NMED AIR QUALITY BUREAU TITLE V SIGNIFICANT REVISION

TARGA MIDSTREAM SERVICES LLC Monument Gas Plant



Prepared By:

TRINITY CONSULTANTS

9400 Holly Ave NE Building 3, Suite 300 Albuquerque, NM 87122 (505) 266-6611

November 2021

Project 213201.0079





November 16, 2021

Permit Programs Manager NMED Air Quality Bureau 525 Camino de los Marquez Suite 1 Santa Fe, NM 87505-1816

RE: Application for Title V Significant Modification Targa Midstream Services LLC; Monument Gas Plant

To Whom It May Concern:

On behalf of Targa Midstream Services LLC, Trinity Consultants is submitting an application for the Monument Gas Plant, currently authorized to operate under NSR Permit No. 0110-M11R4 and Title V Operating Permit No. P110-R3. Targa is submitting this application pursuant to 20.2.70.404.C.1.a NMAC to modify the Title V Permit P110-R3 by incorporating the revisions authorized in NSR Permits 0110-M11, 0110-M11R1, 0110-M11R2, 0110-M11R3, 0110-M11R4, and 0110-M11R5.

The format and content of this application are consistent with the Bureau's current policy regarding Title V significant modification applications. Enclosed is the hard copy of the application and original certification. Electronic files will be provided upon request from our assigned permit engineer. Please feel free to contact me by email at rreese@trinityconsultants.com if you have any questions regarding this application.

Sincerely,

TRINITY CONSULTANTS

Rachel Reese Senior Consultant

Cc: Catherine Schroder (Targa Midstream Services, LLC) Rob Liles (Trinity Consultants)

Trinity Project File: 213201.0079

Mail Application To:

New Mexico Environment Department Air Quality Bureau **Permits Section** 525 Camino de los Marquez, Suite 1 Santa Fe, New Mexico, 87505

Phone: (505) 476-4300 Fax: (505) 476-4375 www.env.nm.gov/aqb



AIRS No.:

Universal Air Quality Permit Application

Use this application for NOI, NSR, or Title V sources.

Use this application for: the initial application, modifications, technical revisions, and renewals. For technical revisions, complete Sections, 1-A, 1-B, 2-E, 3, 9 and any other sections that are relevant to the requested action; coordination with the Air Quality Bureau permit staff prior to submittal is encouraged to clarify submittal requirements and to determine if more or less than these sections of the application are needed. Use this application for streamline permits as well. See Section 1-I for submittal instructions for other permits.

This application is submitted as (check all that apply): □ Request for a No Permit Required Determination (no fee) Updating an application currently under NMED review. Include this page and all pages that are being updated (no fee required). Construction Status: □ Not Constructed Existing Permitted (or NOI) Facility □ Existing Non-permitted (or NOI) Facility Minor Source: 🗆 a NOI 20.2.73 NMAC 🗖 20.2.72 NMAC application or revision 🗆 20.2.72.300 NMAC Streamline application Title V Source: 🗆 Title V (new) 🗆 Title V renewal 🗆 TV minor mod. 🗹 TV significant mod. TV Acid Rain: 🗆 New 🗆 Renewal PSD Major Source: PSD major source (new) I minor modification to a PSD source I a PSD major modification

Acknowledgements:

I acknowledge that a pre-application meeting is available to me upon request. I Title V Operating, Title IV Acid Rain, and NPR applications have no fees.

□ \$500 NSR application Filing Fee enclosed OR □ The full permit fee associated with 10 fee points (required w/ streamline applications).

Check No.: N/A in the amount of N/A

I acknowledge the required submittal format for the hard copy application is printed double sided 'head-to-toe', 2-hole punched (except the Sect. 2 landscape tables is printed 'head-to-head'), numbered tab separators. Incl. a copy of the check on a separate page. I acknowledge there is an annual fee for permits in addition to the permit review fee: www.env.nm.gov/air-quality/permit-fees-2/. □ This facility qualifies for the small business fee reduction per 20.2.75.11.C. NMAC. The full \$500.00 filing fee is included with this application and I understand the fee reduction will be calculated in the balance due invoice. The Small Business Certification Form has been previously submitted or is included with this application. (Small Business Environmental Assistance Program Information: www.env.nm.gov/air-quality/small-biz-eap-2/.)

Citation: Please provide the low level citation under which this application is being submitted: 20.2.70.404.C(1)(a) NMAC (e.g. application for a new minor source would be 20.2.72.200.A NMAC, one example for a Technical Permit Revision is 20.2.72.219.B.1.b NMAC, a Title V acid rain application would be: 20.2.70.200.C NMAC)

Section 1 – Facility Information

Sect	tion 1-A: Company Information	AI # if known (see 1 st 3 to 5 #s of permit IDEA ID No.): 610	Updating Permit/NOI #: P110-R3			
1	Facility Name: Monument Gas Plant	Plant primary SIC Code (4 digits): 1321				
1		Plant NAIC code (6 digits): 211112				
a	Facility Street Address (If no facility street address, provide directions Highway 8 and Monument Highway, travel west on Monument Highway the left.	from a prominent landmark) ay for approximately 3.4 mil	: From the intersection of es. The plant will be on			
2	Plant Operator Company Name: Targa Midstream Services LLC	Phone/Fax: (575) 631-709	3 / (575) 396-7702			
a	Plant Operator Address: PO Box 1689, Lovington, NM 88260					

b	Plant Operator's New Mexico Corporate ID or Tax ID: 1948249						
3	Plant Owner(s) name(s): Versado Gas Processors LLC	Phone/Fax: (432) 688-0542 / (432) 688-0552					
а	Plant Owner(s) Mailing Address(s): 6 Desta Drive, Suite 3300, Midland TX 79705						
4	Bill To (Company): Targa Midstream Services LLC	Phone/Fax: (432) 688-0542 / (432) 688-0552					
а	Mailing Address: PO Box 1689, Lovington, NM 88260	E-mail: CynthiaKlein@targaresources.com					
5	 Preparer: Rachel Reese Consultant: Trinity Consultants 	Phone/Fax: (505) 266-6611 / N/A					
a	Mailing Address: 9400 Holly Ave NE, Bldg 3 Suite 300, Albuquerque NM 87122	E-mail: rreese@trinityconsultants.com					
6	Plant Operator Contact: Cindy Klein	Phone/Fax: (575) 631-7093 / (575) 396-7702					
a	Address: PO Box 1689, Lovington, NM 88260	E-mail: CynthiaKlein@targaresources.com					
7	Air Permit Contact: Catherine Schroder	Title: Sr. Environmental Specialist					
a	E-mail: cschroder@targaresources.com	Phone/Fax: (405) 749-5614					
b	Mailing Address: 14000 Quail Springs Pkwy, Ste 215, Oklahoma City,	OK 73134					
с	The designated Air permit Contact will receive all official corresponden	nce (i.e. letters, permits) from the Air Quality Bureau.					

Section 1-B: Current Facility Status

1.a	Has this facility already been constructed? $\mathbf{\nabla}$ Yes \Box No	1.b If yes to question 1.a, is it currently operating in New Mexico? ☑ Yes □ No						
2	If yes to question 1.a, was the existing facility subject to a Notice of Intent (NOI) (20.2.73 NMAC) before submittal of this application? □ Yes ☑ No	If yes to question 1.a, was the existing facility subject to a construction permit (20.2.72 NMAC) before submittal of this application? ✓ Yes □ No						
3	Is the facility currently shut down? \Box Yes \blacksquare No	If yes, give month and year of shut down (MM/YY): N/A						
4	Was this facility constructed before 8/31/1972 and continuously operated since 1972?							
5	If Yes to question 3, has this facility been modified (see 20.2.72.7.P NMAC) or the capacity increased since 8/31/1972? □ Yes □ No ☑ N/A							
6	Does this facility have a Title V operating permit (20.2.70 NMAC)? ☑ Yes □ No	If yes, the permit No. is: P110-R3						
7	Has this facility been issued a No Permit Required (NPR)? □ Yes ☑ No	If yes, the NPR No. is: N/A						
8	Has this facility been issued a Notice of Intent (NOI)? \Box Yes \blacksquare No	If yes, the NOI No. is: N/A						
9	Does this facility have a construction permit (20.2.72/20.2.74 NMAC)? ☑ Yes □ No	If yes, the permit No. is: 0110-M11R5						
10	Is this facility registered under a General permit (GCP-1, GCP-2, etc.)? □ Yes ☑ No	If yes, the register No. is: N/A						

Section 1-C: Facility Input Capacity & Production Rate

1	What is the facility's maximum input capacity, specify units (reference here and list capacities in Section 20, if more room is required)										
a	Current	Hourly: 3.75 MMscf	Daily: 90 MMscf	Annually: 32,850 MMscf							
b	Proposed	Hourly: 3.75 MMscf	Daily: 90 MMscf	Annually: 32,850 MMscf							
2	What is the	facility's maximum production rate, sp	becify units (reference here and list capacities in	Section 20, if more room is required)							
a	Current	Hourly: 3.75 MMscf	Daily: 90 MMscf	Annually: 32,850 MMscf							
b	Proposed	Hourly: 3.75 MMscf	Daily: 90 MMscf	Annually: 32.850 MMscf							

Section 1-D: Facility Location Information

1	Section: 36	Range: 36E	Township: 19S	County: I	Jea		Elevation (ft): 3,579			
2	UTM Zone: □ 12 or ☑ 13				□ NAD 27	□ NAD 8	83 🗹 WGS 84			
a	UTM E (in meter	rs, to nearest 10 meter	rs): 658,372 m	UTM N (i	n meters, to neares	t 10 meters):	3,609,365 m			
b	AND Latitude	(deg., min., sec.):	32° 36' 37.8"	Longitude	e (deg., min., se	ec.): -103°	18' 43.7"			
3	Name and zip c	code of nearest No	ew Mexico town: Monume	nt, NM 882	265					
4	Detailed Driving Instructions from nearest NM town (attach a road map if necessary): From the intersection of Highway 8 and Monument Highway, travel west on Monument Highway for approximately 3.4 miles. The plant will be on the left.									
5	The facility is 2.8 miles west of Monument, NM.									
6	Status of land a	at facility (check of	one): 🗹 Private 🛛 Indian/P	ueblo 🛛 Fe	deral BLM	Federal For	rest Service Other (specify)			
7	List all municip which the facili	palities, Indian tri ity is proposed to	bes, and counties within a t be constructed or operated	ten (10) mil : Municipa	e radius (20.2.7 l ities : None; I r	72.203.B.2 ndian tribe	NMAC) of the property on s: None; Counties : Lea			
8	20.2.72 NMAC than 50 km (31 ☑ Yes □ No	applications onl miles) to other st (20.2.72.206.A.7	y: Will the property on what ates, Bernalillo County, or NMAC) If yes, list all wi	ich the faci a Class I ar th correspon	lity is proposed ea (see <u>www.en</u> nding distances	l to be cons <u>v.nm.gov/aqb/</u> in kilomet	tructed or operated be closer 'modeling/class1areas.html)? ers: Texas, 22 km			
9	Name nearest C	Class I area: Carls	bad Caverns National Park	:						
10	Shortest distance	ce (in km) from fa	acility boundary to the bou	ndary of the	e nearest Class	I area (to the	e nearest 10 meters): 109.7 km			
11	Distance (meter lands, including	rs) from the perin g mining overbur	neter of the Area of Operat den removal areas) to neare	ions (AO is est residence	defined as the e, school or occ	plant site in cupied struc	nclusive of all disturbed cture: ~485 m			
	Method(s) used	to delineate the	Restricted Area: Fencing							
12	" Restricted Ar continuous wal that would requ within the prop	:ea " is an area to ls, or other continuire special equip- perty may be identication	which public entry is effect nuous barriers approved by ment to traverse. If a large tified with signage only. P	tively prech the Departu property is ublic roads	uded. Effective nent, such as ru completely enc cannot be part	e barriers ir ugged phys closed by fe of a Restric	Iclude continuous fencing, ical terrain with steep grade encing, a restricted area cted Area.			
13	Does the owner □ Yes ☑ No A portable stati one location or	r/operator intend o ionary source is n that can be re-ins	to operate this source as a p ot a mobile source, such as stalled at various locations,	oortable stat an automo such as a h	ionary source a bile, but a sour ot mix asphalt	as defined in ce that can plant that is	n 20.2.72.7.X NMAC? be installed permanently at s moved to different job sites.			
14	Will this facility If yes, what is t	y operate in conju the name and peri	inction with other air regul nit number (if known) of th	ated parties	on the same pr ility? N/A	roperty?	☑ No □ Yes			

Section 1-E: Proposed Operating Schedule (The 1-E.1 & 1-E.2 operating schedules may become conditions in the permit.)

1	Facility maximum operating $(\frac{\text{hours}}{\text{day}})$: 24	(days/week): 7	$(\frac{\text{weeks}}{\text{year}}): 52$	$(\frac{\text{hours}}{\text{year}}): 8,760$					
2	Facility's maximum daily operating schedule (if less	s than $24 \frac{\text{hours}}{\text{day}}$)? Start: N/A	□AM □PM	End: N/A	□AM □PM				
3	Month and year of anticipated start of construction: Upon receipt of permit.								
4	Month and year of anticipated construction complet	ion: Upon receipt of permit.							
5	Month and year of anticipated startup of new or modified facility: Upon receipt of permit.								
6	Will this facility operate at this site for more than or	ne year? 🗹 Yes 🗆 No							

Section 1-F: Other Facility Information

1	Are there any current Notice of Violations (NOV), compliance orders, or any	other compliance or enforcement issues related
1	to this facility? 🗹 Yes 🗆 No If yes, specify: TAR 0610-1701, TAR 06	10-1801, & TAR-0610-1802
	If yes, NOV date or description of issue: NOV Date: TAR 0610-1701 -	NOV Tracking No: TAR 0610-1701, TAR
а	7/17/2017, TAR 0610-1801 - 12/7/2018, TAR-0610-1802 - Not Received	0610-1801, & TAR-0610-1802

b	Is this application in response to any issue listed in 1-F, 1 or 1a above? 🗆 Yes 🗹 No If Yes, provide the 1c & 1d info below:										
с	c Document Title: N/A Date: N/A Document Title: N/A										
d	Provide the required text to be inserted in this permit: N/A										
2	Is air quality dispersion modeling or modeling waiver being submitted with this application?										
3	Does this facility require an "Air Toxics" permit under 20.2.72.400 NMAC & 20.2.72.502, Tables A and/or B? 🗆 Yes 🗹 No										
4	Will this facility be a source of federal Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAP)? Z Yes D No										
a	If Yes, what type of source? \square Major ($\square \ge 10$ tpy of a \square Minor ($\square < 10$ tpy of any \square	iny single HAP Ol y single HAP ANI	R $\Box \ge 25$ tpy of any combination of HAPS) D $\Box < 25$ tpy of any combination of HAPS)								
5	Is any unit exempt under 20.2.72.202.B.3 NMAC? □ Yes	s 🗹 No									
	If yes, include the name of company providing commercial	electric power to the	facility: <u>N/A</u>								
a	Commercial power is purchased from a commercial utility site for the sole purpose of the user.	company, which spe	cifically does not include power generated on								

Section 1-G: Streamline Application (This section applies to 20.2.72.300 NMAC Streamline applications only)

□ I have filled out Section 18, "Addendum for Streamline Applications." \blacksquare N/A (This is not a Streamline application.) 1

Section 1-H: Current Title V Information - Required for all applications from TV Sources (Title V-source required information for all applications submitted pursuant to 20.2.72 NMAC (Minor Construction Permits), or 20.2.74/20.2.79 NMAC (Major PSD/NNSR applications), and/or 20.2.70 NMAC (Title V))

1	Responsible Official (R.O.) (20.2.70.300.D.2 NMAC): Jimmy Oxford	Phone: (713) 220-2493					
а	R.O. Title: Vice President Operations	R.O. e-mail: JOxfo	ord@targaresources.com				
b	R. O. Address: 401 North I-35 Suite 303, Denton, Texas, 76207						
2	Alternate Responsible Official (20.2.70.300.D.2 NMAC): N/A		Phone: N/A				
а	A. R.O. Title: N/A	A. R.O. e-mail: N/	A				
b	A. R. O. Address: N/A						
3	Company's Corporate or Partnership Relationship to any other Air Quality Permittee (List the names of any companies that have operating (20.2.70 NMAC) permits and with whom the applicant for this permit has a corporate or partnership relationship): Targa Resources, Inc.						
4	Name of Parent Company ("Parent Company" means the primary name of the organization that owns the company to be permitted wholly or in part.): Targa Resources, Inc.						
а	Address of Parent Company: 1000 Louisiana Street; Suite 4300, Houston, TX 77002						
5	Names of Subsidiary Companies ("Subsidiary Companies" means owned, wholly or in part, by the company to be permitted.): None	organizations, branc	hes, divisions or subsidiaries, which are				
6	Telephone numbers & names of the owners' agents and site contac Cindy Klein, (575) 631-7093	ts familiar with plan	t operations:				
7	Affected Programs to include Other States, local air pollution contribution will the property on which the facility is proposed to be constructed states, local pollution control programs, and Indian tribes and pueble ones and provide the distances in kilometers: Yes; The facility is 2	ol programs (i.e. Be d or operated be clo los (20.2.70.402.A.2 2 km from Texas	ernalillo) and Indian tribes: ser than 80 km (50 miles) from other 2 and 20.2.70.7.B)? If yes, state which				

Section 1-I – Submittal Requirements

Each 20.2.73 NMAC (**NOI**), a 20.2.70 NMAC (**Title V**), a 20.2.72 NMAC (**NSR** minor source), or 20.2.74 NMAC (**PSD**) application package shall consist of the following:

Hard Copy Submittal Requirements:

- One hard copy original signed and notarized application package printed double sided 'head-to-toe' <u>2-hole punched</u> as we bind the document on top, not on the side; except Section 2 (landscape tables), which should be head-to-head. Please use numbered tab separators in the hard copy submittal(s) as this facilitates the review process. For NOI submittals only, hard copies of UA1, Tables 2A, 2D & 2F, Section 3 and the signed Certification Page are required. Please include a copy of the check on a separate page.
- 2) If the application is for a minor NSR, PSD, NNSR, or Title V application, include one working hard copy for Department use. This copy should be printed in book form, 3-hole punched, and must be double sided. Note that this is in addition to the head-toto 2-hole punched copy required in 1) above. Minor NSR Technical Permit revisions (20.2.72.219.B NMAC) only need to fill out Sections 1-A, 1-B, 3, and should fill out those portions of other Section(s) relevant to the technical permit revision. TV Minor Modifications need only fill out Sections 1-A, 1-B, 1-H, 3, and those portions of other Section(s) relevant to the minor modification. NMED may require additional portions of the application to be submitted, as needed.
- 3) The entire NOI or Permit application package, including the full modeling study, should be submitted electronically. Electronic files for applications for NOIs, any type of General Construction Permit (GCP), or technical revisions to NSRs must be submitted with compact disk (CD) or digital versatile disc (DVD). For these permit application submittals, two CD copies are required (in sleeves, not crystal cases, please), with additional CD copies as specified below. NOI applications require only a single CD submittal. Electronic files for other New Source Review (construction) permits/permit modifications or Title V permits/permit modifications can be submitted on CD/DVD or sent through AQB's secure file transfer service.

Electronic files sent by (check one):

□ CD/DVD attached to p	paper application
------------------------	-------------------

Secure electronic transfer. Air Permit Contact Name: <u>Rachel Reese</u>

Email: <u>rreese@trinityconsultants.com</u>

Phone number: ____505-920-2177___

a. If the file transfer service is chosen by the applicant, after receipt of the application, the Bureau will email the applicant with instructions for submitting the electronic files through a secure file transfer service. Submission of the electronic files through the file transfer service needs to be completed within 3 business days after the invitation is received, so the applicant should ensure that the files are ready when sending the hard copy of the application. The applicant will not need a password to complete the transfer. **Do not use the file transfer service for NOIs, any type of GCP, or technical revisions to NSR permits.**

- 4) Optionally, the applicant may submit the files with the application on compact disk (CD) or digital versatile disc (DVD) following the instructions above and the instructions in 5 for applications subject to PSD review.
- 5) If air dispersion modeling is required by the application type, include the NMED Modeling Waiver and/or electronic air dispersion modeling report, input, and output files. The dispersion modeling <u>summary report only</u> should be submitted as hard copy(ies) unless otherwise indicated by the Bureau.
- 6) If the applicant submits the electronic files on CD and the application is subject to PSD review under 20.2.74 NMAC (PSD) or NNSR under 20.2.79 NMC include,
 - a. one additional CD copy for US EPA,
 - b. one additional CD copy for each federal land manager affected (NPS, USFS, FWS, USDI) and,
 - c. one additional CD copy for each affected regulatory agency other than the Air Quality Bureau.

If the application is submitted electronically through the secure file transfer service, these extra CDs do not need to be submitted.

Electronic Submittal Requirements [in addition to the required hard copy(ies)]:

- 1) All required electronic documents shall be submitted as 2 separate CDs or submitted through the AQB secure file transfer service. Submit a single PDF document of the entire application as submitted and the individual documents comprising the application.
- 2) The documents should also be submitted in Microsoft Office compatible file format (Word, Excel, etc.) allowing us to access the text and formulas in the documents (copy & paste). Any documents that cannot be submitted in a Microsoft Office compatible

format shall be saved as a PDF file from within the electronic document that created the file. If you are unable to provide Microsoft office compatible electronic files or internally generated PDF files of files (items that were not created electronically: i.e. brochures, maps, graphics, etc.), submit these items in hard copy format. We must be able to review the formulas and inputs that calculated the emissions.

- 3) It is preferred that this application form be submitted as 4 electronic files (3 MSWord docs: Universal Application section 1 [UA1], Universal Application section 3-19 [UA3], and Universal Application 4, the modeling report [UA4]) and 1 Excel file of the tables (Universal Application section 2 [UA2]). Please include as many of the 3-19 Sections as practical in a single MS Word electronic document. Create separate electronic file(s) if a single file becomes too large or if portions must be saved in a file format other than MS Word.
- 4) The electronic file names shall be a maximum of 25 characters long (including spaces, if any). The format of the electronic Universal Application shall be in the format: "A-3423-FacilityName". The "A" distinguishes the file as an application submittal, as opposed to other documents the Department itself puts into the database. Thus, all electronic application submittals should begin with "A-". Modifications to existing facilities should use the core permit number (i.e. '3423') the Department assigned to the facility as the next 4 digits. Use 'XXXX' for new facility applications. The format of any separate electronic submittals (additional submittals such as non-Word attachments, re-submittals, application updates) and Section document shall be in the format: "A-3423-9-description", where "9" stands for the section # (in this case Section 9-Public Notice). Please refrain, as much as possible, from submitting any scanned documents as this file format is extremely large, which uses up too much storage capacity in our database. Please take the time to fill out the header information throughout all submittals as this will identify any loose pages, including the Application Date (date submitted) & Revision number (0 for original, 1, 2, etc.; which will help keep track of subsequent partial update(s) to the original submittal. Do not use special symbols (#, @, etc.) in file names. The footer information should not be modified by the applicant.

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Monument Gas Plant

Table 2-A: Regulated Emission Sources

Unit and stack numbering must correspond throughout the application package. If applying for a NOI under 20.2.73 NMAC, equipment exemptions under 2.72.202 NMAC do not apply.

					Manufact-urer's	Requested	Date of Manufacture ²	Controlled by Unit #				RICE Ignition	
Unit Number ¹	Source Description	Make	Model #	Serial #	Rated Capacity ³ (Specify Units)	Permitted Capacity ³ (Specify Units)	Date of Construction/ Reconstruction ²	Emissions vented to Stack #	Source Classi- fication Code (SCC)	For Each Piece of Equipment, Check One		Type (CI, SI, Replacing Unit 4SLB, 4SRB, No. 2SLB) ⁴	
AM-01	Amine Unit	N/A	N/A	8263	90 MMscfd	90 MMscfd	N/A 1976	AGI AGI	3100 0305	 Existing (unchanged) New/Additional To Be Modified 	To be Removed Replacement Unit To be Replaced	N/A	N/A
T-01	Gas Turbines	Solar-Saturn	1200	OHC13- S6665	1,000 hp	1,000 hp	N/A 03/1970	N/A T-01-03	2020 0201	 Existing (unchanged) New/Additional To Be Modified 	To be Removed Replacement Unit To be Replaced	N/A	N/A
T-02	Gas Turbines	Solar-Saturn	1200	OHA18- S9539	1,000 hp	1,000 hp	N/A 06/1974	N/A T-01-03	2020 0201	 Existing (unchanged) New/Additional To Be Modified 	To be Removed Replacement Unit To be Replaced	N/A	N/A
T-03	Gas Turbines	Solar-Saturn	1200	OHC11- S7364	1,000 hp	1,000 hp	N/A 12/1982	N/A T-01-03	2020 0201	 Existing (unchanged) New/Additional To Be Modified 	To be Removed Replacement Unit To be Replaced	N/A	N/A
T-04	Gas Turbines	Solar-Saturn	1200	OHD16- S0849	1,000 hp	1,000 hp	N/A 06/1983	N/A T-04	2020 0201	 Existing (unchanged) New/Additional To Be Modified 	To be Removed Replacement Unit To be Replaced	N/A	N/A
C-01	Compressor Engine	Clark	RA-8	25894	800 hp	800 hp	N/A 1956	N/A C-01	2020 0202	 Existing (unchanged) New/Additional To Be Modified 	To be Removed Replacement Unit To be Replaced	2SLB	N/A
C-02	Compressor Engine	Clark	RA-8	25900	800 hp	800 hp	N/A 1956	N/A C-02	2020 0202	 Existing (unchanged) New/Additional To Be Modified 	To be Removed Replacement Unit To be Replaced	2SLB	N/A
C-04	Compressor Engine	Clark	RA-6	21222	600 hp	600 hp	N/A 1956	N/A C-04	2020 0202	 Existing (unchanged) New/Additional To Be Modified 	To be Removed Replacement Unit To be Replaced	2SLB	N/A
C-05	Compressor Engine	Clark	RA-6	A-21103	600 hp	600 hp	N/A 1956	N/A C-05	2020 0202	 Existing (unchanged) New/Additional To Be Modified 	To be Removed Replacement Unit To be Replaced	2SLB	N/A
C-06	Compressor Engine	Clark	RA-6	A-21102	600 hp	600 hp	N/A 1956	N/A C-06	2020 0202	 Existing (unchanged) New/Additional To Be Modified 	To be Removed Replacement Unit To be Replaced	2SLB	N/A
C-24	Compressor Engine	Clark	HRA-8	A-25850	880 hp	880 hp	N/A 1969	N/A C-24	2020 0202	 Existing (unchanged) New/Additional To Be Modified 	To be Removed Replacement Unit To be Replaced	2SLB	N/A
C-28	Compressor Engine	Cooper	GMVA-8	43620	1,100 hp	1,100 hp	N/A 1977	N/A C-28	2020 0202	 Existing (unchanged) New/Additional To Be Modified 	To be Removed Replacement Unit To be Replaced	2SLB	N/A
RC-28	Compressor Associated with C-	-	-	-	-	-	- 2019	N/A	2020 0202	 Existing (unchanged) New/Additional To Be Modified 	To be Removed Replacement Unit To be Replaced	N/A	N/A
C-40	Electric Compressor	TBD	TBD	TBD	3,000 hp	3,000 hp	est. 2021 TBD	N/A	2020 0202	 Existing (unchanged) New/Additional To Be Modified 	To be Removed Replacement Unit To be Replaced	N/A	N/A
HB-01	Steam Boiler	Holman Superior	N/A	1543	6.7 MMBtu/hr	6.7 MMBtu/hr	N/A 1978	N/A HB-01	1020 0603	 Existing (unchanged) New/Additional To Be Modified 	To be Removed Replacement Unit To be Replaced	N/A	N/A
BMH-01	Molesieve Heater	Born	N/A	982	3.9 MMBtu/hr	3.9 MMBtu/hr	N/A 1997	N/A BMH-01	3100 0404	 Existing (unchanged) New/Additional To Be Modified 	To be Removed Replacement Unit To be Replaced	N/A	N/A
H-NO	Hot Oil Heater	Born	N/A	2092-A	30 MMBtu/hr	30 MMBtu/hr	N/A 1976	N/A H-NO	3100 0404	 Existing (unchanged) New/Additional To Be Modified 	To be Removed Replacement Unit To be Replaced	N/A	N/A
H-SO	Hot Oil Heater	Born	N/A	2092	30 MMBtu/hr	30 MMBtu/hr	N/A 1976	N/A H-SO	3100 0404	 Existing (unchanged) New/Additional To Be Modified 	To be Removed Replacement Unit To be Replaced	N/A	N/A

					Manufact-urer's	Requested	Date of Manufacture ²	Controlled by Unit #				RICE Ignition						
Unit Number ¹	Source Description	Make	Model #	Serial #	Rated Capacity ³ (Specify Units)	Permitted Capacity ³ (Specify Units)	Date of Construction/ Reconstruction ²	Emissions vented to Stack #	Source Classi- fication Code (SCC)	For Each Piece of Eq	uipment, Check One	Type (CI, SI, 4SLB, 4SRB, 2SLB) ⁴	Replacing Unit No.					
DU 01	Regeneration Gas	Down	NI/A	1820	16 MMPtu/br	16 MMPtu/br	N/A	N/A	2100.0404	Existing (unchanged) New/Additional	To be Removed	NI/A	NI/A					
KH-01	Heater	Born	IN/A	1820	10 MIMBlu/II	10 MMBlu/II	1961	RH-01	3100 0404	To Be Modified	To be Replaced	IN/A	IN/A					
RH-02	Regeneration Gas	Thermoflux	N/A	7040	4 MMBtu/hr	4 MMBtu/hr	N/A	N/A	3100 0404	 Existing (unchanged) New/Additional 	To be Removed Replacement Unit	N/A	N/A					
101 02	Heater (Standby)	Thermonium		,,,,,	1 Minista III	1 Minibashi	1997	RH-02	5100 0101	To Be Modified	To be Replaced	1011	1011					
F-01	Residue Flare	Callidus	NA	085501-B	Pilot/Purge 0.61	Pilot/Purge 0.61	2011	NA	3060 0904	 Existing (unchanged) New/Additional 	To be Removed Replacement Unit	N/A	F-01					
1 01	(Plant Flare)	Cumuus		703	MMBtu/hr	MMBtu/hr	2011	F-01	5000 0501	To Be Modified	To be Replaced	1011	1 01					
F-02	Inlet Flare	Callidus	NA	A016436.7	Pilot/Purge 0.61	Pilot/Purge 0.61	2011	NA	3060 0904	 Existing (unchanged) New/Additional 	To be Removed Replacement Unit	N/A	F-02					
	(Field Gas Flare)			01	MMBtu/hr	MMBtu/hr	2011	F-02		To Be Modified	To be Replaced							
F-03	Acid Gas Flare	John Zink	NA	9171337.00	Pilot/Purge 0.52	Pilot/Purge 0.52	2011	NA	3060 0904	 Existing (unchanged) New/Additional 	To be Removed Replacement Unit	N/A	NA					
					MMBtu/hr	MMBtu/hr	2011	F-03		☑ To Be Modified	To be Replaced							
T-MD	Tank	Unknown	Unknown	7433	500 bbl	500 bbl	Unknown	VRU	4040 0311	 Existing (unchanged) New/Additional 	To be Removed Replacement Unit	N/A	NA					
							2005	T-MD							To Be Modified	To be Replaced		
T-SO	Tank	Unknown	Unknown	7457	500 bbl	500 bbl	Unknown	VRU	4040 0311	 Existing (unchanged) New/Additional 	To be Removed Replacement Unit	N/A	NA					
							2005	T-SO		To Be Modified	To be Replaced							
T-NO	Tank	Unknown	Unknown	7456.00	500 bbl	500 bbl	Unknown	VRU	4040 0311	 Existing (unchanged) New/Additional 	To be Removed Replacement Unit	N/A	NA					
							2005	T-NO		To Be Modified	To be Replaced							
СТ	Cooling Tower	N/A	N/A	N/A	20.400 gpm	20.400 gpm	Unknown	N/A	3060 0701	 Existing (unchanged) New/Additional 	To be Removed Replacement Unit	N/A	NA					
01	cooling rower	1011			, 8r	Sr	Pre-2000	N/A	5000 0701	To Be Modified	To be Replaced	1011						
FG-01*	Process Fugitives	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	3108 8811	 Existing (unchanged) New/Additional 	To be Removed Replacement Unit	N/A	N/A					
1001	The set of a granted	1011			1011	1011	N/A	N/A	5100 0011	☑ To Be Modified	To be Replaced	1011	1011					
L-01	Condensate Loading	N/A	N/A	N/A	438 800 bbl/vr	438 800 bbl/vr	N/A	N/A	4040 0250	 Existing (unchanged) New/Additional 	To be Removed Replacement Unit	N/A	N/A					
2.01	and Unloading	1011	1071	1071	100,000 001 91	100,000 001 j1	N/A	N/A	1010 0250	To Be Modified	To be Replaced	1011	1011					
SLUG	Slug Catcher	N/A	N/A	185768-01-	N/A	N/A	11/2015	N/A	3100 0211	 Existing (unchanged) New/Additional 	To be Removed Replacement Unit	N/A	N/A					
				2			11/2015 N/A	N/A		To Be Modified	To be Replaced							
PIG	Pig Receiver	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	31000211	New/Additional	Replacement Unit	N/A	N/A					
							N/A	N/A		Fxisting (unchanged)	To be Removed							
Malf	Malfunction Emissions	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	3108 8811	New/Additional	Replacement Unit	N/A	N/A					
	Startup, Shutdown						1N/PA	N/A		10 Be Modified	10 be Replaced							
SSM - CB	and Maintenance -	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	3108 8811	Existing (unchanged) New/Additional	To be Removed Replacement Unit	N/A	N/A					
55M - CD	Blowdown to Atmosphere	11/24	1972	11/2	1071	1011	N/A	N/A	5100 0011	To Be Modified	To be Replaced	11/2	11/14					
SSM - PP	Startup, Shutdown and Maintenance -	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	3108 8811	 Existing (unchanged) New/Additional 	To be Removed Replacement Unit	N/A	N/A					
	Pump Purging						N/A	N/A		To Be Modified	To be Replaced							

					Manufact uraris	Requested	Date of Manufacture ²	Controlled by Unit #				RICE Ignition	
Unit Number ¹	Source Description	Make	Model #	Serial #	Rated Capacity ³ (Specify Units)	Permitted Capacity ³ (Specify Units)	Date of Construction/ Reconstruction ²	Emissions vented to Stack #	Source Classi- fication Code (SCC)	For Each Piece of Eq	uipment, Check One	Type (CI, SI, 4SLB, 4SRB, 2SLB) ⁴	Replacing Unit No.
SCM VD	Startup, Shutdown	NI/A	NI/A	NI/A	NI/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	2108 8811	 Existing (unchanged) New/Additional 	To be Removed	NI/A	NI/A
55IVI - V F	Vessel Purging	IN/A	IN/A	IN/A	IN/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	5108 8811	To Be Modified	To be Replaced	IN/A	IN/A
SSM -	Startup, Shutdown	N/A	NI/A	N/A	NI/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	2108 8811	 Existing (unchanged) New/Additional 	To be Removed Replacement Unit	N/A	N/A
VRU	VRU Downtime	IVA	IVA	IWA	IV/A	IVA	N/A	N/A	5100 0011	To Be Modified	To be Replaced	IWA	IVA
	Startup, Shutdown and Maintenance -						N/A	N/A		Existing (unchanged)	To be Removed		
SSM - AGI	AGI Compressor Blowdown to Atmosphere	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	3108 8811	New/Additional To Be Modified	Replacement Unit To be Replaced	N/A	N/A
	Startup, Shutdown and Maintenance -						N/A	N/A		Existing (unchanged)	To be Removed		
SSM - AGI- C2	AGI Compressor Blowdown to Atmosphere	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	3108 8811	 Z. Kishig (dichalged) Mew/Additional To Be Modified 	Replacement Unit To be Replaced	N/A	N/A
	Startup, Shutdown						N/A	N/A		 Existing (unchanged) 	To be Removed		
SSM-SC	Slug Catcher Blowdown to Flare	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	3108 8811	New/Additional To Be Modified	Replacement Unit To be Replaced	N/A	N/A
	Startup, Shutdown and Maintenance -						N/A	N/A		 Existing (unchanged) 	To be Removed		
SSM-Frac	De-ethanizer and De- propanizer Blowdown to Flare	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	3108 8811	New/Additional To Be Modified	Replacement Unit To be Replaced	N/A	N/A
FUG-Frac	Fugitive Emissions from De-ethanizer	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	-	N/A	3108 8811	 Existing (unchanged) New/Additional 	To be Removed Replacement Unit	N/A	N/A
100-11ac	and De-propanizer System	IVA	IV/A	11/14	14/12	1011	2017	N/A	5100 0011	To Be Modified	To be Replaced	IWA	IVA
FUG-CS	Fugitive Emissions from Condensate	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	N/A	3108 8811	 Existing (unchanged) New/Additional 	To be Removed Replacement Unit	N/A	N/A
	Stabilizer						TBD	N/A		To Be Modified	To be Replaced		
FUG-SC	Fugitive Emissions	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	-	N/A	3108 8811	 Existing (unchanged) New/Additional 	To be Removed Replacement Unit	N/A	N/A
	Fugitive Emissions						2016	N/A		To Be Modified	To be Replaced		
FUG-C28	from C-28 Propane Service Change	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	- 2016	N/A N/A	3108 8811	 Existing (unchanged) New/Additional To Be Modified 	To be Removed Replacement Unit To be Replaced	N/A	N/A
EUG-C40	Fugitive Emissions	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	-	N/A	3108 8811	Existing (unchanged) New/Additional	To be Removed Replacement Unit	N/A	N/A
100-040	from C-40	IVA	IVA	IWA	IVA	iv/A	est. 2021	N/A	5100 0011	To Be Modified	To be Replaced	IWA	IVA
FUG-AGC ⁵	Fugitive Emissions from Acid Gas Cooling	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	- est. 2021	N/A N/A	3108 8811	 Existing (unchanged) New/Additional To Be Modified 	To be Removed Replacement Unit To be Replaced	N/A	N/A
	Fugitive Emissions		27/1				-	N/A		Existing (unchanged)	To be Removed		
FUG-GSP⁰	trom Gas Subcooled Processes	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	est. 2021	N/A	3108 8811	☑ New/Additional To Be Modified	Replacement Unit To be Replaced	N/A	N/A

¹ Unit numbers must correspond to unit numbers in the previous permit unless a complete cross reference table of all units in both permits is provided.

² Specify dates required to determine regulatory applicability.

³ To properly account for power conversion efficiencies, generator set rated capacity shall be reported as the rated capacity of the engine in horsepower, not the kilowatt capacity of the generator set.

4 "4SLB" means four stroke lean burn engine, "4SRB" means four stroke rich burn engine, "2SLB" means two stroke lean burn engine, "Ci" means compression ignition, and "Si" means spark ignition

* FG-01 includes emissions from FUG-CS, FUG-SC, FUG-Frac, FUG-C28, FUG-C40, FUG-AGC, and FUG-GSP throughout this application. These fugitive emissions are accounted for separately in this table and in Section 13 for regulatory applicability purposes.

⁵FUG-AGC includes the fugitive emissions from the redundant acid gas cooler.

⁶FUG-GSP includes fugitive emissions from Gas Subcooled Processes (GSP) cryogenic NGL recovery units.

Table 2-B: Insignificant Activities¹ (20.2.70 NMAC) OR Exempted Equipment (20.2.72 NMAC)

All 20.2.70 NMAC (Title V) applications must list all Insignificant Activities in this table. All 20.2.72 NMAC applications must list Exempted Equipment in this table. If equipment listed on this table is exempt under 20.2.72.202.B.5, include emissions calculations and emissions totals for 202.B.5 "similar functions" units, operations, and activities in Section 6, Calculations. Equipment and activities exempted under 20.2.72.202 NMAC may not necessarily be Insignificant under 20.2.70 NMAC (and vice versa). Unit & stack numbering must be consistent throughout the application package. Per Exemptions Policy 02-012.00 (see http://www.env.nm.gov/aqb/permit/aqb_pol.html), 20.2.72.202.B NMAC Exemptions do not apply, but 20.2.72.202.A NMAC exemptions do apply to NOI facilities under 20.2.73 NMAC. List 20.2.73.01.D.4 NMAC Auxiliary Equipment for Streamline applications in Table 2-A. The List of Insignificant Activities (for TV) can be found online at https://www.env.nm.gov/wpcontent/uploads/sites/2/2017/10/InsignificantListTitleV.pdf. TV sources may elect to enter both TV Insignificant Activities and Part 72 Exemptions on this form.

Unit Number	Source Description	Manufacturer	Model No.	Max Capacity	List Specific 20.2.72.202 NMAC Exemption (e.g. 20.2.72.202.B.5) Insignificant Activity citation (e.g. IA List	Date of Manufacture /Reconstruction ² Date of Installation	• For Each Piece of Ec	quipment, Check Onc
			Serial Ito.	Capacity Clins	Item #1.a)	/Construction ²		
Haul Daada	Haul road activity associated	NI/A	N/A	10	-	N/A	Existing (unchanged) New/Additional	To be Removed
Haul Koaus	with propane production	IN/A	N/A	trucks/hr	IA List Item #1.a	N/A	☑ To Be Modified	To be Replaced
Haul Poads 2	Condonsato Londing	NI/A	N/A	N/A	-	N/A	 Existing (unchanged) New/Additional 	To be Removed Replacement Unit
Haul Koads 2	Condensate Loading	IN/A	N/A	N/A	IA List Item #1.a	N/A	To Be Modified	To be Replaced
N/A	Used Oil Tenks	Various	Unknown	Various	-	Unknown	 Existing (unchanged) New/Additional 	To be Removed
IN/A	Used OII Taliks	various	Unknown	Various	IA List Item #5	Unknown	To Be Modified	To be Replaced
N/A	Lube Oil Tanks	Various	Unknown	Various	-	Unknown	 Existing (unchanged) New/Additional 	To be Removed Replacement Unit
IN/A	Lube On Tanks	various	Unknown	Various	IA List Item #5	Unknown	To Be Modified	To be Replaced
N/A	Antifraeze Tanks	Various	Unknown	Various	-	Unknown	 Existing (unchanged) New/Additional 	To be Removed Replacement Unit
11/74	Antificeze Tanks	various	Unknown	Various	IA List Item #5	Unknown	To Be Modified	To be Replaced
N/A	Pronane Pressure Tanks	Various	Unknown	Various	-	Unknown	 Existing (unchanged) New/Additional 	To be Removed Replacement Unit
11/21	Tiopane Tressure Tanks	various	Unknown	Various	IA List Item #1.a	Unknown	To Be Modified	To be Replaced
N/A	AGI Electric Compressor	Ingersoll Rand	6 HOS 4	1500 hp	-	TBD	Existing (unchanged) New/Additional	To be Removed Replacement Unit
10/1	AGI Electric Compressor	ingerson Rand	7/6/2112	1500 hp	IA List Item #1.a	TBD	To Be Modified	To be Replaced
L-02	Propage Pressurized Loading	N/A	N/A	3000	-	N/A	Existing (unchanged) New/Additional	To be Removed Replacement Unit
1.02	Tiopule Tressurized Educing	1011	N/A	loads/yr	IA List Item #1.a	N/A	☑ To Be Modified	To be Replaced
DE/DU 01	Dual-use diesel-fired	Allmond	Maxi-Heat	1.0 (13.8)	-	TBD	Existing (unchanged)	To be Removed
BL/BII-01	engine	Alimand	TBD	MMBtu/hr (hp)	IA List Item #1.a	TBD	To Be Modified	To be Replaced
							Existing (unchanged)	To be Removed
							To Be Modified	To be Replaced
							Existing (unchanged)	To be Removed Replacement Unit
							To Be Modified	To be Replaced
							Existing (unchanged) New/Additional	To be Removed Replacement Unit
							To Be Modified	To be Replaced
							Existing (unchanged) New/Additional	To be Removed Replacement Unit
							To Be Modified	To be Replaced

¹ Insignificant activities exempted due to size or production rate are defined in 20.2.70.300.D.6, 20.2.70.7.Q NMAC, and the NMED/AQB List of Insignificant Activities, dated September 15, 2008. Emissions from these insignificant activities do not need to be reported, unless specifically requested.

² Specify date(s) required to determine regulatory applicability.

Table 2-C: Emissions Control Equipment

Unit and stack numbering must correspond throughout the application package. Only list control equipment for TAPs if the TAP's maximum uncontrolled emissions rate is over its respective threshold as listed in 20.2.72 NMAC, Subpart V, Tables A and B. In accordance with 20.2.72.203.A(3) and (8) NMAC, 20.2.70.300.D(5)(b) and (e) NMAC, and 20.2.73.200.B(7) NMAC, the permittee shall report all control devices and list each pollutant controlled by the control device regardless if the applicant takes credit for the reduction in emissions.

Control Equipment Unit No.	Control Equipment Description	Date Installed	Controlled Pollutant(s)	Controlling Emissions for Unit Number(s) ¹	Efficiency (% Control by Weight)	Method used to Estimate Efficiency
VRU (x2)	VRU (x2)	N/A	H ₂ S, VOC, HAPs	T-SO, T-NO, T-MD	100%	Operational Records
F-01	Plant Flare: Plant/ Facility wide blowdown, Residue, Sour Field Gas		H_2S , VOC, HAPs	Flared gas /blowdown/residue gas -treated gas	98%	Engineering Judgement
F-02	Emergency/Field Gas Flare: Sour Field Gas		H_2S , VOC, HAPs	Facility inlet – sour field gas	98%	Engineering Judgement
F-03	Acid Gas Flare: AGI Acid Gas/Supplemental Fuel		H_2S , VOC, HAPs	AGI, plant shutdown – amine unit - acid gas SSM	98%	Engineering Judgement
AGI	Acid Gas Injection Well		H_2S	Amine Unit	100%	Engineering Judgement

¹ List each control device on a separate line. For each control device, list all emission units controlled by the control device.

Table 2-D: Maximum Emissions (under normal operating conditions)

☑ This Table was intentionally left blank because it would be identical to Table 2-E.

Maximum Emissions are the emissions at maximum capacity and prior to (in the absence of) pollution control, emission-reducing process equipment, or any other emission reduction. Calculate the hourly emissions using the worst case hourly emissions for each pollutant. For each pollutant, calculate the annual emissions as if the facility were operating at maximum plant capacity without pollution controls for 8760 hours per year, unless otherwise approved by the Department. List Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAP) & Toxic Air Pollutants (TAPs) in Table 2-1. Unit & stack numbering must be consistent throughout the application package. Fill all cells in this table with the emission numbers or a "- "symbol. A "-" symbol indicates that emissions of this pollutant are not expected. Numbers shall be expressed to at least 2 decimal points (e.g. 0.41, 1.41, or 1.41E-4).

