Four Corners Air Quality Group Four Corners Area Current Studies December 2016

Ozone Studies

- The Intermountain West Data Warehouse Western Air Quality Study (IWDW-WAQS)
 has produced an updated air quality model platform for year 2011 (2011b) for use by
 interested parties (see further description below under Multiple Pollutant Studies).
- The <u>Southern New Mexico Ozone Study (SNMOS)</u> was completed in early Nov. 2016.
 The SNMOS assessed 2011 base year and future projection year ozone impacts and contributing source categories/regions in and around Dona Ana County, NM.
- 2014 Uinta Basin Winter Ozone Study final report is available here: http://www.deq.utah.gov/locations/U/uintahbasin/ozone/overview.htm

Mercury Studies

- Planning to take two years of follow-up gaseous oxidized mercury (GOM) dry deposition measurements in the Four Corners Area 2017-2019; M.E. Sather et al.
- Mark E. Sather, Shaibal Mukerjee, Kara L. Allen, Luther Smith, Johnson Mathew, Clarence Jackson, Ryan Callison, Larry Scrapper, April Hathcoat, Jacque Adam, Danielle Keese, Philip Ketcher, Robert Brunette, Jason Karlstrom, and Gerard Van der Jagt, "Gaseous Oxidized Mercury Dry Deposition Measurements in the Southwestern USA: A Comparison between Texas, Eastern Oklahoma, and the Four Corners Area," The Scientific World Journal, vol. 2014, Article ID 580723, 14 pages, 2014. Doi:10.1155/2014/580723. The article can be accessed at the following link: http://www.hindawi.com/journals/tswj/2014/580723/.
- Sather, M.E., Mukerjee, S., Smith, L., Mathew, J., Jackson, C., Callison, R., Scrapper, L., Hathcoat, A., Adam, J., Keese, D., Ketcher, P., Brunette, R., Karlstrom, J., Van der Jagt, G., 2013. Gaseous oxidized mercury dry deposition measurements in the Four Corners Area and Eastern Oklahoma, U.S.A. Atmospheric Pollution Research, doi: 10.5094/APR.2013.017.
 - http://www.atmospolres.com/articles/Volume4/issue2/abstract5.htm.
- Mesa Verde NPS Mercury Deposition Network (MDN) monitor. NADP-MDN website http://nadp.sws.uiuc.edu/mdn/ includes temporal trend graph for mercury. Total Hg in wet deposition has been monitored at Mesa Verde NP since 2002.

Multiple Pollutant and Other Deposition Studies

• The Western Regional Air Partnership (WRAP) has a new 2016 workplan in place and has established five new technical workgroups to research different issues: Regional Technical Operations, Oil and Gas, Fire and Smoke, Regional Haze Planning and Tribal Data. Each workgroup is developing individual scopes- of-work, to be reviewed and approved by the WRAP Board by mid-2017. The WRAP workplan can be found at http://www.wrapair2.org/pdf/Annual%20WRAP%20Workplan%20approved%20by%20WRAP%20Board%20May9_2016.pdf.

