

U.S. EPA REGION 8 FOUR CORNERS AIR QUALITY UPDATE



EPA's Methane Strategy for the Oil and Natural Gas Industry

- Will help combat climate change. •
- Will reduce GHG emissions, specifically ٠ methane.
- Will reduce air pollution that harms public • health.
- Will reduce emissions of smog-forming • VOCs.
- Will provide certainty for industry and • permitting authorities about CAA requirements.

Building on the 2012 New Source

Performance Standards for VOC emissions from Oil & Gas: sets new methane and VOC requirements for additional new and modified sources in the oil and gas industry.

VOC emissions: Draft Control Technique Guidelines for reducing emissions from existing sources in certain ozone nonattainment areas.

Air Permitting Rules: Clarifies agency's air rules as they apply to the oil and gas industry, and proposed Federal Implementation Plan to implement minor New Source Review permitting in Indian Country.

Revised Ozone NAAQS

- The Clean Air Act charges the EPA Administrator to set primary standards that are requisite to protect public healthy with an adequate margin of safety.
- Clinical studies and evidence have expanded significantly since EPA last reviewed the ozone standards in 2008.
- New clinical studies show that ozone at 72 ppb can be harmful to healthy, exercising adults.
- Based on the science, the Administrator determined that the 2008 standard was not adequate to protect public health.
- Revised standard of 70 ppb:
 - Requisite to protect public health with an adequate margin of safety.
 - Is below the level shown to cause adverse health effects in clinical studies. .
 - Eliminates exposures shown to cause adverse health effects, protecting 99.5% of children from even single exposures to ozone at 70 ppb.

| Four Corners Monitors Ozone Design Value History | | | | | | | | | | |
|--|-------|-------|----------|------------|--------|------------|------------------------|---------------|-----------------|-------------------|
| Years | Ute 1 | Ute 3 | Shamrock | Mesa Verde | Cortez | Bloomfield | Shiprock Substation | Navajo Dam | Dine College | |
| 2003-2005 | | 0.062 | 0.071 | 0.07 | | 0.072 | 0.072 | | | 2015 Final |
| 2004-2006 | | 0.063 | 0.072 | 0.073 | | 0.068 | 0.07 | | | Ozone |
| 2005-2007 | | 0.066 | 0.072 | 0.073 | | 0.069 | 0.072 | | | Standards |
| 2006-2008 | | 0.067 | 0.07 | 0.071 | | 0.065 | 0.071 | 0.075 | | Stanuarus |
| 2007-2009 | 0.063 | 0.068 | 0.069 | 0.069 | | 0.061 | 0.067 | 0.069 | | |
| 2008-2010 | 0.066 | 0.066 | 0.071 | 0.068 | 0.064 | 0.06 | 0.063 | 0.066 | | Primary: 70 ppb |
| 2009-2011 | 0.068 | 0.067 | 0.074 | 0.068 | 0.066 | 0.061 | 0.063 | 0.068 | | |
| 2010-2012 | 0.069 | 0.068 | 0.073 | 0.068 | 0.068 | 0.067 | 0.067 | 0.071 | 0.067 | Secondary: 70 ppb |
| 2011-2013 | 0.069 | 0.068 | 0.072 | 0.069 | 0.068 | 0.068 | 0.068 | 0.071 | 0.065 | |
| 2012-2014 | 0.067 | 0.067 | 0.068 | 0.067 | 0.065 | 0.067 | 0.066 | 0.068 | | |
| 2013-2015 | 0.068 | 0.066 | 0.068 | 0.066 | 0.062 | 0.064 | 0.063 | 0.067 | | |

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