11 · 1 N	N	Ox	C	0	V	0C	S	Ox	PI	M ¹	PM	[10 ¹	PM	2.5 ¹	Н	$_2S$	Le	ad
Unit No.	lb/hr	ton/yr	lb/hr	ton/yr	lb/hr	ton/yr	lb/hr	ton/yr	lb/hr	ton/yr								
Totals																		

¹Condensable Particulate Matter: Include condensable particulate matter emissions for PM10 and PM2.5 if the source is a combustion source. Do not include condensable particulate matter for PM unless PM is set equal to PM10 and PM2.5. Particulate matter (PM) is not subject to an ambient air quality standard, but PM is a regulated air pollutant under PSD (20.2.74 NMAC) and Title V (20.2.70 NMAC).

Table 2-E: Requested Allowable Emissions

Unit & stack numbering must be consistent throughout the application package. Fill all cells in this table with the emission numbers or a "-" symbol. A "-" symbol indicates that emissions of this pollutant are not expected. Numbers shall be expressed to at least 2 decimal points (e.g. 0.41, 1.41, or 1.41E⁴).

Unit No	N	Ox	C	0	V	DC	S	Ox	P	M ¹	PM	[10 ¹	PM	2.5 ¹	Н	₂ S	Le	ad
Unit No.	lb/hr	ton/yr	lb/hr	ton/yr	lb/hr	ton/yr	lb/hr	ton/yr	lb/hr	ton/yr	lb/hr	ton/yr	lb/hr	ton/yr	lb/hr	ton/yr	lb/hr	ton/yr
T-01 ²																		
T-02 ²	12.40	54.20	4.50	19.80	0.89	3.90	0.51	2.22	0.25	1.09	0.25	1.09	0.25	1.09	0.0054	0.024	-	-
T-03 ²																		
T-04	2.90	12.70	1.10	4.82	0.20	0.88	0.17	0.74	0.083	0.36	0.083	0.36	0.083	0.36	1.79E-03	7.86E-03	-	-
C-01	27.80	121.80	4.50	19.60	0.93	4.10	0.11	0.47	0.37	1.60	0.37	1.60	0.37	1.60	1.08E-03	4.74E-03	-	-
C-02	27.80	121.80	4.50	19.60	0.93	4.10	0.11	0.47	0.37	1.60	0.37	1.60	0.37	1.60	1.08E-03	4.74E-03	-	-
C-04	25.10	109.90	5.00	21.80	0.39	1.70	0.06	0.26	0.22	0.95	0.22	0.95	0.22	0.95	6.39E-04	2.80E-03	-	-
C-05	25.10	109.90	5.00	21.80	0.39	1.70	0.06	0.26	0.22	0.95	0.22	0.95	0.22	0.95	6.39E-04	2.80E-03	-	-
C-06	25.10	109.90	5.00	21.80	0.39	1.70	0.06	0.26	0.22	0.95	0.22	0.95	0.22	0.95	6.39E-04	2.80E-03	-	-
C-24	41.90	183.50	10.70	46.80	0.78	3.40	0.17	0.76	0.62	2.72	0.62	2.72	0.62	2.72	1.83E-03	8.04E-03	-	-
C-28	16.60	72.70	2.50	10.70	0.78	3.40	0.13	0.58	0.47	2.08	0.47	2.08	0.47	2.08	1.40E-03	6.15E-03	-	-
HB-01	1.10	4.82	0.23	1.00	0.037	0.16	4.8E-05	2.10E-04	0.051	0.22	0.051	0.22	0.051	0.22	9.57E-04	4.19E-03	-	-
BMH-01	0.39	1.71	0.33	1.43	0.021	0.094	0.052	0.23	0.030	0.13	0.030	0.13	0.030	0.13	5.57E-04	2.44E-03	-	-
H-NO	6.90	30.10	1.70	7.50	0.29	1.25	0.40	1.77	0.23	1.00	0.23	1.00	0.23	1.00	4.29E-03	1.88E-02	-	-
H-SO	6.90	30.10	1.70	7.50	0.29	1.25	0.40	1.77	0.23	1.00	0.23	1.00	0.23	1.00	4.29E-03	1.88E-02	-	-
RH-01 ³	3 70	16.21	0.92	4.05	0.15	0.67	0.22	0.94	0.12	0.53	0.12	0.53	0.12	0.53	2 29F-03	1.00E-02	_	-
RH-02 ³	5.70	10.21	0.92	1.05	0.15	0.07	0.22	0.91	0.12	0.55	0.12	0.55	0.12	0.55	2.272 05	1.001 02		
F-01 ⁴	0.083	0.36	0.16	0.72	-	-	0.0041	0.018	-	-	-	-	-	-	4.1E-06	1.8E-05	-	-
F-02 ⁴	0.083	0.36	0.16	0.72	-	-	0.0041	0.018	-	-	-	-	-	-	4.1E-06	1.8E-05	-	-
F-03 ⁴	0.083	0.36	0.16	0.72	-	-	0.0041	0.018	-	-	-	-	-	-	4.1E-06	1.8E-05	-	-
T-MD ⁵	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
T-SO ⁵	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
T-NO ⁵	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CT	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4.88	21.38	2.85	12.48	0.011	0.046	-	-	-	-
FG-01**	-	-	-	-	-	77.12	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.056	0.24	-	-
L-01	-	-	-	-	-	7.10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Totals	223.94	980.42	48.17	210.37	6.45	112.52	2.46	10.79	8.35	36.55	6.32	27.66	3.48	15.22	0.082	0.36	-	-

¹ Condensable Particulate Matter: Include condensable particulate matter emissions for PM10 and PM2.5 if the source is a combustion source. Do not include condensable particulate matter for PM unless PM is set equal to PM10 and PM2.5. Particulate matter (PM) is not subject to an ambient air quality standard, but it is a regulated air pollutant under PSD (20.2.74 NMAC) and Title V (20.2.70 NMAC).

² Emissions from flare pilot and purge only are indicated in this section.

³ Unit RH-02, which is a standby for unit RH-01. The permit contains only those emissions from unit RH-01 since higher emissions are associated with this unit.

⁴ Emissions from flare pilot and purge only are indicated in this section.

⁵ Condensate tanks are continuously controlled by a VRU with 100% control efficiency. No steady-state VOC or HS emissions are allowed from these units.

"-" Denotes emissions of this pollutant are not expected.

** FG-01 includes fugitive emissions from the slug catcher (FUG-SC), backup VRU (FUG-VRU), condensate stabilizer (FUG-CS), fractionator (FUG-Frac), C-28 propane service change (FUG-C28), compressor C-40 (FUG-C40), Acid Gas Cooling (FUG-AGC), and Gas Subcooled Processing (FUG-GSP).

Note that fugitives associated with Gas Subcooled Processing are not in VOC service and are therefore not be subject to OOOOa LDAR monitoring.

Table 2-F: Additional Emissions during Startup, Shutdown, and Routine Maintenance (SSM)

This table is intentionally left blank since all emissions at this facility due to routine or predictable startup, shutdown, or scehduled maintenance are no higher than those listed in Table 2-E and a malfunction emission limit is not already permitted or requested. If you are required to report GHG emissions as described in Section 6a, include any GHG emissions during Startup, Shutdown, and/or Scheduled Maintenance (SSM) in Table 2-P. Provide an explanations of SSM emissions in Section 6 and 6a.

All applications for facilities that have emissions during routine our predictable startup, shutdown or scheduled maintenance (SSM) including NOI applications, must include in this table the Maximum Emissions during routine or predictable startup, shutdown and scheduled maintenance (20.2.7 NMAC, 20.2.72.203.A.3 NMAC, 20.2.73.200.D.2 NMAC). In Section 6 and 6a, provide emissions calculations for all SSM emissions reported in this table. Refer to "Guidance for Submittal of Startup, Shutdown, Maintenance Emissions in Permit Applications (https://www.env.nm.gov/aqb/permit/aqb_pol.html) for more detailed instructions. Numbers shall be expressed to at least 2 decimal points (e.g. 0.41, 1.41, or 1.41E-4).

Unit No.	I	NOx	С	0	V	C	S	Ox	P	M^2	PM	(10 ²	PM	2.5^{2}	Н	₂ S	Le	ad
Unit No.	lb/hr	ton/yr	lb/hr	ton/yr	lb/hr	ton/yr	lb/hr	ton/yr	lb/hr	ton/yr	lb/hr	ton/yr	lb/hr	ton/yr	lb/hr	ton/yr	lb/hr	ton/yr
F-01 (Plant Shutdown to Plant Flare)	522.42	16.45	1042.95	32.83	100.59	3.10	3.06	0.11	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.033	0.0010	-	-
F-02 (Plant Shutdown to Inlet Flare) ³	631.03	1.97	1259.78	3.94	1063.16	2.36	6865.30	17.50	-	-	-	-	-	-	72.90	0.19	-	-
F-03 (AGI SSM to Acid Gas Flare and Plant Shutdown to Acid Gas Flare) ⁴	68.37	3.93	586.18	33.71	31.58	1.82	5817.53	334.51	-	-	-	-	-	-	61.90	3.56	-	-
PIG, SLUG	-	-	-	-	0.012	3.20E-04	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6.70E-04	1.70E-05	-	-
Malf*	631.03	10.00	1259.78	10.00	1063.16	10.00	7022.63	10.00	-	-	-	-	-	-	74.62	5.00	-	-
SSM-PP	-	-	-	-	-	0.12	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
SSM-VP	-	-	-	-	-	0.0097	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1.98E-04	-	-
SSM-VRU**	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
SSM-AGI	-	-	-	-	-	5.04E-04	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
SSM-SC	0.21	5.20E-04	0.42	0.0010	0.41	1.20E-04	0.92	0.0023	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.0098	2.45E-05		
SSM-Frac	-	-	-	-	-	2.64	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
SSM-AGI-C2	-	-	-	-	0.15	0.0011	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1.59E-04	1.10E-06	-	-
SSM-CB	-	-	-	-	-	0.14	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.0076	-	-
Totals ⁵	1222.03	32.35	2889.33	80.47	1195.91	20.19	12686.82	362.12	-	-	-	-	-	-	134.85	8.76	-	-

¹ For instance, if the short term steady-state Table 2-E emissions are 5 lb/hr and the SSM rate is 12 lb/hr, enter 7 lb/hr in this table. If the annual steady-state Table 2-E emissions are 21.9 TPY, and the number of scheduled SSM events result in annual emissions of 31.9 TPY, enter 10.0 TPY in the table below.

² Condensable Particulate Matter: Include condensable particulate matter emissions for PM10 and PM2.5 if the source is a combustion source. Do not include condensable particulate matter for PM unless PM is set equal to PM10 and PM2.5. Particulate matter (PM) is not subject to an ambient air quality standard, but it is a regulated air pollutant under PSD (20.2.74 NMAC) and Title V (20.2.70 NMAC).

³ Emissions from slug catcher SSM will be routed to flare F-02. The flare is currently permitted for it's maximum hourly capacity.

⁴ Emissions will normally be from AGI SSM to acid gas flare but this total includes plant shutdown to acid gas flare.

⁵ Totals are for information and are not enforceable. The three SSM events for Flare 3 cannot occur simultaneously because they represent a single acid gas source.

"*" Malfunction emissions may result with emissions from venting (VOC or HS emissions) or any of the flares (F-01, F02, and F-03 flare emissions of NOx, CO, VOC, SOx, and H₂S). Hourly malfunction emissions shown in the table above are emissions with the highest hourly emissions. These malfunction emissions are not summed in the totals column since the malfunction unit will not be adding hourly emissions. The flares are already permitted at their max hourly rate.

"**" A VRU and backup VRU are installed on the condensate tanks. There will be no downtime on the VRU's other than during malfunction.

"-" Denotes emissions of this pollutant are not expected.

Table 2-G: Stack Exit and Fugitive Emission Rates for Special Stacks

I have elected to leave this table blank because this facility does not have any stacks/vents that split emissions from a single source or combine emissions from more than one source listed in table 2-A. Additionally, the emission rates of all stacks match the Requested allowable emission rates stated in Table 2-E.

Use this table to list stack emissions (requested allowable) from split and combined stacks. List Toxic Air Pollutants (TAPs) and Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) in Table 2-I. List all fugitives that are associated with the normal, routine, and non-emergency operation of the facility. Unit and stack numbering must correspond throughout the application package. Refer to Table 2-E for instructions on use of th "-" symbol and on significant figures.

	Serving Unit	N	Ox	C	0	V	C	S	Эx	Р	М	PN	110	PM	12.5	H2S 0	r Lead
Stack No.	Number(s) from Table 2-A	lb/hr	ton/yr	lb/hr	ton/yr												
T-01-03	T-01, T-02, T-03	12.40	54.20	4.50	19.80	0.89	3.90	0.51	2.22	0.25	1.09	0.25	1.09	0.25	1.09	0.0054	0.024
-																	
										-				-			
	Totals:	12.40	54.20	4.50	19.80	0.89	3.90	0.51	2.22	0.25	1.09	0.25	1.09	0.25	1.09	0.0054	0.024

Table 2-H: Stack Exit Conditions

Unit and stack numbering must correspond throughout the application package. Include the stack exit conditions for each unit that emits from a stack, including blowdown venting parameters and tank emissions. If the facility has multiple operating scenarios, complete a separate Table 2-H for each scenario and, for each, type scenario name here:

Stack	Serving Unit Number(s)	Orientation	Rain Caps	Height Above	Temp.	Flow	Rate	Moisture by	Velocity	Inside
Number	from Table 2-A	V=Vertical)	(Yes or No)	Ground (ft)	(F)	(acfs)	(dscfs)	Volume (%)	(ft/sec)	Diameter (ft)
T-01-03	T-01, T-02, T-03	Vertical	No	25	600.00	36.98	N/A	N/A	34.40	1.17
T4	T-04	Vertical	No	35	1000.00	37.31	N/A	N/A	34.70	1.17
C-01	C-01	Vertical	No	33	725.80	61.28	N/A	N/A	90.88	1.17
C-02	C-02	Vertical	No	33	725.80	61.28	N/A	N/A	90.88	1.17
C-04	C-04	Vertical	No	33	723.80	91.39	N/A	N/A	52.17	1.17
C-05	C-05	Vertical	No	33	723.80	91.39	N/A	N/A	52.17	1.17
C-06	C-06	Vertical	No	33	723.80	91.39	N/A	N/A	52.17	1.17
C-24	C-24	Vertical	No	70	568.00	600.83	N/A	N/A	85.00	3.00
C-28	C-28	Vertical	No	70	575.00	305.32	N/A	N/A	62.20	2.50
HB-01	HB-01	Vertical	No	25	756.00	61.28	N/A	N/A	57.00	1.17
BMH-01	BMH-01	Vertical	No	20	600.00	0.54	N/A	N/A	0.50	1.17
H-NO	H-NO	Vertical	No	70	600.00	752.27	N/A	N/A	47.30	4.50
H-SO	H-SO	Vertical	No	70	600.00	279.92	N/A	N/A	17.60	4.50
RH-01	RH-01	Vertical	No	35	600.00	221.17	N/A	N/A	17.60	4.00
RH-02	RH-02	Vertical	No	35	600.00	221.17	N/A	N/A	17.60	4.00
F-01	F-01	Vertical	No	130	1273.00	35.50	N/A	N/A	65.62	0.83
F-02	F-02	Vertical	No	130	1273.00	35.50	N/A	N/A	65.62	0.83
F-03	F-03	Vertical	No	150	1273.00	35.50	N/A	N/A	65.62	0.83

Table 2-I: Stack Exit and Fugitive Emission Rates for HAPs and TAPs

In the table below, report the Potential to Emit for each HAP from each regulated emission unit listed in Table 2-A, only if the entire facility emits the HAP at a rate greater than or equal to one (1) ton per year. For each such emission unit, HAPs shall be reported to the nearest 0.1 tpy. Each facility-wide Individual HAP total and the facility-wide Total HAPs shall be the sum of all HAP sources calculated to the nearest 0.1 ton per year. Per 20.2.72.403.A.1 NMAC, facilities not exempt [see 20.2.72.402.C NMAC] from TAP permitting shall report each TAP that has an uncontrolled emission rate in excess of its pounds per hour screening level specified in 20.2.72.502 NMAC. TAPs shall be reported using one more significant figure than the number of significant figures shown in the pound per hour threshold corresponding to the substance. Use the HAP nomenclature as it appears in Section 112 (b) of the 1990 CAAA and the TAP nomenclature as it listed in 20.2.72.502 NMAC. Include tank-flashing emissions estimates of HAPs in this table. For each HAP or TAP listed, fill all cells in this table with the emission numbers or a "-" symbol. A "-" symbol indicates that emissions of this pollutant are not expected or the pollutant is emitted in a quantity less than the threshold above.

Stack No.	Unit No.(s)	Total	HAPs	Forma HAP	ldehyde or TAP	Provide Name HAP o	Pollutant Here or TAP	Provide I Name HAP o	Pollutant Here r TAP	Provide I Name HAP o	Pollutant Here r TAP								
		lb/hr	ton/yr	lb/hr	ton/yr	lb/hr	ton/yr	lb/hr	ton/yr	lb/hr	ton/yr	lb/hr	ton/yr	lb/hr	ton/yr	lb/hr	ton/yr	lb/hr	ton/yr
T-01-03	T-01, T-02, T-03	0.030	0.13	-	-														
T-04	T-04	0.010	0.044	-	-														
C-01	C-01	0.67	2.96	0.40	1.73														
C-02	C-02	0.67	2.96	0.40	1.73														
C-04	C-04	0.51	2.22	0.30	1.30														
C-05	C-05	0.51	2.22	0.30	1.30														
C-06	C-06	0.51	2.22	0.30	1.30														
C-24	C-24	0.74	3.25	0.44	1.91														
C-28	C-28	0.51	2.24	0.32	1.39														
HB-01	HB-01	0.012	0.054	-	-														
BMH-01	BMH-01	0.0072	0.032	-	-														
H-NO	H-NO	0.055	0.24	-	-														
H-SO	H-SO	0.055	0.24	-	-														
RH-01	RH-01	0.029	0.13	-	-														
F-01	F-01	-	I	-	-														
F-02	F-02	-	-	-	-														
F-03	F-03	-	-	-	-														
T-MD	T-MD	-	-	-	-														
T-SO	T-SO	-	-	-	-														
T-NO	T-NO	-	-	-	-														
CT	CT	-	-	-	-														
FG-01	FG-01	-	0.28	-	-														
L-01	L-01	1.44	1.00	-	-														
Tot	als:	5.76	20.21	2.44	10.67														

Table 2-J: Fuel

Specify fuel characteristics and usage. Unit and stack numbering must correspond throughout the application package.

	Fuel Type (low sulfur Diesel,	Fuel Source: purchased commercial,		Speci	fy Units		
Unit No.	ultra low sulfur diesel, Natural Gas, Coal,)	raw/field natural gas, process gas (e.g. SRU tail gas) or other	Lower Heating Value	Hourly Usage	Annual Usage	% Sulfur	% Ash
T-01	Pipeline Quality Natural Gas	Residue Gas	1,000 Btu/scf	12.6 Mscf	110 MMscf	5 grains total sulfur/100 scf	N/A
T-02	Pipeline Quality Natural Gas	Residue Gas	1,000 Btu/scf	12.6 Mscf	110 MMscf	5 grains total sulfur/100 scf	N/A
T-03	Pipeline Quality Natural Gas	Residue Gas	1,000 Btu/scf	12.6 Mscf	110 MMscf	5 grains total sulfur/100 scf	N/A
T-04	Pipeline Quality Natural Gas	Residue Gas	1,000 Btu/scf	12.6 Mscf	110 MMscf	5 grains total sulfur/100 scf	N/A
C-01	Pipeline Quality Natural Gas	Residue Gas	1,000 Btu/scf	7.6 Mscf	66.4 MMscf	5 grains total sulfur/100 scf	N/A
C-02	Pipeline Quality Natural Gas	Residue Gas	1,000 Btu/scf	7.6 Mscf	66.4 MMscf	5 grains total sulfur/100 scf	N/A
C-04	Pipeline Quality Natural Gas	Residue Gas	1,000 Btu/scf	4.5 Mscf	39.2 MMscf	5 grains total sulfur/100 scf	N/A
C-05	Pipeline Quality Natural Gas	Residue Gas	1,000 Btu/scf	4.5 Mscf	39.2 MMscf	5 grains total sulfur/100 scf	N/A
C-06	Pipeline Quality Natural Gas	Residue Gas	1,000 Btu/scf	4.5 Mscf	39.2 MMscf	5 grains total sulfur/100 scf	N/A
C-24	Pipeline Quality Natural Gas	Residue Gas	1,000 Btu/scf	12.8 Mscf	112.5 MMscf	5 grains total sulfur/100 scf	N/A
C-27	Pipeline Quality Natural Gas	Residue Gas	1,000 Btu/scf	12.8 Mscf	112.5 MMscf	5 grains total sulfur/100 scf	N/A
C-28	Pipeline Quality Natural Gas	Residue Gas	1,000 Btu/scf	9.8 Mscf	86.1MMscf	5 grains total sulfur/100 scf	N/A
HB-01	Pipeline Quality Natural Gas	Residue Gas	1,000 Btu/scf	6.7 Mscf	58.7 MMscf	5 grains total sulfur/100 scf	N/A
BMH-01	Pipeline Quality Natural Gas	Residue Gas	1,000 Btu/scf	3.9 Mscf	34.2 MMscf	5 grains total sulfur/100 scf	N/A
H-NO	Pipeline Quality Natural Gas	Residue Gas	1,000 Btu/scf	30 Mscf	262.8 MMscf	5 grains total sulfur/100 scf	N/A
H-SO	Pipeline Quality Natural Gas	Residue Gas	1,000 Btu/scf	30 Mscf	262.8 MMscf	5 grains total sulfur/100 scf	N/A
RH-01	Pipeline Quality Natural Gas	Residue Gas	1,000 Btu/scf	16 Mscf	140 MMscf	5 grains total sulfur/100 scf	N/A
RH-02	Pipeline Quality Natural Gas	Residue Gas	1,000 Btu/scf	4 Mscf	35 MMscf	5 grains total sulfur/100 scf	N/A
F-01	Pipeline Quality Natural Gas	Residue Gas	1,000 Btu/scf	605 scf	5.3 MMscf	5 grains total sulfur/100 scf	N/A
F-02	Pipeline Quality Natural Gas	Residue Gas	1,000 Btu/scf	605 scf	5.3 MMscf	5 grains total sulfur/100 scf	N/A
F-03	Pipeline Quality Natural Gas	Residue Gas	1,000 Btu/scf	520 scf	4.6 MMscf	5 grains total sulfur/100 scf	N/A

Table 2-L: Tank Data

Include appropriate tank-flashing modeling input data. Use an addendum to this table for unlisted data categories. Unit and stack numbering must correspond throughout the application package. Use additional sheets if necessary. See reference Table 2-L2. Note: 1.00 bbl = 10.159 M3 = 42.0 gal

Tank No.	Date Installed	Materials Stored	Seal Type (refer to Table 2-	Roof Type (refer to Table 2-	Сар	acity	Diameter (M)	Vapor Space	Co (from Ta	lor ble VI-C)	Paint Condition (from Table	Annual Throughput	Turn- overs
			LK below)	LK below)	(bbl)	(M ³)		(M)	Roof	Shell	VI-C)	(gal/yr)	(per year)
T-SO	2005	Condensate	N/A	FX	500	79	N/A	2.4	AS	AS	Good		292.5
T-NO	2005	Condensate	N/A	FX	500	79	N/A	2.4	AS	AS	Good	18,429,600	292.5
T-MD	2005	Condensate	N/A	FX	500	79	N/A	2.4	AS	AS	Good		292.5

Table 2-K: Liquid Data for Tanks Listed in Table 2-L

For each tank, list the liquid(s) to be stored in each tank. If it is expected that a tank may store a variety of hydrocarbon liquids, enter "mixed hydrocarbons" in the Composition column for that tank and enter the corresponding data of the most volatile liquid to be stored in the tank. If tank is to be used for storage of different materials, list all the materials in the "All Calculations" attachment, run the newest version of TANKS on each, and use the material with the highest emission rate to determine maximum uncontrolled and requested allowable emissions rate. The permit will specify the most volatile category of liquids that may be stored in each tank. Include appropriate tank-flashing modeling input data. Use additional sheets if necessary. Unit and stack numbering must correspond throughout the application package.

					Vapor	Average Stor	age Conditions	Max Storag	ge Conditions
Tank No.	SCC Code	Material Name	Composition	Liquid Density (lb/gal)	Molecular Weight (lb/lb*mol)	Temperature (°F)	True Vapor Pressure (psia)	Temperature (°F)	True Vapor Pressure (psia)
T-SO	40400311	Condensate	Condensate	5.08	80.98	63.28	30	100	30
T-NO	40400311	Condensate	Condensate	5.08	80.98	63.28	30	100	30
T-MD	40400311	Condensate	Condensate	5.08	80.98	63.28	30	100	30

Table 2-L2: Liquid Storage Tank Data Codes Reference Table

Roof Type	Seal Type, Wel	ded Tank Seal Type	Seal Type, River	ed Tank Seal Type	Roof, Shell Color	Paint Condition
FX: Fixed Roof	Mechanical Shoe Seal	Liquid-mounted resilient seal	Vapor-mounted resilient seal	Seal Type	WH: White	Good
IF: Internal Floating Roof	A: Primary only	A: Primary only	A: Primary only	A: Mechanical shoe, primary only	AS: Aluminum (specular)	Poor
EF: External Floating Roof	B: Shoe-mounted secondary	B: Weather shield	B: Weather shield	B: Shoe-mounted secondary	AD: Aluminum (diffuse)	
P: Pressure	C: Rim-mounted secondary	C: Rim-mounted secondary	C: Rim-mounted secondary	C: Rim-mounted secondary	LG: Light Gray	
					MG: Medium Gray	
Note: $1.00 \text{ bbl} = 0.159 \text{ M}^3 =$	= 42.0 gal				BL: Black	
					OT: Other (specify)	

Table 2-M:	Materials Processe	d and Produced	(Use additional sheets as necessary.)
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	Materi	al Processed		Ν	Iaterial Produced		
Description	Chemical Composition	Phase (Gas, Liquid, or Solid)	Quantity (specify units)	Description	Chemical Composition	Phase	Quantity (specify units)
Natural Gas	H_2S , CO_2 , HC	Gas	90,000 Mscfd	Natural Gas Liquids	C2, C3, C4, and C5	Liquid	10,250 bbl/day
				Residue Gas	Pipeline Quality	Gas	90 MMscf/d
				Condensate	Mixed HC and H ₂ S	Liquid	1202.2 bbl/day

Table 2-N: CEM Equipment

Enter Continuous Emissions Measurement (CEM) Data in this table. If CEM data will be used as part of a federally enforceable permit condition, or used to satisfy the requirements of a state or federa regulation, include a copy of the CEM's manufacturer specification sheet in the Information Used to Determine Emissions attachment. Unit and stack numbering must correspond throughout the application package. Use additional sheets if necessary.

Stack No.	Pollutant(s)	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Sample Frequency	Averaging Time	Range	Sensitivity	Accuracy
		Not applicable - N	lo continuous emission	ns measurement equip	oment is used a	t the facility.			

Table 2-O: Parametric Emissions Measurement Equipment

Unit and stack numbering must correspond throughout the application package. Use additional sheets if necessary.

Unit No.	Parameter/Pollutant Measured	Location of Measurement	Unit of Measure	Acceptable Range	Frequency of Maintenance	Nature of Maintenance	Method of Recording	Averaging Time
		Not applicable - No paramet	ric emissions measur	rement equipment is us	ed at the facility.			

Table 2-P: Greenhouse Gas Emissions

Applications submitted under 20.2.70, 20.2.72, & 20.2.74 NMAC are required to complete this Table. Power plants, Title V major sources, and PSD major sources must report and calculate all GHG emissions for each unit. Applicants must report potential emission rates in short tons per year (see Section 6.a for assistance). Include GHG emissions during Startup, Shutdown, and Scheduled Maintenance in this table. For minor source facilities that are not power plants, are not Title V, or are not PSD, there are three options for reporting GHGs 1) report GHGs for each individual piece of equipment; 2) report all GHGs from a group of unit types, for example report all combustion source GHGs as a single unit and all venting GHG as a second separate unit; OR 3) check the following box by checking this box, the applicant acknowledges the total CO2e emissions are less than 75,000 tons per year.

		CO ₂ ton/yr	N2O ton/yr	CH ₄ ton/yr	SF ₆ ton/yr	PFC/HFC ton/yr ²						Total GHG Mass Basis ton/yr ⁴	Total CO₂e ton/yr ⁵
Unit No.	GWPs ¹	1	298	25	22,800	footnote 3							
T-01, T-	mass GHG	6433.7	0.012	0.12								6433.9	
02, T-03	CO ₂ e	6433.7	3.6	3.0									6440.4
т 04	mass GHG	6433.7	0.012	0.12								6433.9	
1-04	CO ₂ e	6433.7	3.6	3.0									6440.4
C 01	mass GHG	3884.1	0.0073	0.073								3884.2	
C-01	CO ₂ e	3884.1	2.2	1.8									3888.1
C-02	mass GHG	3884.1	0.0073	0.073								3884.2	
0-02	CO ₂ e	3884.1	2.2	1.8									3888.1
C-04	mass GHG	2290.6	0.0043	0.043								2290.6	
C-04	CO ₂ e	2290.6	1.3	1.1									2292.9
C 05	mass GHG	2290.6	0.0043	0.043								2290.6	
C-03	CO ₂ e	2290.6	1.3	1.1									2292.9
C 06	mass GHG	2290.6	0.0043	0.043						 	 	2290.6	
C-00	CO ₂ e	2290.6	1.3	1.1									2292.9
C-24	mass GHG	6579.6	0.012	0.12								6579.8	
0-24	CO ₂ e	6579.6	3.7	3.1									6586.4
C 28	mass GHG	5035.2	0.0095	0.095								5035.3	
C-20	CO ₂ e	5035.2	2.8	2.4									5040.4
IID 01	mass GHG	3432.8	0.0065	0.065								3432.9	
HB-01	CO ₂ e	3432.8	1.9	1.6									3436.4
DMH 01	mass GHG	1998.2	0.0038	0.038								1998.2	
BMH-01	CO ₂ e	1998.2	1.1	0.94									2000.3
H NO	mass GHG	15370.8	0.029	0.29								15371.1	
11-110	CO ₂ e	15370.8	8.6	7.2									15386.7
H SO	mass GHG	15370.8	0.029	0.29								15371.1	
11-50	CO ₂ e	15370.8	8.6	7.2									15386.7
DH 01	mass GHG	8197.8	0.015	0.15								8197.9	
KII-01	CO ₂ e	8197.8	4.6	3.9									8206.2
RH_02	mass GHG	2049.4	0.0039	0.039								2049.5	
RII-02	CO2e	2049.4	1.2	0.97									2051.6
SLUG2	mass GHG	0.042	-	0.88								0.93	
SEC02	CO ₂ e	0.042	-	22.1									22.2
F-01	mass GHG	12839.7	0.0314	89.4								12929.2	
	CO2e	12839.7	9.4	2235.8									15084.9
F-02	mass GHG	1566.4	0.0030	6.7								1573.0	
	CO ₂ e	1566.4	0.88	166.3									1733.5
F-03	mass GHG	19937.2	0.051	127.3								20064.6	
	CO2e	19937.2	15.1	3182.5									23134.9
Total	mass GHG	85542.0	0.16	2.5						 	 	120111.4	
	CO ₂ e	85542.0	48.0	62.4			1	1	1				125605.7

¹ GWP (Global Warming Potential): Applicants must use the most current GWPs codified in Table A-1 of 40 CFR part 98. GWPs are subject to change, therefore, applicants need to check 40 CFR 98 to confirm GWP values.

² For HFCs or PFCs describe the specific HFC or PFC compound and use a separate column for each individual compound.

³ For each new compound, enter the appropriate GWP for each HFC or PFC compound from Table A-1 in 40 CFR 98.

⁴ Green house gas emissions on a mass basis is the ton per year green house gas emission before adjustment with its GWP.

⁵ CO₂e means Carbon Dioxide Equivalent and is calculated by multiplying the TPY mass emissions of the green house gas by its GWP.

Targa Midstream Services, LLC Monument Gas Plant

Description: Summary of Project Emissions

C-40 Submittal

Unit	NC	X	C	0	VC	C	SC	X	P	М	H/	٩P	H	25
Onit	lb/hr	tpy	lb/hr	tpy	lb/hr	tpy	lb/hr	tpy	lb/hr	tpy	lb/hr	tpy	lb/hr	tpy
FG-01	-	-	-	-	0.0080	0.035	-	-	-	-	5.98E-05	2.62E-04	-	-
SSM-CB	-	-	-		0.93	0.016		-	•	-	•		-	-
Project Total	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.94	0.051	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	6.0E-05	2.6E-04	0.0E+00	0.0E+00

Fugitives Submittal

Unit	N	Ox	С	0	V	DC	S	Dx	Р	м	H ₂ S	
	(lb/hr)	(ton/yr)	(lb/hr)	(ton/yr)	(lb/hr)	(ton/yr)	(lb/hr)	(ton/yr)	(lb/hr)	(ton/yr)	(lb/hr)	(ton/yr)
FG-01	-	-	-	-	0.22	0.97	-	-	-	-	0.053	0.23
SSM-IS	-	-	-	-	0.67	0.0023	-	-	-	-	9.31E-06	3.16E-08
F-01 SSM	0.059	2.50E-04	0.12	4.98E-04	0.0061	2.58E-05	9.60E-05	4.80E-08	-	-	1.02E-06	5.10E-10
F-02 SSM	0.12	3.70E-04	0.24	7.38E-04	0.0024	7.24E-06	0.74	0.0023	-	-	0.0078	2.40E-05
Project Total	0.18	6.19E-04	0.36	0.0012	0.9	0.98	0.74	0.0023	-	-	0.061	0.23

Redundant AGI Submittal

Unit	N	DX	C	D	VC	С	SO	ĸ	PN	1	HA	AP	H2	25
onne	lb/hr	tpy	lb/hr	tpy	lb/hr	tpy	lb/hr	tpy	lb/hr	tpy	lb/hr	tpy	lb/hr	tpy
FG-01	-	-	-	-	0.046	0.203	-	-	-	-	1.79E-03	7.85E-03	4.14E-05	1.81E-04

Acid Gas Submittal

Unit	NC	X	C	0	V	OC	SC	X	PI	N	H/	ΑP	н	25	C ₆	H ₁₂
Unit	lb/hr	tpy	lb/hr	tpy	lb/hr	tpy	lb/hr	tpy	lb/hr	tpy	lb/hr	tpy	lb/hr	tpy	lb/hr	tpy
FG-01	-	-	-		8.39E-04	3.68E-03		-		-	6.26E-04	2.74E-03	0.041	0.180	1.73E-05	7.57E-05
Project			_		8 39E-04	3.68E-03	_	-	-		6 26E-04	2 74E-03	0.041	0 180	1 73E-05	7 57E-05
Total	,	3			0.002-04	0.00L=00		2			0.202-04	2.142=03	0.041	0.100	1.752=03	7.07 E=00

Cryo GSP Submittal

Unit	N	ох	C	0	V	C	SC	X	PI	И ₁₀	PN	A _{2.5}	н	AP	Н	25	CO2e
Unit	lb/hr	tpy	lb/hr	tpy	lb/hr	tpy	lb/hr	tpy	lb/hr	tpy	lb/hr	tpy	lb/hr	tpy	lb/hr	tpy	tpy
FG-01	-	-	-	-	0.43	1.90			-	-	-	-	0.0056	0.025	0.0010	0.0046	21.55
SSM-PP	-	-	-	-	*	0.11	-	-	-	-	-	-	*	8.30E-04	*	0.00E+00	0.0057
L-02	-	-	-	-	0.11	0.16	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Haul									0.11	0.308	0.027	0.0077					
Roads									0.11	0.330	0.027	0.0311					
Project					0.54	2 17			0.11	0.014	0.027	0.0022	0.0056	0.025	0.0010	0.0046	21.55
Total	-	-	-	-	0.54	2.17	-	-	0.11	0.014	0.027	0.0033	0.0056	0.025	0.0010	0.0046	21.55

Section 3

Application Summary

The <u>Application Summary</u> shall include a brief description of the facility and its process, the type of permit application, the applicable regulation (i.e. 20.2.72.200.A.X, or 20.2.73 NMAC) under which the application is being submitted, and any air quality permit numbers associated with this site. If this facility is to be collocated with another facility, provide details of the other facility including permit number(s). In case of a revision or modification to a facility, provide the lowest level regulatory citation (i.e. 20.2.72.219.B.1.d NMAC) under which the revision or modification is being requested. Also describe the proposed changes from the original permit, how the proposed modification will affect the facility's operations and emissions, de-bottlenecking impacts, and changes to the facility's major/minor status (both PSD & Title V).

The <u>Process</u> <u>Summary</u> shall include a brief description of the facility and its processes.

<u>Startup, Shutdown, and Maintenance (SSM)</u> routine or predictable emissions: Provide an overview of how SSM emissions are accounted for in this application. Refer to "Guidance for Submittal of Startup, Shutdown, Maintenance Emissions in Permit Applications (http://www.env.nm.gov/aqb/permit/app_form.html) for more detailed instructions on SSM emissions.

The Monument Gas Plant (Monument) is owned by Versado Gas Processors, LLC, operated by Targa Midstream Services, LLC (Targa), and located in Lea County, New Mexico. The facility is currently authorized to operate under NSR Permit No. 0110-M11R5 and Title V Operating Permit No. P110-R3. Monument Gas Plant processes natural gas through inlet separation, dehydration, acid gas removal, and separation of methane from natural gas liquids.

Targa is submitting this application pursuant to 20.2.70.404.C.1.a NMAC to modify the Title V Permit P110-R3 by incorporating the revisions authorized in NSR Permits 0110-M11, 0110-M11R1, 0110-M11R2, 0110-M11R3, 0110-M11R4, and 0110-M11R5. Below is a discussion of the updates made in these NSR revision applications.

NSR Permit 0110-M11R5 Revisions

The following are changes made in the application for NSR Permit 0110-M11R5:

- Permit one dual-use diesel-fired emergency heater with a built-in engine (Unit BE/BH-1).
- The heater will be used during extreme cold to help heat up equipment throughout the plant and will be limited to operating 500 hours per year.

NSR Permit 0110-M11R4 Revisions

The following are changes made in the application for NSR Permit 0110-M11R4:

- Permit Gas Subcooled Processes (GSP) for cryogenic NGL recovery (FG-01; FUG-GSP).
- Permit increased pump purging SSM emissions (SSM-PP).
- Permit an increase to the pressurized propane loadout and hauling (L-02, Haul Roads). These activities are Insignificant per IA List Item #1.a.

NSR Permit 0110-M11R3 Revisions

The following are changes made in the application for NSR Permit 0110-M11R3:

• Permit increased fugitive component emissions for the addition of redundant acid gas cooling (FG-01; FUG-AGC).

NSR Permit 0110-M11R2 Revisions

The following are changes made in the application for NSR Permit 0110-M11R2:

• Permit additional fugitive emissions (FG-01) with additions to the fugitive counts at the monument gas plant.

NSR Permit 0110-M11R1 Revisions

The following are changes made in the application for NSR Permit 0110-M11R1:

- Permit additional fugitive and SSM blowdown emissions associated with the installation of a new electric compressor (C-40).
- Permit increased total fugitive emissions (FG-01; FUG-C40).
- Permit compressor blowdown SSM emissions (SSM-CB).

NSR Permit 0110-M11 Revisions

The following are changes made in the application for NSR Permit 0110-M11:

- Permit redundant acid gas compression (AGI-C2) as required by the Settlement Agreement and Stipulated Final Compliance Order between the Environmental Protection Division of the New Mexico Environment Department and Targa Midstream Services LLC. The Notice of Violation Number is: AQB TAR-0610-1701.
- Reduce flaring during acid gas compressor planned maintenance events as the redundant compression will allow for acid gas compression and injection during those activities (F-03).
- Permit increased fugitive emissions associated with the redundant AGI compressor (FG-01).
- Permit compressor blowdown SSM emissions (SSM-AGI-C2).

Monument Gas Plant

Section 4

Process Flow Sheet

A **process flow sheet** and/or block diagram indicating the individual equipment, all emission points and types of control applied to those points. The unit numbering system should be consistent throughout this application.

A process flow sheet is attached.





Section 5

Plot Plan Drawn To Scale

A <u>plot plan drawn to scale</u> showing emissions points, roads, structures, tanks, and fences of property owned, leased, or under direct control of the applicant. This plot plan must clearly designate the restricted area as defined in UA1, Section 1-D.12. The unit numbering system should be consistent throughout this application.

A plot plan is attached.



Section 6

All Calculations

<u>Show all calculations</u> used to determine both the hourly and annual controlled and uncontrolled emission rates. All calculations shall be performed keeping a minimum of three significant figures. Document the source of each emission factor used (if an emission rate is carried forward and not revised, then a statement to that effect is required). If identical units are being permitted and will be subject to the same operating conditions, submit calculations for only one unit and a note specifying what other units to which the calculations apply. All formulas and calculations used to calculate emissions must be submitted. The "Calculations" tab in the UA2 has been provided to allow calculations to be linked to the emissions tables. Add additional "Calc" tabs as needed. If the UA2 or other spread sheets are used, all calculation spread sheet(s) shall be submitted electronically in Microsoft Excel compatible format so that formulas and input values can be checked. Format all spread sheets are not used, provide the original formulas with defined variables. Additionally, provide subsequent formulas showing the input values for each variable in the formula. All calculations, including those calculations are imbedded in the Calc tab of the UA2 portion of the application, the printed Calc tab(s), should be submitted under this section.

Tank Flashing Calculations: The information provided to the AQB shall include a discussion of the method used to estimate tank-flashing emissions, relative thresholds (i.e., NOI, permit, or major source (NSPS, PSD or Title V)), accuracy of the model, the input and output from simulation models and software, all calculations, documentation of any assumptions used, descriptions of sampling methods and conditions, copies of any lab sample analysis. If Hysis is used, all relevant input parameters shall be reported, including separator pressure, gas throughput, and all other relevant parameters necessary for flashing calculation.

SSM Calculations: It is the applicant's responsibility to provide an estimate of SSM emissions or to provide justification for not doing so. In this Section, provide emissions calculations for Startup, Shutdown, and Routine Maintenance (SSM) emissions listed in the Section 2 SSM and/or Section 22 GHG Tables and the rational for why the others are reported as zero (or left blank in the SSM/GHG Tables). Refer to "Guidance for Submittal of Startup, Shutdown, Maintenance Emissions in Permit Applications (http://www.env.nm.gov/aqb/permit/app_form.html) for more detailed instructions on calculating SSM emissions. If SSM emissions are greater than those reported in the Section 2, Requested Allowables Table, modeling may be required to ensure compliance with the standards whether the application is NSR or Title V. Refer to the Modeling Section of this application for more guidance on modeling requirements.

Glycol Dehydrator Calculations: The information provided to the AQB shall include the manufacturer's maximum design recirculation rate for the glycol pump. If GRI-Glycalc is used, the full input summary report shall be included as well as a copy of the gas analysis that was used.

Road Calculations: Calculate fugitive particulate emissions and enter haul road fugitives in Tables 2-A, 2-D and 2-E for:

- 1. If you transport raw material, process material and/or product into or out of or within the facility and have PER emissions greater than 0.5 tpy.
- 2. If you transport raw material, process material and/or product into or out of the facility more frequently than one round trip per day.

Significant Figures:

A. All emissions standards are deemed to have at least two significant figures, but not more than three significant figures.

B. At least 5 significant figures shall be retained in all intermediate calculations.

C. In calculating emissions to determine compliance with an emission standard, the following rounding off procedures shall be used:

- (1) If the first digit to be discarded is less than the number 5, the last digit retained shall not be changed;
- (2) If the first digit discarded is greater than the number 5, or if it is the number 5 followed by at least one digit other than the number zero, the last figure retained shall be increased by one unit; **and**
- (3) If the first digit discarded is exactly the number 5, followed only by zeros, the last digit retained shall be rounded upward if it is an odd number, but no adjustment shall be made if it is an even number.
- (4) The final result of the calculation shall be expressed in the units of the standard.

Control Devices: In accordance with 20.2.72.203.A(3) and (8) NMAC, 20.2.70.300.D(5)(b) and (e) NMAC, and 20.2.73.200.B(7) NMAC, the permittee shall report all control devices and list each pollutant controlled by the control device

Targa Midstream Services

regardless if the applicant takes credit for the reduction in emissions. The applicant can indicate in this section of the application if they chose to not take credit for the reduction in emission rates. For notices of intent submitted under 20.2.73 NMAC, only uncontrolled emission rates can be considered to determine applicability unless the state or federal Acts require the control. This information is necessary to determine if federally enforceable conditions are necessary for the control device, and/or if the control device produces its own regulated pollutants or increases emission rates of other pollutants.

Emissions affected by the NSR Permit changes are detailed in this section. All facility emission calculations are included and labeled Unchanged, Updated or New in this section.

NSR Permit 0110-M11R5 Revisions:

Extreme Cold Emergency Heater (Unit BE/BH-1) – Insignificant per IA List Item #1.a

Emissions from one dual-use diesel-fired emergency heater with a built-in engine. throughout the plant and will be limited to operating 500 hours per year. Emissions were estimated using EPA Tier IV diesel engines and AP-42 emission factors. These emissions are insignificant per IA List Item #1.a.

NSR Permit 0110-M11R4 Revisions:

Fugitives Associated with Additional Components Installation (Unit: FG-01; FUG-GSP)

The emissions from fugitive components associated with this project are calculated using emission factors from Table 2-4 of the EPA Protocol for Equipment Leak Emission Estimates, November 1995. Representative gas analyses for the inlet gas, residue gas, and NGLs are used.

Pump Purging SSM Emissions (SSM-PP)

The emissions from Pump Purging are calculated using manufacturer specifications, component molecular weights, and estimated volumes of gas purged. A representative analysis for NGLs is utilized in the calculations.

Pressurized Propane Loadout (L-02) – Insignificant per IA List Item #1.a

Losses from pressurized loading occur when the line between the pressurized tank and tank-truck is disconnected. Emissions were estimated using the Ideal Gas Law to calculate VOC emissions. These emissions are insignificant per IA List Item #1.a.

