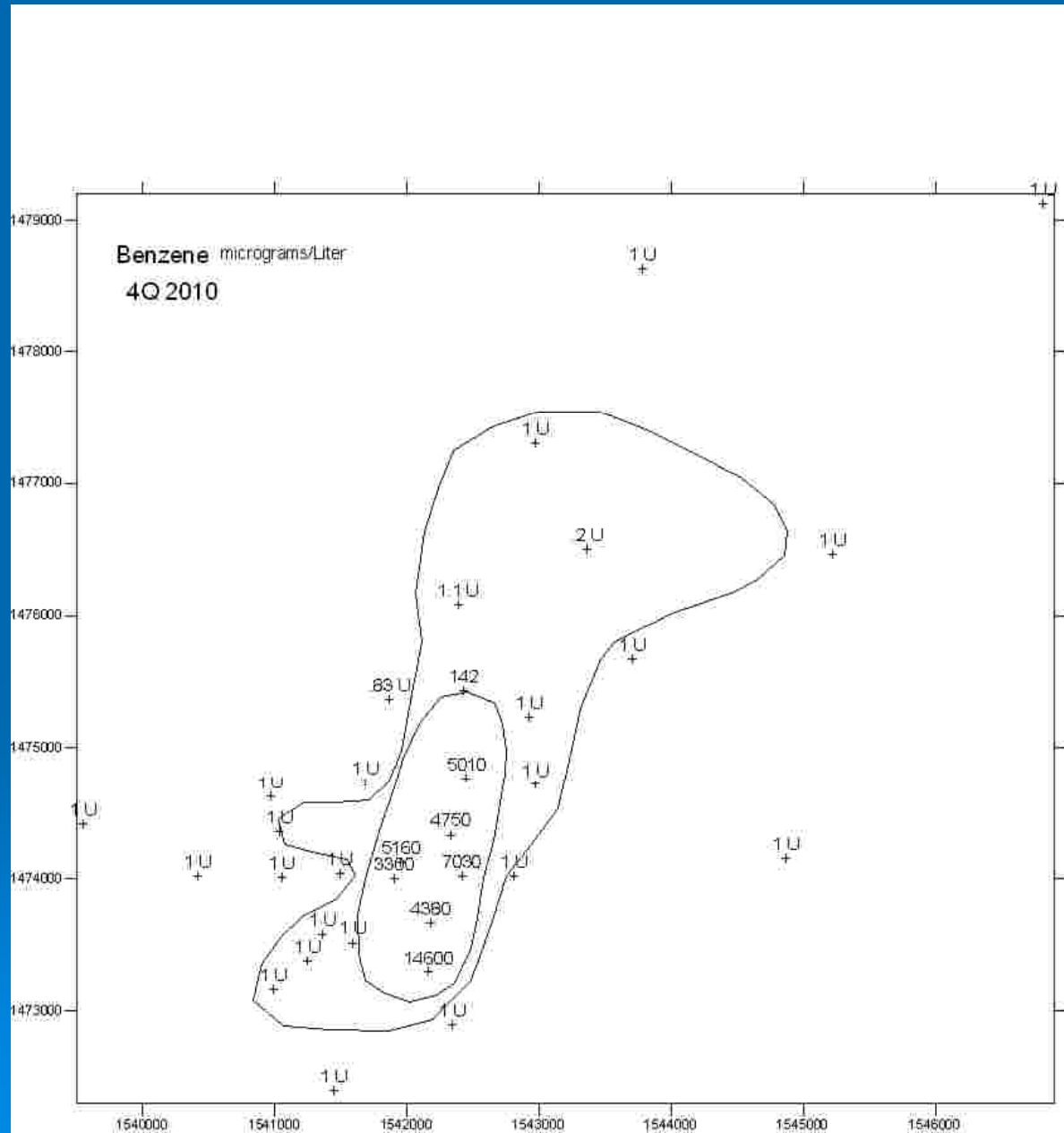
(As Represented by Q4/2010 Data)

- Next 6 slides show the distribution of various contaminants
- Data are from Table 5-2 of the last quarterly report (February 2011)
- For comparison purposes, the “plume boundary” is that depicted in the quarterly report
- The quarterly report is available on NMED’s web site