- The Intermountain West Data Warehouse Western Air Quality Study (IWDW-WAQS), sponsored by EPA Region 8, NPS, USFS, BLM, and the States of CO, NM, UT, and WY is completing a new regional modeling platform called 2011b, with future year projections out to the 2020-25 timeframe. The 2011b platform has extensive wintertime ozone modeling performance testing and improvement work included, as well as detailed model performance evaluation for year-round ozone, PM_{2.5}, nitrogen deposition, and visibility. The IWDW data are accessible at: http://views.cira.colostate.edu/tsdw/. The IWDW-WAQS provides air quality data and analysis tools to support regulatory, research, and academic applications. Available datasets include emissions inventories, meteorological data, monitoring data, and air quality modeling platforms. Modeling platforms available through the IWDW support consistent AQ/AQRV photochemical grid modeling (PGM) for NEPA projects and other modeling studies.
- 2014 BLM Drill Rig NO2 Impacts Study: Effort to better predict 1-hour NO2 impacts from drill rigs through a field study. Monitoring NO2 concentrations at multiple locations near operating drill rights combined with stack testing and modeling. Data analysis, model evaluation and reporting will occur in late 2016. Project website: http://www.wrapair2.org/DrillRig.aspx.
- BLM released a photochemical modeling analysis termed the Colorado Air Resource Management and Modeling Study (CARMMS) 1.5 in March 2016, with updated Mancos Shale modeling in northwestern New Mexico. The CARMMS predicts impacts from future federal and non-federal energy development in Colorado and parts of New Mexico. https://www.blm.gov/co/st/en/BLM_Information/nepa/air_quality/carmms.html.
- Western Regional Air Partnership (WRAP) Oil and Gas Phase III inventory for the San Juan Basin was completed in 2009. http://www.wrapair2.org/PhaseIII.aspx. An update to this inventory for the year 2014 is underway. The new project also updates the Permian Basin emissions in west TX and southeast NM. The project website is at: http://www.wrapair2.org/SanJuanPermian.aspx.
- "Detecting the Impacts of Nitrogen Pollution on Vegetation and Soils in Grand Canyon National Park." Funded by NPS, Researchers from Northern Arizona University. Completed in 2013.
 - Results from nitrogen isotope studies show that emissions from vehicles in the park add excess nitrogen to pine trees near roadsides, and emissions from the Navajo Generating Station add excess nitrogen to plants and soils on the Paria plateau. The study also found that it is feasible to continue work on remote sensing techniques that may be used in the future to assess nitrogen inputs to desert plants and soils.
- "Assessing the Risk of Nitrogen Deposition to Natural Resources in the Four Corners Region of Colorado and Utah." Funded by NPS. Researchers from USGS and Prescott College. NPS funded portion was completed in 2013, USGS work is ongoing.
 - Results from the first phase of this study indicate that NOx represents a significant source of nitrogen deposition in Mesa Verde NP. Researchers are continuing to look at how excess nitrogen may be impacting cheat grass invasions in the area, using fertilization studies. Spatial and Seasonal Patterns and Temporal Variability of Haze and its Constituents in the United States: Report V June 2011. Hand et al.,

- Epidemiology Report on PM2.5 Exposure from Wildfires during 2011 Wallow Fire by the NM Department of Health http://www.arb.ca.gov/carpa/wallow-fire-smoke-exposures.pdf.
- A peer reviewed paper related to our Four Corners Air Quality Task Force work has been published in the Journal of Environmental Monitoring, "Passive ammonia monitoring in the United States: Comparing three different sampling devices (November 2011)." Here is also a link to supplemental information on the study: http://www.nmenv.state.nm.us/aqb/4C/Documents/jemnov2011.pdf.
- Beginning in 2010, the Southern Colorado Plateau Network (multi-park monitoring network) worked with Air Resources Division staff and EPA to sample waters for pesticides, pharmaceuticals and personal care products (PPCPs). Parks from the Four Corners area are included. Results will be reported in summer 2012 in SCPN's annual water quality summary report.
- Los Alamos National Laboratories deployed a solar-tracking Fourier Transform Spectrometer (FTS) at the NM Substation site in 2011. The sunlight is focused inside the observatory into the FTS which splits the light into the spectral regions between the near infrared and ultraviolet to measure absorption features from atmospheric gases. Analysis of the spectra provides column measurements of all greenhouse gases (CO2, CH4 and N2O) and criteria pollutants (CO, NO2, O3, SO2) every 3 minutes.
 - Please contact the Principal Investigator of the Remote Sensing Verification Project (RSVP), Manvendra Dubey (dubey@lanl.gov), for technical information and Amon Haruta (amon@lanl.gov) for logistics and operations support.
- Southern Ute Indian Tribe Air Quality Program
 - Preparing a comprehensive emissions inventory of all oil and gas activities and other significant point and non-point emission sources on the Reservation. The inventory will include the first emission estimates for small oil and gas sources quantified using measured data.
 - Measure data obtained through a mandatory Clean Air Act Section 114
 information collection request issued by the Tribe to owners and operators of
 small oil and gas sources and true oil and gas minor sources on the Reservation
 in June of 2016.
 - Operates two State and Local Air Monitoring Stations (SLAMS) within the exterior boundaries of the Reservation. Both SLAMS are configured and operated consistent with EPA requirements. Real time air quality data and meteorological data are available for both SLAMS on the Tribe's Website at: http://www.southernute-nsn.gov/environmental-programs/air-quality/ambient-monitoring/.
 - Operating two methane monitors to measure baseline ambient concentrations of methane. Monitors are currently co-located at the Ute 3 monitoring station for calibration and data validation.
 - Participated in a methane study with NOAA in April 2015. The NOAA study included air and ground campaigns to identify sources of methane emissions contributing to the "methane hotspot" detected in the San Juan Basin.
- EPA IMPROVE monitoring of aerosols for visibility continues at the Weminuche site north of Durango and at Mesa Verde.