<u>Haul road activity associated with propane production (Haul Roads) – Insignificant per IA List Item #1.a</u> Emissions from paved haul roads associated with propane production were calculated using constants from AP-42 Table 13.2.1-1 and the methodology outlined in AP-42 13.2.1. These emissions are insignificant per IA List Item #1.a.

NSR Permit 0110-M11R3 Revisions:

Fugitives Associated with Additional Components Installation (Unit FG-01; FUG-AGC)

The emissions from fugitive components associated with this project are calculated using emission factors from Table 2-4 of the EPA Protocol for Equipment Leak Emission Estimates, November 1995. A recent site gas analysis for the acid gas stream is utilized in the calculations. The H_2S in the analysis has been increased as a conservative measure to represent the highest expected $H_2S\%$ that the facility will handle, consistent with past applications.

NSR Permit 0110-M11R2 Revisions:

Fugitives Associated with Additional Components Installation (Unit FG-01)

The emissions from fugitive components associated with this project are calculated using emission factors from Table 2-4 of the EPA Protocol for Equipment Leak Emission Estimates, November 1995. A representative gas analysis for each gas stream, consistent with past applications, are utilized in the calculations.
NSR Permit 0110-M11R1 Revisions:

Fugitives Associated with Residue Compressor C-40 (Unit FG-01; FUG-C40)

The emissions from fugitive components associated with the new compressor are calculated using emission factors from Table 2-4 of the EPA Protocol for Equipment Leak Emission Estimates, November 1995. The weight percent of VOC, HAP, and H_2S (gas) used in the calculations is based on the Residue Gas analysis dated 8/21/18.

SSM Emissions Associated with Residue Compressor C-40 (Unit SSM-CB)

SSM emissions associated with this project will result from blowdowns of the new compressor unit. The majority of these emissions will be captured and routed to processes vessels for control; however, a portion of the residue gas used to blowdown the unit will be released to the atmosphere. These emissions are accounted for under unit SSM-CB and are calculated based on anticipated number of blowdowns per year, the duration of each blowdown, the expected volume of gas to be released with each event, and the mas fraction VOC in the residue gas.

NSR Permit 0110-M11 Revisions:

Acid Gas Flare (Unit F-03 SSM)

Emissions from the AGI system consist primarily of use of plant flare, F-03; other emissions units are negligible sources of emissions. When the AGI is inoperable, as for maintenance, facility shutdown or during upset conditions, acid gas will be flared for limited periods at the plant flare. The plant flare is used for flaring during startup, shutdown, maintenance and upset conditions.

The expected composition and maximum expected volumes of the acid gas are used as the basis of the flaring calculation. The acid gas is expected to be relatively low heat content, so assist gas sufficient to raise the heat content of the flared gas may be added. The VOC emission calculation for this unit has been adjusted to account for the volume of assist gas expected to be flared (25 MMSCFD).

RG-109 flare emission factors for low Btu gas are used to calculate NO_x and CO emission rates. VOC, H_2S , and SO_2 emissions are calculated based on the VOC and H_2S content of the acid gas. As a conservative measure, the SO_2 composition is calculated assuming a 100% molar conversion of H_2S to SO_2 . An assumed 98% destruction efficiency is applied to the VOC and H_2S emissions.

Various operating scenarios based on several different combinations of flowrates (1.75 - 3.5 MMSCFD) and H_2S concentrations (12 – 24 mole percent) were evaluated to determine the maximum emitting scenario. The highest emitting scenario (3.5 MMSCFD, 24 mole percent) was used as the basis for the emissions calculations relied up for the proposed permit limitations. However, based on the variability of inlet gases and operating conditions, Targa's acid gas flow and composition will fluctuate. The calculation in this section is based on 3.5 MMSCFD at a 24 mole percent of H_2S .

Fugitives Associated with Redundant AGI Compressor (Unit FG-01)

The emissions from fugitive components associated with the redundant compressor are calculated using emission factors from Table 2-4 of the EPA Protocol for Equipment Leak Emission Estimates, November 1995. The gas analyses used in the calculations are based on analyses from the site. To be conservative since the unit will be blowndown with residue gas during SSM events, the VOC content from the residue gas was used in the calculations. The H_2S concentration from the acid gas analysis was used for the H_2S emissions.

SSM Emissions Associated with Redundant AGI Compressor (Unit SSM-AGI-C2)

SSM emissions associated with this project will result from blowdowns of the compressor unit. The majority of these emissions will be routed to the acid gas flare for control (which is accounted in the above flare calculation); however, a portion of the residue gas used to blowdown the unit will be released to the atmosphere. These emissions are accounted for under unit SSM-AGI-C2 and are calculated based on anticipated number of blowdowns per year, the duration of each blowdown, the expected volume of gas to be released with each event, and the mas fraction VOC in the residue gas.

Section 6.a

Green House Gas Emissions

(Submitting under 20.2.70, 20.2.72 20.2.74 NMAC)

Title V (20.2.70 NMAC), Minor NSR (20.2.72 NMAC), and PSD (20.2.74 NMAC) applicants must estimate and report greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions to verify the emission rates reported in the public notice, determine applicability to 40 CFR 60 Subparts, and to evaluate Prevention of Significant Deterioration (PSD) applicability. GHG emissions that are subject to air permit regulations consist of the sum of an aggregate group of these six greenhouse gases: carbon dioxide (CO₂), nitrous oxide (N₂O), methane (CH₄), hydrofluorocarbons (HFCs), perfluorocarbons (PFCs), and sulfur hexafluoride (SF₆).

Calculating GHG Emissions:

1. Calculate the ton per year (tpy) GHG mass emissions and GHG CO₂e emissions from your facility.

2. GHG mass emissions are the sum of the total annual tons of greenhouse gases without adjusting with the global warming potentials (GWPs). GHG CO₂e emissions are the sum of the mass emissions of each individual GHG multiplied by its GWP found in Table A-1 in 40 CFR 98 <u>Mandatory Greenhouse Gas Reporting</u>.

3. Emissions from routine or predictable start up, shut down, and maintenance must be included.

4. Report GHG mass and GHG CO_2e emissions in Table 2-P of this application. Emissions are reported in <u>short</u> tons per year and represent each emission unit's Potential to Emit (PTE).

5. All Title V major sources, PSD major sources, and all power plants, whether major or not, must calculate and report GHG mass and CO2e emissions for each unit in Table 2-P.

6. For minor source facilities that are not power plants, are not Title V, and are not PSD there are three options for reporting GHGs in Table 2-P: 1) report GHGs for each individual piece of equipment; 2) report all GHGs from a group of unit types, for example report all combustion source GHGs as a single unit and all venting GHGs as a second separate unit; 3) or check the following \Box By checking this box, the applicant acknowledges the total CO2e emissions are less than 75,000 tons per year.

Sources for Calculating GHG Emissions:

- Manufacturer's Data
- AP-42 Compilation of Air Pollutant Emission Factors at http://www.epa.gov/ttn/chief/ap42/index.html
- EPA's Internet emission factor database WebFIRE at http://cfpub.epa.gov/webfire/

• 40 CFR 98 <u>Mandatory Green House Gas Reporting</u> except that tons should be reported in short tons rather than in metric tons for the purpose of PSD applicability.

• API Compendium of Greenhouse Gas Emissions Methodologies for the Oil and Natural Gas Industry. August 2009 or most recent version.

• Sources listed on EPA's NSR Resources for Estimating GHG Emissions at http://www.epa.gov/nsr/clean-air-act-permitting-greenhouse-gases:

Global Warming Potentials (GWP):

Applicants must use the Global Warming Potentials codified in Table A-1 of the most recent version of 40 CFR 98 Mandatory Greenhouse Gas Reporting. The GWP for a particular GHG is the ratio of heat trapped by one unit mass of the GHG to that of one unit mass of CO_2 over a specified time period.

"Greenhouse gas" for the purpose of air permit regulations is defined as the aggregate group of the following six gases: carbon dioxide, nitrous oxide, methane, hydrofluorocarbons, perfluorocarbons, and sulfur hexafluoride. (20.2.70.7 NMAC, 20.2.74.7 NMAC). You may also find GHGs defined in 40 CFR 86.1818-12(a).

Metric to Short Ton Conversion:

Short tons for GHGs and other regulated pollutants are the standard unit of measure for PSD and title V permitting programs. 40 CFR 98 <u>Mandatory Greenhouse Reporting</u> requires metric tons. 1 metric ton = 1.10231 short tons (per Table A-2 to Subpart A of Part 98 – Units of Measure Conversions)



Facility-Wide Emission Summary

Emission Unit: All

Source Description:

Monument Gas Plant - Emission Totals

Steady-State Emissions

	NOx		CO		VOC		SOx		TSP		PM ₁₀		PM _{2.5}		H₂S		Total HAPs	
Unit	lb/hr	tpy	lb/hr	tpy	lb/hr	tpy	lb/hr	tpy	lb/hr	tpy	lb/hr	tpy	lb/hr	tpy	lb/hr	tpy	lb/hr	tpy
T-01-03 ¹	12.40	54.20	4.50	19.80	0.89	3.90	0.51	2.22	0.25	1.09	0.25	1.09	0.25	1.09	0.0054	0.024	0.030	0.13
T-04	2.90	12.70	1.10	4.82	0.20	0.88	0.17	0.74	0.083	0.36	0.083	0.36	0.083	0.36	0.0018	0.0079	0.010	0.044
C-01	27.80	121.80	4.50	19.60	0.93	4.10	0.11	0.47	0.37	1.60	0.37	1.60	0.37	1.60	0.0011	0.0047	0.67	2.96
C-02	27.80	121.80	4.50	19.60	0.93	4.10	0.11	0.47	0.37	1.60	0.37	1.60	0.37	1.60	0.0011	0.0047	0.67	2.96
C-04	25.10	109.90	5.00	21.80	0.39	1.70	0.06	0.26	0.22	0.95	0.22	0.95	0.22	0.95	0.00064	0.0028	0.51	2.22
C-05	25.10	109.90	5.00	21.80	0.39	1.70	0.06	0.26	0.22	0.95	0.22	0.95	0.22	0.95	0.00064	0.0028	0.51	2.22
C-06	25.10	109.90	5.00	21.80	0.39	1.70	0.06	0.26	0.22	0.95	0.22	0.95	0.22	0.95	0.00064	0.0028	0.51	2.22
C-24	41.90	183.50	10.70	46.80	0.78	3.40	0.17	0.76	0.62	2.72	0.62	2.72	0.62	2.72	0.0018	0.0080	0.74	3.25
C-28	16.60	72.70	2.50	10.70	0.78	3.40	0.13	0.58	0.47	2.08	0.47	2.08	0.47	2.08	0.0014	0.0061	0.51	2.24
HB-01	1.10	4.82	0.23	1.00	0.037	0.16	4.79E-05	2.10E-04	0.051	0.22	0.051	0.22	0.051	0.22	0.0010	0.0042	0.012	0.054
BMH-01	0.39	1.71	0.33	1.43	0.021	0.094	0.052	0.23	0.030	0.13	0.030	0.13	0.030	0.13	0.00056	0.0024	0.0072	0.032
H-NO	6.90	30.10	1.70	7.50	0.29	1.25	0.40	1.77	0.23	1.00	0.23	1.00	0.23	1.00	0.0043	0.019	0.055	0.24
H-SO	6.90	30.10	1.70	7.50	0.29	1.25	0.40	1.77	0.23	1.00	0.23	1.00	0.23	1.00	0.0043	0.019	0.055	0.24
RH-01 ² RH-02 ²	3.70	16.21	0.92	4.05	0.15	0.67	0.22	0.94	0.12	0.53	0.12	0.53	0.12	0.53	0.00	0.01	0.029	0.13
F-01 ³	0.083	0.36	0.16	0.72	-	-	0.0041	0.018	-	-	-	-	-	-	4.11E-06	1.80E-05	-	-
F-02 ³	0.083	0.36	0.16	0.72	-	-	0.0041	0.018	-	-	-	-	-	-	4.11E-06	1.80E-05	-	-
F-03 ³	0.083	0.36	0.16	0.72	-	-	0.0041	0.018	-	-	-	-	-	-	4.11E-06	1.80E-05	-	-
T-MD ⁴	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
T-SO ⁴	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
T-NO ⁴	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
СТ	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4.88	21.38	2.85	12.48	0.011	0.046	-	-	-	-
FG-01 5	-	-	-	-	-	77.12	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.056	0.24	-	0.28
L-01	-	-		-	-	7.08	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1.44	1.00
Total	223.94	980.42	48.17	210.37	6.45	112.5	2.46	10.79	8.35	36.55	6.32	27.66	3.48	15.22	0.082	0.36	5.76	20.21

¹ The permit contains only the max emissions from T-01 through T-03 combined.

² Unit RH-02, which is a standby for unit RH-01. The permit contains only those emissions from unit RH-01 since higher emissions are associated with this unit.

³ Emissions from flare pilot and purge only are indicated in this section.

⁴ Condensate tanks are continuously controlled by a VRU with 100% control efficiency. No steady-state VOC or H₂S emissions are allowed from these units. ⁵ FG-01 includes fugitive emissions from the slug catcher (FUG-SC), backup VRU (FUG-VRU), condensate stabilizer (FUG-SS), fractionator (FUG-Frac), C-28 propane service change (FUG-C28), compressor C-40 (FUG-C40), Acid Gas Cooling (FUG-AGC), and Gas Subcooled Processing (FUG-GSP).

Note that fugitives associated with Gas Subcooled Processing are not in VOC service and are therefore not be subject to OOOOa LDAR monitoring.

"-" Denotes emissions of this pollutant are not expected.

Startup, Shutdown, and Maintenance Emissions

	N	NOx		со		oc	SC)x	H ₂ S	
Unit	lb/hr	tpy	lb/hr	tpy	lb/hr	tpy	lb/hr	tpy	lb/hr	tpy
F-01	522.42	16.45	1042.95	32.83	100.59	3.10	3.06	0.11	0.033	0.0010
F-02	631.03	1.97	1259.78	3.94	1063.16	2.36	6865.35	17.54	72.94	0.19
F-03 (S1d)	68.37	3 03	586.18	33 71	31.58	1.82	5817.53	334 51	61.90	3 56
F-03 (S2d)	51.56	5.95	442.10	55.71	23.05	1.02	2908.77	554.51	30.95	5.50
PIG,SLUG	-	-	-	-	1.20E-02	3.20E-04	-	-	6.70E-04	1.70E-05
Malf*	631.03	10.00	1259.78	10.00	1063.16	10.00	7022.63	10.00	74.62	5.00
SSM-PP	-	-	-	-	-	0.12	-	-	-	-
SSM-VP	-	-	-	-	-	0.0097	-	-	-	1.98E-04
SSM-VRU**	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
SSM-AGI	-	-	-	-	-	5.04E-04	-	-	-	-
SSM-SC	0.21	5.20E-04	0.42	0.0010	0.41	1.20E-04	0.92	0.0023	0.0098	2.45E-05
SSM-Frac	-	-	-	-	-	2.64	-	-	-	-
SSM-AGI-C2	-	-	-	-	0.15	0.0011	-	-	1.59E-04	1.10E-06
SSM-CB	-	-	-	-	-	0.14	-	-	-	0.0076
Total	1222.03	32.35	2889.33	80.47	1195.91	20.19	12686.87	362.16	134.89	8.75

Notes

1. Emissions from flare pilot & purge only are included in this section.

2. Plant shutdown emissions to Flare F-03 represent an alternative SSM scenario in addition to previously permitted F-03 SSM emissions. The three Flare F-03 SSM activities (plant shutdown, SRU SSM to flare, and AGI SSM to flare) cannot occur simultaneously. Total annual emissions represent a sum of the emissions from these three activities. Total hourly emissions represent the highest hourly emission rate. Total allowable emission rates are for informational purposes only.

"-" Denotes emissions of this pollutant are not expected.



Clark RA-8 (Unchanged)

Emission Units:	C-01, C-02		
Source Description:	Natural ga	s engine	
Manufacturer:	Clark		
Model:	RA-8		
Type	2 Stroke L	ean Burn RI	CE
Aspiration:	NA		
Engine Horsepower	and RPM		
Engine speed:	300	rpm	Mfg data
Sea level hp:	800	hp	Mfg data
Fuel Consumption			
BSFC	9476	Btu/hp-hr	Southwest Research Institute's, "Compilation of Emissions Data for Stationary Reciprocating Gas Engines "
Fuel heat value:	1000	Btu/scf	Pipeline specification
Heat input:	7.6	MMBtu/hr	BSFC * site hp/ 10 ⁶
Fuel consumption:	7.6	Mscf/hr	Heat input / fuel heat value
Annual fuel usage:	66.4	MMscf/yr	8760 hrs/yr operation
Exhaust Parameter	s		
Exhaust temp (Tstk):	726	°F	
Stack height:	33	ft	
Stack diameter:	1.17	ft	
Exhaust velocity:	90.9	ft/sec	

Emission Calculations

Uncontrolled Emissions

NOx ¹	CO^1	VOC ¹	SO ₂	TSP ²	PM-10 ²	PM-2.5 ²	H₂S	HCOH ³	TOTAL HAPs ³		
			7.14E-03	4.83E-02	4.83E-02	4.83E-02				lb/MMBtu lb S/Mscf	AP-42 Table 3.2-1 (7/00) Purchased sweet natural gas fuel, 5 gr S/100scf
							7.14E-03			lb H ₂ S/Mscf	Purchased sweet natural gas fuel, 5 gr H ₂ S/100scf
27.8 121.8	4.5 19.6	0.9 4.1	0.11 0.47	0.37 1.6	0.37 1.6	0.37 1.6	0.0011 0.0047	0.40 1.7	0.67 3.0	lb/hr lb/hr tpy	Hourly emission rate 98% combustion efficiency of H ₂ S Hourly emission rate Annual emission rate (8760 hrs/yr)

1. NOx, CO, and VOC emissions are as permitted; emission rates have been previously reviewed and approved. Emission rates were calculated using manufacturer's data or stack test data.

2. Assumes PM (Total) = TSP = PM10 = PM2.5. PM AP-42 emission factor = filterable + condensable

Previously submitted particulate emission rates were not correctly transcribed into the permit. The correct emissions are represented above.

3. Total HAPs and HCOH emissions calculated using GRI-HAPCalc.



Clark RA-6 (Unchanged)

Emission Units:	C-04, C-0	5, C-06	
Source Description:	Natural ga	as engine	
Manufacturer:	Clark		
Model	RA-6		
Type	2 Stroko I	oon Burn DI	
Achivation			
Aspiration:	INA		
Engine Horsepower	and RPM		
Engine speed:	300	rpm	Mfg data
Sea level hp:	600	hp	Mfg data
Fuel Consumption			
BSFC	7451	Btu/hp-hr	Southwest Research Institute's, "Compilation of Emissions Data for Stationary Reciprocating Gas Engines "
Fuel heat value:	1000	Btu/scf	Pipeline specification
Heat input:	4.5	MMBtu/hr	BSFC * site hp/ 10 ⁶
Fuel consumption:	4.5	Mscf/hr	Heat input / fuel heat value
Annual fuel usage:	39.2	MMscf/yr	8760 hrs/yr operation
Exhaust Parameter	s		
Exhaust temp (Tstk):	724	°F	
Stack height:	33	ft	
Stack diameter:	1.17	ft	

Emission Calculations

Exhaust velocity:

Uncontrolled Emissions

NOx ¹	CO^1	VOC ¹	SO ₂	TSP ²	PM-10 ²	PM-2.5 ²	H₂S	HCOH ³	TOTAL HAPs ³		
			7 1/15 02	4.83E-02	4.83E-02	4.83E-02	2			lb/MMBtu	AP-42 Table 3.2-1 (7/00)
			7.146-03				7.14E-03			Ib H ₂ S/Mscf	Purchased sweet natural gas fuel, 5 gr H ₂ S/100scf
							0.032			lb/hr lb/hr	_Hourly emission rate Hourly emission rate
25.1 109.9	5.0 21.8	0.39 1.7	0.060 0.26	0.22 0.95	0.22 0.95	0.22 0.95	0.0028	0.30 1.3	0.51 2.2	lb/hr tpy	Hourly emission rate Annual emission rate (8760 hrs/yr)

1. NOx, CO, and VOC emissions are as permitted; emission rates have been previously reviewed and approved. Emission rates were calculated using manufacturer's data or stack test data. 2. Assumes PM (Total) = TSP = PM10 = PM2.5. PM AP-42 emission factor = filterable + condensable

Previously submitted particulate emission rates were not correctly transcribed into the permit. The correct emissions are represented above.

3. Total HAPs and HCOH emissions calculated using GRI-HAPCalc.

52 ft/sec



Clark HRA-8 (Unchanged)

Emission Units: Source Description: Manufacturer: Model: Type Aspiration:	C-24 Natural ga Clark HRA-8 2 Stroke Lu NA	s engine ean Burn RIG	CE
Engine Horsepower a	nd RPM		
Engine speed:	300	rpm	Mfg data
Sea level hp:	880	hp	Mfg data
Fuel Consumption			
Avg BSFC	14593	Btu/hp-hr	Southwest Research Institute's, "Compilation of Emissions Data for Stationary Reciprocating Gas Engines "
Fuel heat value:	1000	Btu/scf	Pipeline specification
Heat input:	12.8	MMBtu/hr	BSFC * site hp/ 10 ⁶
Fuel consumption:	12.8	Mscf/hr	Heat input / fuel heat value
Annual fuel usage:	112.5	MMscf/yr	8760 hrs/yr operation
Exhaust Parameters			
Exhaust temp (Tstk):	568	°F	
Stack height:	70	ft	
Stack diameter:	3.0	ft	
Exhaust velocity:	85	ft/sec	

Emission Calculations

Uncontrolled Emissions

NOx ¹	CO^1	VOC ¹	SO ₂	H ₂ S	TSP ²	PM-10 ²	PM-2.5 ²	HCOH ³	TOTAL HAPs ³		
					4.83E-02	4.83E-02	4.83E-02			lb/MMBtu	AP-42 Table 3.2-1 (7/00)
			7.14E-03							lb S/Mscf	Purchased sweet natural gas fuel, 5 gr S/100scf
				7.14E-03						lb H ₂ S/Mscf	Purchased sweet natural gas fuel, 5 gr $H_2S/100scf$
				0.092						lb/hr	Hourly emission rate
				0.0018						lb/hr	Hourly emission rate 98% combustion efficiency of H ₂ S
41.9	10.7	0.78 3 4	0.17	0 0080	0.62	0.62	0.62	0.44 1 9	0.74 3 3	lb/hr	Hourly emission rate
102.2	-10.0	5.4	0.70	0.0000	£./	2./	£./	1.5	5.5	ιμγ	Annual Chrission rate (0700 HIS/ VI)

NOx, CO, and VOC emissions are as permitted; emission rates have been previously reviewed and approved. Emission rates were calculated using manufacturer's data or stack test data.
 Assumes PM (Total) = TSP = PM10 = PM2.5. PM AP-42 emission factor = filterable + condensable
 Previously submitted particulate emission rates were not correctly transcribed into the permit. The correct emissions are represented above.
 Total HAPs and HCOH emissions calculated using GRI-HAPCalc.



Cooper Bessemer GMVA-8 (Unchanged)

Emission Units:	C-28											
Source Description:	Natural ga	as engine										
Manufacturer:	Cooper Be	essemer										
Model:	GMVA-8											
Туре	2 Stroke L	ean Burn RI	CE									
Aspiration:	NA											
Engine Horsepower a	and RPM											
Engine speed:	300	rpm	Mfa data									
Sea level hp:	1100	hp	Mfg data									
Fuel Consumption												
Ava BSEC	8934	Btu/hp-hr	Southwest	Research Ir	nstitute's.	"Compilation of	of Emissions	Data for Sta	tionary Reci	procating G	as Engines "	
Fuel heat value:	1000	Btu/scf	Pipeline sp	ecification					,			
Heat input:	9.8	MMRtu/br	BSEC * site	$hn/10^6$								
Fuel consumption	9.0	Meef/hr	Heat input	/ fuel heat v	مريادي							
Annual fuel usage:	86.1	MMscf/yr	8760 hrs/y	r operation	value							
			.,	·								
Exhaust Parameters												
Exhaust temp (1stk):	5/5	٩٢										
Stack height:	/0	ft										
Stack diameter:	2.5	ft										
Exhaust velocity:	62.2	ft/sec										
Emission Calculation	s											
Uncontrolled Emissions												
						2	2	-	2	IOTAL		
	NOx ¹	CO1	VOC ¹	SO ₂	H_2S	TSP ²	PM-10 ²	PM-2.5 ²	HCOH3	HAPs ³		
						4.83E-02	4.83E-02	4.83E-02			lb/MMBtu	AP-42 Table 3.2-1 (7/00)

	NOA	00	100	502	1125	151	11110	1112.5	neon	11/41 3			
_						4.83E-02	4.83E-02	4.83E-02			lb/MMBtu	AP-42 Table 3.2-1 (7/00)	
				7.14E-03							lb S/Mscf	Purchased sweet natural	gas fuel, 5 gr S/100scf
					7.14E-03						lb H ₂ S/Mscf	Purchased sweet natural	gas fuel, 5 gr H ₂ S/100scf
_					0.070						lb/hr	Hourly emission rate	
					0.0014						lb/hr	Hourly emission rate	98% combustion efficiency of H ₂ S
	16.6	2.5	0.78	0.13		0.47	0.47	0.47	0.32	0.51	lb/hr	Hourly emission rate	
	72.7	10.7	3.4	0.58	0.0061	2.1	2.1	2.1	1.4	2.2	tpy	Annual emission rate (876	50 hrs/yr)

1. NOx, CO, and VOC emissions are as permitted; emission rates have been previously reviewed and approved. Emission rates were calculated using manufacturer's data or stack test data.

2. Assumes PM (Total) = TSP = PM10 = PM2.5. PM AP-42 emission factor = filterable + condensable

Previously submitted particulate emission rates were not correctly transcribed into the permit. The correct emissions are represented above.

3. Total HAPs and HCOH emissions calculated using GRI-HAPCalc.



Solar Saturn Turbine (Unchanged)

Emission Units: Source Description: Manufacturer: Model: Horsepower: Stack no.	T-01, T-02 Natural gas Solar Saturn 1000 hp T-1-3	, T-03 s turbine	
Fuel Consumption Heat input: Fuel heat value: Fuel consumption: Annual fuel usage:	12.6 1000 12.6 110	MMBtu/hr Btu/scf Mscf/hr MMscf/yr	Fuel consumption*heat value/1000 Pipeline specification Annual fuel usage*1000/8760 8760 hrs/yr operation

Exhaust Parameters

Exhaust temp (Tstk):	600	°F
Stack height:	25	ft
Stack diameter:	1.17	ft
Exhaust velocity:	34.4	ft/sec

Emission Calculations

Uncontrolled Emissions

								TOTAL		
NOx ¹	CO^1	VOC ¹	SO ₂	H₂S	TSP ²	PM-10 ²	PM-2.5 ²	HAPs ³		
					6.6E-03	6.6E-03	6.6E-03		lb/MMBtu	AP-42 Table 3.1-2a (4/00)
			7.14E-03						lb S/Mscf	Purchased sweet natural gas fuel, 5 gr S/100scf
				7.14E-03					lb H ₂ S/Mscf	Purchased sweet natural gas fuel, 5 gr H ₂ S/100scf
				0.090					lb/hr	Hourly emission rate
				0.0018					lb/hr	Hourly emission rate 98% combustion efficiency of H_2S
			0.169		0.083	0.083	0.083	0.010	lb/hr	Hourly emission rate
12.4	4.5	0.89	0.51	0.0054	0.25	0.25	0.25	0.030	lb/hr	Total from Stack T-1-3 (lb/hr*3 units)
54.2	19.8	3.9	2.2	0.024	1.1	1.1	1.1	0.13	tpy	Annual emission rate (8760 hrs/yr). Total from Stack T-1-3

1. NOx, CO, and VOC emissions are as permitted; emission rates have been previously reviewed and approved. Emission rates were calculated using manufacturer's data or stack test data. 2. Assumes PM (Total) = TSP = PM10 = PM2.5. PM AP-42 emission factor = filterable + condensable

3. Total HAP emissions calculated using GRI-HAPCalc. Previously submitted HAP emission rates were calculated incorrectly and are being corrected in this application. The correct emissions are represented above. 4. Turbines T-1, T-2, and T-3 share the same stack.



Solar Saturn Turbine (Unchanged)

Emission Units: Source Description: Manufacturer: Model: Horsepower:	T-04 Natural g Solar Saturn 1000 hp	as turbine	
Fuel Consumption			
Heat input:	12.6	MMBtu/hr	Fuel consumption*heat value/1000
Fuel heat value:	1000	Btu/scf	Pipeline specification
Fuel consumption:	12.6	Mscf/hr	Annual fuel usage*1000/8760
Annual fuel usage:	110	MMscf/yr	8760 hrs/yr operation
Exhaust Parameters Exhaust temp (Tstk): Stack height: Stack diameter: Exhaust velocity:	1000 35 1.17 34.7	°F ft ft ft/sec	

Emission Calculations

Uncontrolled Emissions

	NOx^1	CO^1	VOC ¹	SO ₂	H₂S	TSP ²	PM-10 ²	PM-2.5 ²	HAPs ³			
_						6.6E-03	6.6E-03	6.6E-03		lb/MMBtu	AP-42 Table 3.1-2a (4/	00)
				7.14E-03	3					lb S/Mscf	Purchased sweet natur	al gas fuel, 5 gr S/100scf
					7.14E-03					lb H ₂ S/Mscf	Purchased sweet natur	al gas fuel, 5 gr H ₂ S/100scf
					0.090					lb/hr	Hourly emission rate	
					0.0018					lb/hr	Hourly emission rate	98% combustion efficiency of H ₂ S
	2.9	1.1	0.20	0.17		0.083	0.083	0.083	0.010	lb/hr	Hourly emission rate	
	12.7	4.8	0.88	0.74	0.0079	0.36	0.36	0.36	0.044	tpy	Annual emission rate (8	3760 hrs/yr)

NOx, CO, and VOC emissions are as permitted; emission rates have been previously reviewed and approved. Emission rates were calculated using manufacturer's data or stack test data.
 Assumes PM (Total) = TSP = PM10 = PM2.5. PM AP-42 emission factor = filterable + condensable
 Total HAP emissions calculated using GRI-HAPCalc.



Heater (Unchanged)

Emission Units: Source Description: Manufacturer:	HB-01 Steam Heater Holman Superior	
Annual operating hours:	8760	
Fuel Consumption Input heat rate Fuel heat value Fuel rate	6.7 MMBtu/hr 1000 Btu/scf 6.7 Mscf/hr	Pipeline specification Input heat rate / fuel heat value
Annual fuel usage	58.7 MMscf/yr	8760 hrs/yr operation

Emission Rates

NOx ¹	CO1	VOC ²	SO ₂	H₂S	PM ³	HAPs ⁴	Units		
		5.5	-	-	7.6		lb/MMscf	AP-42 Table 1.4-1 and 1.4-2	
			7.14E-03	6			lb S/Mscf	Purchased sweet natural gas	fuel, 5 gr S/100scf
				7.14E-03			lb H ₂ S/Mscf	Purchased sweet natural gas	fuel, 5 gr H ₂ S/100scf
				0.048			lb/hr	Hourly emission rate	
				9.6E-04			lb/hr	lb/MMscf * Mscf/hr / 1000	98% combustion efficiency of H ₂ S
1.1 4.8	0.23 1.0	0.037 0.16	4.8E-05 2.1E-04	4.2E-03	0.051 0.22	0.012 0.054	lb/hr tpy	lb/MMscf * Mscf/hr / 1000 8760 hrs/yr	

Exhaust Parameters

Exhaust temp	756 °F
Stack height	25 ft
Stack diameter	1.17 ft
Exhaust velocity	57.0 ft/sec

1. NOx and CO emissions are as permitted; emission rates have been previously reviewed and approved. Emissions were calculated using AP-42 5th edition emission factors and a safety factor. 2. VOC emissions are as previously submitted; the emission rate was not correctly transcribed into the permit. The correct emissions are represented above.

3. Assumes PM (Total) = TSP = PM10 = PM2.5. PM AP-42 emission factor = filterable (1.9) + condensable (5.7) = (7.6) total

4. Total HAP emissions calculated using GRI-HAPCalc. HAPs are being updated using



Heater (Unchanged)

Emission Units:	BMH-01	
Source Description: Manufacturer:	Molsieve Heater Born	
Annual operating hours:	8760	
Fuel Consumption Input heat rate	3.90 MMBtu/hr	N

i aci consumption		
Input heat rate	3.90 MMBtu/hr	Nameplate
Fuel heat value	1000 Btu/scf	Pipeline specification
Fuel rate	3.9 Mscf/hr	Input heat rate / fuel heat value
	0.0039 MMscf/hr	
Annual fuel usage	34.2 MMscf/yr	8760 hrs/yr operation

Emission Rates

						TOTAL			
NOx1	CO1	VOC	SO ₂	H₂S	PM ²	HAPs ³	Units		
100.0	84.0	5.50			7.60		lb/MMscf	AP-42 Tables 1.4-1 and 1.4-2 (7/98)	
			7.14E-03				lb S/Mscf	Purchased sweet natural gas fuel, 5 gr S/100scf	
				7.14E-03			lb H ₂ S/Mscf	Purchased sweet natural gas fuel, 5 gr H ₂ S/100scf	
				0.028			lb/hr	Hourly emission rate	
				0.00056			lb/hr	lb/MMscf * Mscf/hr / 1000 98% combustion efficiency of H	₂S
0.39	0.33	0.021	0.052		0.030	0.0072	lb/hr	lb/MMscf * Mscf/hr / 1000	
1.7	1.4	0.094	0.23	0.0024	0.13	0.032	tpy	8760 hrs/yr	

Exhaust Parameters

Exhaust temp	600 °F
Stack height	20 ft
Stack diameter	1.17 ft
Exhaust velocity	0.5 ft/sec

1. NOx and CO emissions corrected from previous applications; emissions were previously calculated with an incorrect heat input rate of 0.15 MMBtu/hr.

2. Assumes PM (Total) = TSP = PM-10 = PM-2.5 PM AP-42 emission factor = filterable (1.9) + condensable (5.7) = (7.6) total

3. Total HAP emissions calculated using GRI-HAPCalc.



Heater (Unchanged)

Emission Units: Source Description: Manufacturer:	H-NO Hot Oil Heater Born	
Annual operating hours:	8760	
Fuel Consumption Input heat rate Fuel heat value Fuel rate	30.0 MMBtu/hr 1000 Btu/scf 30.0 Mscf/hr 0.030 MMscf/hr	Pipeline specification Input heat rate / fuel heat value
Annual fuel usage	262.8 MMscf/yr	8760 hrs/yr operation

Emission Rates

NOx ¹	CO1	VOC1	SO ₂	H₂S	PM ²	TOTAL HAPs	³ Units	
			7 14E-03		7.6		lb/MMscf	AP-42 Tables 1.4-1 and 1.4-2 (7/98) Purchased sweet patural ass fuel 5 or S/100scf
			7.146-05	7.14E-03			lb H ₂ S/Mscf	Purchased sweet natural gas fuel, 5 gr $H_2S/100scf$
				0.214			lb/hr	_ Hourly emission rate
				0.0043			lb/hr	lb/MMscf * Mscf/hr / 1000 98% combustion efficiency of H ₂ S
6.9	1.7	0.29	0.40		0.23	0.055	lb/hr	lb/MMscf * Mscf/hr / 1000
30.1	7.5	1.3	1.8	0.019	1.0	0.24	tpy	8760 hrs/yr

Exhaust Parameters

Exhaust temp	600 °F
Stack height	70 ft
Stack diameter	4.5 ft
Exhaust velocity	47.3 ft/sec

1. NOx, CO and VOC emissions are as permitted; emission rates have been previously reviewed and approved. Emissions were calculated using AP-42 5th edition emission factors and a safety factor. 2. Assumes PM (Total) = TSP = PM-10 = PM-2.5 PM AP-42 emission factor = filterable (1.9) + condensable (5.7) = (7.6) total 3. Total HAP emissions calculated using GRI-HAPCalc.



Heater (Unchanged)

Emission Units: Source Description: Manufacturer:	H-SO Hot Oil Heater Born	
Annual operating hours:	8760	
Fuel Consumption Input heat rate Fuel heat value Fuel rate	30 MMBtu/hr 1000 Btu/scf 30.0 Mscf/hr 0.030 MMscf/hr	Estimated, nominal Input heat rate / fuel heat value
Annual fuel usage	262.8 MMscf/yr	8760 hrs/yr operation

Emission Rates

	NOx ¹	CO1	VOC ¹	SO ₂	H₂S	PM ^{1,2,3}	TOTAL HAPs ^{1,4}	Units	
				7 1 45 02		7.6		lb/MMscf	AP-42 Tables 1.4-1 and 1.4-2 (7/98)
				7.14E-03				ID S/MISCT	Purchased sweet natural gas fuel, 5 gr S/100scf
					7.14E-03			lb H ₂ S/Mscf	Purchased sweet natural gas fuel, 5 gr H ₂ S/100scf
_					0.214			lb/hr	_ Hourly emission rate
					0.0043			lb/hr	lb/MMscf * Mscf/hr / 198% combustion efficiency of H ₂ S
	6.9	1.7	0.29	0.40		0.23	0.055	lb/hr	lb/MMscf * Mscf/hr / 1000
	30.1	7.5	1.3	1.8	0.019	1.0	0.24	tpy	8760 hrs/yr

Exhaust Parameters

Exhaust temp	600 °F
Stack height	70 ft
Stack diameter	4.5 ft
Exhaust velocity	17.6 ft/sec

NOx, CO and VOC emissions are as permitted; emission rates have been previously reviewed and approved. Emissions were calculated using AP-42 5th edition emission factors and a safety factor.
 Assumes PM (Total) = TSP = PM-10 = PM-2.5 PM AP-42 emission factor = filterable (1.9) + condensable (5.7) = (7.6) total
 Total HAP emissions calculated using GRI-HAPCalc.



Heater (Unchanged)

Emission Units: Source Description: Manufacturer:	RH-01 Regen Gas Heater Born	
Annual operating hours:	8760	
Fuel Consumption Input heat rate	16 MMBtu/hr	
Fuel heat value	1000 Btu/scf	Estimated, nominal
Fuel rate	16.0 Mscf/hr	Input heat rate / fuel heat value
	0.016 MMscf/hr	
Annual fuel usage	140 MMscf/vr	8760 hrs/vr operation

Emission Rates

NOx ¹	CO1	VOC ¹	SO ₂	H₂S	PM ²	TOTAL HAPs ³	Units		
			7.14E-03		7.6		lb/MMscf lb S/Mscf	AP-42 Tables 1.4-1 and 1.4-2 (7/98) Purchased sweet natural gas fuel, 5 gr S	S/100scf
				7.14E-03			lb H ₂ S/Mscf	Purchased sweet natural gas fuel, 5 gr I	H ₂ S/100scf
				0.114			lb/hr	Hourly emission rate	
				0.0023			lb/hr	lb/MMscf * Mscf/hr / 1000 98% com	bustion efficiency of H ₂ S
3.7 16.2	0.92 4.1	0.15 0.67	0.22 0.94	0.010	0.12 0.53	0.029 0.13	lb/hr tpy	lb/MMscf * Mscf/hr / 1000 8760 hrs/yr	

Exhaust Parameters

Exhaust temp	600 °F
Stack height	35 ft
Stack diameter	<mark>4</mark> ft
Exhaust velocity	17.6 ft/sec

1. NOx, CO and VOC emissions are as permitted; emission rates have been previously reviewed and approved. Emissions were calculated using AP-42 5th edition emission factors and a safety factor. 2. Assumes PM (Total) = TSP = PM-10 = PM-2.5 PM AP-42 emission factor = filterable (1.9) + condensable (5.7) = (7.6) total 3. Total HAP emissions calculated using GRI-HAPCalc.



Heater (Unchanged)

Emission Units: Source Description: Manufacturer:	RH-01 Regen Gas Heater Born	
Annual operating hours:	8760	
Fuel Consumption Input heat rate Fuel heat value Fuel rate	4 MMBtu/hr 1000 Btu/scf 4.0 Mscf/hr 0.004 MMscf/hr	Estimated, nominal Input heat rate / fuel heat value
Annual fuel usage	35 MMscf/yr	8760 hrs/yr operation

Emission Rates

	NOx ¹	CO1	VOC1	SO ₂	H₂S	PM ²	HAPs ³	Units		
				7.14E-03		7.6		lb/MMscf lb S/Mscf	AP-42 Tables 1.4-1 and 1.4- Purchased sweet natural gas	2 (7/98) s fuel, 5 gr S/100scf
					7.14E-03			lb H ₂ S/Mscf	Purchased sweet natural gas	s fuel, 5 gr H ₂ S/100scf
_					0.029			lb/hr lb/br	_Hourly emission rate	98% compution efficiency of H.S.
	3.7 16.2	0.92 4.1	0.15 0.67	0.05 0.24	0.003	0.03 0.13	0.029 0.13	lb/hr tpy	lb/MMscf * Mscf/hr / 1000 8760 hrs/yr	50 % compusion enciency of H ₂ 5

Exhaust Parameters

Exhaust temp	600 °F
Stack height	35 ft
Stack diameter	<mark>4</mark> ft
Exhaust velocity	17.6 ft/sec

1. NOx, CO and VOC emissions are as permitted; emission rates have been previously reviewed and approved. Emissions were calculated using AP-42 5th edition emission factors and a safety factor.2. Assumes PM (Total) = TSP = PM-10 = PM-2.5PM AP-42 emission factor = filterable (1.9) + condensable (5.7) = (7.6) total

3. Total HAP emissions calculated using GRI-HAPCalc.



Targa Midstream Services, LLC - Monument Gas Plant Condensate Loading - Unit L-01 (Unchanged)

EPN	Material Loaded	Loading Method	S	P _{max} ² (psia)	M ² (lb/lbmol)	T _{max} ³ (°R)	L _L (lbs/1000 gal)	Hourly Throughput (gal/hr)	Wt % of VOC	Uncontrolled Hourly VOC Emissions (lb/hr)	Controlled Hourly VOC Emissions ⁴ (lb/hr)	Hourly CO ₂ Emissions (lb/hr)	Hourly CH ₄ Emissions (lb/hr)	Hourly CO ₂ e Emissions (lb/hr)
L-01	Condensate	Submerged	1.00	30.0	82.6	555.1	55.7	11,928	100	663.8	8.6	-	8.113E-14	2.0E-12
	Matorial	Loading		P ²	M ²	т ³	L _L (lbc/1000	Annual	Wt % of	Uncontrolled Annual VOC	Controlled Annual VOC	Annual CO ₂	Annual CH ₄	Hourly CO ₂ e
EPN	Loaded	Method	s	(psia)	(lb/lbmol)	(°R)	(ibs/1000 gal)	(gal/yr)	VOC	(tpy)	(tpy)	(tn/yr)	(tn/yr)	(tn/yr)
L-01	Condensate	Submerged	1.00	30.0	82.6	522.9	59.1	18,429,600	100	544.3	7.1	-	6.65E-14	1.7E-12

¹ Loading loss equation and variables are from AP-42, Section 5.2, Transportation and Marketing of Petroleum Liquids.

² Vapor pressure and molecular weight for condensate are based on condensate analysis.

³ Maximum temperature is 100°F and the average temperature is 63.275 °F.

⁴ Condensate loading emissions are controlled by vapor balancing . Per AP-42 Section 5.2, a collection efficiency of 98.7 % can be assumed for trucks passing the NSPS-level annual test.

	Co	ndensate	
Pollutant	Cond Wt % ^{1, 2}	lb/hr	tpy
N-Hexane	10.24%	0.884	0.72
Benzene	3.72%	0.3212	0.263
Toluene	1.78%	0.1540	0.000
E-Benzene	0.61%	0.0527	0.000
M-Xylene	0.18%	0.0157	0.000
O-Xylene	0.18%	0.0157	0.0129
Total HAP		1.44	1.00

¹ ProMax.

² Weight of HAPs in condensate analysis.