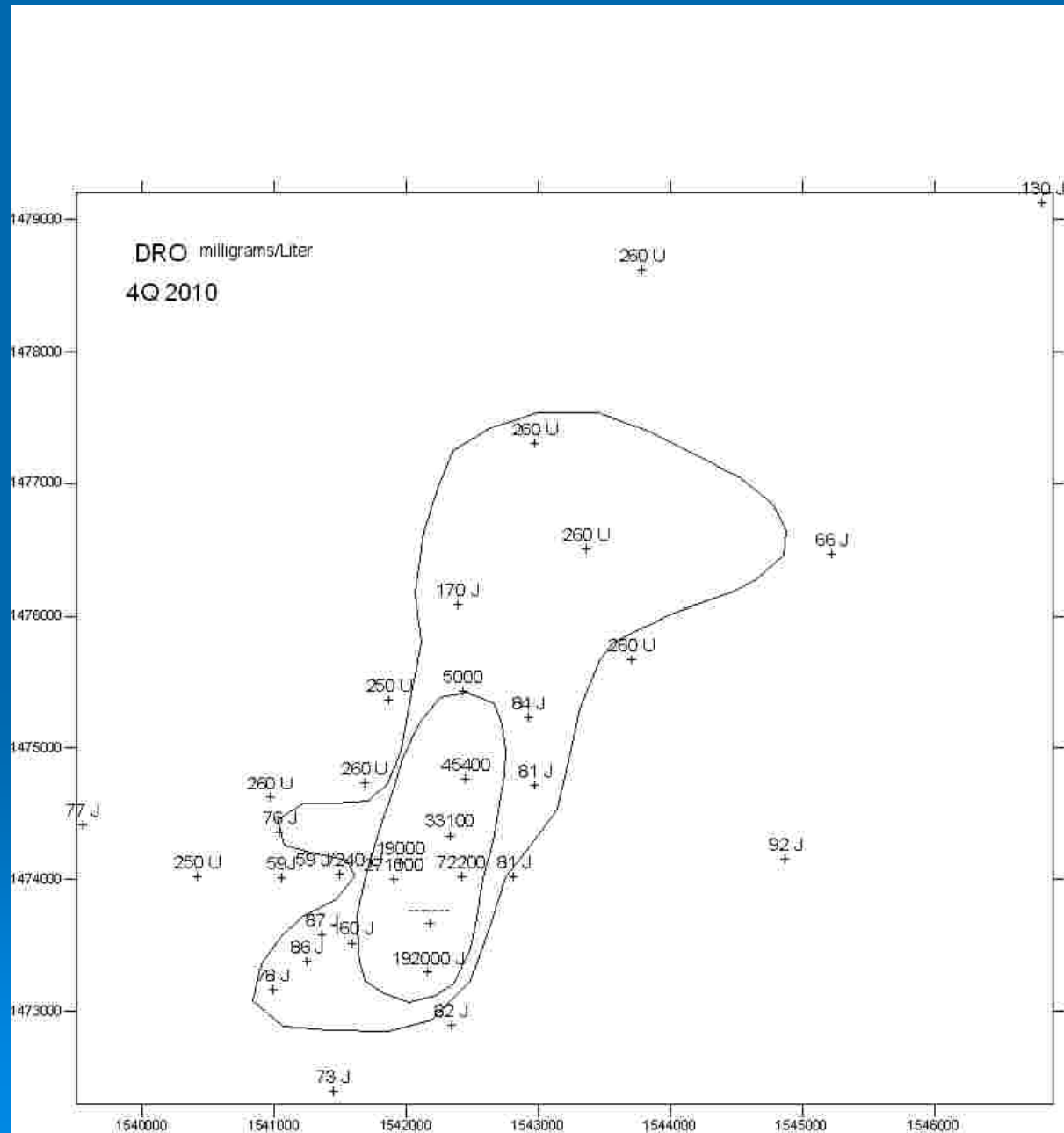
Toluene Concentrations ($\mu\text{g/L}$)



Benzene Concentrations ($\mu\text{g/L}$)



Diesel Range Organics (DRO) Concentrations (mg/L)



Data Quality Issues

- NMED evaluating the data validation plan for the project. Significant concerns include:
 - Transcription errors
 - High laboratory reporting limits
 - Data qualifier use
- NMED is evaluating data quality and whether data quality objectives are being met


Sentry Well Issue

- Contaminants reported in groundwater samples from well KAFB-10626:
 - Toluene
 - GRO (Gasoline Range Organics)
- GRO points to a fuel source
- Additional investigation needed
- Data must be closely examined for errors and quality
- The drilling campaign underway and subsequent quarterly monitoring events should provide some answers
- While the investigation continues, WUA monitors drinking-water quality to protect public

Independent Sampling of Groundwater

- NMED splitting water samples at 12 wells
 - Analyzing for EDB, VOCs, PAHs, DRO, GRO, and Pb
 - Also general chemistry and redox parameters: major anions, major cations, alkalinity, dissolved Fe and Mn, nitrate, ammonia, and sulfide
- To date, sample splits collected at 7 wells
- NMED split water samples with KAFB at sentry well on April 28, 2011

Looking Ahead: Next 6 Months

- Approval of revised IM, VZ, and GW Investigation Plans
 - Complete drilling campaign and geophysical logging
 - Collect water and soil-vapor samples from all wells
 - Prepare 3D models of geology, hydrology, soil and soil-vapor contamination, and groundwater contamination
 - Identify and work to close data gaps
 - Implement workplan to collect data for LNAPL containment system design
 - Proceed with indoor air quality investigation
 - Plan excavation of any contaminated soils in source area(s) that exceed a screening level
 - Continue SVE
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