Targa Midstream Services, LLC - Monument Gas Plant Cooling Tower Emissions (Unchanged)

	Cooling Water Recirculatio n Rate (gpm)	Drift Rate fraction of Circulating Flow %	Fotal Drift Mass Ib/min	% Drift Mass escape from Facility Boundary %	Drift Mass Leaving Site Ib/min	Circulating Water Total Dissolved Solids (mg/l)	Circulating Water Total Dissolved Solids (ppm _w)
Note	1	2	3	4	5	6	
Cooling Tower	20,400	0.02%	34	100.00%	34.0	2500	2500

	Particulate Emissions		TSP En	nissions	PM ₁₀ En	nissions	PM _{2.5} Emissions		
	(lb/hr)	(tpy)	(lb/hr)	(tpy)	(lb/hr)	(tpy)	(lb/hr)	(tpy)	
Note	7	7	8	8	8	8	8	8	
Cooling Tower	5.10	22.36	4.88	21.4	2.85	12.48	0.011	0.046	

Notes

- 1 Cooling Tower Water Recirc rate based on site data (6 pumps x 3400 gpm = 20,400 gpm)
- 2 Uncontrolled circulating water flow percent drift estimated based on AP-42 factors for induced draft cooling towers (Table 13.4-1)
- 3 Total Drift Mass = Recirculation rate * Drift Rate Fraction * Drift Density (8.34 lb/gal)
- 4 As a conservative measure, 100% of drift mass is assumed to escape from facility boundary.
- 5 Drift mass leaving site = Total Drift Mass * % Drift Mass escape from facility boundary
- 6 TDS measured at 2049 mg/l, 2500 mg/l as a conservative measure.
- 7 Total particulate emission calculated using procedure described in Section 13.4 of AP-42 (01/95), Wet Cooling Towers. PM = Water Circulation Rate * Drift Rate* Percent drift mass escape * TDS
 - Particulate Hourly Emissions:

20,400 gal	60 min	0.0002 gal drift	100.00%	8.34 lb drift	2500 lb PM		5.10 lb
min	hr	gal recirculation		gal drift	10 ⁶ lb drift	-	hr

Particulate annual emissions = Hourly emissions (lb/hr) * 8760 (hrs/yr) / 2000 (lb/ton)

8 Particle size distribution based on the following distribution (from Frisbie data)

Particle Distr	ibution	
	Total	
Particle	Particulates	
TSP (PM 30)	95.6	Frisbie data
PM10	55.8	Frisbie data
PM2.5	0.21	Frisbie data



Targa Midstream Services, LLC - Monument Gas Plant Cooling Tower Emissions (Unchanged)

Frisbie Table

Facility TDS 2500

EPRI Droplet			Particle Mass		Solid Particle		
-							Interpolated
							Particulate Fraction
							based on facility
Diameter	Droplet	Droplet Mass	(Solids)	Solid Particle	Diameter	EPRI % Mass	TDS
(um)	Volume (um3)	(ua)	(ua)	Volume (um3)	(um)	Smaller	2500
10	524	5.24E-04	4.03E-06	1.83	1.04	0	1.0
20	4189	4.19E-03	3.23E-05	14.66	2.09	0.196	2.1
30	14137	1.41E-02	1.09E-04	49.48	3.13	0.226	3.1
40	33510	3.35E-02	2.58E-04	117.29	4.17	0.514	4.2
50	65450	6.54E-02	5.04E-04	229.07	5.22	1.816	5.2
60	113097	1.13E-01	8.71E-04	395.84	6.26	5.702	6.3
70	179594	1.80E-01	1.38E-03	628.58	7.30	21.348	7.3
90	381704	3.82E-01	2.94E-03	1335.96	9.39	49.812	9.4
110	696910	6.97E-01	5.37E-03	2439.18	11.48	70.509	11.5
130	1150347	1.15E+00	8.86E-03	4026.21	13.57	82.023	13.6
150	1767146	1.77E+00	1.36E-02	6185.01	15.65	88.012	15.7
180	3053628	3.05E+00	2.35E-02	10687.7	18.78	91.032	18.8
210	4849048	4.85E+00	3.73E-02	16971.67	21.91	92.468	21.9
240	7238229	7.24E+00	5.57E-02	25333.8	25.04	94.091	25.0
270	10305995	1.03E+01	7.94E-02	36070.98	28.18	94.689	28.2
300	14137167	1.41E+01	1.09E-01	49480.08	31.31	96.288	31.3
350	22449298	2.24E+01	1.73E-01	78572.54	36.52	97.011	36.5
400	33510322	3.35E+01	2.58E-01	117286.13	41.74	98.34	41.7
450	47712938	4.77E+01	3.67E-01	166995.28	46.96	99.071	47.0
500	65449847	6.54E+01	5.04E-01	229074.46	52.18	99.071	52.2
600	113097336	1.13E+02	8.71E-01	395840.67	62.61	100	62.6
				% PM	2.5	=	0.21
				% PM	10	=	55.8
				% PM	30	=	95.6



Targa Midstream Services, LLC Monument Gas Plant - SSM Emissions

Fugitive Emissions Summary (Unit FG-01, Updated - 0110-M11, 0110-M11R1, 0110-

M11R2, 0110-M11R3, 0110-M11R4)

	VC	C	H	₂S	Total	HAPs	CO2	CH4	N20	CO2e
Unit	lb/hr	tpy	lb/hr	tpy	lb/hr	tpy	tpy	tpy	tpy	tpy
Historically Permitted FG-01	0.00	72.79	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.19	-	-	-	-
FUG-AGI-C2	0.0010	0.0045	0.022	0.098	1.02E-04	4.48E-04	0.34	0.41	-	10.68
FUG-IS	0.22	0.97	0.053	0.23	9.32E-04	0.0041	0.072	-	-	0.072
FUG-VRU	0.0028	0.012	1.41E-04	6.16E-04	2.81E-04	0.0012	-	-	-	-
FUG-Frac	0.24	1.06	-	-	0.012	0.053	-	-	-	-
FUG-CS	0.018	0.064	0.00090	0.0040	0.0018	0.0064	-	-	-	-
FUG-SC	0.014	0.063	0.00034	0.0015	0.00049	0.0021	0.0086	0.11	-	2.65
FUG-C28	0.050	0.22	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
FUG-C40	0.0080	0.035	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	5.98E-05	2.62E-04	-	-	-	-
FUG-AGC	0.00084	0.0037	0.041	0.18	6.26E-04	0.0027	-	-	-	-
FUG-GSP	0.43	1.90	0.0010	0.0046	0.0056	0.025	0.027	0.86	-	21.55
FG-01	0.99	77.12	0.056	0.24	0.022	0.28	0.4472	1.38	0	34.95



Monument Gas Plant - SSM Emissions

Fugitive Emissions for Slug Catcher (Unit FUG-SC, Unchanged)

		Emission Factor (kg/hr/	Emission Factor (lb/hr/	LDAR Reduction	voc	VOC	НАР	НАР	H ₂ S	
Component	Count	source)1	source)	(%)	(lb/hr)	(tpy)	(lb/hr)	(tpy)	(lb/hr)	H ₂ S (tpy)
Flanges	72	3.9E-04	8.6E-04	30%	1.3E-02	5.5E-02	4.2E-04	1.9E-03	3.0E-04	1.3E-03
Valves	21	4.5E-03	9.9E-03	97%	1.8E-03	7.9E-03	6.1E-05	2.7E-04	4.3E-05	1.9E-04
			Total		0.014	0.063	4.9E-04	2.1E-03	3.4E-04	1.5E-03

Pollutant	Wt %
Hydrogen Sulfide	0.69%
Nitrogen	2.84%
Methane	48.66%
Carbon Dioxide	3.94%
Ethane	14.95%
Propane	13.09%
Iso-Butane	2.28%
N-Butane	5.63%
Iso-Pentane	1.85%
N-Pentane	1.71%
N-Hexane	0.54%
Benzene	0.18%
Toluene	0.16%
Ethylbenzene	0.03%
M&P Xylenes	0.05%
O-Xylenes	0.01%
Hexane Plus	3.37%
VOC Total =	28.9%
HAPs Total=	1.0%

Monument Inlet Gas analysis (8/7/2015)

Notes

¹ Emission factors from Table 2-4 of the EPA Protocol for Equipment Leak Emission Estimates, November 1995



Fugitive Emissions for Second VRU (Unit FUG-VRU, Unchanged)

			Emission Factor (kg/hr/	Emission Factor (lb/hr/	LDAR Reducti	VOC	voc	НАР	НАР	H₂S	
Component	Service	Count	source) ¹	source)	on (%)	(lb/hr)	(tpy)	(lb/hr)	(tpy)	(lb/hr)	H ₂ S (tpy)
Valvo	Gas	5	0.0045	0.0099207	97%	1.5E-03	6.5E-03	1.5E-04	6.5E-04	7.4E-05	3.3E-04
valve	Light Oil	8	0.0025	0.0055115	97%	1.3E-03	5.8E-03	1.3E-04	5.8E-04	6.6E-05	2.9E-04
Flance	Gas	18	0.00039	0.0008598	30%	1.1E-02	4.7E-02	1.1E-03	4.7E-03	5.4E-04	2.4E-03
Trange	Light Oil	0	0.00011	0.0002425	30%	0.0E+00	0E+00	0E+00	0E+00	0E+00	0.0E+00
Connectors	Gas	0	0.0002	0.0004409	30%	0.0E+00	0E+00	0E+00	0E+00	0E+00	0.0E+00
connectors	Light Oil	67	0.00021	0.000463	30%	2.2E-02	9.5E-02	2.2E-03	9.5E-03	1.1E-03	4.8E-03
Othor	Gas	1	0.0088	0.0194005	97%	5.8E-04	2.5E-03	5.8E-05	2.5E-04	2.9E-05	1.3E-04
oulei	Light Oil	1	0.0075	0.0165345	97%	5.0E-04	2.2E-03	5.0E-05	2.2E-04	2.5E-05	1.1E-04
Total						0.003	0.012	2.8E-04	1.2E-03	1.4E-04	6.2E-04

Notes

¹ Emission factors from Table 2-4 of the EPA Protocol for Equipment Leak Emission Estimates, November 1995.

 2 As a conservative measure, the wt % VOC, HAPs, and H_2S in the stream is assumed as 100%, 10% and 5% respectively.



Propane Fractionation Fugitive Emissions (FUG-Frac, Unchanged)

Component	Emission Factors (kg/hr/source) ¹ Gas Light Oil		Propane Fractionation Component Count Gas Light Oil		LDAR % Reduction	TOC Em kg/hr	TOC Emissions kg/hr lb/hr		HAP Emissions lb/hr	VOC Emissions tpy	HAP Emissions tpy
Connectors	2.00E-04	2.10E-04	86	263	30%	0.051	0.11	0.11	0.006	0.49	0.024
Flanges	3.90E-04	1.10E-04	25	172	30%	0.020	0.044	4.42E-02	2.21E-03	0.19	0.010
Open-Ended Lines	2.00E-03	1.40E-03	0	0	97%	0.000	0.000	0.00	0.00	0.000	0.000
Pumps	2.40E-03	1.30E-02	2	3	85%	0.007	0.014	1.45E-02	7.24E-04	6.34E-02	3.17E-03
Valves	4.50E-03	2.50E-03	71	286	97%	0.031	0.07	6.84E-02	3.42E-03	3.00E-01	1.50E-02
Other	8.80E-03	7.50E-03	2 4		97%	0.001	0.00	3.15E-03	1.57E-04	1.38E-02	6.89E-04
							TOTAL	0.24	0.012	1.06	0.053

Notes

¹ Emission factors from Table 2-4 of the EPA Protocol for Equipment Leak Emission Estimates, November 1995

² As a conservative measure, the wt % VOC and HAPs in the stream is assumed as 100% and 5%.



Condensate Stabilizer Fugitive Emissions (Unit FUG-CS, Unchanged)

Component	Factors (kg/hr/source) ² Light Oil	Component Count Light Oil	LDAR % Reduction	TOC En kg/hr	iissions Ib/hr	VOC Emissions Ib/hr	VOC Emissions tpy	HAP Emissions Ib/hr	HAP Emissions tpy	H2S Emissions Ib/hr	H2S Emissions tpy
Flanges	1.10E-04	81	30%	0.0062	0.014	0.014	0.060	1.4E-03	6.0E-03	6.9E-04	3.0E-03
Valves	2.50E-03	5	97%	3.75E-04	8.27E-04	8.3E-04	0.0036	8.3E-05	3.6E-04	4.1E-05	1.8E-04
Other	7.50E-03	7	97%	1.58E-03	3.47E-03	3.5E-03	0.0152	3.5E-04	1.5E-03	1.7E-04	7.6E-04
					TOTAL	0.018	0.064	1.80E-03	6.38E-03	9.0E-04	4.0E-03

Notes

¹ Emission factors from Table 2-4 of the EPA Protocol for Equipment Leak Emission Estimates, November 1995

 2 As a conservative measure, the wt % VOC, HAPs, and H₂S in the stream is assumed as 100%, 10% and 5% respectively.



Description: Project Fugitive Emissions for C28 service change **Unit:** FG-01 (FUG-C28, Unchanged)

Component	Emission Factors (kg/hr/source) ¹ Gas	Component Count	Total En kg/hr	nissions Ib/hr	VOC Em lb/hr	iissions tpy
Flanges	3.90E-04	-	-	-	-	-
Pump Seals	2.40E-03	-	-	-	-	-
Valves	4.50E-03	5	0.023	0.050	0.050	0.22
Other	8.80E-03	-	-	-	-	-
				Total	0.050	0.22

Notes:

¹ Emission factors from Table 2-4 of the EPA Protocol for Equipment Leak Emission Estimates, November 1995

² The propane gas steam is assumed to have the following composition:

wt% VOC: 100% wt% H₂S: 0%

wt% HAP: 0%



Fugitive Emissions for C-40 (FUG-C-40, New - 0110-M11R1)

Component	Emission Factors (kg/hr/source) ¹	Component	VOC Em	issions ³	HAP Em	issions ³	H ₂ S Emi	issions ³
•	Gas	Count [_]	lb/hr	tpy	lb/hr	tpy	lb/hr	tpy
Connectors	2.00E-04	55	3.85E-04	1.69E-03	2.86E-06	1.25E-05	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
Flanges	3.90E-04	65	8.87E-04	3.89E-03	6.59E-06	2.89E-05	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
Open-Ended Lines	2.00E-03	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Pump Seals	2.40E-03	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Valves	4.50E-03	43	6.77E-03	2.97E-02	5.03E-05	2.20E-04	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
Other	8.80E-03	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
		Total	8.05E-03	3.52E-02	5.98E-05	2.62E-04	0.00E+00	0.00E+00

Notes:

¹ Emission factors from Table 2-4 of the EPA Protocol for Equipment Leak Emission Estimates, November 1995

² Actual anticipated component counts with a safety factor of

10%

³ This fugitive gas steam is assumed to have the following composition for Residue gas:

 wt% VOC:
 1.588%

 wt% H₂S:
 0.000%

 wt% HAP:
 0.012%



Description: AGI-C2 Compressor Fugitive Emissions Unit: FG-01 (AGI-C2 compressor only, New - 0110-M11)

	Emission Factors) .	C	4.
	(kg/hr/source) ¹	Componen	Total Er	nissions	VOC En	nissions	HAP En	nissions	H ₂ S Em	issions	C.	2	C	•4
Component	Gas	t Count	kg/hr	lb/hr	lb/hr	tpy	lb/hr	tpy	lb/hr	tpy	lb/hr	tpy	lb/hr	tpy
Connectors	2.00E-04	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Flanges	3.90E-04	8	0.003	0.007	6.69E-05	2.93E-04	6.69E-06	2.93E-05	1.46E-03	6.39E-03	0.00506131	2.22E-02	0.00617475	0.0270454
Open-Ended Lines	2.00E-03	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Pump Seals	2.40E-03	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Valves	4.50E-03	6	0.027	0.060	5.79E-04	2.53E-03	5.79E-05	2.54E-04	1.26E-02	5.53E-02	0.044	1.92E-01	0.05343532	0.2340467
Other	8.80E-03	2	0.018	0.039	3.77E-04	1.65E-03	3.77E-05	1.65E-04	8.23E-03	3.60E-02	0.029	1.25E-01	0.03483191	0.15256377
				Total	1.02E-03	4.48E-03	1.02E-04	4.48E-04	2.23E-02	9.77E-02	7.74E-02	3.39E-01	9.44E-02	4.14E-01

Notes:

¹ Emission factors from Table 2-4 of the EPA Protocol for Equipment Leak Emission Estimates, November 1995

² The gas steam is assumed to have the following composition:

wt% VOC: 1.0% wt% H₂S: 21.2% wt% HAP: 0.097% wt% CH₄: 89.770% wt% CO₂: 73.583%



Description: Fugitive Emissions for Acid Gas Cooling **Unit:** FG-01 (FUG-AGC, **New - 0110-M11R3**)

Component	Emission Factors (kg/hr/source) ¹	Componen	VOC Em	issions ³	HAP Em	issions ³	H₂S Emi	issions ³	Cyclohexane ³		
-	Gas	t Count ⁻	lb/hr	tpy	lb/hr	tpy	lb/hr	tpy	lb/hr	tpy	
Connectors	2.00E-04	0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	
Flanges	3.90E-04	16	4.95E-05	2.17E-04	3.69E-05	1.62E-04	2.42E-03	1.06E-02	1.02E-06	4.46E-06	
Open-Ended Lines	2.00E-03	0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	
Pump Seals	2.40E-03	4	7.61E-05	3.33E-04	5.68E-05	2.49E-04	3.72E-03	1.63E-02	1.57E-06	6.87E-06	
Valves	4.50E-03	20	7.14E-04	3.13E-03	5.32E-04	2.33E-03	3.49E-02	1.53E-01	1.47E-05	6.44E-05	
Other	8.80E-03	0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	
		Total	8.39E-04	3.68E-03	6.26E-04	2.74E-03	4.10E-02	1.80E-01	1.73E-05	7.57E-05	

Notes:

¹ Emission factors from Table 2-4 of the EPA Protocol for Equipment Leak Emission Estimates, November 1995

² Actual anticipated component counts with a safety factor of

³ The following Acid Gas composition is applied for the fugitive stream based on a site specific analysis.

H2S has been increased as a conservative measure to represent the highest expected H2S% that the facility will handle, consistent with past applications

100%

wt% VOC:	0.360%
wt% H ₂ S:	17.580%
wt% HAP:	0.268%
wt% cyclohexane:	0.007%



Targa Midstream Services, LLC

Monument Gas Plant

 Description:
 FG-01 Fugitive Emissions Associated with Cryo Project (FUG-GSP, New - 0110-M11R4)

 Annual Operating Hours:
 8760
 hr/yr

Fugitive Gas Stream Data

	Gas S	tream (wt%)	
Component	Inlet Gas	Residue Gas	Y-Grade (NGL)
VOC	28.1445%	0.9660%	73.4090%
H₂S	0.9431%	0.0010%	0.0000%
Methane	47.4630%	89.7755%	0.0450%
CO2	5.2313%	0.2587%	0.0040%
HAP	0.8238%	0.0125%	0.8570%
n-Hexane	0.4906%	0.0005%	0.0000%
Benzene	0.1157%	0.0005%	0.5240%
Toluene	0.1098%	0.0027%	0.2800%
Ethylbenzene	0.0261%	0.0031%	0.0180%
Xylenes	0.0815%	0.0057%	0.0350%

Emission Calculations

Unit: FG-01

Inlet Gas

Component	Emission Factors (kg/hr/source) ¹	Component Count	VOC Emissions		H ₂ S Em	issions	HAP En	nissions	C	D ₂	Cł	ł ₄	CO ₂ e Emissions	
	Gas		lb/hr	tpy	lb/hr	tpy	lb/hr	tpy	lb/hr	tpy	lb/hr	tpy	lb/hr	tpy
Connectors	2.00E-04	0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
Flanges	3.90E-04	36	8.71E-03	3.82E-02	2.92E-04	1.28E-03	2.55E-04	1.12E-03	1.62E-03	7.09E-03	1.47E-02	6.43E-02	3.69E-01	1.62E+00
Open-Ended Lines	2.00E-03	0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
Pump Seals	2.40E-03	0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
Valves	4.50E-03	8	2.23E-02	9.78E-02	7.49E-04	3.28E-03	6.54E-04	2.86E-03	4.15E-03	1.82E-02	3.77E-02	1.65E-01	9.46E-01	4.14E+00
Other	8.80E-03	0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
Total			3.10E-02	1.36E-01	1.04E-03	4.56E-03	9.09E-04	3.98E-03	5.77E-03	2.53E-02	5.24E-02	2.29E-01	1.31E+00	5.76E+00

Residue Gas

Component	Emission Factors (kg/hr/source) ¹	Component Count	VOC Em	issions	H₂S Em	iissions	HAP En	nissions	C	D ₂	CI	H4	CO₂e En	nissions
	Gas		lb/hr	tpy	lb/hr	tpy	lb/hr	tpy	lb/hr	tpy	lb/hr	tpy	lb/hr	tpy
Connectors	2.00E-04	0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00							
Flanges	3.90E-04	48	3.99E-04	1.75E-03	4.17E-07	1.83E-06	5.17E-06	2.26E-05	1.07E-04	4.68E-04	3.71E-02	1.62E-01	9.26E-01	4.06E+00
Open-Ended Lines	2.00E-03	0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00							
Pump Seals	2.40E-03	0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00							
Valves	4.50E-03	12	1.15E-03	5.04E-03	1.20E-06	5.27E-06	1.49E-05	6.53E-05	3.08E-04	1.35E-03	1.07E-01	4.68E-01	2.67E+00	1.17E+01
Other	8.80E-03	0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00							
Total			1.55E-03	6.78E-03	1.62E-06	7.10E-06	2.01E-05	8.79E-05	4.15E-04	1.82E-03	1.44E-01	6.30E-01	3.60E+00	1.58E+01

Y-Grade (NGL)

Component	Emission Factors (kg/hr/source) ¹	Component Count	VOC En	nissions	H₂S Em	issions	HAP En	nissions	C	0 ₂	C	H₄	CO₂e Er	nissions
	Gas		lb/hr	tpy	lb/hr	tpy	lb/hr	tpy	lb/hr	tpy	lb/hr	tpy	lb/hr	tpy
Connectors	2.00E-04	36	1.17E-02	5.10E-02	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	1.36E-04	5.96E-04	6.35E-07	2.78E-06	7.14E-06	3.13E-05	1.79E-04	7.85E-04
Flanges	3.90E-04	152	9.59E-02	4.20E-01	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	1.12E-03	4.91E-03	5.23E-06	2.29E-05	5.88E-05	2.58E-04	1.48E-03	6.46E-03
Open-Ended Lines	2.00E-03	0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00							
Pump Seals	2.40E-03	8	3.11E-02	1.36E-01	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	3.63E-04	1.59E-03	1.69E-06	7.42E-06	1.90E-05	8.34E-05	4.78E-04	2.09E-03
Valves	4.50E-03	36	2.62E-01	1.15E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	3.06E-03	1.34E-02	1.43E-05	6.26E-05	1.61E-04	7.04E-04	4.03E-03	1.77E-02
Other	8.80E-03	0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00							
Total			4.01E-01	1.76E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	4.68E-03	2.05E-02	2.18E-05	9.57E-05	2.46E-04	1.08E-03	6.16E-03	2.70E-02

¹ Emission factors from Table 2-4 of the EPA Protocol for Equipment Leak Emission Estimates, November 1995

Total Emissions

Unit		VOC Emiss	ions	H ₂ S Em	issions	HAP Em	issions	CO) ₂	CH	1 4	CO ₂ e Emissions	
		lb/hr	tpy	lb/hr	tpy	lb/hr	tpy	lb/hr	tpy	lb/hr	tpy	lb/hr	tpy
FG-01 Total En	issions	0.433	1.90	0.0010	0.0046	0.00561	0.0246	0.0062	0.027	0.20	0.86	4.92	21.55

Speciated HAP Emission Calculations

Unit: FG-01 Inlet Gas

Component	Emission Factors (kg/br/source) ¹	Component	n-He	xane	Ben	zene	Tolu	iene	Ethylbo	enzene	Xyle	enes
••••	Gas	Count	lb/hr	tpy								
Connectors	2.00E-04	0	0.00E+00									
Flanges	3.90E-04	36	1.52E-04	6.65E-04	3.58E-05	1.57E-04	3.40E-05	1.49E-04	8.09E-06	3.54E-05	2.52E-05	1.11E-04
Open-Ended Lines	2.00E-03	0	0.00E+00									
Pump Seals	2.40E-03	0	0.00E+00									
Valves	4.50E-03	8	3.89E-04	1.71E-03	9.18E-05	4.02E-04	8.72E-05	3.82E-04	2.07E-05	9.08E-05	6.47E-05	2.83E-04
Other	8.80E-03	0	0.00E+00									
Total			5.41E-04	2.37E-03	1.28E-04	5.59E-04	1.21E-04	5.31E-04	2.88E-05	1.26E-04	8.99E-05	3.94E-04

Residue Gas

Component	Emission Factors (kg/br/source) ¹	Component	n-He	xane	Benzene		Toluene		Ethylbenzene		Xylenes	
•	Gas	Count	lb/hr	tpy	lb/hr	tpy	lb/hr	tpy	lb/hr	tpy	lb/hr	tpy
Connectors	2.00E-04	0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00						
Flanges	3.90E-04	48	2.11E-07	9.24E-07	1.91E-07	8.38E-07	1.13E-06	4.94E-06	1.30E-06	5.69E-06	2.34E-06	1.02E-05
Open-Ended Lines	2.00E-03	0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00						
Pump Seals	2.40E-03	0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00						
Valves	4.50E-03	12	6.09E-07	2.67E-06	5.52E-07	2.42E-06	3.25E-06	1.42E-05	3.75E-06	1.64E-05	6.75E-06	2.96E-05
Other	8.80E-03	0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00						
Total			8.20E-07	3.59E-06	7.43E-07	3.25E-06	4.38E-06	1.92E-05	5.05E-06	2.21E-05	9.09E-06	3.98E-05

Y-Grade (NGL)

Component	Emission Factors (kg/hr/source) ¹	sion Factors Component n-Hexane Benzene Toluene		lene	Ethylbenzene		Xylenes					
	Gas	Count	lb/hr	tpy	lb/hr	tpy	lb/hr	tpy	lb/hr	tpy	lb/hr	tpy
Connectors	2.00E-04	36	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	8.32E-05	3.64E-04	4.44E-05	1.95E-04	2.86E-06	1.25E-05	5.56E-06	2.43E-05
Flanges	3.90E-04	152	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	6.85E-04	3.00E-03	3.66E-04	1.60E-03	2.35E-05	1.03E-04	4.57E-05	2.00E-04
Open-Ended Lines	2.00E-03	0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
Pump Seals	2.40E-03	8	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	2.22E-04	9.71E-04	1.19E-04	5.19E-04	7.62E-06	3.34E-05	1.48E-05	6.49E-05
Valves	4.50E-03	36	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	1.87E-03	8.20E-03	1.00E-03	4.38E-03	6.43E-05	2.82E-04	1.25E-04	5.48E-04
Other	8.80E-03	0	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
Total			0.00E+00	0.00E+00	2.86E-03	1.25E-02	1.53E-03	6.70E-03	9.83E-05	4.30E-04	1.91E-04	8.37E-04

¹ Emission factors from Table 2-4 of the EPA Protocol for Equipment Leak Emission Estimates, November 1995

Total Speciated HAP Emissions

Unit		n-Hexane		Benzene		Toluene		Ethylbenzene		Xylenes		
		lb/hr	tpy	lb/hr	tpy	lb/hr	tpy	lb/hr	tpy	lb/hr	tpy	
	FG-01	Total Speciated HAP Emissions	5.42E-04	2.37E-03	2.99E-03	1.31E-02	1.65E-03	7.25E-03	1.32E-04	5.79E-04	2.90E-04	1.27E-03



Description: Scrubbers and Coalescers Fugitive Emissions **Unit:** FUG-IS (**Unchanged**)

	Emission (kg/hr)	ion Factors Propane Fractionation rr/source) ¹ Component Count		LDAR %	Total Emissions		VOC Emissions	H ₂ S Emissions	HAP Emissions	CO ₂ Emissions	
Component	Gas	Gas	Inlet Gas	Residue Gas	Reduction	kg/hr	lb/hr	lb/hr	lb/hr	lb/hr	lb/hr
Connectors	2.00E-04	2.00E-04	-			-	-	-	-	-	
Valves	4.50E-03	4.50E-03	72	65	1	0.62	1.36	0.22	0.053	9.32E-04	0.017
Other	8.80E-03	8.80E-03		-		-	-	-	-		
				-			TOTAL	0.22	0.053	9.32E-04	0.017

Notes

¹ Emission factors from Table 2-4 of the EPA Protocol for Equipment Leak Emission Estimates, November 1995

² As a conservative measure the stream were assumed as:

 a Conservative measure the stream w wt% VOC Inlet Gas: 28.68%
 wt% VOC Residue Gas: 2.73%
 wt% H2S Inlet Gas: 7.38%
 wt% H2S Residue Gas: 0.000038%
 wt% HAPs Inlet Gas: 0.33%

wt% HAPs Residue Gas: 0.011%

wt% CO2 Inlet Gas: 5.18%

wt% CO2 Residue Gas: 0.94%



Pressurized Liquid Loading Emissions (Updated - 0110-M11R4)

L-02 is insignificant per IA List Item #1.a Emission unit number(s): L-02

Source description: Pressurized Liquid Loading Emissions

-			
CC	uat	юг	
			-

 $L_{L} = (P+14.7)*(V_{Hose})*MW*$ 14.7*(359 scf/lbmol)

Variables:

 L_L - Loading Loss (lbs) P - Pressure of Tank (psig) V_{Hose} - Volume of Hose (ft³) = pi*D²*H/4 MW - Molecular Weight of Vapor (lb/lb mol)

					MW		Max Hourly
	Loading				(lb/lbmol	Max Loads	Emissions
Material Loaded	Method	L (ft)	D (ft)	P (psig))	per Hour	(lb/hr)
Propane	Pressurized	30.0	0.1667	5	44.10	1	0.11

Material Loaded	Loading Method	L (ft)	D (ft)	P (psig)	MW (lb/lbmol)	Loads per Year ¹	Annuai Emissions (tpy)
Propane	Pressurized	30.0	0.1667	5	44.10	3,000	0.162

¹Loading losses from pressurized loading occur when the line between the pressurized tank and tank-truck is disconnected.

The necessary loads per year required was previously underestimated and has been updated with this application to accurately reflect propane extracted.



Propane Haul Road Emissions - Exempt per 20.2.72.202.B.5 (Updated - 0110M11R4)

Haul roads are insigificant per IA List Item 1.a								
Emission Unit Number:	Haul Roads	iaul Roads						
Source description:	Haul road a	activity asso	ciated with propane production					
Input Data								
Empty vehicle weight ¹	16	tons	¹ Empty vehicle weight includes driver and occupants and full fuel load.					
Load weight ²	26.838	tons	² Cargo, transported materials, etc.					
Loaded vehicle ³	42.838	tons	³ Loaded vehicle weight = Empty + Load Size					
Mean vehicle weight ⁴	29.419	tons	⁴ Mean Vehicle weight = (Loaded Weight + Empty Weight) / 2					
Round-trip distance	0.25	mile/trip	Obtained from Google earth - measuring roundtrip truck route from fence line;					
Trip frequency ⁵	10	trips/hour	⁵ Max trucks on road in one hour; conservative					
Trip frequency ⁶	87,600	trips/yr	⁶ Max potential trucks per year; conservative					
Surface silt content ⁷	0.6	g/m ²	⁷ AP-42 Table 13.2.1-2 - Paved Haul Roads < 500					
Annual wet days ⁸	60	days/yr	⁸ AP-42 Figure 13.2.1-1					

Emission Factors and Constants

Vehicle miles traveled9

Parameter	PM ₁₀	PM _{2.5}	
k, lb/VMT ¹⁰	0.0022	0.00054	¹⁰ Table 13.2.1-1, Paved Roads
Hourly EF, lb/VMT ¹¹	0.0435	0.0107	¹¹ AP-42 13.2.1, Equation 1
Annual EF, Ib/VMT ¹²	0.0364	0.00892	¹² AP-42 13.2.1, Equation 2

mile/hr

2.5

Haul Road Emission Calculations

	PM ₁₀	PM _{2.5}	
Hourly emissions	0.11	0.027	lb/hr = Hourly EF (lb/VMT) * VMT (mile/hr)
Annual Emissions	0.40	0.098	ton/yr =Annual EF (lb/VMT) * VMT (mile/Trip) * Trips per year (Trip/yr) / 2000 (lb

⁹ VMT/hr = Vehicle Miles Traveled per hour= Trips per hour * Segment Length



Haul Roads - Condensate - Exempt per 20.2.72.202.B.5 (Unchanged)

Haul Roads are insignificant	t per IA list itel	m #1.a	
Source description:	Haul Road Er	nissions	
Input Data			
Empty vehicle weight ¹	16	tons	¹ Empty vehicle weight includes driver and occupants and full fuel load.
Load weight ²	26.8	tons	² Cargo, transported materials, etc.
Loaded vehicle ³	42.8	tons	³ Loaded vehicle weight = Empty + Load Size
Mean vehicle weight ⁴	29.4	tons	⁴ Mean Vehicle weight = (Loaded Weight + Empty Weight) / 2
Round-trip distance	0.25	mile/trip	Obtained from Google earth - measuring roundtrip truck route from fence line;
Trip frequency ⁵	3.0	trips/hour	⁵ Max trucks on road in one hour;
Trip frequency ⁶	2,438	trips/yr	Annual trucks per year requested;
Surface silt content ⁷	0.6	g/m ²	⁷ AP-42 Table 13.2.1-2 - Paved Haul Roads < 500
Annual wet days ⁸	60	days/yr	⁸ AP-42 Figure 13.2.1-1
Vehicle miles traveled ⁹	0.8	mile/hr	⁹ VMT/hr = Vehicle Miles Traveled per hour= Trips per hour * Segment Length

Emission Factors and Constants

Parameter	PM ₃₀	PM ₁₀	PM _{2.5}	
k, lb/VMT ¹⁰	0.011	0.0022	0.00054	¹⁰ Table 13.2.1-1, Paved Roads
Hourly EF, lb/VMT ¹¹	0.22	0.044	0.011	¹¹ AP-42 13.2.1, Equation 1
Annual EF, lb/VMT ¹²	0.18	0.036	0.0089	¹² AP-42 13.2.1, Equation 2

Haul Road Emission Calculations

	PM ₃₀	PM ₁₀	PM _{2.5}	
Hourly emissions	0.16	0.033	0.008	lb/hr = Hourly EF (lb/VMT) * VMT (mile/hr)
Annual Emissions	0.055	0.011	0.0027	ton/yr =Annual EF (lb/VMT) * VMT (mile/Trip) * Trips per year (Trip/yr) / 2000 (lb/tpy)



Summary of SSM Emissions and Activities

		N	0x	CC)	V	/OC	H ₂	S	SO ₂			
Unit	Description	lb/hr	tpy	lb/hr	tpy	lb/hr	tpy	lb/hr	tpy	lb/hr	tpy	Source of Emission Estimate	SSM Activity
F-01	Flare F-01	522.42	16.45	1042.95	32.83	100.59	3.10	0.033	0.0010	3.06	0.11	Engineering Estimate ²	2 plant blowdowns to flare per year
F-02	Flare F-02	631.03	1.97	1259.78	3.94	1063.16	2.36	72.94	0.19	6865.35	17.54	Engineering Estimate ²	2 plant blowdowns to flare per year
F-03 (S1d)	S-1d - 24% H2S, 3.5 MMSCFD Acid Gas	68.37	2.02	586.18	22 71	31.58	1 07	61.90	2 56	5817.53	224 E1	Engineering Estimate ²	2 plant blowdowns plus AGI
F-03 (S2d)	S-2d - 24% H2S, 1.75 MMSCFD Acid Gas	51.56	3.93	442.10	33.71	23.05	1.62	30.95	5.50	2908.77	334.31	Engineering Estimate ²	AGI SSM to Acid Gas Flare
PIG,SLUG	Pigging, slugging		-		-	1.20E-02	3.20E-04	6.70E-04	1.70E-05	-	-	Targa SSM emissions estimate	
Malf*	Malfunction	631.03	10.00	1259.78	10.00	1063.16	10.00	74.62	5.00	7022.6	10.00	Targa Malf emissions estimate	
SSM-PP	Pump Purging	- 1	-	-	-	-	0.12	-	-	-	-	Targa SSM emissions estimate	Purging
SSM-VP	Vessel Purging	- 1	-	-	-	-	0.0097	-	1.98E-04	-	-	Targa SSM emissions estimate	Purging
SSM-VRU**	VRU Downtime	- 1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	A VRU backup is installed. No do	wntime other than malfunction.
SSM-AGI	AGI Compressor to Atmosphere	- 1	-	-	- 1	-	5.04E-04	-	-	-	-	Targa SSM emissions estimate	6 blowdowns per year
SSM-SC	Slug catcher flaring	0.21	5.20E-04	0.42	0.0010	0.41	1.20E-04	0.0098	2.45E-05	0.92	0.0023	Targa SSM emissions estimate	Slug catcher flaring
SSM-Frac	De-ethanizer and de-propanizer		-	-	- 1	-	2.64	-	-	-	-	Targa SSM emissions estimate	4 blowdowns per year
SSM-AGI-C2	AGI Compressor to Atmosphere		-	-	- 1	0.15	0.0011	1.59E-04	1.10E-06	-	-	Targa SSM emissions estimate	
SSM-CB	Compressor Blowdown to Atmosphere		-	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	-	0.14	-	0.0076	-	-	Targa SSM emissions estimate	30 blowdowns per year
	Total Emissions	1222.03	32.35	2889.33	80.47	1195.91	20.19	134.89	8.75	12686.87	362.16	Total of plant shutdown and	SSM activities

"*" Malfunction emissions may result with emissions from venting (VOC or H₂S emissions) or any of the flares (F-01, F02, and F-03 flare emissions of NOx, CO, VOC, SOx, and H₂S). Hourly malfunction emissions shown in the table above are emissions with the highest hourly emissions. These malfunction emissions are not summed in the totals column since the malfunction unit will not be adding hourly emissions. The flares are already permitted at their max hourly rate. "**" A VRU and backup VRU are installed on the condensate tanks. There will be no downtime on the VRU's other than during malfunction.

"-" Denotes emissions of this pollutant are not expected.



Yearly Release (scf) (Includes H₂S Unit 15% Safety Unit Release **Unit Pounds** Pounds Factor) Blowdow<u>ns/yr</u> Unit Released (lb) Released (lb) (scf) C-1 30 65.80 2,270.08 3.86 0.058 30 2,270.08 C-2 65.80 3.86 0.058 C-4 30 41.78 1,441.48 2.45 0.037 C-5 30 41.78 1,441.48 2.45 0.037 30 C-6 41.78 1,441.48 2.45 0.037 C-24 30 244.00 8,418.07 14.33 0.22 RC-28 * 30 _ Combined Compressor Release 500.95 17,282.66

Summary of Calculations for Compressor Blowdowns to Atmosphere (Unit SSM-CB, Updated - 0110-M11R1)

*Unit C-28 switched to propane service; residue gas blowndown. Emissions added to total below. (Feb. '19)

Total Lbs Released

29.42 **Total Lbs Released** 1,014.96 lbs Combined annual compressor release (scf)/ Weighted total specific volume (scf/lb)

Gas Analysis 6							
Component	%	Spec. Volume ft ³ /lb	Weighted Specific Volume ft ³ /lb	Lbs released annually by C-1 through C-24			
N2	3.0	13.5	0.4	30.1			
CO2	4.57	8.623	0.39	46.34			
H2S	1.50	11.31	0.17	15.26			
C1	54.30	23.65	12.84	551.16			
C2	11.86	12.62	1.50	120.41			
C3	10.62	8.606	0.91	107.78			
iC4	2.12	6.529	0.14	21.49			
nC4	5.11	6.529	0.33	51.83			
iC5	1.90	5.26	0.10	19.26			
nC5	1.69	5.26	0.09	17.15			
C6	3.37	4.404	0.15	34.18			
		Total	17.03	1014.96			

Emission Calculations

	VOC	H ₂ S	
	251.7	15.3	lb/yr
	-	0.44	lb/hr
	0.13	0.0076	ton/yr
C-28 Emissions	voc	H₂S	
	4.57E-02	0.00	lb/hr
	7.88E-04	0.00	ton/yr
C-40 Emissions	voc	H₂S	
	9.31E-01	0.00	lb/hr
	1.61E-02	0.00	ton/yr
Total SSM-CB	VOC	H₂S	
	0.977	0.44	lb/hr
	0.143	0.0076	ton/yr



Targa Midstream Services, LLC Monument Gas Plant - SSM Emissions

Volume Calculation for Blowdown of Compressor C-1 (Unit SSM-CB, Unchanged) 65.8 Unit Blowdown (SCF) 1 Number of Unit Blowdowns 65.80 Total Blowdown (SCF)

51.2 Cylinder 1 GHG (SCF)	0.5 Cylinder 2 GHG (SCF)	0.5 Cylinder 3 GHG (SCF)
64.5 Cylinder 1 Blowdown (SCF)	0.7 Cylinder 2 Blowdown (SCF)	0.6 Cylinder 3 Blowdown (SCF)
Cylinder #1 - 1st Stage	Cylinder #2 - 1st Stage	Cylinder #3 - NA
Cymuer #1 - 1st Stage	Cymuer #2 - 1st Stage	Cymder #5 - NA
76.0 Mol % Methane	76.0 Mol % Methane	76.0 Mol % Methane
3.3 Mol % CO2	3.3 Mol % CO2	3.3 Mol % CO2
Cylinder Volume	Cylinder Volume	Cylinder Volume
8.0 Diameter (ID inches)	8.0 Diameter (ID inches)	8.0 Diameter (ID inches)
1.2 Length, Stroke (Feet)	1.2 Length, Stroke (Feet)	1.2 Length, Stroke (Feet)
10.0 Pressure (Psig)	10.0 Pressure (Psig)	10.0 Pressure (Psig)
80.0 Temperature (F)	80.0 Temperature (F)	120.0 Temperature (F)
0.7 Volume (CF)	0.7 Volume (CF)	0.6 Volume (CF)
		Culladar Castlas Paula
Cylinder Suction Bottle	** Note Common Bottle	Cylinder Suction Bottle
16.0 Diameter (ID inches)	- Diameter (ID inches)	- Diameter (ID inches)
15.5 Length (Feet)	12.0 Length (Feet)	12.0 Length (Feet)
10.0 Pressure (Psig)	10.0 Pressure (Psig)	10.0 Pressure (Psig)
80.0 Temperature (F)	80.0 Temperature (F)	120.0 Temperature (F)
35.0 Volume (CF)	- Volume (CF)	- Volume (CF)
Cylinder Discharge Bottle	Cylinder Discharge Bottle	Cylinder Discharge Bottle
	** Note Common Bottle	
14.0 Diameter (ID inches)	 Diameter (ID inches) 	 Diameter (ID inches)
13.5 Length (Feet)	12.0 Length (Feet)	12.0 Length (Feet)
10.0 Pressure (Psig)	10.0 Pressure (Psig)	10.0 Pressure (Psig)
230.0 Temperature (F)	230.0 Temperature (F)	230.0 Temperature (F)
18.3 Volume (CF)	- Volume (CF)	- Volume (CF)
Cylinder Suction Pipe	Cylinder Suction Pipe	Cylinder Suction Pipe
8.0 Diameter (ID inches)	- Diameter (ID inches)	- Diameter (ID inches)
13.0 Length (Feet)	13.0 Length (Feet)	22.0 Length (Feet)
10.0 Pressure (Psig)	10.0 Pressure (Psig)	10.0 Pressure (Psig)
80.0 Temperature (F)	80.0 Temperature (F)	120.0 Temperature (F)
7.3 Volume (CF)	- Volume (CF)	- Volume (CF)
Cylinder Discharge Pipe	Cylinder Discharge Pipe	Cylinder Discharge Pipe
6.0 Diameter (ID inches)	- Diameter (ID inches)	- Diameter (ID inches)
13.0 Length (Feet)	10.0 Length (Feet)	10.0 Length (Feet)
		10.0 Pressure (Psig)
230.0 Temperature (F)	230.0 Temperature (F)	230.0 Temperature (F)
3.2 Volume (CE)	- Volume (CE)	- Volume (CE)


Volume Calculation for Blowdown of Compressor C-2 (Unit SSM-CB, Unchanged) 65.8 Unit Blowdown (SCF) 1 Number of Unit Blowdowns 65.80 Total Blowdown (SCF)

51.2	Cylinder 1 GHG (SCF)	0.5	Cylinder 2 GHG (SCF)	0.5	Cylinder 3 GHG (SCF)
64.5	Cylinder 1 Blowdown (SCF)	0.7	Cylinder 2 Blowdown (SCF)	0.6	Cylinder 3 Blowdown (SCF)
Cylinder #1	- 1st Stage	Cylinder #2	- 1st Stage	Cylinder #3	- NA
76.0 3.3	Mol % Methane Mol % CO2	76.0 3.3	Mol % Methane Mol % CO2	76.0 3.3	Mol % Methane Mol % CO2
Cylinder Vol	ume	Cylinder Vo	ume	Cylinder Vol	ume
80	Diameter (ID inches)	80	Diameter (ID inches)	80	Diameter (ID inches)
1.2	Length, Stroke (Feet)	1.2	Length, Stroke (Feet)	1.2	Length, Stroke (Feet)
10.0	Pressure (Psig)	10.0	Pressure (Psig)	10.0	Pressure (Psig)
80.0	Temperature (F)	80.0	Temperature (F)	120.0	Temperature (F)
0.7	Volume (CF)	0.7	Volume (CF)	0.6	Volume (CF)
Cylinder Su	ction Bottle	Cylinder Su	iction Bottle ** Note Common Bottle	Cylinder Suction Bottle	
16.0	Diameter (ID inches)	-	Diameter (ID inches)	-	Diameter (ID inches)
15.5	Length (Feet)	12.0	Length (Feet)	12.0	Length (Feet)
10.0	Pressure (Psig)	10.0	Pressure (Psig)	10.0	Pressure (Psig)
80.0	Temperature (F)	80.0	Temperature (F)	120.0	Temperature (F)
35.0	Volume (CF)	-	Volume (CF)	-	Volume (CF)
Cylinder Dis	der Discharge Bottle Cylinder Discharge Bottle		Cylinder Discharge Bottle		
14.0	Diameter (ID inches)	-	Diameter (ID inches)	-	Diameter (ID inches)
13.5	Length (Feet)	12.0	Length (Feet)	12.0	Length (Feet)
10.0	Pressure (Psig)	10.0	Pressure (Psig)	10.0	Pressure (Psig)
230.0	Temperature (F)	230.0	Temperature (F)	230.0	Temperature (F)
18.3	Volume (CF)	-	Volume (CF)	-	Volume (CF)
Cylinder Su	ction Pipe	Cylinder Su	ction Pipe	Cylinder Su	ction Pipe
8.0	Diameter (ID inches)	-	Diameter (ID inches)	-	Diameter (ID inches)
13.0	Length (Feet)	13.0	Length (Feet)	22.0	Length (Feet)
10.0	Pressure (Psig)	10.0	Pressure (Psig)	10.0	Pressure (Psig)
80.0	Temperature (F)	80.0	Temperature (F)	120.0	Temperature (F)
7.3	Volume (CF)	-	Volume (CF)	-	Volume (CF)
Cylinder Dis	scharge Pipe	Cylinder Dis	scharge Pipe	Cylinder Dis	scharge Pipe
6.0	Diameter (ID inches)	-	Diameter (ID inches)	-	Diameter (ID inches)
13.0	Length (Feet)	10.0	Length (Feet)	10.0	Length (Feet)
10.0	Pressure (Psig)	10.0	Pressure (Psig)	10.0	Pressure (Psig)
230.0	Temperature (F)	230.0	Temperature (F)	230.0	Temperature (F)
3.2	Volume (CE)	_	Volume (CE)	_	Volumo (CE)



Volume Calculation for Blowdown of Compressor C-4 (Unit SSM-CB, Unchanged)

41.8 Unit Blowdown (SCF)
1 Number of Unit Blowdowns
41.78 Total Blowdown (SCF)

32.4 Cylinder 1 GHG (SCF)40.8 Cylinder 1 Blowdown (SCF)	0.4 Cylinder 2 GHG (SCF) 0.5 Cylinder 2 Blowdown (SCF)	0.4 Cylinder 3 GHG (SCF) 0.5 Cylinder 3 Blowdown (SCF)
Cylinder #1 - 1st Stage	Cylinder #2 - 1st Stage	Cylinder #3 - NA
76.0 Mol % Methane	76.0 Mol % Methane	76.0 Mol % Methane
3.3 Mol % CO2	3.3 Mol % CO2	3.3 Mol % CO2
Cylinder Volume	Cylinder Volume	Cylinder Volume
7.0 Diameter (ID inches)	7.0 Diameter (ID inches)	7.0 Diameter (ID inches)
1.2 Length, Stroke (Feet)	1.2 Length, Stroke (Feet)	1.2 Length, Stroke (Feet)
10.0 Pressure (Psig)	10.0 Pressure (Psig)	10.0 Pressure (Psig)
80.0 Temperature (F)	80.0 Temperature (F)	120.0 Temperature (F)
0.5 Volume (CF)	0.5 Volume (CF)	0.5 Volume (CF)
Cylinder Suction Bottle	Cylinder Suction Bottle	Cylinder Suction Bottle
14.0 Diameter (ID inches)	- Diameter (ID inches)	- Diameter (ID inches)
13.3 Length (Feet)	12.0 Length (Feet)	12.0 Length (Feet)
10.0 Pressure (Psig)	10.0 Pressure (Psig)	10.0 Pressure (Psig)
80.0 Temperature (F)	80.0 Temperature (F)	120.0 Temperature (F)
22.9 Volume (CF)	- Volume (CF)	- Volume (CF)
Cylinder Discharge Bottle	Cylinder Discharge Bottle ** Note Common Bottle	Cylinder Discharge Bottle
12.0 Diameter (ID inches)	- Diameter (ID inches)	- Diameter (ID inches)
11.3 Length (Feet)	12.0 Length (Feet)	12.0 Length (Feet)
10.0 Pressure (Psig)	10.0 Pressure (Psig)	10.0 Pressure (Psig)
230.0 Temperature (F)	230.0 Temperature (F)	230.0 Temperature (F)
11.2 Volume (CF)	- Volume (CF)	- Volume (CF)
Cylinder Suction Pipe	Cylinder Suction Pipe	Cylinder Suction Pipe
6.0 Diameter (ID inches)	- Diameter (ID inches)	- Diameter (ID inches)
16.0 Length (Feet)	13.0 Length (Feet)	22.0 Length (Feet)
10.0 Pressure (Psig)	10.0 Pressure (Psig)	10.0 Pressure (Psig)
80.0 Temperature (F)	80.0 Temperature (F)	120.0 Temperature (F)
5.1 Volume (CF)	- Volume (CF)	- Volume (CF)
Cylinder Discharge Pipe	Cylinder Discharge Pipe	Cylinder Discharge Pipe
4.0 Diamotor (ID inches)	Diamotor (ID inchoc)	Diamotor (ID inchos)
10.0 Length (Feet)	10.0 Length (Feet)	10.0 Length (Feet)
10.0 Lengur (Feel) 10.0 Process (Psig)	10.0 Lengur (Feel) 10.0 Proceure (Peig)	10.0 Length (Feet) 10.0 Pressure (Psig)
230.0 Temperature (F)	230.0 Temperature (F)	230.0 Temperature (F)
1.1 Volume (CF)	- Volume (CF)	- Volume (CF)



Volume Calculation for Blowdown of Compressor C-5 (Unit SSM-CB, Unchanged)

41.8 Unit Blowdown (SCF) 1 Number of Unit Blowdowns 41.78 Total Blowdown (SCF)

32.4 Cylinder 1 GHG (SCF) 40.8 Cylinder 1 Blowdown (SCF)	0.4 Cylinder 2 GHG (SCF) 0.5 Cylinder 2 Blowdown (SCF)	0.4 Cylinder 3 GHG (SCF) 0.5 Cylinder 3 Blowdown (SCF)
Cylinder #1 - 1st Stage	Cylinder #2 - 1st Stage	Cylinder #3 - NA
76.0 Mol % Methane 3.3 Mol % CO2	76.0 Mol % Methane 3.3 Mol % CO2	76.0 Mol % Methane 3.3 Mol % CO2
Cvlinder Volume	Cvlinder Volume	Cvlinder Volume
7.0 Diameter (ID inches)	7.0 Diameter (ID inches)	7.0 Diameter (ID inches)
1.2 Length, Stroke (Feet)	1.2 Length, Stroke (Feet)	1.2 Length, Stroke (Feet)
10.0 Pressure (Psig)	10.0 Pressure (Psig)	10.0 Pressure (Psig)
80.0 Temperature (F)	80.0 Temperature (F)	120.0 Temperature (F)
0.5 Volume (CF)	0.5 Volume (CF)	0.5 Volume (CF)
Cylinder Suction Bottle	Cylinder Suction Bottle ** Note Common Bottle	Cylinder Suction Bottle
14.0 Diameter (ID inches)	- Diameter (ID inches)	- Diameter (ID inches)
13.3 Length (Feet)	12.0 Length (Feet)	12.0 Length (Feet)
10.0 Pressure (Psig)	10.0 Pressure (Psig)	10.0 Pressure (Psig)
80.0 Temperature (F)	80.0 Temperature (F)	120.0 Temperature (F)
22.9 Volume (CF)	- Volume (CF)	- Volume (CF)
Cylinder Discharge Bottle	Cylinder Discharge Bottle ** Note Common Bottle	Cylinder Discharge Bottle
12.0 Diameter (ID inches)	- Diameter (ID inches)	- Diameter (ID inches)
11.3 Length (Feet)	12.0 Length (Feet)	12.0 Length (Feet)
10.0 Pressure (Psig)	10.0 Pressure (Psig)	10.0 Pressure (Psig)
230.0 Temperature (F)	230.0 Temperature (F)	230.0 Temperature (F)
11.2 Volume (CF)	- Volume (CF)	- Volume (CF)
Cylinder Suction Pipe	Cylinder Suction Pipe	Cylinder Suction Pipe
6.0 Diameter (ID inches)	- Diameter (ID inches)	- Diameter (ID inches)
16.0 Length (Feet)	13.0 Length (Feet)	22.0 Length (Feet)
10.0 Pressure (Psig)	10.0 Pressure (Psig)	10.0 Pressure (Psig)
80.0 Temperature (F)	80.0 Temperature (F)	120.0 Temperature (F)
5.1 Volume (CF)	- Volume (CF)	- Volume (CF)
Cylinder Discharge Pipe	Cylinder Discharge Pipe	Cylinder Discharge Pipe
4.0 Diameter (ID inches)	- Diameter (ID inches)	- Diameter (ID inches)
10.0 Length (Feet)	10.0 Length (Feet)	10.0 Length (Feet)
10.0 Pressure (Psig)	10.0 Pressure (Psig)	10.0 Pressure (Psig)
230.0 Temperature (F)	230.0 Temperature (F)	230.0 Temperature (F)
1.1 Volume (CE)	- Volume (CE)	- Volume (CF)



Volume Calculation for Blowdown of Compressor C-6 (Unit SSM-CB, Unchanged) 41.8 Unit Blowdown (SCF) 1 Number of Unit Blowdowns 41.78 Total Blowdown (SCF)

32.4 Cylinder 1 GHG (SCF) 40.8 Cylinder 1 Blowdown (SCF)	0.4 Cylinder 2 GHG (SCF) 0.5 Cylinder 2 Blowdown (SCF)	0.4 Cylinder 3 GHG (SCF) 0.5 Cylinder 3 Blowdown (SCF)
Cylinder #1 - 1st Stage	Cylinder #2 - 1st Stage	Cylinder #3 - NA
76.0 Mol % Methane 3.3 Mol % CO2	76.0 Mol % Methane 3.3 Mol % CO2	76.0 Mol % Methane 3.3 Mol % CO2
Cylinder Volume 7.0 Diameter (ID inches) 1.2 Length, Stroke (Feet) 10.0 Pressure (Psig) 80.0 Temperature (F) 0.5 Volume (CE)	Cylinder Volume 7.0 Diameter (ID inches) 1.2 Length, Stroke (Feet) 10.0 Pressure (Psig) 80.0 Temperature (F) 0.5 Volume (CE)	Cylinder Volume 7.0 Diameter (ID inches) 1.2 Length, Stroke (Feet) 10.0 Pressure (Psig) 120.0 Temperature (F) 0.5 Volume (CE)
Cylinder Suction Bottle 14.0 Diameter (ID inches) 13.3 Length (Feet) 10.0 Pressure (Psig) 80.0 Temperature (F) 22.9 Volume (CF) Cylinder Discharge Bottle 12.0 Diameter (ID inches) 11.3 Length (Feet) 10.0 Pressure (Psig) 230.0 Temperature (F)	Cylinder Suction Bottle ** Note Common Bottle - Diameter (ID inches) 12.0 Length (Feet) 10.0 Pressure (Psig) 80.0 Temperature (F) - Volume (CF) Cylinder Discharge Bottle ** Note Common Bottle - Diameter (ID inches) 12.0 Length (Feet) 10.0 Pressure (Psig) 230.0 Temperature (F)	Cylinder Suction Bottle Diameter (ID inches) 12.0 Length (Feet) 10.0 Pressure (Psig) 120.0 Temperature (F) Volume (CF) Cylinder Discharge Bottle Diameter (ID inches) 12.0 Length (Feet) 10.0 Pressure (Psig) 230.0 Temperature (F)
11.2 Volume (CF)	- Volume (CF)	- Volume (CF)
Cylinder Suction Pipe	Cylinder Suction Pipe	Cylinder Suction Pipe
6.0 Diameter (ID inches)16.0 Length (Feet)10.0 Pressure (Psig)80.0 Temperature (F)	 Diameter (ID inches) 13.0 Length (Feet) 10.0 Pressure (Psig) 80.0 Temperature (F) 	- Diameter (ID inches) 22.0 Length (Feet) 10.0 Pressure (Psig) 120.0 Temperature (F)
5.1 Volume (CF)	- Volume (CF)	- Volume (CF)
Cylinder Discharge Pipe	Cylinder Discharge Pipe	Cylinder Discharge Pipe
 4.0 Diameter (ID inches) 10.0 Length (Feet) 10.0 Pressure (Psig) 230.0 Temperature (F) 	- Diameter (ID inches) 10.0 Length (Feet) 10.0 Pressure (Psig) 230.0 Temperature (F)	- Diameter (ID inches) 10.0 Length (Feet) 10.0 Pressure (Psig) 230.0 Temperature (F)
1.1 Volume (CF)	 Volume (CF) 	 Volume (CF)



Volume Calculation for Blowdown of Compressor C-24 (Unit SSM-CB, Unchanged) 244.0 Unit Blowdown (SCF) 1 Number of Unit Blowdowns 244.0 Total Blowdown (SCF)

150.1	Cylinder 1 GHG (SCF)	5.2 Cylinder 2 GHG (SCF)	1.1	Cylinder 3 GHG (SCF)	37.1 Cylinder 4 GHG (SCF)
189.2	Cylinder 1 Blowdown (SCF)	6.6 Cylinder 2 Blowdown (SCF)	1.4	Cylinder 3 Blowdown (SCF)	46.8 Cylinder 4 Blowdown (SCF)
Cylinder	#1 - 1st Stage	Cylinder #2 - 1st Stage	Cylinder	#3 - 2nd Stage	Cylinder #4 - 2nd Stage
76.0	Mol % Methane	76.0 Mol % Methane	76.0	Mol % Methane	76.0 Mol % Methane
3.3	Mol % CO2	3.3 Mol % CO2	3.3	Mol % CO2	3.3 Mol % CO2
Cullin days	Mahama	Cullin days Malayman	C dia dara	M-1	Cullin day Malanna
Cylinder	Volume	Cylinder volume	Cylinder	Volume Diamatan (ID in share)	Cylinder Volume
25.0	Diameter (ID inches)	25.0 Diameter (ID inches)	12.0	Diameter (ID inches)	12.0 Diameter (ID inches)
1.2	Length, Stroke (Feet)	1.2 Length, Stroke (Feet)	1.2	Length, Stroke (Feet)	1.2 Length, Stroke (Feet)
30.0	Pressure (Psig)	10.0 Pressure (Psig)	10.0	Pressure (Psig)	10.0 Pressure (Psig)
80.0	Temperature (F)	80.0 Temperature (F)	120.0	Temperature (F)	120.0 Temperature (F)
12.0	Mahama (CD)				1.4. Mahama (CE)
12.0	volume (CF)	6.6 Volume (CF)	1.4	volume (CF)	1.4 Volume (CF)
Cylinder	Suction Bottle	Cylinder Suction Bottle	Cylinder	Suction Bottle	Cylinder Suction Bottle
Cynnaci	Succión Dottie	** Note Common Bottle	cynnaei	Suction Bottle	cymuch buchon bothe
28.0	Diameter (ID inches)	- Diameter (ID inches)	_	Diameter (ID inches)	14.0 Diameter (ID inches)
10 5	Longth (Foot)	12.0 Longth (Foot)	12.0	Longth (Foot)	0.9 Longth (Foot)
10.5	Lengui (Feel)	12.0 Lengui (Feel)	12.0	Lengui (Feel)	9.0 Length (Feel)
10.0	Pressure (Psig)	10.0 Pressure (Psig)	10.0	Pressure (Psig)	10.0 Pressure (Psig)
80.0	Temperature (F)	80.0 Temperature (F)	120.0	Temperature (F)	120.0 Temperature (F)
72.6	Volume (CE)	- Volume (CE)	_	Volume (CE)	15.7 Volume (CE)
72.0	volume (cr)	- Volume (Cr.)	_	volume (cr)	15.7 Volume (cr)
Cylinder	Discharge Bottle	Cylinder Discharge Bottle	Cylinder	Discharge Bottle	Cylinder Discharge Bottle
•,	Distillar ge Dottile	** Note Common Bottle	•,	Distinal ge Dotale	cymuch Discharge Dottie
20.0	Diameter (ID inches)	- Diameter (ID inches)	-	Diameter (ID inches)	12.0 Diameter (ID inches)
7.6	Length (Feet)	12.0 Length (Feet)	12.0	Length (Feet)	6.3 Length (Feet)
10.0	Proceure (Peig)	10.0 Proceure (Peig)	10.0	Pressure (Psig)	10.0 Pressure (Psig)
220.0	Tomporaturo (E)	220.0 Tomporature (F)	220.0	Tomporature (F)	220.0 Tomporature (F)
230.0	Temperature (F)	250.0 Temperature (F)	230.0	remperature (F)	250.0 Temperature (F)
21.0	Volume (CE)	- Volume (CE)	-	Volume (CE)	6.2 Volume (CE)
21.0	volume (cr)	volume (cr)		Volume (cr)	
Cylinder	Suction Pipe	Cylinder Suction Pipe	Cylinder	Suction Pipe	Cylinder Suction Pipe
-,		-,	-,		-,
18.0	Diameter (ID inches)	 Diameter (ID inches) 	-	Diameter (ID inches)	10.0 Diameter (ID inches)
20.0	Length (Feet)	15.0 Length (Feet)	22.0	Length (Feet)	20.0 Length (Feet)
10.0	Pressure (Psig)	10.0 Pressure (Psig)	10.0	Pressure (Psig)	10.0 Pressure (Psig)
10.0	Tomporaturo (E)	20.0 Tomporature (F)	120.0	Tomporature (F)	120.0 Tomporature (F)
80.0	Temperature (F)	SOLU TEMPERATURE (F)	120.0	remperature (F)	120.0 Temperature (F)
57.1	Volume (CE)	- Volume (CE)	-	Volume (CE)	16.4 Volume (CE)
57.12					
Cylinder	Discharge Pipe	Cylinder Discharge Pipe	Cylinder	Discharge Pipe	Cylinder Discharge Pipe
				-	
16.0	Diameter (ID inches)	 Diameter (ID inches) 	-	Diameter (ID inches)	8.0 Diameter (ID inches)
15.0	Length (Feet)	10.0 Length (Feet)	10.0	Length (Feet)	16.0 Length (Feet)
10.0	Pressure (Psia)	10.0 Pressure (Psig)	10.0	Pressure (Psig)	10.0 Pressure (Psig)
230.0	Temperature (F)	230.0 Temperature (F)	230.0	Temperature (F)	230.0 Temperature (F)
26.5	Volume (CF)	 Volume (CF) 	-	Volume (CF)	7.1 Volume (CF)
		· · ·			



Monument Gas Plant

Description: RC-28 Compressor Purging Emissions **Unit:** SSM-CB (For RC-28 Only) Unchanged

Inputs

Parameter	Value	Units	Notes
Number of Compressors	1	-	Facility design
Blowdowns per year	30	per unit	Facility design
Duration of blowdown	1	hours	Facility design, no simultaneous events

	Volume Emissions		Volume to atmosphere		
Vessel	ft ³	routed to	ft ³ /hr	ft ³ /yr	
Compressor	61.00	Atmosphere	61.00	2,104.50	
Total			61.00	2,104.50	

	Volume routed	to atmosphere		Molecular Wt	V	DC
Vessel	ft ³ /hr	ft³/yr	Mass Percent VOC	lb/lb-mol	lb/hr	ton/yr
Compressor	61.00	2,104.50	1.6%	17.9	4.6E-02	7.9E-04
				Total	4.6E-02	7.9E-04

	Volume routed to atmosphere				C	0 ₂
	hour (ft°/hr)	year (ft°/yr)	CO ₂ wt %	Molecular wt	(lb/hr)	(ton/yr)
CH4 Emissions	61	2,104.50	0.27%	17.9	-	1.33E-04
				Total	-	0.0001

	Volume route	d to atmosphere			С	H ₄
	hour (ft ³ /hr)	year (ft ³ /yr)	CH4 wt %	Molecular wt	(lb/hr)	(ton/yr)
CH4 Emissions	61	2,104.50	77.98%	17.9	-	0.039
				Total	-	0.039



Targa Midstream Services, LLC Monument Gas Plant

Description: C-40 Compressor Purging Emissions Unit: SSM-CB (for C-40 Only, New - 0110-M11R1)

Unit: SSM-CB (for C-40 Only, New	- 0110-M1
Annual Vol. Safety Factor ¹	15%
VRU BD Capture Efficiency	87%

Inputs

Parameter	Value	Units	Notes
Number of Compressors	1	-	Facility design
Blowdowns per year	30	per unit	Facility design
Duration of blowdown	1	hours	Facility design, no simultaneous events

	Volume	Emissions	Volume to at	mosphere
Vessel	ft ³	routed to	ft ³ /hr	ft ³ /yr ¹
Compressor	8,317.1	Process Vessels	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
Compressor	1,242.8	Atmosphere	1,242.8	42,876.2
Total			1,242.8	42,876.2

¹ Safety factor added to annual volume vented to atmosphere.

	Volume routed to atmosphere		Maga Deveent VOC	Molecular Wt	V	0C
Vessel	ft³/hr	ft³/yr	Mass Percent VUC	lb/lb-mol	lb/hr	ton/yr
Compressor	1,242.8	42,876.2	1.6%	17.9	0.93	0.016
				Tota/	0.93	0.016

	Volume routed to atmosphere		ed to atmosphere		C	0 ₂
	hour (ft ³ /hr)	year (ft ³ /yr)		lb/lb-mol	(lb/hr)	(ton/yr)
CO ₂ Emissions	1,242.8	42,876.2	0.27%	17.9	-	0.0027
				Total	-	0.0027

	Volume routed	l to atmosphere		Molecular Wt	CH₄	
	hour (ft ³ /hr)	year (ft ³ /yr)		lb/lb-mol	(lb/hr)	(ton/yr)
CH ₄ Emissions	1,242.8	42,876.2	77.98%	17.9	-	0.79
				Total	-	0.79

Basis of Calculation:

Emissions from compressor maintenance activities are calculated based on a mass balance as follows:

Maximum Uncontrolled Hourly Emissions (pph) = [Volume of Gas Vented (scf/hr)] x [MW of stream (lb/lb-mol)] x [wt % VOC or speciated constituent] / [379.5 (scf/lb-mol)]



Pump Purging SSM Emissions Summary (Unit SSM-PP, Updated - 0110-M11R4)

	V	OC	H	2 <mark>S</mark>	Total	HAPs	CO2
Unit	lb/hr	tpy	lb/hr	tpy	lb/hr	tpy	tpy
Historically Permitted SSM-PP	-	0.011	-	-	-	-	-
PM-101	0.72	0.00036	-	-	-	-	-
PM-102	0.72	0.00036	-	-	-	-	-
PM-103	0.72	0.00036	-	-	-	-	-
PM-105	0.39	0.00020	-	-	-	-	-
PM-107	1.91	0.00095	-	-	-	-	-
PM-108	4.43	0.0022	-	-	-	-	-
PM-109	2.96	0.0015	-	-	-	-	-
PM-111	0.39	0.00020	-	-	-	-	-
PM-138	7.49	0.0037	-	-	-	-	-
PM-139	1.60	0.00080	-	-	-	-	-
PM-140	1.48	0.00074	-	-	-	-	-
Cryo-PP	0.025	0.11	-	-	-	-	-
SSM-PP	22.85	0.12	0.000	0.00	0.000	0.00	0.0000



Calculation for Pump Purging - PM-138 Pipeline Pumps (Unit SSM-PP, Unchanged)

PM -138A	PM -138B	PM -138C	PM -138D	PM -138E	PM -138F
Inlet	Inlet	Inlet	Inlet	Inlet	Inlet
4.0 Diameter (ID inches)	3.0 Diameter (ID inches)	3.0 Diameter (ID inches)			
10.0 Length (Feet)					
0.9 Volume (CF)	0.9 Volume (CF)	0.9 Volume (CF)	0.9 Volume (CF)	0.5 Volume (CF)	0.5 Volume (CF)
Outlet	Outlet	Outlet	Outlet	Outlet	Outlet
3.0 Diameter (ID inches)	2.0 Diameter (ID inches)	2.0 Diameter (ID inches)			
10.0 Length (Feet)					
0.5 Volume (CF)	0.5 Volume (CF)	0.5 Volume (CF)	0.5 Volume (CF)	0.2 Volume (CF)	0.2 Volume (CF)
Bore	Bore	Bore	Bore	Bore	Bore
8.0 Diameter (ID inches)	6.0 Diameter (ID inches)	6.0 Diameter (ID inches)			
2.0 Length (Feet)					
0.7 Volume (CF)	0.7 Volume (CF)	0.7 Volume (CF)	0.7 Volume (CF)	0.4 Volume (CF)	0.4 Volume (CF)
2.06 Total CF/purge	2.06 Total CF/purge	2.06 Total CF/purge	2.06 Total CF/purge	1.10 Total CF/purge	1.10 Total CF/purge
8.00 purges/yr					
16.49 scf/yr	16.49 scf/yr	16.49 scf/yr	16.49 scf/yr	8.81 scf/yr	8.81 scf/yr

Total Volume: Total Volume With 15% Safety Factor: 83.60 scf/yr 96.1 scf/yr

Gas	Analysis	9
		-

Component	wt %	Specific Volume ft ³ /lb	Weighted Spec. Vol. ft ³ /lb	lbs
N2	0	13.547	0	0.0000
H2S	0.040	11.31	0.004524	0.0043
C1	0.38	23.7	0.1	0.0413
C2	30.57	12.62	3.86	3.3186
C3	31.87	8.606	2.74	3.4597
iC4	5.95	6.529	0.39	0.6459
nC4	14.82	6.529	0.97	1.6088
iC5	5.05	5.26	0.27	0.5482
nC5	4.8	5.26	0.25	0.5211
C6	6.52	4.404	0.29	0.7078
Total	100.0		8.9	10.9

VOC H2S 7.5 lb/yr lb/hr 0.0037 ton/yr



Calculation for Pump Purging - PM-140 Sour Truck Unloading Pump (Unit SSM-PP, Unchanged)

PM -138A		
Inlet		
4.0	Diameter (ID inches)	
10.0	Length (Feet)	
0.9	Volume (CF)	
Outlet		
3.0	Diameter (ID inches)	
10.0	Length (Feet)	
0.5	Volume (CF)	
Bore		
8.0	Diameter (ID inches)	
2.0	Length (Feet)	
0.7	Volume (CF)	
2.06	Total CF/purge	
8.00	purges/yr	
16.49	scf/yr	

Total Volume.	10.49 SCI/yi
Total Volume With 15% Safety Factor:	19.0 scf/yr

	Gas Analysis 9			
Component	wt %	Specific Volume ft ³ /lb	Weighted Spec. Vol. ft ³ /lb	lbs
N2	0	13.547	0	0.0000
H2S	0.040	11.31	0.004524	0.0009
C1	0.38	23.7	0.1	0.0081
C2	30.57	12.62	3.86	0.6547
C3	31.87	8.606	2.74	0.6825
iC4	5.95	6.529	0.39	0.1274
nC4	14.82	6.529	0.97	0.3174
iC5	5.05	5.26	0.27	0.1082
nC5	4.8	5.26	0.25	0.1028
C6	6.52	4.404	0.29	0.1396
Total	100.0		8.9	2.1

Emission Calculations		
VOC	H_2S	
1.5	-	lb/yr
-	-	lb/hr
0.0007	-	ton/yr



Monument Gas Plant - SSM Emissions

Calculation for Pump Purging - PM-109 Depropanizer Reflux Pumps (Unit SSM-PP, Unchanged)

PM -109A		 PM -109)B	
Inlet		Inlet		
4.0	Diameter (ID inches)		4.0	Diameter (ID inches)
10.0	Length (Feet)		10.0	Length (Feet)
0.9	Volume (CF)		0.9	Volume (CF)
Outlet		Outlet		
3.0	Diameter (ID inches)		3.0	Diameter (ID inches)
10.0	Length (Feet)		10.0	Length (Feet)
0.5	Volume (CF)		0.5	Volume (CF)
Bore		Bore		
8.0	Diameter (ID inches)		8.0	Diameter (ID inches)
2.0	Length (Feet)		2.0	Length (Feet)
0.7	Volume (CF)		0.7	Volume (CF)
2.06	Total CF/purge		2.06	Total CF/purge
8.00	purges/yr		8.00	purges/yr
16.49	scf/yr		16.49	scf/yr

Total Volume:	32.99 scf/yr
Total Volume With 15% Safety Factor:	37.9 scf/yr

Component	wt %	Specific Volume ft ³ /lb	Weighted Spec. Vol. ft ³ /lb	lbs
N2	0	13.547	0	0.0000
H2S	0.040	11.31	0.004524	0.0017
C1	0.38	23.7	0.1	0.0163
C2	30.57	12.62	3.86	1.3094
C3	31.87	8.606	2.74	1.3651
iC4	5.95	6.529	0.39	0.2549
nC4	14.82	6.529	0.97	0.6348
iC5	5.05	5.26	0.27	0.2163
nC5	4.8	5.26	0.25	0.2056
C6	6.52	4.404	0.29	0.2793
Total	100.0		8.9	4.3

Emission Calculations		
VOC	H₂S	
3.0	-	lb/yr
-	-	lb/hr
0.0015	-	ton/yr



Calculation for Pump Purging - PM-108 Deethanizer reflux Pumps (Unit SSM-PP, Unchanged)

PM -108A		PM -108B		_	PM -108C	
Inlet		Inlet			Inlet	
4.0	Diameter (ID inches)	4.0	Diameter (ID inches)		4.0	Diameter (ID inches)
10.0	Length (Feet)	10.0	Length (Feet)		10.0	Length (Feet)
0.9	Volume (CF)	0.9	Volume (CF)		0.9	Volume (CF)
Outlet		Outlet			Outlet	
3.0	Diameter (ID inches)	3.0	Diameter (ID inches)		3.0	Diameter (ID inches)
10.0	Length (Feet)	10.0	Length (Feet)		10.0	Length (Feet)
0.5	Volume (CF)	0.5	Volume (CF)		0.5	Volume (CF)
Bore		Bore			Bore	
8.0	Diameter (ID inches)	8.0	Diameter (ID inches)		8.0	Diameter (ID inches)
2.0	Length (Feet)	2.0	Length (Feet)		2.0	Length (Feet)
0.7	Volume (CF)	0.7	Volume (CF)		0.7	Volume (CF)
2.06	Total CF/purge	2.06	Total CF/purge		2.06	Total CF/purge
8.00	purges/yr	8.00	purges/yr		8.00	purges/yr
16.49	scf/yr	16.49	scf/yr		16.49	scf/yr

Total Volume:49.48Total Volume With 15% Safety Factor:56.5

49.48 scf/yr 56.9 scf/yr

_	Gas Analysis 9			
Component	wt %	Specific Volume ft ³ /lb	Weighted Spec. Vol. ft ³ /lb	lbs
N2	0	13.547	0	0.0000
H2S	0.040	11.31	0.004524	0.0026
C1	0.38	23.7	0.1	0.0244
C2	30.57	12.62	3.86	1.9641
C3	31.87	8.606	2.74	2.0476
iC4	5.95	6.529	0.39	0.3823
nC4	14.82	6.529	0.97	0.9522
iC5	5.05	5.26	0.27	0.3245
nC5	4.8	5.26	0.25	0.3084
C6	6.52	4.404	0.29	0.4189
Total	100.0		8.9	6.4

Emission Calculations		
VOC	H₂S	
4.4	-	lb/yr
-	-	lb/hr
0.0022	-	ton/yr



Monument Gas Plant - SSM Emissions

Calculation for Pump Purging - PM-105 Demethanizer Pumps (Unit SSM-PP, Unchanged)

PM -105A		_	PM -105B	
Inlet			Inlet	
3.0	Diameter (ID inches)		3.0	Diameter (ID inches)
10.0	Length (Feet)		10.0	Length (Feet)
0.5	Volume (CF)		0.5	Volume (CF)
Outlet			Outlet	
2.0	Diameter (ID inches)		2.0	Diameter (ID inches)
10.0	Length (Feet)		10.0	Length (Feet)
0.2	Volume (CF)		0.2	Volume (CF)
Bore			Bore	
6.0	Diameter (ID inches)		6.0	Diameter (ID inches)
2.0	Length (Feet)		2.0	Length (Feet)
0.4	Volume (CF)		0.4	Volume (CF)
1.10	Total CF/purge		1.10	Total CF/purge
2.00	purge/yr		2.00	purge/yr
2.20	scf/yr		2.20	scf/yr

Total Volume:

Total Volume With 15% Safety Factor:

Gas Analysis 9

Component	wt %	Specific Volume ft ³ /lb	Weighted Spec. Vol. ft ³ /lb	lbs
N2	0	13.547	0	0.0000
H2S	0.040	11.31	0.004524	0.0002
C1	0.38	23.7	0.1	0.0022
C2	30.57	12.62	3.86	0.1749
C3	31.87	8.606	2.74	0.1824
iC4	5.95	6.529	0.39	0.0340
nC4	14.82	6.529	0.97	0.0848
iC5	5.05	5.26	0.27	0.0289
nC5	4.8	5.26	0.25	0.0275
C6	6.52	4.404	0.29	0.0373
Total	100.0		8.9	0.572

4.41 scf/yr

5.07 scf/yr

Emission Calculations

voc	H₂S	
0.39	-	lb/yr
-	-	lb/hr
1.97E-04	-	ton/yr



Monument Gas Plant - SSM Emissions

Calculation for Pump Purging - PM-139 Propane Truck Loading Pumps (Unit SSM-PP, Unchanged)

PM -139A		PM -139B			PM -139C	
Inlet		Inlet			Inlet	
4.0 D	Diameter (ID inches)	4.0	Diameter (ID inches)		4.0	Diameter (ID inches)
10.0 L	ength (Feet)	10.0	Length (Feet)		10.0	Length (Feet)
0.9 V	/olume (CF)	0.9	Volume (CF)		0.9	Volume (CF)
Outlet		Outlet			Outlet	
3.0 D	Diameter (ID inches)	3.0	Diameter (ID inches)		3.0	Diameter (ID inches)
10.0 L	ength (Feet)	10.0	Length (Feet)		10.0	Length (Feet)
0.5 V	/olume (CF)	0.5	Volume (CF)		0.5	Volume (CF)
Bore		Bore			Bore	
Bore 8.0 D	Diameter (ID inches)	Bore 8.0	Diameter (ID inches)		Bore 8.0	Diameter (ID inches)
Bore 8.0 D 2.0 L	Diameter (ID inches) ength (Feet)	Bore 8.0 2.0	Diameter (ID inches) Length (Feet)		Bore 8.0 2.0	Diameter (ID inches) Length (Feet)
Bore 8.0 D 2.0 L 0.7 V	Diameter (ID inches) ength (Feet) /olume (CF)	Bore 8.0 2.0 0.7	Diameter (ID inches) Length (Feet) Volume (CF)		Bore 8.0 2.0 0.7	Diameter (ID inches) Length (Feet) Volume (CF)
Bore 8.0 D 2.0 L 0.7 V 2.06 T	Diameter (ID inches) ength (Feet) /olume (CF) Total CF/purge	Bore 8.0 2.0 0.7 2.06	Diameter (ID inches) Length (Feet) Volume (CF) Total CF/purge	=	Bore 8.0 2.0 0.7 2.06	Diameter (ID inches) Length (Feet) Volume (CF) Total CF/purge
Bore 8.0 D 2.0 L 0.7 V 2.06 T 2.00 p	Diameter (ID inches) ength (Feet) /olume (CF) otal CF/purge purges/yr	Bore 8.0 2.0 0.7 2.06 2.00	Diameter (ID inches) Length (Feet) Volume (CF) Total CF/purge purges/yr	=	Bore 8.0 2.0 0.7 2.06 2.00	Diameter (ID inches) Length (Feet) Volume (CF) Total CF/purge purges/yr
Bore 8.0 D 2.0 L 0.7 V 2.06 T 2.00 p 4.12 se	Diameter (ID inches) ength (Feet) /olume (CF) Total CF/purge purges/yr cf/purge	Bore 8.0 2.0 0.7 2.06 2.00 4.12	Diameter (ID inches) Length (Feet) Volume (CF) Total CF/purge purges/yr scf/purge	=	Bore 8.0 2.0 0.7 2.06 2.00 4.12	Diameter (ID inches) Length (Feet) Volume (CF) Total CF/purge purges/yr scf/purge
Bore 8.0 D 2.0 L 0.7 V 2.06 T 2.00 p 4.12 so Total Volume:	Diameter (ID inches) ength (Feet) /olume (CF) Total CF/purge purges/yr cf/purge	Bore 8.0 2.0 0.7 2.06 2.00 4.12	Diameter (ID inches) Length (Feet) Volume (CF) Total CF/purge purges/yr scf/purge	=	Bore 8.0 2.0 0.7 2.06 2.00 4.12	Diameter (ID inches) Length (Feet) Volume (CF) Total CF/purge purges/yr scf/purge
Bore 8.0 D 2.0 L 0.7 V 2.06 T 2.00 p 4.12 so Total Volume: Total Volume:	Diameter (ID inches) ength (Feet) /olume (CF) Total CF/purge purges/yr cf/purge	Bore 8.0 2.0 0.7 2.06 2.00 4.12 12.37	Diameter (ID inches) Length (Feet) Volume (CF) Total CF/purge purges/yr scf/purge	=	Bore 8.0 2.0 0.7 2.06 2.00 4.12	Diameter (ID inches) Length (Feet) Volume (CF) Total CF/purge purges/yr scf/purge

Gas Analysis 10

Component	wt %	Specific Volume ft ³ /lb	Weighted Spec. Vol. ft ³ /lb	lbs
N2	0	13.547	0	0.0000
H20	0	11.31	0	0.0000
C1	0	23.7	0.0	0.0000
C2	2.1	12.62	0.26	0.0337
C3	97.9	8.606	8.43	1.6035
iC4	0	6.529	0.00	0.0000
nC4	0	6.529	0.00	0.0000
iC5	0	5.26	0.00	0.0000
nC5	0	5.26	0.00	0.0000
C6	0	4.404	0.00	0.0000
Total	100.0		8.7	1.6

Emission Calculations

VOC	H₂S	
1.6	-	lb/yr
-	-	lb/hr
8.0E-04	-	ton/yr



Calculation for Pump Purging - PM-111 1840 Pumps (Unit SSM-PP, Unchanged)

PM -111A			PM -111B	
Inlet			Inlet	
3.0	Diameter (ID inches)		3.0	Diameter (ID inches)
10.0	Length (Feet)		10.0	Length (Feet)
0.5	Volume (CF)		0.5	Volume (CF)
Outlet			Outlet	
2.0	Diameter (ID inches)		2.0	Diameter (ID inches)
10.0	Length (Feet)		10.0	Length (Feet)
0.2	Volume (CF)		0.2	Volume (CF)
Bore			Bore	
6.0	Diameter (ID inches)		6.0	Diameter (ID inches)
2.0	Length (Feet)		2.0	Length (Feet)
0.4	Volume (CF)		0.4	Volume (CF)
1.10	Total CF/purge		1.10	Total CF/purge
2.00	Purge per year		2.00	Purge per year
2.20	scf per year		2.20	scf per year
8.24	Gallons		8.24	Gallons
Total Volu	me:		4.41	scf/yr
Total Volu	me With 15% Safety Fac	tor:	5.1	scf/yr

Component	wt %	Specific Volume ft ³ /lb	Weighted Spec. Vol. ft ³ /lb	lbs
N2	0	13.547	0	0.0000
H2S	0.040	11.31	0.004524	0.0002
C1	0.38	23.7	0.1	0.0022
C2	30.57	12.62	3.86	0.1749
C3	31.87	8.606	2.74	0.1824
iC4	5.95	6.529	0.39	0.0340
nC4	14.82	6.529	0.97	0.0848
iC5	5.05	5.26	0.27	0.0289
nC5	4.8	5.26	0.25	0.0275
C6	6.52	4.404	0.29	0.0373
Total	100.0		8.9	0.6

Emission Calculations VOC H ₂ S					
0.4	-	lb/yr			
-	-	lb/hr			
2.0E-04	-	ton/yr			



Calculation for Pump Purging - PM-107 Deethanizer Feed Pumps (Unit SSM-PP, Unchanged)

PM -107A			PM -107B			PM -107C	
Inlet			Inlet		7	Inlet	
6.0	Diameter (ID inches)		6.0	Diameter (ID inches)		6.0	Diameter (ID inches)
10.0	Length (Feet)		10.0	Length (Feet)		10.0	Length (Feet)
2.0	Volume (CF)		2.0	Volume (CF)		2.0	Volume (CF)
Outlet			Outlet			Outlet	
3.0	Diameter (ID inches)		3.0	Diameter (ID inches)		3.0	Diameter (ID inches)
10.0	Length (Feet)		10.0	Length (Feet)		10.0	Length (Feet)
0.5	Volume (CF)		0.5	Volume (CF)		0.5	Volume (CF)
Bore			Bore			Bore	
10.0	Diameter (ID inches)		10.0	Diameter (ID inches)		10.0	Diameter (ID inches)
2.0	Length (Feet)		2.0	Length (Feet)		2.0	Length (Feet)
1.1	Volume (CF)		1.1	Volume (CF)		1.1	Volume (CF)
3.55	Total CF/purge	-	3.55	Total CF/purge	1	3.55	Total CF/purge
2.00	purges/yr		2.00	purges/yr		2.00	purges/yr
7.09	scf/yr		7.09	scf/yr		7.09	scf/yr
Total Volume:			21.27	scf/yr	T		
Total Volume \	Nith 15% Safety Factor:		24.5	scf/yr			

Component	wt %	Specific Volume ft ³ /lb	Weighted Spec. Vol. ft ³ /lb	lbs
N2	0	13.547	0	0.0000
H2S	0.040	11.31	0.004524	0.0011
C1	0.38	23.7	0.1	0.0105
C2	30.57	12.62	3.86	0.8444
C3	31.87	8.606	2.74	0.8803
iC4	5.95	6.529	0.39	0.1643
nC4	14.82	6.529	0.97	0.4093
iC5	5.05	5.26	0.27	0.1395
nC5	4.8	5.26	0.25	0.1326
C6	6.52	4.404	0.29	0.1801
Total	100	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	8.9	2.8

Emission Calculations				
VOC	H₂S			
1.9	-	lb/yr		
-	-	lb/hr		
9.5E-04	-	ton/yr		



Calculation for Pump Purging - PM-101, -102, -103 Inlet Scrubber Pumps (Unit SSM-PP, Unchanged)

PM -101	PM -102	PM -103
Inlet	Inlet	Inlet
2.0 Diameter (ID inches)	2.0 Diameter (ID inches)	2.0 Diameter (ID inches)
10.0 Length (Feet)	10.0 Length (Feet)	10.0 Length (Feet)
0.2 Volume (CF)	0.2 Volume (CF)	0.2 Volume (CF)
Outlet	Outlet	Outlet
2.0 Diameter (ID inches)	2.0 Diameter (ID inches)	2.0 Diameter (ID inches)
10.0 Length (Feet)	10.0 Length (Feet)	10.0 Length (Feet)
0.2 Volume (CF)	0.2 Volume (CF)	0.2 Volume (CF)
Bore	Bore	Bore
5.0 Diameter (ID inches)	5.0 Diameter (ID inches)	5.0 Diameter (ID inches)
2.0 Length (Feet)	2.0 Length (Feet)	2.0 Length (Feet)
0.3 Volume (CF)	0.3 Volume (CF)	0.3 Volume (CF)
0.71 Total CF/purge	0.71 Total CF	0.71 Total CF
2.00 purges/yr	2.00 purges/yr	2.00 purges/yr
1.42 scf/yr	1.42 scf/yr	1.42 scf/yr
Total Volume:	4.25 scf/yr	
Total Volume With 15% Safety Factor:	4.9 scf/yr	

Component	wt %	Specific Volume ft ³ /lb	Weighted Spec. Vol. ft ³ /lb	lbs
N2	0	13.547	0	0.0000
H2S	17.3	11.31	1.95663	0.1512
C1	0	23.7	0.0	0.0000
C2	0	12.62	0.00	0.0000
C3	0	8.606	0.00	0.0000
iC4	0	6.529	0.00	0.0000
nC4	0	6.529	0.00	0.0000
iC5	0	5.26	0.00	0.0000
nC5	0	5.26	0.00	0.0000
C6	82.7	4.404	3.64	0.7227
Total	100	1	5.6	0.87

Emission	Calculations
VOC	H ₂ S

	-	
0.72	-	lb/yr
-	-	lb/hr
0.00036	-	ton/yr



Monument Gas Plant - SSM Emissions

Calculation for Pump Purging - (Unit SSM-PP, New - 0110-M11R4)

0.25	MCF
0.125	MCF
0.25	MCF
4	
2.50	MSCF/yr
3.13	MSCF/yr
	0.25 0.125 0.25 4 2.50 3.13

Component	Gas Stream (wt%)	Specific Volume ²	Weighted Specific Volume ³	Annual Er	nissions ⁴
component	Y-Grade (NGL) ¹	(ft ³ /lb)	(ft³/lb)	lb/yr	tpy
Hydrogen Sulfide	0.00%	11.30	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
Nitrogen	0.03%	13.50	3.78E-03	1.61E-01	8.07E-05
Methane	0.05%	23.65	1.06E-02	4.55E-01	2.27E-04
Carbon Dioxide	0.00%	8.60	3.44E-04	1.47E-02	7.35E-06
Ethane	26.51%	12.62	3.35E+00	1.43E+02	7.15E-02
Propane	34.95%	8.61	3.01E+00	1.28E+02	6.42E-02
Iso-Butane	5.95%	6.53	3.89E-01	1.66E+01	8.30E-03
Nor-Butane	15.07%	6.53	9.84E-01	4.20E+01	2.10E-02
Iso-Pentane	4.58%	5.26	2.41E-01	1.03E+01	5.14E-03
Nor-Pentane	4.56%	5.26	2.40E-01	1.02E+01	5.12E-03
N-Hexane	0.00%	4.40	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
Cyclohexane	0.79%	0.02	1.62E-04	6.90E-03	3.45E-06
Benzene	0.52%	4.86	2.55E-02	1.09E+00	5.44E-04
Toluene	0.28%	4.12	1.15E-02	4.93E-01	2.46E-04
Ethylbenzene	0.02%	3.57	6.43E-04	2.75E-02	1.37E-05
M&P-Xylene	0.03%	3.57	1.00E-03	4.27E-02	2.14E-05
O-Xylene	0.01%	3.57	2.50E-04	1.07E-02	5.34E-06
Other Hexanes+	6.66%	4.40	2.93E-01	1.25E+01	6.26E-03
		Total 4 =	8.554	365.32	0.18
		Total VOC =	-	221.79	0.11
		Total H ₂ S =	-	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
		Total HAP =	-	1.66	0.00083
		Total CO ₂ e =		11.38	0.0057

Notes: (1) NGL Gas Analysis - Monument Demeth Tower. Date Sampled: 07/14/2021

(1) NGL Gas Analysis - Monument Demeth Tower. Date Sampled: 0/14/2021
 (2) Component specific volumes obtained from Physical Properties of Hydrocarbons, API Research Project 44, Fig. 16-1, Rev. 1981
 (3) Weighted Specific Volume = Component wt% * Specific Volume
 (4) Annual vented gas emissions calculated as follows: Total Annual Emissions (lb/yr) = Total new SSM volume (MSCF/yr) / Total Stream Specific Volume (ft³/lb) * 1000 SCF/MSCF
 Speciated Component Annual Emissions (lb/yr) = [Component Weighted Specific Volume (ft³/lb) / Total Stream Specific Volume (ft³/lb)]* Total Annual Emissions (lb/yr) Annual Emissions (lb/yr) / 2000 lb/ton



Calculation for Vessel Purging Emissions (SSM-VP, Unchanged)

			1				-				
I	ron Sponge Volume		Cryo Inlet	Filter Volume	Dust Filte	r Volume	1 [F-114A Vol	ume	F-114B Vo	olume
	78.0 Diameter (ID inches)		30.0	Diameter (ID inches)	20.0	Diameter (ID inches)		30.0	Diameter (ID inches)	48.0	Diameter (ID inches)
	15.0 Length (Feet)		10.0	Length (Feet)	6.0	Length (Feet)		8.5	Length (Feet)	12.5	Length (Feet)
	10.0 Pressure (Psig)		10.0	Pressure (Psig)	10.0	Pressure (Psig)		10.0	Pressure (Psig)	10.0	Pressure (Psig)
	80.0 Temperature (F)		80.0	Temperature (F)	80.0	Temperature (F)		80.0	Temperature (F)	80.0	Temperature (F)
	PO4 7 Volume (CE)		70.4	Volumo (CE)	21.2	Volumo (CE)		67 F	Volumo (CE)	254.0	Volumo (CE)
	Volume (Cr)		75.4	volume (Cr)	21.2			07.5		254.0	volume (cr)
I	nlet Piping		Inlet Pipin	g	Inlet Pipi	ng		Inlet Piping	1	Inlet Pipir	ng
	6.0 Diameter (ID inches) 10.0 Length (Feet) 10.0 Pressure (Psig) 80.0 Temperature (F) 3.2 Volume (CF)		10.0 10.0 10.0 80.0 8.8	Diameter (ID inches) Length (Feet) Pressure (Psig) Temperature (F) Volume (CF)	10.0 10.0 10.0 80.0 8.8	Diameter (ID inches) Length (Feet) Pressure (Psig) Temperature (F) Volume (CF)		14.0 10.0 10.0 80.0 17.3	Diameter (ID inches) Length (Feet) Pressure (Psig) Temperature (F) Volume (CF)	14.0 10.0 10.0 80.0 17.3	Diameter (ID inches) Length (Feet) Pressure (Psig) Temperature (F) Volume (CF)
c	Outlet Piping		Outlet Pipi	ng	Outlet Pip	bing		Outlet Pipi	ıg	Outlet Pip	bing
	6.0 Diameter (ID inches) 10.0 Length (Feet) 10.0 Pressure (Psig) 80.0 Temperature (F)		10.0 10.0 10.0 80.0	Diameter (ID inches) Length (Feet) Pressure (Psig) Temperature (F)	10.0 10.0 10.0 80.0	Diameter (ID inches) Length (Feet) Pressure (Psig) Temperature (F)		14.0 10.0 10.0 80.0	Diameter (ID inches) Length (Feet) Pressure (Psig) Temperature (F)	14.0 10.0 10.0 80.0	Diameter (ID inches) Length (Feet) Pressure (Psig) Temperature (F)
	3.2 Volume (CF)		0.0	Volume (CF)	0.0	Volume (CF)		17.5	Volume (CF)	17.5	Volume (CF)
	811.06 Total Volume		97.00	Total Volume	38.80	Total Volume		102.02	Total Volume	288.52	Total Volume
		Iron Sponge	Crv	o Inlet Filter Plus Dust F	ilter		F-1	L14A Plus F-11	4B	1	
Total Volume (C	CF):	811.06		135.79				390.54	_		
Total Volume Pl	us 15% Safety Factor (CF):	932.72		156.16				449.12			

-			-
Gac	Anni	VCIC	
1105		V 51 5	-
		,	

Component	wt %	Specific Volume ft ³ /lb	Weighted Spec. Vol. ft ³ /lb	lbs
N2	0	13.547	0	0
CO2	0	8.623	0	0
H2S	0	11.31	0	0
C1	73.8	23.7	17.5	35.3
C2	4.46	12.62	0.56	2.13
C3	9.31	8.606	0.80	4.45
iC4	1.86	6.529	0.12	0.89
nC4	4.48	6.529	0.29	2.14
iC5	1.66	5.26	0.09	0.79
nC5	1.48	5.26	0.08	0.71
C6	2.95	4.404	0.13	1.41
Total	100.0		19.5	47.8

Gas Analysis 5	wt%	Weighted Spec. Vol. ft ³ /lb	lbs
N2	0	0	0
CO2	0	0	0
H2S	0	0	0
C1	59.7	14.12	5.3
C2	13.04	1.65	1.15
C3	11.67	1.00	1.03
iC4	2.33	0.15	0.21
nC4	5.61	0.37	0.50
iC5	2.09	0.11	0.18
nC5	1.86	0.10	0.16
C6	3.7	0.16	0.33
Total	100	17.7	8.8

Gac	Anal	weie	6
Gas	Alla	y 515	

Component	wt %	Weighted Spec. Vol. ft ³ /lb	lbs
N2	2.97	0.40	0.78
CO2	4.57	0.39	1.21
H2S	1.5	0.17	0.40
C1	54.3	12.84	14.3
C2	11.86	1.50	3.13
C3	10.62	0.91	2.80
iC4	2.12	0.14	0.56
nC4	5.11	0.33	1.35
iC5	1.9	0.10	0.50
nC5	1.69	0.09	0.45
C6	3.37	0.15	0.89
Total	100.0	17.0	26.4

Veighted specific volume = Specific volume * Percent component Total lbs = Total volume / Weighted specific volume Component lbs = Total pounds * % Component

Emission Calculations VOC H_2S 0.40 0.40 lb/yr lb/hr 19.3 -0.0097 2.0E-04 ton/yr



Calculation for VRU Downtime Emissions (Unit SSM-VRU, Unchanged)

VRU Downtime

- 0 Days
- 70 MSCFD
- 80.5 MSCFD including 15% safety factor
 - 0 Total Volume MSCF per year

Gas Analysis 7 - Plant LP Recovery to Suc

Component	MW	Wet vol/mol	MW*Wet Vol %	HHV Btu/scf	BTU/scf* Wet Vol %	Spec. Volume ft ³ /lb	Weighted Specific Volume ft ³ /lb	Mass Fraction (Wet)	Spec. Volume VOC ft ³ /lb
Water	18.02	0.00%	0		0	21.1	0	0	
Nitrogen	28.01	5.15%	1.4	0	0	13.5	0.70	0.045	
CO ₂	44.01	0.40%	0.18	0	0	8.6	0.035	0.0055	
H ₂ S	34.08	0.60%	0.21	637.0	3.8	11.3	0.068	0.0063	
Methane	16.04	55.61%	8.9	1009.7	561.5	23.7	13.15	0.28	
Ethane	30.07	5.90%	1.8	1768.7	104.3	12.6	0.74	0.055	
Propane	44.10	8.47%	3.7	2517.2	213.3	8.6	0.73	0.12	1.62
I-Butane	58.12	3.02%	1.8	3252.6	98.3	6.5	0.20	0.054	0.58
N-Butane	58.12	9.40%	5.5	3262	306.5	6.5	0.61	0.17	1.80
I-Pentane	72.15	3.36%	2.4	3999.7	134.4	5.26	0.18	0.075	0.643
N-Pentane	72.15	3.61%	2.6	4008.7	144.8	5.26	0.19	0.081	0.69
Hexanes	86.2	4.48%	3.9	4756.1	213.0	4.4	0.20	0.12	0.86
Total		100.0%	32.36		1779.97		16.799	1.0	6.1849
Dry total		100%	(m	ixture mol.	wt) (mixtu	ire heating	value)		

61.3%

NMHC 38.24% *NMEHC (VOC)* 32.34%

Emission Calculations

VOC	H₂S	
-	1.8	lb/hr
0.0	0.00	tpy



Blowdown Summary for De-etha	nizer and Depropanize	r (SSM-Frac, Uncha	nged)						
Do C2 System blo	u daun valuma fan Emissi								
Total De-ethanizer	3 258	ons scf/blowdown							
	5,250	Scipbiowdown							
De-C3 System Blov	w Down Volume for Emissi	ons							
Total Depropanizer	8,119	scf/blowdown							
			BIOWOOWD		VOC				
			Duration	Blowdowns per	Emissions	VOC Emissions			
Propane Specific Volume (ft ³ /lb)	VOC Emissions (b/blowdown)	(hr)	Year	(lb/hr)	(ton/yr)			
8.606	1321	.95	1	4	1321.95	2.64			
Site	Monument Plant								
System	De-ethanizer								
Tower, Reboiler, reflux accumila	tor, preheater, and fee	d exchanger							
	1		-						
Volume at Operating Conditions	61,479	SCF							
down to field	58 764	SCF							
Gas to Atm from vessels	2,715	SCF							
Mark up for piping	543	SCF							
Total De-ethanizer	3,258	SCF							
			_						
De-C2 Tower	Dhu	-il Durantina		O.C. Volume	41,090	(SCF)	I.C. Volume	1,802	(SCF)
Description	Pny Diameter (ID inches)	l ength (ft)	# of tubes	Up Pressure (PSIG)	Temp (F)	Volume (CE)	Pressure (PSIG)	Temp (F)	Volume (CE)
internal volume	48.00	100.0	# 01 (dbC3	485.00	75.00	41.090	7.00	75.00	1801.84
			Physical Pro	perties					
Description	Length (ID inches)	wideth (in)	height (in)	diameter (inches)	# of units	Volume (CF)			
tray volume		L	0.25	<u>48.0</u>	40	10.47			
down comers	8.0	1.0	0.25		40	0.05			
De-C2 Reboiler				IO.C. Volume	4,807	(SCF)	I.C. Volume	225	(SCE)
	Phy	sical Properties		Op	erating Conditio	ons	Initi	ial Conditions	
Description	Diameter (ID inches)	Length (ft)	# of tubes	Pressure (PSIG)	Temp. (F)	Volume (CF)	Pressure (PSIG)	Temp. (F)	Volume (CF)
volume of shell	32.50	26.99		485.00	75.00	4,807	7.00	75.00	222.94
-	Leventh (ID is sheet)		Physical Pro	perties	# - f				
Description	Length (ID Inches)	wideth (in)	neight (in)	diameter (inches)	# of units				
			240.00	0.0	150	5.05			
De-C2 Chiller				O.C. Volume	3,607	(SCF)	I.C. Volume	169	(SCF)
	Phy	sical Properties		Ор	erating Conditio	ons	Initi	al Conditions	
Description	Diameter (ID inches)	Length (ft)	# of tubes	Pressure (PSIG)	Temp. (F)	Volume (CF)	Pressure (PSIG)	Temp. (F)	Volume (CF)
volume of shell	31.88	21.31	Dhu uni na L Dua	485.00	75.00	3,607	7.00	75.00	169.34
Description	Length (ID inches)	wideth (in)	Physical Pro	perties	# of units	Volume (CE)			
volume of tubes	Length (ID Inches)	wideur (iii)	216.00		# 01 units	8.73			
De-C2 Reflux Cam				O.C. Volume	8,274	(SCF)	I.C. Volume	360) (SCF)
	Phy	sical Properties		Ор	erating conditio	ns	Initi	al Conditions	
Description	Diameter (ID inches)	Length (ft)	# of tubes	Pressure (PSIG)	Temp. (F)	Volume (CF)	Pressure (PSIG)	Temp. (F)	Volume (CF)
volume	55.00	15.21		485.00	75	8274.01	7.00	75.00	359.78
						(0.05)			(005)
De-C2 Pre-neater/Feed Exchang	er DL.	cical Proportion		O.C. Volume	3,700	(SCF)	I.C. Volume	ial Conditions	(SCF)
	Pny								
volume of tubes	Length (ID inches)	wideth (in)	neight (in)	Pressure (PSIG)	1emp. (F)	Volume (CF)	Pressure (PSIG)	1emp. (F)	
	с. гт .	279	17.30	-0J.00	10.00	5,700	7.00	75.00	101

Site	Monument Plant								
System	Depropanizer								
Tower, Reboiler, reflux accumila	tor, preheater, and fee	ed exchanger (SSM	-Frac, Unchar	iged)					
			-						
Volume at Operating Conditions	154,401	SCF	_						
Reduction of volume do to blowing									
down to field	147,635	SCF	4						
Gas to Atm from vessels	6,766	<u>SCF</u>	_						
Mark up for piping	1,353	<u>SCF</u>							
<u>Total Depropanizer</u>	8,119	SCF							
						(22)			
De-C2 Tower				O.C. Volume	137,300	(SCF)	I.C. Volume	6,018	(SCF)
	Ph	ysical Properties		Op (PCIC)	erating Conditio	ns	Init	ial Conditions	
Description	Diameter (ID inches)	Length (ft)	# of tubes	Pressure (PSIG)	Temp. (F)	Volume (CF)	Pressure (PSIG)	Temp. (F)	Volume (CF)
internal volume	90.00	95.00		485.00	/5.00	137,300	7.00	/5.00	6017.86
5	Leventh (ID in sheer)	wideth (in)	Physical Pro	operties	# - f				
Description	Length (ID inches)	wideth (in)	height (in)	diameter (inches)	# of units	Volume (CF)			
tray volume	0.0	1.0	0.25	90.0	36	33.13			
down comers	8.0	1.0	0.25		36	0.04			
Do-C2 Pohoilor				O C Volumo	E / 76	(CCE)	IT C Volumo	220	
De-C2 Reboiler	Dh	voicel Dreparties		O.C. Volume	5,476	(SCF)	I.C. Volume	239	9 (SCF)
De-C2 Reboiler	Ph Diameter (ID inches)	ysical Properties	# of tubos	O.C. Volume	5,476 erating Conditio	(SCF) ns	I.C. Volume Init	ial Conditions	
De-C2 Reboiler Description	Ph Diameter (ID inches)	ysical Properties Length (ft)	# of tubes	O.C. Volume Op Pressure (PSIG)	5,476 erating Conditio Temp. (F)	(SCF) ns Volume (CF)	I.C. Volume Init Pressure (PSIG)	239 ial Conditions Temp. (F)	Volume (CF)
De-C2 Reboiler Description volume of shell	Ph Diameter (ID inches) 36.00	ysical Properties Length (ft) 23.58	# of tubes	O.C. Volume Op Pressure (PSIG) 485.00	5,476 erating Conditio Temp. (F) 75.00	(SCF) ns Volume (CF) 5,476	I.C. Volume Init Pressure (PSIG) 7.00	239 ial Conditions Temp. (F) 75.00	Volume (CF) 239.03
Description Volume of shell	Ph Diameter (ID inches) 36.00	ysical Properties Length (ft) 23.58	# of tubes Physical Pro	O.C. Volume Op Pressure (PSIG) 485.00 Operties	5,476 erating Conditio Temp. (F) 75.00	(SCF) ns Volume (CF) 5,476	I.C. Volume Init Pressure (PSIG) 7.00	ial Conditions Temp. (F) 75.00	Volume (CF) 239.03
De-C2 Reboiler Description volume of shell Description	Ph Diameter (ID inches) 36.00 Length (ID inches)	ysical Properties Length (ft) 23.58 wideth (in)	# of tubes Physical Pro height (in)	O.C. Volume Op Pressure (PSIG) 485.00 operties diameter (inches)	5,476 erating Conditio Temp. (F) 75.00 # of units	(SCF) ns Volume (CF) 5,476 Volume (CF)	I.C. Volume Init Pressure (PSIG) 7.00	239 ial Conditions Temp. (F) 75.00	Volume (CF) 239.03
De-C2 Reboiler Description volume of shell Description tube volume	Ph Diameter (ID inches) 36.00 Length (ID inches)	ysical Properties Length (ft) 23.58 wideth (in)	# of tubes Physical Pro height (in) 15.48	O.C. Volume Op Pressure (PSIG) 485.00 operties diameter (inches) 0.8	5,476 erating Conditio Temp. (F) 75.00 # of units 158	(SCF) ns Volume (CF) 5,476 Volume (CF) 0.63	I.C. Volume Init Pressure (PSIG) 7.00	239 ial Conditions Temp. (F) 75.00	Volume (CF) 239.03
De-C2 Reboiler Description volume of shell Description tube volume De-C2 Reflux Cam	Ph Diameter (ID inches) 36.00 Length (ID inches)	ysical Properties Length (ft) 23.58 wideth (in)	# of tubes Physical Pro height (in) 15.48	O.C. Volume Op Pressure (PSIG) 485.00 perties diameter (inches) 0.8	5,476 erating Conditio Temp. (F) 75.00 # of units 158 7 900	(SCF) ns Volume (CF) 5,476 Volume (CF) 0.63 (SCE)	I.C. Volume Init Pressure (PSIG) 7.00	239 ial Conditions Temp. (F) 75.00	Volume (CF) 239.03
De-C2 Reboiler Description volume of shell Description tube volume De-C2 Reflux Cam	Ph Diameter (ID inches) 36.00 Length (ID inches)	ysical Properties Length (ft) 23.58 wideth (in)	# of tubes Physical Pro height (in) 15.48	O.C. Volume Op Pressure (PSIG) 485.00 perties diameter (inches) 0.8 O.C. Volume On	5,476 erating Conditio Temp. (F) 75.00 # of units 158 7,900 erating conditio	(SCF) ns Volume (CF) 5,476 Volume (CF) 0.63 (SCF)	I.C. Volume Init Pressure (PSIG) 7.00 I.C. Volume	239 ial Conditions Temp. (F) 75.00 343 ial Conditions	(SCF)
De-C2 Reboiler Description volume of shell Description tube volume De-C2 Reflux Cam Description	Ph Diameter (ID inches) 36.00 Length (ID inches) Ph Diameter (ID inches)	ysical Properties Length (ft) 23.58 wideth (in) ysical Properties	# of tubes Physical Pro height (in) 15.48 # of tubes	O.C. Volume Op Pressure (PSIG) 485.00 pperties diameter (inches) 0.8 O.C. Volume Pressure (PSIG)	5,476 erating Conditio Temp. (F) 75.00 # of units 158 7,900 erating conditio Temp. (F)	(SCF) ns Volume (CF) 5,476 Volume (CF) 0.63 (SCF) ns Volume (CE)	I.C. Volume Init Pressure (PSIG) 7.00 I.C. Volume Init Pressure (PSIG)	239 ial Conditions Temp. (F) 75.00 343 ial Conditions Temp. (E)	Volume (CF) 239.03 (SCF) Volume (CE)
De-C2 Reboiler Description volume of shell Description tube volume De-C2 Reflux Cam Description volume	Ph Diameter (ID inches) 36.00 Length (ID inches) Length (ID inches) Diameter (ID inches) 60.50	ysical Properties Length (ft) 23.58 wideth (in) ysical Properties Length (ft) 12.00	 # of tubes Physical Properties height (in) 15.48 # of tubes 	O.C. Volume Op Pressure (PSIG) 485.00 pperties diameter (inches) 0.8 O.C. Volume Op Pressure (PSIG) 485.00	5,476 erating Conditio Temp. (F) 75.00 # of units 158 7,900 erating conditio Temp. (F) 75	(SCF) ns Volume (CF) 5,476 Volume (CF) 0.63 (SCF) ns Volume (CF) 7899 53	I.C. Volume Init Pressure (PSIG) 7.00 I.C. Volume Init Pressure (PSIG) 7.00	239 ial Conditions Temp. (F) 75.00 343 ial Conditions Temp. (F) 75.00	Volume (CF) 239.03 (SCF) Volume (CF) 343 50
De-C2 Reboiler Description volume of shell Description tube volume De-C2 Reflux Cam Description volume	Ph Diameter (ID inches) 36.00 Length (ID inches) Diameter (ID inches) 60.50	ysical Properties Length (ft) 23.58 wideth (in) ysical Properties Length (ft) 12.00	# of tubes Physical Pre height (in) 15.48 # of tubes	O.C. Volume Op Pressure (PSIG) 485.00 operties diameter (inches) 0.8 O.C. Volume Pressure (PSIG) 485.00	5,476 erating Conditio Temp. (F) 75.00 # of units 158 7,900 erating conditio Temp. (F) 75	(SCF) ns Volume (CF) 5,476 Volume (CF) 0.63 (SCF) ns Volume (CF) 7899.53	I.C. Volume Init Pressure (PSIG) 7.00 I.C. Volume Init Pressure (PSIG) 7.00	239 ial Conditions Temp. (F) 75.00 343 ial Conditions Temp. (F) 75.00	Volume (CF) 239.03 (SCF) Volume (CF) 343.50
De-C2 Reboiler Description volume of shell Description tube volume De-C2 Reflux Cam Description volume De-C2 Pre-beater/Feed Exchange	Ph Diameter (ID inches) 36.00 Length (ID inches) Diameter (ID inches) 60.50	ysical Properties Length (ft) 23.58 wideth (in) ysical Properties Length (ft) 12.00	# of tubes Physical Pro height (in) 15.48 # of tubes	O.C. Volume Op Pressure (PSIG) 485.00 Operties diameter (inches) 0.C. Volume Op Pressure (PSIG) 485.00 O.C. Volume	5,476 erating Conditio Temp. (F) 75.00 # of units 158 7,900 erating conditio Temp. (F) 75 3,725	(SCF) ns Volume (CF) 5,476 Volume (CF) 0.63 (SCF) ns Volume (CF) 7899.53 (SCE)	I.C. Volume Init Pressure (PSIG) 7.00 I.C. Volume Init Pressure (PSIG) 7.00 I.C. Volume	239 ial Conditions Temp. (F) 75.00 343 ial Conditions Temp. (F) 75.00	Volume (CF) 239.03 (SCF) Volume (CF) 343.50
De-C2 Reboiler Description Volume of shell Description tube volume De-C2 Reflux Cam Description Volume De-C2 Pre-heater/Feed Exchang	Ph Diameter (ID inches) 36.00 Length (ID inches) Ph Diameter (ID inches) 60.50	ysical Properties Length (ft) 23.58 wideth (in) ysical Properties Length (ft) 12.00	# of tubes Physical Pro height (in) 15.48 # of tubes	O.C. Volume Op Pressure (PSIG) 485.00 perties diameter (inches) diameter (inches) 0.8 O.C. Volume Op Pressure (PSIG) 485.00 O.C. Volume Op O.C. Volume Op O.C. Volume Op	5,476 erating Conditio Temp. (F) 75.00 # of units 158 7,900 erating conditio Temp. (F) 75 3,725 erating Conditio	(SCF) ns Volume (CF) 5,476 Volume (CF) 0.63 (SCF) ns Volume (CF) 7899.53 (SCF) ns	I.C. Volume Init Pressure (PSIG) 7.00 I.C. Volume Init Pressure (PSIG) 7.00 I.C. Volume	239 ial Conditions Temp. (F) 75.00 343 ial Conditions Temp. (F) 75.00 169 ial Conditions	Volume (CF) 239.03 (SCF) Volume (CF) 343.50 5 (SCF)
De-C2 Reboiler Description Volume of shell Description tube volume De-C2 Reflux Cam Description Volume De-C2 Pre-heater/Feed Exchang Description	Ph Diameter (ID inches) 36.00 Length (ID inches) Diameter (ID inches) 60.50 Ph Length (ID inches)	ysical Properties Length (ft) 23.58 wideth (in) ysical Properties Length (ft) 12.00 ysical Properties wideth (in)	# of tubes Physical Pro height (in) 15.48 # of tubes height (in)	O.C. Volume Op Pressure (PSIG) 485.00 perties diameter (inches) diameter (inches) 0.8 O.C. Volume Op Pressure (PSIG) 485.00 O.C. Volume Op Pressure (PSIG) 485.00	5,476 erating Conditio Temp. (F) 75.00 # of units 158 7,900 erating conditio Temp. (F) 3,725 erating Conditio Temp. (F)	(SCF) ns Volume (CF) 5,476 Volume (CF) 0.63 (SCF) ns Volume (CF) 7899.53 (SCF) ns Volume (CF)	I.C. Volume Init Pressure (PSIG) 7.00 I.C. Volume Init Pressure (PSIG) 7.00 I.C. Volume Init Pressure (PSIG)	239 ial Conditions Temp. (F) 75.00 343 ial Conditions Temp. (F) 75.00 169 ial Conditions Temp. (F)	Volume (CF) 239.03 (SCF) Volume (CF) 343.50 5 (SCF) Volume (CF)
De-C2 Reboiler Description Volume of shell Description tube volume De-C2 Reflux Cam Description Volume De-C2 Pre-heater/Feed Exchang Description Volume of exchanger 1	Ph Diameter (ID inches) 36.00 Length (ID inches) Ph Diameter (ID inches) 60.50 Per Length (ID inches) 256.0	ysical Properties Length (ft) 23.58 wideth (in) ysical Properties Length (ft) 12.00 ysical Properties wideth (in) 26	# of tubes Physical Pro height (in) 15.48 # of tubes height (in) height (in)	O.C. Volume Op Pressure (PSIG) 485.00 perties diameter (inches) diameter (inches) 0.8 O.C. Volume Op Pressure (PSIG) 485.00 O.C. Volume Op Pressure (PSIG) 485.00 Pressure (PSIG) 485.00	5,476 erating Conditio Temp. (F) 75.00 # of units 158 7,900 erating conditio Temp. (F) 3,725 erating Conditio Temp. (F) 75.00	(SCF) ns Volume (CF) 5,476 Volume (CF) 0.63 (SCF) ns Volume (CF) 7899.53 (SCF) ns Volume (CF) 2,032	I.C. Volume Init Pressure (PSIG) 7.00 I.C. Volume Init Pressure (PSIG) 7.00 I.C. Volume Init Pressure (PSIG) 7.00	239 ial Conditions Temp. (F) 75.00 343 ial Conditions Temp. (F) 75.00 165 ial Conditions Temp. (F) 75.00	Volume (CF) 239.03 (SCF) Volume (CF) 343.50 5 (SCF) Volume (CF) 88
De-C2 Reboiler Description volume of shell Description tube volume De-C2 Reflux Cam Description volume De-C2 Pre-heater/Feed Exchang Description Volume of exchanger 1 Volume of exchanger 2	Ph Diameter (ID inches) 36.00 Length (ID inches) Length (ID inches) 60.50 Ph Length (ID inches) 256.0	ysical Properties Length (ft) 23.58 wideth (in) ysical Properties Length (ft) 12.00 ysical Properties wideth (in) 26 25	# of tubes Physical Pro height (in) 15.48 # of tubes # of tubes height (in) 16.00 14.00	O.C. Volume Op Pressure (PSIG) 485.00 perties diameter (inches) diameter (inches) 0.8 O.C. Volume Op Pressure (PSIG) 485.00 O.C. Volume Op Pressure (PSIG) 485.00 485.00 485.00	5,476 erating Conditio Temp. (F) 75.00 # of units 158 7,900 erating conditio Temp. (F) 75 a,725 erating Conditio Temp. (F) 75.00 75.00	(SCF) ns Volume (CF) 0.63 (SCF) ns Volume (CF) 7899.53 (SCF) ns Volume (CF) 2,032 1,693	I.C. Volume Init Pressure (PSIG) 7.00 I.C. Volume Init Pressure (PSIG) 7.00 I.C. Volume Init Pressure (PSIG) 7.00 8.00	239 ial Conditions Temp. (F) 75.00 343 ial Conditions Temp. (F) 75.00 165 ial Conditions Temp. (F) 75.00 75.00	Volume (CF) 239.03 (SCF) Volume (CF) 343.50 5 (SCF) Volume (CF) 88 77



Calculation for AGI Compressor Emissions, Part 1 (Unit SSM-AGI, Unchanged)

Cylinder 1 Blowdown	Cylinder 2 Blowdown (SCF)	Cylinder 3 Blowdown (SCF)	Cylinder 4 Blowdown (SCF)	Cylinder 5 Blowdown (SCF)	Cylinder 6 Blowdown (SCF)
270.7 (SCF)	5.9	661.7	980.1	1,241.5	2,079.5
Cylinder #1 - 1st Stage	Cylinder #2 - 1st Stage	Cylinder #3 - 2nd Stage	Cylinder #4 - 3rd Stage	Cylinder #5 - 4th Stage	Cylinder #6 - 5th Stage
V-100 1st Stage Scrubber 36.0 Diameter (ID inches) 8.3 Length 10.0 Pressure (Psig) 110.0 Temperature (F)	V-100 1st Stage Scrubber - Diameter (ID inches) 0.7 Lempth (Feet) 10.0 Pressure (Fsig) 80.0 Temperature (F)	V-200 2nd Stage Scrubber 30.0 Diameter (ID inches) 8.0 Length (Feet) 83.0 Pressure (Psig) 110.0 Temperature (F)	V-300 3rd Stage Scrubber 24.0 Diameter (ID inches) 7.0 Length, Stroke (Feet) 209.0 Pressure (Psig) 110.0 Temperature (F)	V-400 4th Stage Scrubber 20.0 Diameter (ID inches) 7.5 Length, Stroke (Feet) 417.0 Pressure (Psig) 110.0 Temperature (F)	V-500 5th Stage Scrubber 16.0 Diameter (ID inches) 6.5 Length, Stroke (Feet) 848.0 Pressure (Fsig) 110.0 Temperature (F)
89.3 Volume (CF)	 Volume (CF) 	237.7 Volume (CF)	304.7 Volume (CF)	437.5 Volume (CF)	484.9 Volume (CF)
V-101 1st Stage Suction Bottle	V-101 1st Stage Suction Bottle	V-201 2nd Stage Suction Bottle	V-301 3rd Stage Suction Bottle	V-401 4th Stage Suction Bottle	V-501 5th Stage Suction Bottle
30.0 Diameter (ID inches) 5.3 Length (Feet) 10.0 Pressure (Psiq) 110.0 Temperature (F) 39.5 Volume (CF)	Diameter (ID inches) 12.0 Lendth (Feet) 10.0 Pressure (Psia) 80.0 Temperature (F) Volume (CF)	24.0 Diameter (ID inches) 4.0 Length (Fect) 8.30 Pressure (Psig) 110.0 Temperature (F) 76.1 Volume (CF)	20.0 Diameter (ID inches) 3.3 Length (Feet) 209.0 Pressure (Fsig) 110.0 Temperature (F) 99.8 Volume (CF)	14.0 Diameter (ID inches) .2.5 Length (Feet) 417.0 Pressure (Fsig) 110.0 Temperature (F) 71.5 Volume (CF)	10.8 Diameter (ID inches) 2.0 Length (Feet) 848.0 Pressure (Psig) 110.0 Temperature (F) 67.4 Volume (CF)
Cylinder	Cylinder	Cylinder	Cylinder	Cylinder	Cylinder
20.8 Diameter (ID inches) 0.5 Length (Feet) 83.0 Pressure (Psig) 230.0 Temperature (F) 5.9 Volume (CF)	20.8 Diameter (ID inches) 0.5 Lendth (Feet) 83.0 Pressure (Fsia) 230.0 Temperature (F) 5.9 Volume (CF)	16.0 Diameter (ID inches) 0.5 Length (Fect) 209.0 Pressure (Psig) 230.0 Temperature (F) 8.0 Volume (CF)	9.8 Diameter (ID inches) 0.5 Length (Feet) 41.70 Pressure (Psia) 230.0 Temperature (F) 5.8 Volume (CF)	7.0 Diameter (ID inches) 0.5 Length (Feet) 848.0 Pressure (Psig) 230.0 Temperature (F) 5.9 Volume (CF)	4.8 Diameter (ID inches) 0.5 Length (Feet) 1.820.0 Pressure (Psig) 230.0 Temperature (F) 5.8 Volume (CF)
V-102 1st Stage Discharge Bottle	V-102 1st Stage Discharge Bottle	V-202 2nd Stage Discharge Bottle	V-302 3rd Stage Discharge Bottle	V-402 4th Stage Discharge Bottle	V-502 5th Stage Discharge Bottle
24.0 Diameter (ID inches) 5.3 Length (Feet) 83.0 Pressure (Psig) 230.0 Temperature (F) 83.3 Volume (CF)	Diameter (ID inches) 5.3 Length (Feet) 10.0 Pressure (Psiq) 80.0 Temperature (F) Volume (CF)	20.0 Diameter (ID inches) 7.8 Length (Feet) 209.0 Pressure (Psig) 230.0 Temperature (F) 193.5 Volume (CF)	18.0 Diameter (ID inches) 10.0 Length (Feet) 417.0 Pressure (Psiq) 230.0 Temperature (F) 390.3 Volume (CF)	14.0 Diameter (ID inches) 6.2 Length (Feet) 848.0 Pressure (Psiq) 110.0 Temperature (F) 354.1 Volume (CE)	12.0 Diameter (ID inches) 5.5 Length (Feet) 1,820.0 Pressure (Psiq) 230.0 Temperature (F) 405.5 Volume (CF)
Cylinder Suction Pipe	Cylinder Suction Pipe	Cylinder Suction Pipe	Cylinder Suction Pipe	Cylinder Suction Pipe	Cylinder Suction Pipe
10.0 Diameter (ID inches) 20.0 Length (Feet) 10.0 Pressure (Psig) 110.0 Temperature (F) 16.7 Volume (CF)	Diameter (ID inches) 20.5 Length (Feet) 10.0 Pressure (Psig) 230.0 Temperature (F) - Volume (CF)	8.0. Diameter (ID inches) 20.0. Length (Feet) 83.0. Pressure (Psia) 110.0. Temperature (F) 42.3. Volume (CF)	6.0 Diameter (ID inches) 20.0 Length (Feet) 20.90 Pressure (Psig) 11.0.0 Temperature (F) 54.4 Volume (CF)	4.0 Diameter (ID inches) 20.0 Length (Feet) 417.0 Pressure (F) 11.0.0 Temperature (F) 46.7 Volume (CF)	3.0 Diameter (ID inches) 20.0 Length (Feet) 848.0 Pressure (Psig) 110.0 Temperature (F) 52.5 Volume (CF)
Cylinder Discharge Pipe	Cylinder Discharge Pipe	Cylinder Discharge Pipe	Cylinder Discharge Pipe	Cylinder Discharge Pipe	Cylinder Discharge Pipe
8.0 Diameter (ID inches) 20.0 Length (Feet) 83.0 Pressure (Psiq) 230.0 Temperature (F)	- Diameter (ID inches) 20.5 Length (Feet) 10.0 Pressure (Psiq) 230.0 Temperature (F)	6.0 Diameter (ID inches) 20.0 Length (Feet) 209.0 Pressure (Psia) 230.0 Temperature (F)	4.0 Diameter (ID inches) 20.0 Length (Feet) 417.0 Pressure (Fsiq) 230.0 Temperature (F)	 3.0 Diameter (ID inches) 20.0 Length (Feet) 848.0 Pressure (Psiq) 230.0 Temperature (F) 	3.0 Diameter (ID inches) 20.0 Length (Feet) 1.820.0 Pressure (Psia) 230.0 Temperature (F)
34.9 Volume (CF)	- Volume (CF)	45.0 Volume (CF)	38.6 Volume (CF)	43.3 Volume (CF)	92.2 Volume (CF)
Interstage Cooler 1 1 Diameter (ID inches) 26 Length (Feet) 42 Number of Tubes 83 Pressure (Psiq) 110 Temperature (F)	Interstage Cooler 1 1 Diameter (ID Inches) 26 Length (Feet) 0 Number of Tubes 83 Pressure (Psiq) 110 Temperature (F)	Interstage Cooler 2 1 Diameter (ID Inches) 26 Length (Feet) 53 Number of Tubes 209 Pressure (Psig) 110 Temperature (F)	Interstage Cooler 3 1 Diameter (ID inches) 26 Length (Feet) 33 Number of Tubes 417 Pressure (Psig) 110 Temperature (F)	Interstage Cooler 4 1 Diameter (ID linches) 26 Length (Feet) 43 Number of Tubes 488 Pressure (Psig) 110 Temperature (F)	Discharge Cooler 1 Diameter (ID inches) 26 Length (Feet) 66 Number of Tubes 1820 Pressure (Fsia) 110 Temperature (F)
36.0 Volume (CF)	 Volume (CF) 	104.1 Volume (CF)	125.1 Volume (CF)	325.8 Volume (CF)	1,063.5 Volume (CF)
5,239.42 Total SCF per blowdown Purged with Residue 338.27 Total SCF per blowdown	31,436.51 Total SCF per year 2,029.63 Total SCF per year	6 Blowdowns per year			

Calculation for AGI Compressor Emissions, Part 1 (Unit SSM-AGI, Unchanged)

Cylinder 1 Blowdown 127.0 (SCF)	Cylinder 2 Blowdown (SCF) 1.1	Cylinder 3 Blowdown (SCF) 88.8	Cylinder 4 Blowdown (SCF) 57.8	Cylinder 5 Blowdown (SCF) 36.9	Cylinder 6 Blowdown (SCF) 26.7
Cylinder #1 - 1st Stage	Cylinder #2 - 1st Stage	Cylinder #3 - 2nd Stage	Cylinder #4 - 3rd Stage	Cylinder #5 - 4th Stage	Cylinder #6 - 5th Stage
V-100 1:st Stage Scrubber 36.0 Diameter (ID inches) 8.3 Length 3.0 Pressure (Psiq) 110.0 Temperature (F)	V-100 1st Stage Scrubber - Diameter (ID inches) 0.7 Length (Feet) 3.0 Pressure (Psiq) 80.0 Temperature (F)	V-200 2nd Stage Scrubber 30.0 Diameter (ID inches) 8.0 Length (Feet) 3.0 Pressure (Psiq) 110.0 Temperature (F)	V-300 3rd Stage Scrubber 24.0 Diameter (ID inches) 7.0 Lendth, Stroke (Feet) 3.0 Pressure (Psi) 110.0 Temperature (F)	V-400 4th Stage Scrubber 20.0 Diameter (ID inches) 7.5 Length, Stroke (Feet) 3.0 Pressure (Fsig) 110.0 Temperature (F)	V-500 5th Stage Scrubber 16.0 Diameter (ID inches) 6.5 Length, Stroke (Feet) 3.0 Pressure (Fsiq) 110.0 Temperature (F)
64.0 Volume (CF)	- Volume (CF)	43.1 Volume (CF)	24.1 Volume (CF)	18.0 Volume (CF)	10.0 Volume (CF)
V-101 1st Stage Suction Bottle	V-101 1st Stage Suction Bottle	V-201 2nd Stage Suction Bottle	V-301 3rd Stage Suction Bottle	V-401 4th Stage Suction Bottle	V-501 5th Stage Suction Bottle
30.0 Diameter (ID inches) 5.3 Length (Feet) 3.0 Pressure (Fsig) 110.0 Temperature (F) 28.3 Volume (CF)	Diameter (ID inches) 12.0 Length (Feet) 3.0 Pressure (Psig) 80.0 Temperature (F) Volume (CF)	24.0 Diameter (ID inches) 4.0 Length (Feet) 3.0 Pressure (Psig) 110.0 Temperature (F) 13.8 Volume (CF)	20.0 Diameter (ID inches) 3.3 Lendth (Feet) 3.0 Pressure (Psig) 110.0 Temperature (F) 7.9 Volume (CF)	14.0 Diameter (ID inches) 2.5 Length (Feet) 3.0 Pressure (Psig) 110.0 Temperature (F) 2.9 Volume (CF)	10.8 Diameter (ID inches) 2.0 Length (Feet) 3.0 Pressure (Psig) 110.0 Temperature (F) 1.4 Volume (CF)
Cvlinder	Cylinder	Cylinder	Cylinder	Cylinder	Cylinder
20.8 Diameter (ID inches) 0.5 Length (Feet) 3.0 Pressure (Psiq) 230.0 Temperature (F)	20.8 Diameter (ID inches) 0.5 Length (Feet) 3.0 Pressure (Psig) 230.0 Temperature (F)	16.0 Diameter (ID inches) 0.5 Length (Feet) 3.0 Pressure (Psig) 230.0 Temperature (F)	9.8 Diameter (ID inches) 0.5 Length (Feet) 3.0 Pressure (Psig) 230.0 Temperature (F)	7.0 Diameter (ID inches) 0.5 Length (Feet) 3.0 Pressure (Psiq) 230.0 Temperature (F)	4.8 Diameter (ID inches) 0.5 Length (Feet) 3.0 Pressure (Psig) 230.0 Temperature (F)
1.1 Volume (CF)	1.1 Volume (CF)	0.6 Volume (CF)	0.2 Volume (CF)	0.1 Volume (CF)	0.1 Volume (CF)
V-102 1st Stage Discharge Bottle	V-102 1st Stage Discharge Bottle	V-202 2nd Stage Discharge Bottle	V-302 3rd Stage Discharge Bottle	V-402 4th Stage Discharge Bottle	V-502 5th Stage Discharge Bottle
24.0 Diameter (ID inches) 5.3 Length (Feet) 3.0 Pressure (Psig) 230.0 Temperature (F)	- Diameter (ID inches) 5.3 Length (Feet) 3.0 Pressure (Psiq) 80.0 Temperature (F)	20.0 Diameter (ID inches) 7.8 Length (Feet) 3.0 Pressure (Psiq) 230.0 Temperature (F)	18.0 Diameter (ID inches) 10.0 Length (Feet) 3.0 Pressure (Psig) 230.0 Temperature (F)	14.0 Diameter (ID inches) 6.2 Length (Feet) 3.0 Pressure (Psig) 110.0 Temperature (F)	12.0 Diameter (ID inches) 5.5 Length (Feet) 3.0 Pressure (Psia) 230.0 Temperature (F)
15.1 Volume (CF)	- Volume (CF)	15.3 Volume (CF)	16.0 Volume (CF)	7.3 Volume (CF)	3.9 Volume (CF)
Cylinder Suction Pipe	Cylinder Suction Pipe	Cylinder Suction Pipe	Cylinder Suction Pipe	Cylinder Suction Pipe	Cylinder Suction Pipe
10.0 Diameter (ID inches) 20.0 Length (Feet) 3.0 Pressure (Psig) 110.0 Temperature (F)	Diameter (ID inches) 20.5 Length (Feet) 3.0 Pressure (Psiq) 230.0 Temperature (F)	 8.0 Diameter (ID inches) 20.0 Length (Feet) 3.0 Pressure (Psiq) 110.0 Temperature (F) 7.7 Volume (CE) 	6.0 Diameter (ID inches) 20.0 Length (Feet) 3.0 Pressure (Psig) 110.0 Temperature (F) 4.3 Volume (CF)	4.0 Diameter (ID inches) 20.0 Length (Feet) 3.0 Pressure (Psiq) 110.0 Temperature (F) 1.9 Volume (CE)	3.0 Diameter (ID inches) 20.0 Length (Feet) 3.0 Pressure (Psig) 110.0 Temperature (F) 1.1 Volume (CE)
Cylinder Discharge Pipe	Cylinder Discharge Pipe	Cylinder Discharge Pipe	Cylinder Discharge Pipe	Cylinder Discharge Pipe	Cylinder Discharge Pipe
8.0 Diameter (ID inches) 20.0 Length (Feet) 3.0 Pressure (Psig) 230.0 Temperature (F) 6.3 Volume (CF)	Diameter (ID inches) 20.5 Lendth (Feet) 3.0 Pressure (Psia) 230.0 Temperature (F) Volume (CF)	6.0 Diameter (ID inches) 20.0 Length (Fect) 3.0 Pressure (Psig) 230.0 Temperature (F) 3.6 Volume (CF)	4.0 Diameter (ID inches) 20.0 Length (Fect) 3.0 Pressure (Psig) 230.0 Temperature (F) 1.6 Volume (CF)	3.0 Diameter (ID inches) 20.0 Length (Feet) 3.0 Pressure (Psig) 230.0 Temperature (F) 0.9 Volume (CF)	3.0 Diameter (ID inches) 20.0 Length (Feet) 3.0 Pressure (Psig) 230.0 Temperature (F) 0.9 Volume (CF)
Interstage Cooler 1 1 Diameter (ID inches) 26 Length (Feet) 42 Number of Tubes 3 Pressure (Psig) 110 Temperature (F) 6.5 Volume (CF)	Interstage Cooler 1 Diameter (ID inches) 26 Length (Feet) 0 Number of Tubes 3 Pressure (Psia) 110 Temperature (F) - Volume (CF)	Interstage Cooler 2 1 Dismeter (ID inches) 25 Length (Feet) 33 Pressure (Psia) 110 Temperature (F) 8.3 Volume (CF)	Interstage Cooler 3 1 Diameter (ID inches) 26 Lendth (Fect) 33 Number of Tubes 3 Pressure (Psia) 110 Temperature (F) 5.1 Volume (CF)	Interstage Cooler 4 1 Diameter (ID inches) 25 Lendth (Feet) 43 Number of Tubes 3 Pressure (Psig) 1101 Temperature (F) 6.7 Volume (CF)	Discharge Cooler 1 Diameter (ID inches) 26 Lendth (Feet) 66 Number of Tubes 3 Pressure (Psia) 110 Temperature (F) 10.3 Volume (CF)



Monument Gas Plant - SSM Emissions

Calculation for AGI Compressor Emissions, Part 2 (Unit SSM-AGI, Unchanged)

Flow Rate:	338.27	SCF/blowdown	Maximum AGI Compressor Blowdown to atmosphere based on SSM records
	389.01	SCF/blowdown	AGI Compressor Blowdown with 15% safety factor
	6.00	blowdown/yr	Maximum AGI Compressor Blowdowns per year
	2,334.07	SCF/yr	Yearly AGI Compressor Blowdown to atmosphere

Gas Analysis 1 - Residue to El Paso, Plant 118

Component	MW	Wet vol/mol	MW*Wet Vol %	HHV Btu/scf	BTU/scf* Wet Vol %	Spec. Volume ft ³ /lb	Weighted Specific Volume ft ³ /lb	Mass Fraction (Wet)	Spec. Volume VOC ft ³ /lb
Water	18.02	0.00%	0		0	21.1	0	0	
Nitrogen	28.01	2.54%	0.7	0	0	13.5	0.34	0.042	
CO ₂	44.01	0.10%	0.04	0	0	8.6	0.009	0.0026	
H ₂ S	34.08	0.00%	0.00	637.0	0.0	11.3	0.000	0.0000	
Methane	16.04	94.36%	15.1	1009.7	952.7	23.7	22.32	0.90	
Ethane	30.07	2.68%	0.8	1768.7	47.4	12.6	0.34	0.048	
Propane	44.10	0.22%	0.1	2517.2	5.6	8.6	0.02	0.01	5.13
I-Butane	58.12	0.02%	0.0	3252.6	0.6	6.5	0.00	0.001	0.44
N-Butane	58.12	0.05%	0.0	3262	1.6	6.5	0.00	0.00	1.12
I-Pentane	72.15	0.01%	0.0	3999.7	0.5	5.26	0.00	0.001	0.299
N-Pentane	72.15	0.01%	0.0	4008.7	0.5	5.26	0.00	0.001	0.29
Hexanes	86.2	0.01%	0.0	4756.1	0.5	4.4	0.00	0.00	0.23
Total		100.00%	16.86		1009.36		23.031	1.0	7.5121
Dry total		100%	(11	nixture mol. v	vt) (mixtu	ıre heating	value)		
	NMHC	3.00% 0.32%						1.0%	
	WITLING (VOC)	0.5270							

Emission Calculations

VOC	H₂S	
-	-	lb/hr
5.0E-04	-	tpy



Description: AGI-C2 Compressor Purging Emissions **Unit:** SSM-CB (For AGI-C2 Only, **New - 0110-M11**)

Inputs

Parameter	Value	Units	Notes
Number of Compressors	1	-	Facility design
Blowdowns per year	12	per unit	Facility design
Duration of blowdown	1	hours	Facility design, no simultaneous events

	Volume	Emissions	Volume to Atmosphere		
Vessel	ft ³ routed to		ft ³ /hr	ft ³ /yr	
Redundant AGI Compressor	355.00	Atmosphere	355.00	4,899.00	
Total			355.00	4,899.00	

	Volume routed to atmosphere				Molecular Wt	VOC		H ₂ S	
Vessel	ft ³ /hr	ft³/yr	Mass Percent VOC	Mass Percent H ₂ S	lb/lb-mol	lb/hr	ton/yr	lb/hr	ton/yr
Redundant AGI Compressor	355.00	4,899.00	1.0%	0.001%	16.9	0.15	1.1E-03	1.6E-04	1.1E-06
					Total	0.15	1.1E-03	1.6E-04	1.1E-06

	Volume routed	l to atmosphere			CO ₂	
	hour (ft³/hr) year (ft³/yr)		CO ₂ wt %	Molecular wt	(lb/hr)	(ton/yr)
CO2 Emissions	355	4,899.00	0.26%	16.9	-	2.82E-04
				Total	-	2.82E-04

	Volume routed	d to atmosphere			CH₄	,
	hour (ft ³ /hr)	year (ft ³ /yr)	CH₄ wt %	Molecular wt	(lb/hr)	(ton/yr)
CH4 Emissions	355	4,899.00	89.77%	16.9	-	0.098
				Total	-	0.098

Basis of Calculation:

Emissions from compressor maintenance activities are calculated based on a mass balance as follows:

Maximum Uncontrolled Annual Emissions (tpy) = [Volume of Gas Vented (scf/yr)] x [MW of stream (lb/lb-mol)] x [wt % VOC or speciated constituent] / [379.5 (scf/lb-mol)] / [2,000 (lb/ton)]



Slug Catcher Blowdown to Flare (Unit SSM-SC, Unchanged)

Emission Unit:	Inlet Flare (Field Gas Flare)							
Source Description:	Flare 2	Flare 2						
Slug Catcher Blowdown								
Maximum blowdown to flare	0.0058 MMScf/yr	Conservatively assuming gas in 100% of system						
Pounds released per event	355.9 lb							
Blowdowns per year	1.0							
Gas heating rate	7.5 MMBtu/hr	scfh * mixture heating value / 1000						

Monument Inlet Gas analysis (8/7/2015)

								weighted		
					BTU/scf	Spec.	Mass	Spec.		Pounds
		Wet	MW*Wet	HHV	Wet Vol	Volume	Fraction	Volume	Pounds	Realeased
Component	MW	vol/mol%	Vol %	Btu/scf	%	ft ³ /lb	(wet)	ft ³ /lb	Released	per hour ¹
Hydrogen Sulfide	34.08	0.47%	0.16	637	3.01	11.136	0.00689	0.08	2.5	0.49
Nitrogen	28.01	2.37%	0.66	0	0.00	13.547	0.02842	0.38	10.1	2.02
Methane	16.04	70.96%	11.38	1009.7	716.51	23.65	0.48659	11.51	173.2	34.64
Carbon Dioxide	44.01	2.09%	0.92	0	0.00	8.623	0.03937	0.34	14.0	2.80
Ethane	30.07	11.63%	3.50	1768.7	205.72	12.62	0.14949	1.89	53.2	10.64
Propane	44.10	6.95%	3.06	2517.2	174.87	8.606	0.13094	1.13	46.6	9.32
Iso-Butane	58.12	0.92%	0.53	3252.6	29.88	6.529	0.02282	0.15	8.1	1.62
N-Butane	58.12	2.27%	1.32	3262	73.91	6.529	0.05629	0.37	20.0	4.01
Iso-Pentane	72.15	0.60%	0.43	3999.7	24.06	5.26	0.01855	0.10	6.6	1.32
N-Pentane	72.15	0.56%	0.40	4008.7	22.28	5.26	0.01714	0.09	6.1	1.22
N-Hexane	86.18	0.15%	0.13	4756.1	6.98	4.404	0.00541	0.02	1.9	0.38
Benzene	78.11	0.06%	0.04	3741.9	2.06	4.858	0.00184	0.01	0.7	0.13
Toluene	92.14	0.04%	0.04	4474.8	1.84	4.119	0.00162	0.01	0.6	0.12
Ethylbenzene	106.17	0.01%	0.01	5222.1	0.30	3.574	0.00026	0.00	0.1	0.02
M&P Xylenes	106.17	0.01%	0.01	5207.8	0.62	3.574	0.00054	0.00	0.2	0.04
O-Xylenes	106.17	0.002%	0.00	5208.6	0.13	3.574	0.00011	0.00	0.0	0.01
Hexane Plus	86.18	0.92%	0.79	4756.1	43.54	4.404	0.03372	0.15	12.0	2.40
Total		100.00%	23.40		1305.7		1.0	16.2	355.9	
					(mixture					
			(mixture		, heating					
Dry total		100%	mol. wt)		value)					
	NMHC	95.1%						HAPs	0.0017	0.70
	NMEHC (VOC)	12.5%					28.92%		5.0017	0.70
¹ The event will happen over:	5	hrs.								

Emission Calculations

	Slug Catcher Blowdown ¹	NOx	со	SO ₂	H₂S	voc		
		0.1380	0.2755				lb/MMBtu	R
					0.5%	12.47%	mol %	FI
					0.5	20.6	lb/hr	V
					98%	98%		Е
				100%				E
		0.21	0.42	0.92	0.010	0.41	lb/hr	
		5.2E-04	1.0E-03	2.3E-03	2.5E-05	1.0E-03	tpy	
ir	let flare is already permitte	d at mavimu	im houlny rate		rly rates for	the flare wi	ill not increas	-0 14

RG-109 Emission Factors for high-Btu, non-steam assisted Flare Gas rol. Gas * mole fraction / specific volume Estimated control efficiency for H₂S and VOC

stimated H₂S conversion to SO₂ (1-1 molar ratio)

¹ The inlet flare is already permitted at maximum houlry rates. The hourly rates for the flare will not increase with this application. The hourly limit is included to show the new piece of equipment qualifies for a technical revision.







Residue Flare SSM (RESIDUE TO FLARE 1) - Scenario 1 and Scenario 2 GHG Emissions (Unchanged) §98.233(n) Flare stack GHG emissions. Step 1. Calculate contribution of un-combusted CH₄ emissions from the regenerator combustion gas vent (actual conditions). $E_{a,CH4}$ (un-combusted) = $V_a * (1- \eta)* X_{CH4}$ (Equation W-39B) where: E_{a,CH4} = contribution of annual un-combusted CH₄ emissions from regenerator in cubic feet under actual conditions. V_a = volume of gas sent to combustion unit during the year (cf) η = Fraction of gas combusted by a burning flare (or regenerator), default value from Subpart W = For gas sent to an unlit flare, η is zero. 0.98 X_{CH4} = Mole fraction of CH₄ in gas to the flare = 0.9436 (Client gas analysis) Step 2. Calculate contribution of un-combusted CO₂ emissions from the regenerator combustion gas vent (actual conditions). (Equation W-20) $E_{a,CO2} = V_a * X_{CO2}$ where: E_{a,CO2} = contribution of annual un-combusted CO₂ emissions from regenerator in cubic feet under actual conditions. V_a = volume of gas sent to combustion unit during the year (cf) X_{CO2} = Mole fraction of CO₂ in gas to the flare = 0.001 Step 3. Calculate contribution of combusted CO₂ emissions from the regenerator combustion gas vent (actual conditions). $E_{a,CO2}$ (combusted) = $\Sigma (\eta * V_a * Y_i * R_i)$ (Equation W-21) where: η = Fraction of gas combusted by a burning flare (or regenerator) = 0.98 For gas sent to an unlit flare, η is zero. V_a = volume of gas sent to combustion unit during the year (cf) Y_i = mole fraction of gas hydrocarbon constituents j: Constituent j, Methane 0.9436 (Client gas analysis) Constituent j, Ethane = Constituent j, Propane 0.0268 0.0022 Constituent j, Butane = 0.00065 Constituent j, Pentanes 0.000354 R_i = number of carbon atoms in the gas hydrocarbon constituent j: Constituent j, Methane Constituent j, Ethane = Constituent j, Propane Constituent j, Butane = Constituent j, Pentanes 4 5 Step 4. Calculate GHG volumetric emissions at standard conditions (scf). $E_{s,n} = E_{a,n} * (459.67 + T_s) * P_a$ (Equation W-33) (459.67 + T_a) * P_s where: $E_{\text{s,n}}$ = GHG i volumetric emissions at standard temperature and pressure (STP) in cubic feet $E_{a,n} = GHG i$ volumetric emissions at actual conditions (cf) T_s = Temperature at standard conditions (F) = 60 F (Based on Annual Avg Max Temperature for Hobbs, NM T_a = Temperature at actual conditions (F) = 76 F from Western Regional Climate Center) P_s = Absolute pressure at standard conditions (psia) = 14.7 psia P_a = Absolute pressure at actual conditions (psia) = 14.7 psia (Assumption) Constant = 459.67(temperature conversion from F to R) Step 5. Calculate annual CH₄ and CO₂ mass emissions (ton). $Mass_{s,i} = E_{s,i} * \rho_i * 0.0011023$ (Equation W-36) where: Mass_{s,i} = GHG i (CO₂, CH₄, or N₂O) mass emissions at standard conditions in tons (tpy) $E_{s,i} = GHG i (CO_2, CH_4, or N_2O)$ volumetric emissions at standard conditions (cf) ρ_i = Density of GHG i. Use: CH₄: 0.0192 kg/ft³ (at 60F and 14.7 psia) 0.0526 kg/ft³ (at 60F and 14.7 psia) CO₂: Step 6. Calculate annual N₂O emissions from portable or stationary fuel combustion sources under actual conditions (cf) using Equation W-40 . Mass_{N2O} = 0.0011023 * Fuel * HHV * EF (Equation W-40) where: $Mass_{N2O}$ = annual N₂O emissions from combustion of a particular type of fuel (tons). Fuel = mass or volume of the fuel combusted HHV = high heat value of the fuel 1.235E-03 MMBtu/scf (Default provided in Subpart W Final Amendment;) Field gas HH\ EF = 1.00E-04 kg N₂O/MMBtu 10^{-3} = conversion factor from kg to metric tons.

Step 7. Calculate total annual emission from flare (regenerator) by summing Equations W-40, W-19, W-20, and W-21.

	CH₄ Un-	CO ₂ Un-	CO2	CH ₄ Un-	CO ₂ Un-	CO ₂	CH₄ Un-	CO ₂ Un-	CO ₂	N ₂ O
	Combuste	Combuste	Combusted,	Combuste	Combusted,	Combusted,	Combuste	Combuste	Combuste	Mass
Gas Sent to	d, E _{a,CH4}	d, E _{a,CO2}	E _{a,CO2}	d, E _{a,CH4}	E _{a,CO2}	E _{a,CO2}	d, E _{a,CH4}	d, E _{a,CO2}	d, E _{a,CO2}	Emission
Flare (cf/yr)	(cf)	(cf)	(cf)	(scf)	(scf)	(scf)	(tpy)	(tpy)	(tpy)	s (tpy)
230,940,000	4358166	228,862	228,164,360	4,225,625	221,901	221,225,391	89.43	12.87	12,826.86	0.03144



Emission Unit:	Residue Fla	are (Plant Flare)		
Source Description:	Flare 1			
Flow Rate:				
Flared V	/olume	230.9 MMScf/yr 90.00 MMscf/d	Max volume to flare from residue compress Flare design capacity	sor malfunction events; based on SSM records
	3,7	3.75 MMscf/hr 50.0 Mscf/hr	Flare design capacity 24-hr average	
	3	785.1 MMBtu/hr	scfh * mixture heating value / 1000	
	Pilot	575.0 scf/hr	flare pilot	
	0	.0138 MMscf/d	scf/hr * 24 (hr/day) / 1e6 SCF/MMscf	Currently Permitted
		1040 BTU/scf	Nominal, sweet natural gas	
		0.598 MMBtu/hr		

SSM Volume + Pilot 3785.67 MMBtu/hr

Residue Gas analysis (Residue to El Paso, Plant 118, 4/17/2012)

Component	MW	Wet vol/mol%	MW*Wet Vol %	HHV Btu/scf	BTU/scf* Wet Vol %	^s Spec. Volume ft ³ /lb	Mass Fraction (wet)	Weighted Spec. Volume ft ³ /lb	Spec. Volume VOC ft ³ /lb	
Water	18.02	0.00%	0.00		0.00	21.06	0	0		
Nitrogen	28.01	2.54%	0.71	0	0.00	13.547	0.0422	0.34		
CO ₂	44.01	0.10%	0.04	0	0.00	8.623	0.0026	0.0085		
H ₂ S	34.08	0.0005%	0.00	637.02	0.00	11.31	1.0106E-05	0.00005655		
Methane	16.04	94.36%	15.14	1009.7	952.72	23.65	0.89771	22.3		
Ethane	30.07	2.68%	0.81	1768.7	47.36	12.62	0.04775	0.34		
Propane	44.10	0.22%	0.10	2517.2	5.58	8.606	0.00579	0.019	5.129	
I-Butane	58.12	0.02%	0.01	3252.6	0.62	6.529	0.00066	0.0012	0.442	
N-Butane	58.12	0.05%	0.03	3262	1.50	6.529	0.00159	0.0030	1.065	
I-Pentane	72.15	0.0129%	0.01	3999.7	0.52	5.26	0.00055	0.00068	0.299	
N-Pentane	72.15	0.0124%	0.01	4008.7	0.50	5.26	0.00053	0.00065	0.287	
Hexane Plus	100.21	0.01%	0.01	5502	0.56	3.787	0.00060	0.00038	0.234	
Total		100%	16.86		1009.35		1.000	23.0	7.46	
Dry total		100%	(11	nixture mol.	wt) (m	ixture heating	value)			
	NMHC	3.00%								
	NMEHC (VOC)						0.97%			
Emission Calculations										
Pilot Emissions	NOx	<u></u>	SO ₂	H ₂ S	VOC	Units	_			
	0.1380	0.2755				lb/MMBtu	TNRCC RG-1	09 (high Btu;	other)	
				3.6E-04		Ib H ₂ S/Mscf	Purchased s	weet natural g	jas fuel, 0.25 gr	H ₂ S/100scf
				2.05E-04		lb H ₂ S/hr	H ₂ S rate * fu	iel usage		
			7E-03			lb S/Mscf	Purchased s	weet natural g	jas fuel, 5 gr S/	100scf
			4E-03			lb SO ₂ /hr*	SO ₂ rate * fu	uel usage		
					0.00%	mol%	Assume no \	/OC content ir	purchased fue	l (methane)
-					23.7	ft ³ /lb	Specific volu	me (methane))	
	0.083	0.165				lb/hr	lb/MMBtu *	MMBtu/hr		
			0.0041	4.1E-06	-	lb/hr	98% combu	stion H ₂ S; 100	1% conversion t	o SO ₂
	0.36	0.72				tpy	8760 hrs/yr			
			0.018	1.8E-05	-					
Plant Blowdown to Flare SSM	NOx	со	SO ₂	H₂S*	VOC*					
	0.1380	0.2755				lb/MMBtu	RG-109 Emis	sion Factors f	or high-Btu, no	n-steam assisted
			0.0005%	0.0005%	1.00%	mol %	Flare Gas			
			11.31	11.31	7.46	ft³/lb	Specific volu	me		
			1.66	1.66	5,029.4	lb/hr	vol. Gas * m	ole fraction /	specific volume	
				98%	98%		Estimated co	ontrol efficience	y for H ₂ S and V	OC
			100%				Estimated H	S conversion	to SO ₂ (1-1 mo	lar ratio)
-	522.3	1042.8	3.06	3.32E-02	100.6	lb/hr	Based on nil	ot plus flared	aas	
	16.08	32.1	0.096	0.00102	3.10	tpy			5	
Total Pilot + Flaring	NOx	со	SO ₂	H ₂ S	voc					
	522.42 16.45	1042.95 32.83	3.06 0.11	0.033 0.0010	100.59 3.10	lb/hr tpy				

 $\ast\,$ VOC and H_2S concentrations were increased to account any variations in the gas.



Flare emission calculations from SSM (PLANT SHUTDOWN TO FLARE 2) - Scenario 3 (Unchanged)

Emission Unit:	Inlet Flare (Field Gas Flare)	
Source Description: Flow Rate:	Flare 2	
Plant Blowdown	16.6 MMscf/yr 19.1 MMscf/yr 90.00 MMscf/d 3.75 MMscf/hr 3,750.00 Mscf/hr 4570.91 MMBtu/hr	Maximum Plant Blowdown to Flare based on SSM records Maximum Plant Blowdown with 15% safety factor Flare design capacity Flare design capacity 24-hr average scfh * mixture heating value / 1000
Pilot	575.0 scf/hr 0.0138 MMscf/d 1040 BTU/scf 0.598 MMBtu/hr	flare pilot scf/hr * 24 (hr/day) / 1e6 SCF/MMscf Nominal, sweet natural gas
Pilot plus Flare	4571.5 MMBtu/hr 21.68 MMscf/yr	

Inlet Gas analysis (Green Gas Flare, Plant 118, 2/10/2012)

	ie, Flant 110, 2)	Wet	MW*Wet	нну	BTU/scf* Wet Vol	Spec. Volume	Weighte d Spec. Volume	Mass Fraction	Spec. Volume VOC	
Component	MW	vol/mol%	Vol %	Btu/scf	%	ft ³ /lb	ft ³ /lb	(Wet)	ft ³ /lb	
Water	18.02	0.00%	0.00		0.00	21.06	0	0		•
Nitrogen	28.01	2.17%	0.61	0	0.00	13.547	0.29	0.0270		
CO ₂	44.01	3.56%	1.57	0	0.00	8.623	0.3072	0.0695		
H ₂ S	34.08	1.10%	0.37	637.02	7.01	11.31	0.124	0.0166		
Methane	16.04	74.74%	11.99	1009.7	754.64	23.65	17.7	0.5317		
Fthane	30.07	8.75%	2.63	1768.7	154.71	12.62	1.10	0.1166		
Propane	44.10	5.20%	2.29	2517.2	130.92	8.606	0.448	0.1017	3.6692	
I-Butane	58.12	0.77%	0.45	3252.6	25.10	6.529	0.0504	0.0199	0.5443	
N-Butane	58.12	1.83%	1.06	3262	59.56	6.529	0.1192	0.0471	1.2880	
I-Pentane	72.15	0.5316%	0.38	3999.7	21.26	5.26	0.02796	0.0170	0.3750	
N-Pentane	72.15	0.4693%	0.34	4008.7	18.81	5.26	0.02469	0.0150	0.3311	
Hexane plus	100.21	0.85%	0.85	5502	46.89	3.787	0.03228	0.0379	0.6012	
Total	100121	100%	22.55	0002	1218.91	01.07	20.2	1	6.8089	•
Drv total		100%	(m	ixture mol.	wt) (mi	xture heating	value)			
	NMHC	18.40%	((
	NMEHC (VOC)	9.65%						24%		
Emission Calculations										
Pilot Emissions	NOx	со	SO ₂	H ₂ S	voc	Units				
	0.1380	0.2755	-	-		lb/MMBtu	TNRCC RG	-109 (hiah F	Btu: other)	
				4E-04		lb H ₂ S/Mscf	Purchased	sweet natu	ral gas fuel, (0.25 ar H ₂ S/100scf
				2 1E-04		lh H ₂ S/hr	H ₂ S rate *	fuel usage	5	5 2 ,
			7E-03	2.12 01		lh S/Mscf	Purchased	sweet natu	ral das fuel 4	5 ar S/100scf
			7E 03			lb SO. /br*	SO, rate *	fuel usage	iai gas raci, s	5 gi 5/1005ci
			4L-03		0.00%	10 30 ₂ /11	Accumo no		nt in nurchas	ad fuel (methane)
					0.00%	moi%	Assume no	o voc conte	nt in purchas	sed ruel (methane)
					6.8	<u>ft²/lb</u>	_specific vo	nume (meth	ane)	
	0.083	0.165				lb/hr	Ib/MMBtu	* MMBtu/hr	1000/	
			0.00411	4.1E-06	-	lb/hr	98% com	bustion H_2S ;	100% conve	ersion to SO_2
	0.36	0.72	0.01802	1.8E-05	-	tpy	8760 hrs/y	/r		
Plant Blowdown to Flare SSM	NOx	со	SO ₂	H₂S	voc					
	0.1380	0.2755				lb/MMBtu	RG-109 En	nission Facto	ors for high-E	Btu, non-steam assisted
			1.1%	1.1%	9.7%	mol %	Flare Gas			
			11.31	11.31	6.81	ft³/lb	Specific vo	olume		
			3,647.21	3,647.21	53,158.1	lb/hr	vol. Gas *	mole fractio	n / specific v	volume
				98%	98%		Estimated	control effic	iency for H ₂ S	and VOC
			100%				Estimated	H ₂ S convers	sion to SO_{2} (1	I-1 molar ratio)
	630.87	1259 4	6 865 3	72 9	1063.2		Based on a	nilot nlus fla	red das	
	1.6	3.2	17.5	0.19	2.4	tpy	Dased Off			
Total Pilot / Flaving	NO	CO	50.	H.C	VOC					
TULAI PIIUL + Plaring	631.03	1259.78	6865.35	72.94	1063.16	lb/hr				
	1.97	3.94	17.54	0.19	2.36	tpy				

Fuel gas molecular weight	16.04 g/mol	Mol. w
Heat release (q)	320,005,387.3 cal/sec	MMBtu
q _n	258,487,599.6	$q_n = q$
Effective stack diameter (D)	16.1 m	D = (1





 10^{-3} = conversion factor from kg to metric tons.

Step 7. Calculate total annual emission by summing Equations W-40, W-19, W-20, and W-21.

	CH₄ Un-	CO ₂ Un-	CO2	CH₄ Un-	CO ₂ Un-	CO2	CH₄ Un-	CO ₂ Un-	CO ₂	
Gas Sent	Combust	Combust	Combusted,	Combust	Combusted,	Combuste	Combusted,	Combust	Combust	N ₂ O Mass
to Flare	ed, E _{a,CH4}	ed, E _{a,CO2}	E _{a,CO2}	ed, E _{a,CH4}	E _{a,CO2}	d, E _{a,CO2}	E _{a,CH4}	ed, E _{a,CO2}	ed, E _{a,CO2}	Emission
(cf/yr)	(cf)	(cf)	(cf)	(scf)	(scf)	(scf)	(tpy)	(tpy)	(tpy)	s (tpy)
19,141,750	286126	681,944	23,916,285	277,424	681,944	23,188,939	5.87	39.54	1,344.52	0.00261



F-03 Summary (Updated - 0110-M11)

	H ₂ S		N	0x	CO		VOC		H₂S		SO ₂	
Scenarios	Mol%	Description	lb/hr	tpy	lb/hr	tpy	lb/hr	tpy	lb/hr	tpy	lb/hr	tpy
1a	12%	3.5 MMSCFD Acid Gas	67.65	7 70	580.05	66 71	31.58	2 62	30.95	2 56	2908.77	224 E1
2a	12%	1.75 MMSCFD Acid Gas	51.20	7.76	439.03	00.71	23.05	5.05	15.48	5.50	1454.38	334.31
1b	16%	3.5 MMSCFD Acid Gas	67.89	E 96	582.10	E0 21	31.58	2 72	41.27	2 56	3878.35	224 E1
2b	16%	1.75 MMSCFD Acid Gas	51.32	5.60	440.06	50.21	23.05	2.72	20.63	5.50	1939.18	334.51
1c	20%	3.5 MMSCFD Acid Gas	68.13	4 70	584.14	40.21	31.58	2 10	51.59	2 56	4847.94	224 E1
2c	20%	1.75 MMSCFD Acid Gas	51.44	4.70	441.08	40.51	23.05	2.10	25.79	5.50	2423.97	334.51
1d	24%	3.5 MMSCFD Acid Gas	68.37	2.02	586.18	22 71	31.58	1 07	61.90	2 56	5817.53	224 E1
2d	24%	1.75 MMSCFD Acid Gas	51.56	5.95	442.10	55.71	23.05	1.02	30.95	5.50	2908.77	334.31

*The purpose of this table is to show the different fluctuations in H₂S concentration in the gas that may be sent to the acid gas flare. The worst case scenario for permitting purposes will be Scenarios 1d and 2d which has the highest concentration of H₂S. Scenarios 1d and 2d will be the emissions listed in table 2F of the application.



Targa Midstream Services, LLC -- Monument Gas Plant

Flare emission calculations from SSM (AGI SSM to Acid Gas Flare) - Annual Emissions (Updated - 0110-M11)

 Emission Unit:
 Acid Gas Flare

 Source Description:
 F-03 (AGI SSM to Acid Gas Flare)

Flow Rate:	3.5 MMscf/d 3,500 Mscf/d 146 Mscf/hr	Daily flare volume MMscf/d * 1000 24-hr average
	146 Mscf/hr 24.3 MMBtu/hr	24-hr average scfh * mixture heating value / 1000

Component	MW	Wet vol/mol%	MW*Wet Vol %	HHV Btu/scf	BTU/scf * Wet Vol %	Spec. Volume ft ³ /lb	Mass Fraction (wet)	Weighted Spec. Volume ft ³ /lb	Spec. Volume VOC ft ³ /lb
Water	18.02	9.67%	1.74		0.00	21.06	0.045	2.04	
Nitrogen	28.01	0.00%	0.00	0	0.00	13.547	0.00	0.00	
CO ₂	44.01	64.50%	28.39	0	0.00	8.623	0.737	5.56	
H ₂ S	34.08	24.00%	8.18	637.02	152.88	11.31	0.212	2.71	
Methane	16.04	0.50%	0.08	1009.7	5.05	23.65	0.0021	0.12	
Ethane	30.07	0.30%	0.09	1768.7	5.31	12.62	0.0023	0.038	
Propane	44.10	0.10%	0.04	2517.2	2.52	8.606	0.0011	0.0086	6.17
I-Butane	58.12	0.00%	0.00	3252.6	0.00	6.529	0.00	0.000	0.00
N-Butane	58.12	0.03%	0.02	3262	0.98	6.529	0.00	0.0020	1.85
I-Pentane	72.15	0.00%	0.00	3999.7	0.00	5.26	0.00	0.00	0.00
N-Pentane	72.15	0.00%	0.00	4008.7	0.00	5.26	0.00	0.00	0.00
Hexanes	86.18	0.00%	0.00	4756.1	0.00	4.404	0.00	0.00	0.00
C7+	100.21	0.00%	0.00	5502	0.00	3.787	0.00	0.00	0.00
Total		99.1%	38.54		166.74				8.017
Dry total		89%	(mi	ixture mol.	wt) (mixtı	ıre heating	value)		
	NMHC	0.43%							
	NMEHC (VOC)	1.00%					0.0016		

Acid Gas	Flare Pilot	Assist Gas	Flared Gas	Acid Gas	Flare Pilot	Assist Gas	Flared Gas	Heat
Volume	Volume	Volume	Volume	HHV	HHV	HHV	HHV	Release
(mmscfd)	(mmscfd)	(mmscfd)	(mmscfd)	(btu/scf)	(btu/scf)	(btu/scf)	(btu/scf)	(MMBtu/hr)
3.50	0.0138	25.0	28.51	166.74	1,000.00	1,000.00	897.72	1,066.56
Acid Gas	Flare Pilot	Assist Gas	Acid Gas	Flare Pilot	Assist Gas	Flared Gas	Effective	
Volume	Volume	Volume	MW	MW	MW	MW	Diameter	
(mmscfd)	(mmscfd)	(mmscfd)	(lb/lb-mol)	(lb/lb-mol)	(lb/lb-mol)	(lb/lb-mol)	(m)	
3.50	0.0138	25.0	38.54	16.00	16.00	18.77	7.7	
Acid Gas	Flare Pilot	Assist Gas	Acid Gas	Acid Gas	H ₂ S	SO ₂	SO ₂	
Volume	Volume	Volume	H_2S	H_2S	Emissions	Emissions	Emissions	
(mmscfd)	(mmscfd)	(mmscfd)	(%)	(lb/hr)	(lb/hr)	(lb/hr)	(tpy)	
3.50	0.0138	25.000	24.00%	3.095.12	61.90	5817.5	872.63	

	NOx	со	SO ₂	H₂S	VOC	
-	0.0641	0.5496				Ib/MMBtu RG-109 Emission Factors for Low-Btu, non-steam assisted
				3,095.12	1578.9	H ₂ S and VOC in acid gas by mass balance
				98%	98%	Estimated control efficiency for H ₂ S and VOC
			100%			Estimated H_2S conversion to SO_2 (1-1 molar ratio)
	68.4	586.2	5,817.5	61.9	31.58	(lb/hr) - Scenario 4 worst case
	3.9	33.7	334.5	3.6	1.816	(tpy) 115 hr/yr



Targa Midstream Services, LLC -- Monument Gas Plant

Flare emission calculations from SSM (AGI SSM to Acid Gas Flare) - Scenario 2d (Updated - 0110-M11)

Emission Unit:Acid Gas FlareSource Description:F-03 (AGI SSM to Acid Gas Flare)

Flow Rate:	1.75 MMscf/d 1,750 Mscf/d 73 Mscf/hr 12.2 MMBtu/hr	Daily flare volume MMscf/d * 1000 24-hr average scfh * mixture heating value / 1000
	12.2 MMBtu/hr	scfh * mixture heating value / 1000

Component	MW	Wet vol/mol%	MW*Wet Vol %	HHV Btu/scf	BTU/scf * Wet Vol %	Spec. Volume ft ³ /lb	Mass Fraction (wet)	weignte d Spec. Volume ft ³ /lb	Spec. Volume VOC ft ³ /lb
Water	18.02	9.67%	1.74		0.00	21.06	0.045253	2.036502	
Nitrogen	28.01	0.00%	0.00	0	0.00	13.547	0	0.00	
CO ₂	44.01	64.40%	28.34	0	0.00	8.623	0.736241	5.5532	
H₂S	34.08	24.00%	8.18	637.02	152.88	11.31	0.21248	2.7144	
Methane	16.04	0.50%	0.08	1009.7	5.05	23.65	0.002084	0.1	
Ethane	30.07	0.30%	0.09	1768.7	5.31	12.62	0.002343	0.04	
Propane	44.10	0.10%	0.04	2517.2	2.52	8.606	0.001145	0.009	6.167
I-Butane	58.12	0.00%	0.00	3252.6	0.00	6.529	0	0.0000	0.000
N-Butane	58.12	0.03%	0.02	3262	0.98	6.529	0.000453	0.0020	1.850
I-Pentane	72.15	0.00%	0.00	3999.7	0.00	5.26	0	0.00000	0.000
N-Pentane	72.15	0.00%	0.00	4008.7	0.00	5.26	0	0.00000	0.000
Hexanes	86.18	0.00%	0.00	4756.1	0.00	4.404	0	0.00000	0.000
C7+	100.21	0.00%	0.00	5502	0.00	3.787	0	0.00000	0.000
Total		99.0%	38.50		166.74				8.017
Dry total		89%	(m.	ixture mol.	wt) (mixtu	ire heating	value)		
	NMHC	0.43%							

NMEHC (VOC) 1.00%

0.001598

Acid Gas	Flare Pilot	Assist Gas	Flared Gas	Acid Gas	Flare Pilot	Assist Gas	Flared Gas	Heat
Volume	Volume	Volume	Volume	HHV	HHV	HHV	HHV	Release
(mmscfd)	(mmscfd)	(mmscfd)	(mmscfd)	(btu/scf)	(btu/scf)	(btu/scf)	(btu/scf)	(MMBtu/hr)
1.75	0.0138	19.00	20.76	166.74	1,000.00	1,000.00	929.77	804.40
Acid Gas	Flare Pilot	Assist Gas	Acid Gas	Flare Pilot	Assist Gas	Flared Gas	Effective	
Volume	Volume	Volume	MW	MW	MW	MW	Diameter	
(mmscfd)	(mmscfd)	(mmscfd)	(lb/lb-mol)	(lb/lb-mol)	(lb/lb-mol)	(lb/lb-mol)	(m)	
1.75	0.0138	19.00	38.50	16.00	16.00	17.9	6.70	
Acid Gas	Flare Pilot	Assist Gas	Acid Gas	Acid Gas	H₂S	SO ₂	SO ₂	
Volume	Volume	Volume	H₂S	H ₂ S	Emissions	Emissions	Emissions	
(mmscfd)	(mmscfd)	(mmscfd)	(%)	(lb/hr)	(lb/hr)	(lb/hr)	(tpy)	
1.75	0.0138	19.00	24.00%	1,547.56	30.95	2908.8	436.3	

NOx	со	SO ₂	H₂S	VOC	
 0.0641	0.5496				Ib/MMBtu RG-109 Emission Factors for Low-Btu, non-steam assisted
			1,547.56	1152.70	H ₂ S and VOC in acid gas by mass balance
			98%	98%	Estimated control efficiency for H ₂ S and VOC
		100%			Estimated H ₂ S conversion to SO ₂ (1-1 molar ratio)
51.6	442.1	2,908.8	31.0	23.05	(lb/hr) - Scenario 2 worst case





Step 7. Calculate total annual emission by summing Equations W-40, W-19, W-20, and W-21

	CH₄ Un-	CO ₂ Un-	CO2	CH₄ Un-	CO ₂ Un-	CO2	CH₄ Un-	CO ₂ Un-	C02	N ₂ O
Gas Sent to	Combust	Combusted,	Combusted,	Combust	Combusted,	Combuste	Combusted,	Combust	Combust	Mass
Flare	ed, E _{a,CH4}	E _{a,CO2}	E _{a,CO2}	ed, E _{a,CH4}	E _{a,CO2}	d, E _{a,CO2}	E _{a,CH4}	ed, E _{a,CO2}	ed, E _{a,CO2}	Emission
(cf/yr)	(cf)	(cf)	(cf)	(ccf)	(scf)	(scf)	(tny)	(tny)	(tny)	e (tov)
	(0)	(0)	(u)				((P))	(49)	((4))	3 (CPY)




 10^{-3} = conversion factor from kg to metric tons.

Step 7. Calculate total annual emission by summing Equations W-40, W-19, W-20, and W-21

	CH₄ Un-	CO ₂ Un-	CO ₂	CH₄ Un-	CO ₂ Un-	CO ₂	CH₄ Un-	CO ₂ Un-	CO ₂	N ₂ O
	Combust	Combusted,	Combusted,	Combust	Combusted,	Combusted,	Combust	Combust	Combuste	Mass
Gas Sent to	ed, E _{a,CH4}	E _{a,CO2}	E _{a,CO2}	ed, E _{a,CH4}	E _{a,CO2}	E _{a,CO2}	ed, E _{a,CH4}	ed, E _{a,CO2}	d, E _{a,CO2}	Emission
Flare (cf/yr)	(cf)	(cf)	(cf)	(scf)	(scf)	(scf)	(tpy)	(tpy)	(tpy)	s (tpy)
328,500,000	6199261	325,544	324,551,798	6,010,729	325,544	314,681,480	127.21	18.88	18,245.54	0.04472

New Unit BE/BH-1 Exempt per 20.2.72.202.B.5

Targa Midstream Services LLC - Monument Compressor Station

Emissions Summary

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				24. a (j. 17	· · · · · · ·	C	ontrolled	Emissio	1 S			1.00					
		N	0 x 0	C	0	V O	Cs	S	0.	T	S P	P. I	W -10	PM	-2.5	H A	Ps
Unit No.	Description/Source	pph	tp y	pph	tp y	pph	tp y	pph	tp y	pph	tp y	pph	tp y	pph	tpy	pph	tp y
Proposed Sc	Durces																
BH-1	Emergency Heater	0.14	0.036	0.036	0.0091	0.0040	0.0010	0.05	0.013	0.014	0.0036	0.014	0.0036	0.014	0.0036	0.000024	0.0000
B E - 1	Emergency Heater Engine	0.13	0.033	0,092	0.023	0.13	0.033	0.028	0.0071	0.014	0.0035	0.014	0.0035	0.014	0.0035	0.0064	0.0331
	Total	0.28	0.07	0.13	0.03	0.14	0.03	0.08	0.02	0.03	0.01	0.03	0.01	0.03	0.01	0.01	0.03

New Unit BE/BH-1 Exempt per 20.2.72.202.B.5

TABLE 2 ESTIMATED EMISSIONS FROM

WEIGHT CONVERSION

ANNUAL EMISSIONS

Input Parameters for Emission Calculations Design Firing Rating Engine Rating Fuel Consumption® Operating Hours per Year 0.10 MMBtu/hr 13.8 Horse Power 7000 BTU/hp-hr 500 hr/yr 350 gal/yr CONVERSION FACTOR ANNUAL OPERATING HOURS POLLUTANT EMIBBION FACTOR CAPACITY HOURLY EMISSIONS

NOxª	7.50	g NOx kW-hr	x	8.0	kW	x	0.0022	lb gr	=	0.13	ib NOx hr	500	Hours yr	x	1 2000	ton Ibs	=	0.03	<u>lons NOx</u> yr
coª	0.0067	ib CO hp-hr	x	13.8	hp				=	0.09	<u>lb CO</u> hr	500	Hours yr	x	1 2000	ton Ibs	×	0.02	tons CO yr
vocª	7.50	g VOC kW-hr	x	6.0	kW	x	0.0022	<u>lb</u> gr	=	0.13	<u>lb VOC</u> hr	500	<u>Hours</u> γr	x	1 2000	ton Ibs	=	0.03	tons VOC yr
сн ₂ 0*	0.000463	lb CH2O hp-hr	x	13.8	hp				=	0.01	lb CH₂O hr	500	Hours yr	x	1 2000	ton Ibs	z	0.002	tons CH ₂ C yr
SO2	0.00205	ib SO2 hp-hr	x	13.8	hp				=	0.03	lb SO ₂	500	Hours yr	x	1 2000	tan Ibs	=	0.01	tons SO ₂ yr
PM 10	0.8	g PM10 xW-hr	x	8.0	kW	x	0.0022	lb gr	=	0.01	lb PM _{1C} hr	500	Hours yr	x	1 2000	ton Ibs	=	0.004	tons PM, yr
снзсноª	0.000000	lb CH3CHO hp-br	x	0.0	hp	arud (1 mini (1 mini		111 - 112 - 112 - 112 - 112 - 112 - 112 - 112 - 112 - 112 - 112 - 112 - 112 - 112 - 112 - 112 - 112 - 112 - 112	2	0.00	lb CH₂O hr	500	Hours	x	1 2000	ton Ibs	=	0.000	tons CH ₂ (yr
Total HAP ^a	0.000000	lb HAP hp-hr	x	0.0	hp				=	0.00	b CH ₂ O hr	500	Hours yr	x	1 2000	ton ibs	=	0.000	tons CH₂¢ yr

* Emission Factors obtained from EPA Tier IV diesel engines and AP-42. NOX Emission Factors - 0.00668. IbH/PH-X AP-42 Table 3.4. CO Emission Factors - 0.00668. IbH/PH-X AP-42 Table 3.4. VOC Emission Factors - 0.000463 IbH/P-hr, AP-42 Table 3.4. SO, Emission Factors - 0.00205 IbH/P-hr, AP-42 Table 3.4. SO, Emission Factor - 0.00205 IbH/P-hr, AP-42 Table 3.4. PM, Emission Factors - 0.00205 IbH/P-hr, AP-42 Table 3.4. CH3CH (Develatedryd) - Dission Factors - 0.8. CH3CH (Develatedryd) - Dission Factors - 0.00465 IbH/P-hr, AP-42 Table 3.4.1 Total HAP Emission Factors - 0.00045 IbH/P-hr, AP-42 Table 3.4.1

New Unit BE/BH-1 Exempt per 20.2.72.202.B.5

TABLE 3 ESTIMATED EMISSIONS FROM

Input Parameters for Emission Calculations
Design Firing Rating
Heating Value
0.138
MMBTU/gal
Fuel Usage
7.25
gal/hr
Operating Hours per Year
500
hr/yr

MMBTU/gal gal/hr <u>3623.2</u>gal/yr hr/yr

POLLUTANT	EMISSIO	FACTOR	611 a	CAPA	CITY		CONVERSION FACTOR	но	DURLYEMI	SIONS	AN OPERAT	NUAL ING HOURS		WEIC	BHT RSION	AN	INUAL EMI	\$ \$ 10 N \$
NOxª	20.0	ib NOx gal	×	7.25	gal hr	_ × _	<u>1</u> 1000	=	0.14	<u>lb NOx</u> hr	500	Hours yr	×.	1 2000	ton Ibs	=	0.04	tons NOx yr
COª	5.0	<u>ib CO</u> gal	x	7.25	gal hr	_ × _	1 1000	2	0.04	<u>ib CO</u> hr	500	<u>Hours</u> yr	× .	1 2000	ton Ibs	8	0.01	tons CO yr
VOCª	0.556	lb VOC gai	x	7.25	gal hr	_ × _	<u>1</u>	=	0.0040	<u>lb VOC</u> hr	500	<u>Hours</u> yr	×	1 2000	ton Ibs	=	0.001	tons VOC yr
CH ₂ Oª	0.0033	lb CH2O gal	x	7.25	gal hr	- × -	1 1000	2	0.00002	ib CH ₂ O hr	500	Hours yr	×	1 2000	ton Ibs	=	0.00001	tons CH ₂ O yr
SO2 ⁸	7.1	lb SO2 hp-hr	x	7.25	gal hr	_ × _	1 1000	=	0.051	lb SO ₂ hr	500	Hours yr	×	1 2000	ton. Ibs	=	0.01	tons SO ₂ yr
PM ₁₀ ª	2.0	lb PM10 gal	x	7.25	gal hr	- × -	<u>1</u> 1000	=	0.01	lb PM ₁₀ hr	500	Hours yr	x	1 2000	ton Ibs	=	0.004	tons PM ₁₀ yr

^a Emission Factors obtained from AP-4

ctors obtained from AP-42.		
NOx Emission Factor =	20.0	lb/1000 gal
CO Emission Factor =	5.0	lb/1000 gal
VOC Emission Factor =	0.556	lb/1000 gal
CH ₂ O Emission Factor =	0,0033	lb/1000 gal
SO ₂ Emission Factor =	7.1	lb/1000 gal
PM ₁₀ Emission Factor =	2.0	lb/1000 gal

500 ppm S 0.05% by weight S

Information Used To Determine Emissions

Information Used to Determine Emissions shall include the following:

- ☑ If manufacturer data are used, include specifications for emissions units <u>and</u> control equipment, including control efficiencies specifications and sufficient engineering data for verification of control equipment operation, including design drawings, test reports, and design parameters that affect normal operation.
- □ If test data are used, include a copy of the complete test report. If the test data are for an emissions unit other than the one being permitted, the emission units must be identical. Test data may not be used if any difference in operating conditions of the unit being permitted and the unit represented in the test report significantly effect emission rates.
- ☑ If the most current copy of AP-42 is used, reference the section and date located at the bottom of the page. Include a copy of the page containing the emissions factors, and clearly mark the factors used in the calculations.
- □ If an older version of AP-42 is used, include a complete copy of the section.
- \blacksquare If an EPA document or other material is referenced, include a complete copy.
- □ Fuel specifications sheet.
- □ If computer models are used to estimate emissions, include an input summary (if available) and a detailed report, and a disk containing the input file(s) used to run the model. For tank-flashing emissions, include a discussion of the method used to estimate tank-flashing emissions, relative thresholds (i.e., permit or major source (NSPS, PSD or Title V)), accuracy of the model, the input and output from simulation models and software, all calculations, documentation of any assumptions used, descriptions of sampling methods and conditions, copies of any lab sample analysis.

NSR Permit 0110-M11R5 Revisions:

Extreme Cold Emergency Heater (Unit BE/BH-1) – Insignificant per IA List Item #1.a

- EPA Tier 4 diesel engine emission factors
- AP-42 Table 3.3-1

NSR Permit 0110-M11R4 Revisions:

Fugitives Associated with Additional Components Installation (Unit FG-01; FUG-GSP)

- Table 2-4 of the EPA Protocol for Equipment Leak Emission Estimates, November 1995
- Residue gas analysis dated 4/17/2012
- NGLs gas analysis dated 7/14/2021
- Inlet gas analysis dated 8/21/2018

Pump Purging SSM Emissions (Unit SSM-PP)

- Manufacturer Specifications
- NGLs gas analysis dated 7/14/2021

Pressurized Propane Loadout (Unit L-02) – Insignificant per IA List Item #1.a

Ideal gas law

Haul road activity associated with propane production (Haul Roads) – Insignificant per IA List Item #1.a

• AP-42 13.2.1 Paved Roads

NSR Permit 0110-M11R3 Revisions:

Fugitives Associated with Additional Components Installation (Unit FG-01; FUG-AGC)

- Table 2-4 of the EPA Protocol for Equipment Leak Emission Estimates, November 1995
- Facility Acid Gas Analysis dated 8/18/2020

NSR Permit 0110-M11R2 Revisions:

Fugitives Associated with Additional Components Installation (Unit FG-01)

• Table 2-4 of the EPA Protocol for Equipment Leak Emission Estimates, November 1995

NSR Permit 0110-M11R1 Revisions:

Fugitives Associated with C-40 (Unit FG-01; FUG-C40)

• Table 2-4 of the EPA Protocol for Equipment Leak Emission Estimates, November 1995

SSM Emissions Associated with C-40 (Unit SSM-CB)

• Residue Gas Analysis, dated 8/21/2018

NSR Permit 0110-M11 Revisions:

Acid Gas Flare (Unit F-03 SSM)

- TNRCC RG-109
- Table 2-4 of the EPA Protocol for Equipment Leak Emission Estimates, November 1995

Fugitives Associated with Redundant AGI Compressor (Unit FG-01)

- Table 2-4 of the EPA Protocol for Equipment Leak Emission Estimates, November 1995
- Facility Acid Gas Analysis

SSM Emissions Associated with Redundant AGI Compressor (Unit SSM-AGI-C2)

• Facility Acid Gas Analysis

Information Used To Determine Emissions

Information Used to Determine Emissions shall include the following:

- \blacksquare If manufacturer data are used, include specifications for emissions units <u>and</u> control equipment, including control efficiencies specifications and sufficient engineering data for verification of control equipment operation, including design drawings, test reports, and design parameters that affect normal operation.
- □ If test data are used, include a copy of the complete test report. If the test data are for an emissions unit other than the one being permitted, the emission units must be identical. Test data may not be used if any difference in operating conditions of the unit being permitted and the unit represented in the test report significantly effect emission rates.
- ☑ If the most current copy of AP-42 is used, reference the section and date located at the bottom of the page. Include a copy of the page containing the emissions factors, and clearly mark the factors used in the calculations.
- □ If an older version of AP-42 is used, include a complete copy of the section.
- \blacksquare If an EPA document or other material is referenced, include a complete copy.
- □ Fuel specifications sheet.
- □ If computer models are used to estimate emissions, include an input summary (if available) and a detailed report, and a disk containing the input file(s) used to run the model. For tank-flashing emissions, include a discussion of the method used to estimate tank-flashing emissions, relative thresholds (i.e., permit or major source (NSPS, PSD or Title V)), accuracy of the model, the input and output from simulation models and software, all calculations, documentation of any assumptions used, descriptions of sampling methods and conditions, copies of any lab sample analysis.

NSR Permit 0110-M11R4 Revisions:

Fugitives Associated with Additional Components Installation (Unit FG-01; FUG-GSP)

- Table 2-4 of the EPA Protocol for Equipment Leak Emission Estimates, November 1995
- Residue gas analysis dated 4/17/2012
- NGLs gas analysis dated 7/14/2021
- Inlet gas analysis dated 8/21/2018

Pump Purging SSM Emissions (Unit SSM-PP)

- Manufacturer Specifications
- NGLs gas analysis dated 7/14/2021

Pressurized Propane Loadout (Unit L-02) – Insignificant per IA List Item #1.a

• Ideal gas law

Haul road activity associated with propane production (Haul Roads) – Insignificant per IA List Item #1.a

• AP-42 13.2.1 Paved Roads

NSR Permit 0110-M11R3 Revisions:

Fugitives Associated with Additional Components Installation (Unit FG-01; FUG-AGC)

- Table 2-4 of the EPA Protocol for Equipment Leak Emission Estimates, November 1995
- Facility Acid Gas Analysis dated 8/18/2020

NSR Permit 0110-M11R2 Revisions:

Fugitives Associated with Additional Components Installation (Unit FG-01)

• Table 2-4 of the EPA Protocol for Equipment Leak Emission Estimates, November 1995

NSR Permit 0110-M11R1 Revisions:

Fugitives Associated with C-40 (Unit FG-01; FUG-C40)

• Table 2-4 of the EPA Protocol for Equipment Leak Emission Estimates, November 1995

SSM Emissions Associated with C-40 (Unit SSM-CB)

• Residue Gas Analysis, dated 8/21/2018

NSR Permit 0110-M11 Revisions:

Acid Gas Flare (Unit F-03 SSM)

- TNRCC RG-109
- Table 2-4 of the EPA Protocol for Equipment Leak Emission Estimates, November 1995

Fugitives Associated with Redundant AGI Compressor (Unit FG-01)

- Table 2-4 of the EPA Protocol for Equipment Leak Emission Estimates, November 1995
- Facility Acid Gas Analysis

SSM Emissions Associated with Redundant AGI Compressor (Unit SSM-AGI-C2)

• Facility Acid Gas Analysis

United States Environmental Protection Agency Office of Air Quality Planning and Standards Research Triangle Park NC 27711

EPA-453/R-95-017 November 1995

Air



Protocol for Equipment Leak Emission Estimates



Equipment Type	Service ^a	Emission Factor (kg/hr/source) ^b
Valves	Gas Heavy Oil Light Oil Water/Oil	4.5E-03 8.4E-06 2.5E-03 9.8E-05
Pump seals	Gas Heavy Oil Light Oil Water/Oil	2.4E-03 NA 1.3E-02 2.4E-05
Others ^C	Gas Heavy Oil Light Oil Water/Oil	8.8E-03 3.2E-05 7.5E-03 1.4E-02
Connectors	Gas Heavy Oil Light Oil Water/Oil	2.0E-04 7.5E-06 2.1E-04 1.1E-04
Flanges	Gas Heavy Oil Light Oil Water/Oil	3.9E-04 3.9E-07 1.1E-04 2.9E-06
Open-ended lines	Gas Heavy Oil Light Oil Water/Oil	2.0E-03 1.4E-04 1.4E-03 2.5E-04

TABLE 2-4. OIL AND GAS PRODUCTION OPERATIONS AVERAGE EMISSION FACTORS (kg/hr/source)

^aWater/Oil emission factors apply to water streams in oil service with a water content greater than 50%, from the point of origin to the point where the water content reaches 99%. For water streams with a water content greater than 99%, the emission rate is considered negligible.

^bThese factors are for total organic compound emission rates (including non-VOC's such as methane and ethane) and apply to light crude, heavy crude, gas plant, gas production, and off shore facilities. "NA" indicates that not enough data were available to develop the indicated emission factor.

^CThe "other" equipment type was derived from compressors, diaphrams, drains, dump arms, hatches, instruments, meters, pressure relief valves, polished rods, relief valves, and vents. This "other" equipment type should be applied for any equipment type other than connectors, flanges, open-ended lines, pumps, or valves.

Inlet Analysis

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LABORATORIES IN ODESSA & GIDDINGS Phone (432) 337-4744 | Fax (432) 337-8781

08/21/18	GAS EXTENDED ANALYSIS	LAB # 48583
ı	TARGA: MONUMENT INLET GAS: 118-100029	
HYDROGEN SULFIDE NITROGEN METHANE CARBON DIOXIDE ETHANE PROPANE ISO-BUTANE N-BUTANE N-BUTANE N-PENTANE N-PENTANE N-PENTANE CYCLOPENTANE 2-METHYLPENTANE 3-METHYLPENTANE BENZENE CYCLOHEXANE 2-METHYLPENTANE BENZENE CYCLOHEXANE 2-METHYLHEXANE 3-METHYLHEXANE DIMETHYLCYCLOPENTANES N-HEPTANE METHYLCYCLOPENTANES N-HEPTANE METHYLCYCLOPENTANES TOLUENE 2-METHYLHEPTANE 3-METHYLHEPTANE DIMETHYLCYCLOHEXANES N-OCTANE ETHYL BENZENE	MOL % 0.6523 2.8018 69.7478 2.8018 11.7584 6.9269 0.8862 2.2176 0.5713 0.5345 0.0060 0.0528 0.1309 0.0856 0.1342 0.0920 0.0349 0.0786 0.0270 0.0490 0.0556 0.0448 0.0740 0.0281 0.0281 0.0270 0.011 0.0270 0.0158 0.0058	GPM 0.000 0.000 0.000 3.140 1.906 0.290 0.698 0.209 0.193 0.003 0.019 0.054 0.035 0.055 0.032 0.010 0.027 0.013 0.022 0.023 0.021 0.030 0.004 0.009 0.017 0.005 0.005 0.012 0.008 0.002
M&P-XYLENES O-XYLENE C9 NAPHTHENES C9 PARAFFINS N-NONANE N-DECANE UNDECANE PLUS	0.0134 0.0047 0.0207 0.0197 0.0079 0.0034 0.0288	0.005 0.002 0.011 0.012 0.005 0.002 0.019
TOTALS	100.0000	6.893
SPECIFIC GRAVITY GROSS DRY BTU/CU.FT. GROSS WET BTU/CU.FT. TOTAL MOL. WT.	0.820 NOTES: 1294.0 SAMPLED 1271.9★ - 55 8 PSIA @ 23.663	08/14/18 BY: SR 77 °F
MOL. WT. C6+ SP. GRAVITY C6+ MOL. WT. C7+ SP. GRAVITY C7+	94.521 CYLINDER 3.777 SPOT 108.894 DISTRIBUT 4.704 MS CINDY	NO. 2008 ION: KLEIN
BASIS: 14.65 PSIA @ 60 °F		

Mole Frac Heat: 1171.601

Residue Analysis 1

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Sampte ID:	STA118100001;Targa Resources
Lease:	RES TO EL PASO
Location:	

ID: Plant 118 at ,New Mexico

Sample Type: Spot

	Fracti	onal Gas Analys	sis
	at	14.65 and 60° F	
Compound	Mol. %	GPM	Sp. Gr.
Carbon Dioxde:	0.0991		0.0015
Nitrogen:	2.5415		0.0246
Hydrogen Sulfide:	0.0000		0.0000
Methane:	94.3571		0.5227
Ethane:	2.6777	0.7120	0.0278
Propane:	0.2215	0.0607	0.0034
Iso-Butane:	0.0191	0.0062	0.0004
N-Butane:	0.0486	0.0152	0.0010
Iso-Pentane:	0.0129	0.0047	0.0003
N-Pentane:	0.0124	0.0045	0.0003
Hexane Plus:	0.0101	0.0041	0.0003
	100.0000	0.8075	0.5823

Sampled and Analyzed by: Bruce Stingley

Comments: Notes:

Sample Ran Date: 4/17/2012

Effective Date: 4/1/2012

0.583

Real, dry: 0.5832 Real, wet: 0.5830 Molecular Weight 16.862 B.T.U./CU. Foot (H2S Free) Real - Dry Basis 1,009 Real - Wet Basis: 991 **Pentane Plus** GPM: 0.0133 H2S PPM 0 **Compressibility Factor** Z dry: 0.9979 Z wet: 0.9976 Pressure 190 psig. Temperature 52 F.

Specific Gravity Field Gravity



www.permianls.com 575.397.3713 2609 W MARLAND HOBBS, NEW MEXICO 88240

EXTENDED LIQUID REPORT SUMMARY OF CHROMATOGRAPHIC ANALYSIS

Sample Name: Sample Date: Sampled By: Time Sampled: Sample Temp: Sample Press:	Monument Demeth Towe 07/14/2021 DA 11:30 41.0 F 215.0	r	For code: Identification: Company: Analysis Date: Analysis By: Data File:	12123L 2021043462 Targa 07/22/2021 BH LS_6191.D
Component	Mole%	Wt%	L.V.%	
H2S	0.000	0.000	0.000	
Nitrogen	0.044	0.028	0.017	
Methane	0.124	0.045	0.073	
CO2	0.004	0.004	0.002	
Ethane	39.016	26.514	36.119	
Propane	35.071	34.950	33.445	
Isobutane	4.532	5.953	5.133	
N-Butane	11.471	15.074	12.523	
Isopentane	2.807	4.577	3.553	
N-Pentane	2.794	4.556	3.506	
*Hexanes+	4.137	8.299	5.629	
Total	100.000	100.000	100.000	

CALCULATED PARAMETERS

TOTAL ANALYSIS SUMMARY

UNNORMALIZED TOTAL:

HEATING VALUE

BTEX SUMMARY

MOLE WT:	44.248	BTU/CUFT	2518.9	WT% BENZENE	6.353
SP. GRAVITY (IDEAL):	0.485	BTU/GAL	87205.5	WT% TOLUENE	3.389
API GRAVITY @ 60F	160.100	BTU/LB	21553.5	WT% E BENZENE	0.202
ABS. DENSITY (LBS/GAL)	4.046			WT% XYLENES	0.434
ft3 VAPOR/GAL LIQUID:	34.62	RATIOS			
VAPOR PRESSURE:	394.87	C1 to C2 0.20): 1		
		CO2 to C2 0.01	l : 1		
REPORTED BASIS:	14.73				

LAB MANAGER

* Hexane+ portion calculated by Allocation Process

99.78

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Sample Name:Monument Demeth TowerCompany:Targa

ANALYSIS OF HEXANES PLUS

Component	MOLE%	WT%	L.V.%	HEXANES PLUS SUM	/MARY
2.2 DIMETHYL BUTANE	0.028	0.054	0.040	AVG MOLE WT	88.758
CYCLOPENTANE	0.285	0.504	0.345	SP GRAV @ 60F	0.716
2-METHYLPENTANE	0.616	1 199	0.885	API GRAVITY @ 60F	66.2
3-METHYLPENTANE	0.360	0 701	0.508	ABS_DENSITY (LBS/GAL)	5 968
HEXANE (C6)	0.657	1 278	0.931	VAPOR PRESSURE	4 38
DIMETHYL PENTANES	0.044	0.099	0.069		1.00
METHYLCYCLOPENTANE	0.397	0.756	0.487	COMPONENT RATIO	os
2.2.3 TRIMETHYLBUTANE	0.000	0.000	0.000		
BENZENE	0.297	0.524	0.288	HEXANES (C6) MOLE%	46.967
CYCLOHEXANE	0.413	0.785	0.486	HEPTANES (C7) MOLE%	39.055
2-METHYLHEXANE	0.074	0.167	0.119	OCTANES (C8) MOLE%	12.636
3-METHYLHEXANE	0.111	0.251	0.176	NONANES (C9) MOLE%	1.221
DIMETHYCYCLOPENTANES	0.042	0.094	0.060	DECANES+ (C10+) MOLE%	0.121
OTHER HEPTANES	0.103	0.251	0.174		
HEPTANE (C7)	0.134	0.304	0.214		
METHYLCYCLOHEXANE	0.251	0.562	0.368	HEXANES (C6) WT%	44.984
2,5 DIMETHYLHEXANE	0.004	0.011	0.008	HEPTANES (C7) WT%	38.954
TOLUENE	0.135	0.280	0.156	OCTANES (C8) WT%	14.315
2-METHYLHEPTANE	0.025	0.064	0.044	NONANES (C9) WT%	1.571
OTHER OCTANES	0.089	0.222	0.145	DECANES+ (C10+) WT%	0.176
OCTANE (C8)	0.019	0.049	0.034		
ETHYLCYCLOHEXANE	0.009	0.023	0.014		
ETHYL BENZENE	0.007	0.018	0.010	HEXANES (C6) LV%	48.121
M,P-XYLENE	0.012	0.028	0.017	HEPTANES (C7) LV%	36.828
O-XYLENE	0.003	0.007	0.004	OCTANES (C8) LV%	13.412
OTHER NONANES	0.015	0.045	0.030	NONANES (C9) LV%	1.459
NONANE (C-9)	0.003	0.010	0.007	DECANES+ (C10+) LV%	0.180
IC3 BENZENE	0.001	0.001	0.001		
CYCLOOCTANE	0.001	0.002	0.001		
NC3 BENZENE	0.000	0.001	0.001		
TM BENZENE(S)	0.000	0.001	0.001		
IC4 BENZENE	0.000	0.000	0.000		
NC4 BENZENE	0.000	0.000	0.000		
DECANES + (C10+)	0.002	0.008	0.006		

Remarks NF NR=NOT REPORTED ON FIELD TAG

Data File: LS_6191.D

Acid Gas Analysis

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LABORATORIES, INC.

LABORATORIES IN ODESSA & GIDDINGS PHONE (432) 337-4744 | FAX (432) 337-8781

08/18/20	EXTENDED	GAS ANALYSIS	LAB # 566	96
	TARGA RESOUR ACID GAS:	CES: MONUMEN 118-100092	r	
		MOL %	GPM	
HYDROGEN SULFIDE		12.6560	0.000	
NITROGEN		0.0114	0.000	
METHANE		0.5511	0.000	
CARBON DIOXIDE		86.4915	0.000	
ETHANE		0.0742	0.020	
PROPANE		0.0384	0.011	
ISO-BUTANE		0.0000	0.000	
N-BUTANE		0.0105	0.003	
1SO-PENTANE		0.0000	0.000	
NEOUEYANE		0.0000	0.000	
CYCLOPENWANE		0.0000	0.000	
2-METHYLDENTANE		0.0019	0.001	
3-METHYLPENTANE		0.0002	0.000	
N-HEXANE		0.0002	0.000	
METHYLCYCLOPENTANE		0.0017	0.001	
BENZENE		0.0935	0.026	
CYCLOHEXANE		0.0040	0.001	
2-METHYLHEXANE		0.0002	0.000	
3-METHYLHEXANE		0.0003	0.000	
DIMETHYLCYCLOPENTANES		0.0007	0.000	
N-HEPTANE		0.0012	0.001	
METHYLCYCLOHEXANE		0.0025	0.001	
TRIMETHYLCYCLOPENTANES		0.0001	0.000	
TOLUENE		0.0415	0.014	
2-METHILHEPTANE		0.0014	0.001	
DIMETHILLEPIANE		0.0000	0.000	
N-OCTANE		0.0012	0.001	
ETHYL BENZENE		0.0026	0.001	
M&P-XYLENES		0.0049	0.002	
O-XYLENE		0.0020	0.001	
C9 NAPHTHENES		0.0006	0.000	
C9 PARAFFINS		0.0013	0.001	
N-NONANE		0.0004	0.000	
N-DECANE		0.0001	0.000	
UNDECANE PLUS		0.0017	0.001	
TOTALS		100.0000	0.088	
SPECIFIC GRAVITY	1.481		NOTES:	
GROSS DRY BTU/CU.FT.	96.2	SAMPLED:	08/14/2020	
GROSS WET BTU/CU.FT.	94.5		6 PSIA @ 82 °F	
TOTAL MOL. WT.	42.659		DATE RUN 08/17/2020	
SD CDAVITY CAL	3 117		SPOT BY: S	SR
MOL WT C7+	99 576	DISTRIBUTION.	MP ZACH MASON	
SP. GRAVITY C7+	4.235	PIDIKIDUIION:	126559 45 PDM H2S	
BASIS: 14.65 PSIA @ 60	°F		120009.10 1111 1120	

Residue Analysis 2

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08/21/18

LAB # 48585

4

SR

TARGA: MONUMENT RESIDUE GAS

GAS EXTENDED ANALYSIS

		MOL %	ſ	GPM	
HYDROGEN SULFIDE		0.0000		0.000	
NITROGEN		3.4340		0.000	
METHANE		87.0329		0.000	
CARBON DIOXIDE		0.1090		0.000	
ETHANE		8.8096		2.348	
PROPANE		0.5688		0.156	
ISO-BUTANE		0.0098		0.003	
N-BUTANE		0.0118		0.004	
ISO-PENTANE		0.0006		0.000	
N-PENTANE		0.0005		0.000	
NEOHEXANE		0.0000		0.000	
CYCLOPENTANE		0.0000	X.	0.000	
2-METHYLPENTANE		0.0001		0.000	
3-METHYLPENTANE		0.0001		0.000	
N-HEXANE		0.0001		0.000	
METHYLCYCLOPENTANE		0.0001		0.000	
BENZENE		0.0001	й. 	0.000	
CYCLOHEXANE		0.0001	1.	0.000	
2-METHYLHEXANE		0.0000		0.000	
3-METHYLHEXANE		0.0001	1 cbt	0.000	
DIMETHYLCYCLOPENTANES		0.0001	10.2	0.000	
N-HEPTANE		0.0001	1 0.5.	0.000	
METHYLCYCLOHEXANE		0.0003	1 - 0	0.000	
TRIMETHYLCYCLOPENTANES		0.0000		0.000	
TOLUENE		0.0005	Λ_{i}	0.000	
2-METHYLHEPTANE		0.0002		0.000	
3-METHYLHEPTANE		0.0001	1	0.000	
DIMETHYLCYCLOHEXANES		0.0002		0.000	
N-OCTANE		0.0002		0.000	
ETHYL BENZENE		0.0005		0.000	
M&P-XYLENES		0.0006	1	0.000	
O-XYLENE		0.0003		0.000	
C9 NAPHTHENES		0.0007		0.000	
C9 PARAFFINS		0.0004		0.000	
N-NONANE		0.0004		0.000	
N-DECANE		0.0005		0.000	
UNDECANE PLUS		0.0171		0.011	
TOTALS		100.0000		2.522	
SDECTETC CRAVITY	0 620		NOTES		
GROSS DRY BTILCU FT	1050 9*		SAMPLED	08/14/18	BY.
GROSS WET BTU/CU FT	1032 8		206 PSTA	00/11/10 @ 75 °F	D1.
TOTAL MOL WT	17 920		200 10111	6751	
MOL WT C6+	149 362		CYLINDER	NO 580	
SP. GRAVITY C6+	8,061		SPOT		
MOL, WT, C7+	151,114		DISTRIBU	TON:	
SP. GRAVITY C7+	8,283		MS CINDY	KLEIN	
	0.205				
BASIS: 14.65 PSIA @ 60 °F	+				

Mole Heat Fraction = 948,948



October 2000 RG-109 (Draft)

Air Permit Technical Guidance for Chemical Sources:

Flares and Vapor Oxidizers

printed on recycled paper

Air Permits Division

TEXAS NATURAL RESOURCE CONSERVATION COMMISSION

Waste Stream	Destruction/R	emoval Efficie	ency (DRE)				
VOC	98 percent (ger	98 percent (generic)					
	99 percent for contain no eler following com propylene oxid	99 percent for compounds containing no more than 3 carbons that contain no elements other than carbon and hydrogen in addition to the following compounds: methanol, ethanol, propanol, ethylene oxide and propylene oxide					
H ₂ S	98 percent						
NH ₃	case by case	case by case					
СО	case by case	case by case					
Air Contaminants	Emission Fact	Emission Factors					
thermal NO _x	steam-assist:	high Btu low Btu	0.0485 lb/MMBtu 0.068 lb/MMBtu				
	other:	high Btu low Btu	0.138 lb/MMBtu 0.0641 lb/MMBtu				
fuel NO _x	NO _x is 0.5 wt p	percent of inlet	$\rm NH_3$, other fuels case by case				
СО	steam-assist:	high Btu low Btu	0.3503 lb/MMBtu 0.3465 lb/MMBtu				
	other:	high Btu low Btu	0.2755 lb/MMBtu 0.5496 lb/MMBtu				
РМ	none, required	to be smokeles	is				
SO ₂	100 percent S	100 percent S in fuel to SO ₂					

*The only exeption of this is if inorganics might be emitted from the flare. In the case of landfills, the AP-42 PM factor may be used. In other cases, the emissions should be based on the composition of the waste stream routed to the flare.

13.2.1 Paved Roads

13.2.1.1 General

Particulate emissions occur whenever vehicles travel over a paved surface such as a road or parking lot. Particulate emissions from paved roads are due to direct emissions from vehicles in the form of exhaust, brake wear and tire wear emissions and resuspension of loose material on the road surface. In general terms, resuspended particulate emissions from paved roads originate from, and result in the depletion of, the loose material present on the surface (i.e., the surface loading). In turn, that surface loading is continuously replenished by other sources. At industrial sites, surface loading is replenished by spillage of material and trackout from unpaved roads and staging areas. Figure 13.2.1-1 illustrates several transfer processes occurring on public streets.

Various field studies have found that public streets and highways, as well as roadways at industrial facilities, can be major sources of the atmospheric particulate matter within an area.¹⁻⁹ Of particular interest in many parts of the United States are the increased levels of emissions from public paved roads when the equilibrium between deposition and removal processes is upset. This situation can occur for various reasons, including application of granular materials for snow and ice control, mud/dirt carryout from construction activities in the area, and deposition from wind and/or water erosion of surrounding unstabilized areas. In the absence of continuous addition of fresh material (through localized trackout or application of antiskid material), paved road surface loading should reach an equilibrium value in which the amount of material resuspended matches the amount replenished. The equilibrium surface loading value depends upon numerous factors. It is believed that the most important factors are: mean speed of vehicles traveling the road; the average daily traffic (ADT); the number of lanes and ADT per lane; the fraction of heavy vehicles (buses and trucks); and the presence/absence of curbs, storm sewers and parking lanes.¹⁰

EPA's Office of Transportation and Air Quality plans to release the MOBILE6.1 model soon. This model will calculate particulate emissions from on road mobile sources from the engine exhaust, brake wear and tire wear. The emission factors in this section of AP-42 implicitly include the emissions of exhaust, brake wear, and tire wear that occurred in the field testing that produced the data used to develop the emission factor equation, in addition to resuspended particulate matter from the road surface. Therefore, adding the emission factors in this section to those calculated by MOBILE6.1 poses the problem of double counting. The double counting problem is of most concern when estimating the emissions on high traffic volume roads with low surface silt loadings. The following modifications should be made if double counting is a substantial issue for a particular application of this section. Where MOBILE6.1 predicts higher emissions of particulate matter than the equations in this section for a given combination of road and traffic variables, then only the MOBILE6.1 results should be used and resuspended particulate matter should be considered negligible. Where MOBILE6.1 predictions are less than the emissions that would be predicted from the equation in this section, then the emissions calculated with the equation in this section can be taken as a reasonable representation of total particulate emissions. If in such a case it is desired to separate emissions into resuspended particulate matter versus exhaust, brake and tire wear matter, then the MOBILE6.1 estimates can be subtracted from the estimates made using the equation in this section with the remainder taken as the resuspended portion of the emissions.

13.2.1.2 Emissions And Correction Parameters

Dust emissions from paved roads have been found to vary with what is termed the "silt loading" present on the road surface as well as the average weight of vehicles traveling the road. The term silt loading (sL) refers to the mass of silt-size material (equal to or less than 75 micrometers [μ m] in physical diameter) per unit area of the travel surface. The total road surface dust loading consists of loose material that can be collected by broom sweeping and vacuuming of the traveled portion of the paved road. The silt fraction is determined by measuring the proportion of the loose dry surface dust that passes through a 200-mesh screen, using the ASTM-C-136 method. Silt loading is the product of the silt fraction and the total loading, and is abbreviated "sL". Additional details on the sampling and analysis of such material are provided in AP-42 Appendices C.1 and C.2.

The surface sL provides a reasonable means of characterizing seasonal variability in a paved road emission inventory. In many areas of the country, road surface loadings ¹¹⁻²¹ are heaviest during the late winter and early spring months when the residual loading from snow/ice controls is greatest. As noted earlier, once replenishment of fresh material is eliminated, the road surface loading can be expected to reach an equilibrium value, which is substantially lower than the late winter/early spring values.



Figure 13.2.1-1. Deposition and removal processes.

13.2.1.3 Predictive Emission Factor Equations¹⁰

The quantity of particulate emissions from vehicle traffic on a dry paved road may be estimated using the following empirical expression:

$$E=k (sL/2)^{0.65} (W/3)^{1.5}$$
(1)

where:

E = particulate emission factor (having units matching the units of k)

k = particle size multiplier for particle size range and units of interest (see below)

sL = road surface silt loading (grams per square meter) (g/m^2)

W = average weight (tons) of the vehicles traveling the road

It is important to note that Equation 1 calls for the average weight of all vehicles traveling the road. For example, if 99 percent of traffic on the road are 2 ton cars/trucks while the remaining 1 percent consists of 20 ton trucks, then the mean weight "W" is 2.2 tons. More specifically, Equation 1 is *not* intended to be used to calculate a separate emission factor for each vehicle weight class. Instead, only one emission factor should be calculated to represent the "fleet" average weight of all vehicles traveling the road.

The particle size multiplier (k) above varies with aerodynamic size range as shown in Table 13.2.1-1. To determine particulate emissions for a specific particle size range, use the appropriate value of k shown in Table 13.2.1-1.

Size range ^a	Particle Size Multiplier k ^b				
	g/VKT	g/VMT	lb/VMT		
PM-2.5°	1.1	1.8	0.0040		
PM-10	4.6	7.3	0.016		
PM-15	5.5	9.0	0.020		
PM-30 ^d	24	38	0.082		

 Table 13.2-1.1.
 PARTICLE SIZE MULTIPLIERS FOR PAVED ROAD EQUATION

^a Refers to airborne particulate matter (PM-x) with an aerodynamic diameter equal to or less than x micrometers.

^b Units shown are grams per vehicle kilometer traveled (g/VKT), grams per vehicle mile traveled (g/VMT), and pounds per vehicle mile traveled (lb/VMT). The multiplier k includes unit conversions to produce emission factors in the units shown for the indicated size range from the mixed units required in Equation 1.

^c Ratio of PM-2.5 to PM-10 taken from Reference 22.

^d PM-30 is sometimes termed "suspendable particulate" (SP) and is often used as a surrogate for TSP.

The above equation is based on a regression analysis of numerous emission tests, including 65 tests for PM-10.¹⁰ Sources tested include public paved roads, as well as controlled and uncontrolled industrial paved roads. All sources tested were of freely flowing vehicles traveling at constant speed on relatively level roads. No tests of "stop-and-go" traffic or vehicles under load were available for inclusion in the data base. The equations retain the quality rating of A (B for PM-2.5), if applied within the range of source conditions that were tested in developing the equation as follows:

Silt loading:	0.02 - 400 g/m ²
-	0.03 - 570 grains/square foot (ft ²)
Mean vehicle weight:	1.8 - 38 megagrams (Mg)
-	2.0 - 42 tons
Mean vehicle speed:	16 - 88 kilometers per hour (kph)
-	10 - 55 miles per hour (mph)

To retain the quality rating for the emission factor equation when it is applied to a specific paved road, it is necessary that reliable correction parameter values for the specific road in question be determined. With the exception of limited access roadways, which are difficult to sample, the collection and use of site-specific silt loading (sL) data for public paved road emission inventories are strongly recommended. The field and laboratory procedures for determining surface material silt content and surface dust loading are summarized in Appendices C.1 and C.2. In the event that site-specific values cannot be obtained, an appropriate value for a paved public road may be selected from the values given in Table 13.2.1-2, but the quality rating of the equation should be reduced by 2 levels. Also, recall that Equation 1 refers to emissions due to freely flowing (not stop-and-go) traffic at constant speed on level roads.

Equation 1 may be extrapolated to average uncontrolled conditions (but including natural mitigation) under the simplifying assumption that annual (or other long-term) average emissions are inversely proportional to the frequency of measurable (> 0.254 mm [0.01 inch]) precipitation by application of a precipitation correction term. The precipitation correction term can be applied on a daily or an hourly basis. For the daily basis, equation 1 becomes:

$$E_{ext} = k (sL/2)^{0.65} (W/3)^{1.5} (1-P/4N)$$
(2)

where k, sL, and W are as defined in Equation 1 and

 E_{ext} = annual or other long-term average emission factor in the same units as k

- P = number of "wet" days with at least 0.254 mm (0.01 in) of precipitation during the averaging period
- N = number of days in the averaging period (e.g., 365 for annual, 91 for seasonal, 30 for monthly)

Note that the assumption leading to Equation 2 is based on analogy with the approach used to develop long-term average unpaved road emission factors in Section 13.2.2. However, Equation 2 above incorporates an additional factor of "4" in the denominator to account for the fact that paved roads dry more quickly than unpaved roads and that the precipitation may not occur over the complete 24-hour day.

For the hourly basis, equation 1 becomes:

$$E_{ext} = k (sL/2)^{0.65} (W/3)^{1.5} (1-1.2P/N)$$
(3)

where k, sL, and W are as defined in Equation 1 and

 E_{ext} = annual or other long-term average emission factor in the same units as k

P = number of hours with at least 0.254 mm (0.01 in) of precipitation during the averaging period

N = number of hours in the averaging period (e.g., 8760 for annual, 2124 for seasonal, 720 for monthly)

Note: In the hourly moisture correction term (1-1.2P/N) for equation 3, the 1.2 multiplier is applied to account for the residual mitigative effect of moisture. For most applications, this equation will produce satisfactory results. However, if the time interval for which the equation is applied is short, e.g., for one hour or one day, the application of this multiplier makes it possible for the moisture correction term to become negative. This will result in calculated negative emissions which is not realistic. Users should expand the time interval to include sufficient "dry" hours such that negative emissions are not calculated. For the special case where this equation is used to calculate emissions on an hour by hour basis, such as would be done in some emissions modeling situations, the moisture correction term should be modified so that the moisture correction "credit" is applied to the first hours following cessation of precipitation. In this special case, it is suggested that this 20% "credit" be applied on a basis of one hour credit for each hour of precipitation up to a maximum of 12 hours.

Note that the assumption leading to Equation 3 is based on analogy with the approach used to develop long-term average unpaved road emission factors in Section 13.2.2.

Figure 13.2.1-2 presents the geographical distribution of "wet" days on an annual basis for the United States. Maps showing this information on a monthly basis are available in the *Climatic Atlas of the United States*²³. Alternative sources include other Department of Commerce publications (such as local climatological data summaries). The National Climatic Data Center (NCDC) offers several products that provide hourly precipitation data. In particular, NCDC offers *Solar and Meteorological Surface Observation Network 1961-1990* (SAMSON) CD-ROM, which contains 30 years worth of hourly meteorological data for first-order National Weather Service locations. Whatever meteorological data are used, the source of that data and the averaging period should be clearly specified.

It is emphasized that the simple assumption underlying Equations 2 and 3 has not been verified in any rigorous manner. For that reason, the quality ratings for Equations 2 and 3 should be downgraded one letter from the rating that would be applied to Equation 1.

During the preparation of the background document (Reference 10), public road silt loading values from 1992 and earlier were assembled into a data base. This data base is available in the file named "r13s03-1b.zip" located at the Internet URL

"http://www.epa.gov/ttn/chief/ap42/ch13/related/c13s02-1.html" on the World Wide Web. Although hundreds of public paved road silt loading measurements had been collected, there was no uniformity in sampling equipment and analysis techniques, in roadway classification schemes, and in the types of data reported. Not surprisingly, the data set did not yield a coherent relationship between silt loading and road class, average daily traffic (ADT), etc., even though an inverse relationship between silt loading and ADT has been found for a subclass of curbed paved roads in urban areas. Further complicating the analysis is the fact that, in many parts of the country, paved road silt loading varies greatly over the course of the year, probably because of cyclic variations in mud/dirt carryout and in use of anti-skid materials. Although there were strong reasons to suspect that the assembled data base was skewed towards high values, independent data were not available to confirm the suspicions.



Figure 13.2.1-2. Mean number of days with 0.01 inch or more of precipitation in the United States.

Since the time that the background document was prepared, new field sampling programs have shown that the assembled silt loading data set is biased high for "normal" situations.²⁴ Just as importantly, however, the newer programs confirm that substantially higher than "normal" silt loadings can occur on public paved roads. As a result, two sets of default values are provided in Table 13.2.1-2, one for "normal" conditions and another for worst-case conditions (such as after winter storm seasons or in areas with substantial mud/dirt trackout). The "normal" silt loading data base is available in the file "r13s03-1a.zip" located at the Internet URL

"http://www.epa.gov/ttn/chief/ap42/ch13/related/c13s02-1.html" on the World Wide Web.

Table 13.2.1-2 (Metric Units).	RECOMMENDED	DEFAULT SILT	LOADING (g/m^2)
VALUE	S FOR PUBLIC PA	VED ROADS ^a	

	High ADT roads ^b	Low ADT roads
Normal conditions	0.1	0.4
Worst-case conditions ^c	0.5	3

^a Excluding limited access roads. See discussion in text. 1 g/m² is equal to 1.43 grains/ft²

^b High ADT refers to roads with at least 5,000 vehicles per day.

^c For conditions such as post-winter-storm or areas with substantial mud/dirt carryout.

The range of silt loading values in the data base for normal conditions is 0.01 to 1.0 for high-ADT roads and 0.054 to 6.8 for low-ADT roads. Consequently the use of a default value from Table 13.2.1-2 should be expected to yield only an order-of-magnitude estimate of the emission factor. Public paved road silt loadings are dependent upon: traffic characteristics (speed, ADT, and fraction of heavy vehicles); road characteristics (curbs, number of lanes, parking lanes); local land use (agriculture, new residential construction) and regional/seasonal factors (snow/ice controls, wind blown dust). As a result, the collection and use of site-specific silt loading data is highly recommended. In the event that default silt loading values are used, the quality ratings for the equation should be downgraded 2 levels.

Limited access roadways pose severe logistical difficulties in terms of surface sampling, and few silt loading data are available for such roads. Nevertheless, the available data do not suggest great variation in silt loading for limited access roadways from one part of the country to another. For annual conditions, a default value of 0.015 g/m^2 is recommended for limited access roadways.^{9,22} Even fewer of the available data correspond to worst-case situations, and elevated loadings are observed to be quickly depleted because of high traffic speeds and high ADT rates. A default value of 0.2 g/m^2 is recommended for short periods of time following application of snow/ice controls to limited access roads.²²

The limited data on silt loading values for industrial roads have shown as much variability as public roads. Because of the variations of traffic conditions and the use of preventive mitigative controls, the data probably do not reflect the full extent of the potential variation in silt loading on industrial roads. However, the collection of site specific silt loading data from industrial roads is easier and safer than for public roads. Therefore, the collection and use of site-specific silt loading data is preferred and is highly recommended. In the event that site-specific values cannot be obtained, an appropriate value for an industrial road may be selected from the mean values given in Table 13.2.1-3, but the quality rating of the equation should be reduced by 2 levels.

					1					
		No. Of	Silt Conte	ent (%)	No. Of	Total L	oading x 1	0^{-3}	Silt Loadir	ng (g/m ²)
	No. Of	Sample			Travel			,		
Industry	Sites	S	Range	Mean	Lanes	Range	Mean	Units ^b	Range	Mean
Copper smelting	1	3	15.4-21.7	19.0	2	12.9-19.5 45.8-69.2	15.9 55.4	kg/km lb/mi	188-400	292
Iron and steel										
production	9	48	1.1-35.7	12.5	2	0.006-4.77 0.020-16.9	0.495 1.75	kg/km lb/mi	0.09-79	9.7
Asphalt batching	1	3	2.6-4.6	3.3	1	12.1-18.0 43.0-64.0	14.9 52.8	kg/km lb/mi	76-193	120
Concrete batching	1	3	5.2-6.0	5.5	2	1.4-1.8 5.0-6.4	1.7 5.9	kg/km lb/mi	11-12	12
Sand and gravel processing	1	3	6.4-7.9	7.1	1	2.8-5.5 9.9-19.4	3.8 13.3	kg/km lb/mi	53-95	70
Municipal solid waste landfill	2	7	_	_	2	_	_	_	1.1-32.0	7.4
Quarry	1	6			2	—			2.4-14	8.2

Table 13.2.1-3 (Metric And English Units). TYPICAL SILT CONTENT AND LOADING VALUES FOR PAVED ROADS AT INDUSTRIAL FACILITIES^a

^a References 1-2,5-6,11-13. Values represent samples collected from *industrial* roads. Public road silt loading values are presented in Table-13.2.1-2. Dashes indicate information not available.
 ^b Multiply entries by 1000 to obtain stated units; kilograms per kilometer (kg/km) and pounds per mile (lb/mi).



MAXI-HEAT®

The new **Maxi-Heat**[®] line includes a robustly designed towable indirect fired heater, with 1M BTU. This Unit provides heat for different applications including severe harsh conditions. The 1M includes two independently operating burners providing up to a combined 1,000,000 BTUs of heat. For ease of operation the **Maxi-Heat**[®] comes fully equipped with the iQ system, which automatically calibrates each burner providing reliable trouble free operation, eliminating the tedious trial and error combustion measurements and adjustments. Recirculation is standard on all **Maxi-Heat**[®] products resulting in increased efficiency of the heater and less fuel consumed. The **Maxi-Heat**[®] can go from warming equipment to curing concrete, the heat you can rely on when you need it most.





Model	Maxi-Heat*1MBTU	Maxi-Heat ^e IMBTU
Engine Brand	Kubota D1005	CAT C1.1
Engine Model	D1005	C1.1
Frequency	60 Hz	60 Hz
Ducting Length - Continuous Heating	3,354 cfm with 96°F rise over ambient @125 ft	3,354 cfm with 96°F rise over ambient @125 ft
Sound Level @ 23ft (FULL LOAD) dBA	67.1 dBA	65.7 dBA
Sound Level @ 23ft (NO LOAD) dBA	62.9 dBA	62.4 dBA
Phase	1-phase	1-phase
Prime Power (kW)*	8	8
BTU per Hour	1,000,000	1,000,000
Heated Air Output Maximum (cfm)	7,060	7,060
Horsepower (@ 1,800 RPM) ****	11.6	13.8
Oil Change Interval (hr)	200	1,000
Engine Tier	Tier 4 Final	Tier 4 Final
Fuel Tank - Single		and the second
Fuel Capacity gal (L)	210 (794.9)	210 (794.9)
Operating Time - 1 Heater @ Full Load (hrs)	67.5	67.8
Operating Time - 2 Heater @ Full Load (hrs)	35.1	34.6
Fael Tank - Multi (optional)	State of the state	
Heater Fuel Tank - 1 Capacity gal (L)	116 (439.1)	116 (439.1)
Heater Fuel Tank - 2 Capacity gal (L)	116 (439.1)	116 (439.1)
Engine Fuel Tank Capacity gal (L)	50 (189.2)	50 (189.2)
Total Fuel Tank Capacity gal (L)	281.6 (1,065.9)	281.6 (1,065.9)
Operating Time - 1 Heater © Full Load (hrs)	42.1	42.1
Operating Time - 2 Heater @ Full Load (hrs)	42.1	42.1
Weights & Shipping		
Operating Weight NG Fuel (lbs) Multi Tank	3,805	3,774
Operating Weight NO Fuel (lbs) Single Tank	3,760	3,774
Operating Weight FULL Fuel (lbs) Multi Tank	5,855	5,869
Operating Weight FULL Fuel (lbs) Single Tank	5,810	5,824
Number of Units on 48' Flatbed	4	4
Number of Units on 53' Flatbed	4	4

Maxi-Heat^e

TECHNICAL SPECS

Height Transport Position

83.9 in (2,130 mm)

CSA Approved

(Multi Tank only)



183,4 in (4,657 mm) Prins andre diedeel adgrepse Allinet heding, "Bession are har un les habbet her caracteriste. "Alsoner hers are historig gran hangever is held by sich ang er strainiste

OPTIONS

Maxi-Heat®

Thermostat Package

- Remote Thermostat
- Lead extension

2⁵/₁₆" Bulldog Hitch

Lockable Battery Disconnect

12", 16" or 20" Duct Flange Outlets (ducts not included)

Air Shut off Valve

Custom Paint

Telematics (Customer supplied - consult factory)



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At Allmand, our sole focus is providing jobsite support equipment to help your customers get the job done. Whenever they need it. Wherever they are. And whatever it takes. What's more, our genuine commitment to you — the highest standard of service and lowest total cost of ownership — is simply unmatched. Choose the equipment that comes with complete confidence that jobsite productivity won't go dark at 2 a.m. **Allmand. Above All.**



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Map(s)

<u>A map</u> such as a 7.5 minute topographic quadrangle showing the exact location of the source. The map shall also include the following:

The UTM or Longitudinal coordinate system on both axes	An indicator showing which direction is north
A minimum radius around the plant of 0.8km (0.5 miles)	Access and haul roads
Topographic features of the area	Facility property boundaries
The name of the map	The area which will be restricted to public access
A graphical scale	

A map showing the location of this facility is attached.





Proof of Public Notice

(for NSR applications submitting under 20.2.72 or 20.2.74 NMAC) (This proof is required by: 20.2.72.203.A.14 NMAC "Documentary Proof of applicant's public notice")

☑ I have read the AQB "Guidelines for Public Notification for Air Quality Permit Applications" This document provides detailed instructions about public notice requirements for various permitting actions. It also provides public notice examples and certification forms. Material mistakes in the public notice will require a re-notice before issuance of the permit.

Unless otherwise allowed elsewhere in this document, the following items document proof of the applicant's Public Notification. Please include this page in your proof of public notice submittal with checkmarks indicating which documents are being submitted with the application.

New Permit and Significant Permit Revision public notices must include all items in this list.

Technical Revision public notices require only items 1, 5, 9, and 10.

Per the Guidelines for Public Notification document mentioned above, include:

- 1. \Box A copy of the certified letter receipts with post marks (20.2.72.203.B NMAC)
- 2. \Box A list of the places where the public notice has been posted in at least four publicly accessible and conspicuous places, including the proposed or existing facility entrance. (e.g: post office, library, grocery, etc.)
- 3. \Box A copy of the property tax record (20.2.72.203.B NMAC).
- 4. \Box A sample of the letters sent to the owners of record.
- 5. \Box A sample of the letters sent to counties, municipalities, and Indian tribes.
- 6. \Box A sample of the public notice posted and a verification of the local postings.
- 7. \Box A table of the noticed citizens, counties, municipalities and tribes and to whom the notices were sent in each group.
- 8. 🛛 A copy of the public service announcement (PSA) sent to a local radio station and documentary proof of submittal.
- 9. \Box A copy of the <u>classified or legal</u> ad including the page header (date and newspaper title) or its affidavit of publication stating the ad date, and a copy of the ad. When appropriate, this ad shall be printed in both English and Spanish.
- 10. \Box A copy of the <u>display</u> ad including the page header (date and newspaper title) or its affidavit of publication stating the ad date, and a copy of the ad. When appropriate, this ad shall be printed in both English and Spanish.
- 11. A map with a graphic scale showing the facility boundary and the surrounding area in which owners of record were notified by mail. This is necessary for verification that the correct facility boundary was used in determining distance for notifying land owners of record.

N/A - Public notice is not required for Title V permit applications.

Written Description of the Routine Operations of the Facility

<u>A written description of the routine operations of the facility</u>. Include a description of how each piece of equipment will be operated, how controls will be used, and the fate of both the products and waste generated. For modifications and/or revisions, explain how the changes will affect the existing process. In a separate paragraph describe the major process bottlenecks that limit production. The purpose of this description is to provide sufficient information about plant operations for the permit writer to determine appropriate emission sources.

The function of the facility is to process natural gas through inlet separation, dehydration, acid gas removal and cooling, and separation of methane from natural gas liquids. The natural gas and natural gas liquid products are delivered to sales pipelines and the separated condensate is loaded into tank trucks for transport.

Field natural gas entering the plant is sent through an inlet separator designed to remove entrained solids and dissolved liquids from the field gas stream. Condensate from the inlet is stabilized, separated and stored prior to loadout via truck. The condensate can also bypass the stabilizer and be stored prior to loadout via truck. The loading emissions are controlled by vapor balancing. Working and breathing losses and flash losses from the tanks are controlled by a VRU and a backup VRU.

Once the field gas passes through the inlet separator it is routed to the inlet compressors to increase the pressure of the gas. The stream is then sent to an amine treater for the purpose of removing carbon dioxide and hydrogen sulfide entrained in the field gas stream. Emissions from the amine still overheads are routed to the AGI well or the emergency acid gas flare. After the amine treating, the field gas is then sent to a dehydration system for the purpose of removing water from the gas stream.

The dry pipeline quality residue gas (consisting of primarily methane) from the top of the de-methanizer tower is sent to the suction header of the residue gas compressors. The residue gas is then compressed up to a pressure high enough for delivery into a high pressure and low pressure natural gas (sales) pipeline.

The NGLs which exit the bottom of the de-methanizer tower will be sent to the de-ethanizer tower and then to de-propanizer tower. These distillation columns will be used to separate the propane from the NGLs. The propane that is produced will be transported from the facility by pressurized truck.

Source Determination

Source submitting under 20.2.70, 20.2.72, 20.2.73, and 20.2.74 NMAC

Sources applying for a construction permit, PSD permit, or operating permit shall evaluate surrounding and/or associated sources (including those sources directly connected to this source for business reasons) and complete this section. Responses to the following questions shall be consistent with the Air Quality Bureau's permitting guidance, Single Source Determination Guidance, which may be found on the Applications Page in the Permitting Section of the Air Quality Bureau website.

Typically, buildings, structures, installations, or facilities that have the same SIC code, that are under common ownership or control, and that are contiguous or adjacent constitute a single stationary source for 20.2.70, 20.2.72, 20.2.73, and 20.2.74 NMAC applicability purposes. Submission of your analysis of these factors in support of the responses below is optional, unless requested by NMED.

A. Identify the emission sources evaluated in this section (list and describe): See section 2-A.

B. Apply the 3 criteria for determining a single source:

SIC Code: Surrounding or associated sources belong to the same 2-digit industrial grouping (2-digit SIC code) as this facility, OR surrounding or associated sources that belong to different 2-digit SIC codes are support facilities for this source.

> ☑ Yes

Common Ownership or Control: Surrounding or associated sources are under common ownership or control as this source.

> ☑ Yes \square No

Contiguous or Adjacent: Surrounding or associated sources are contiguous or adjacent with this source.

> ☑ Yes \square No

C. Make a determination:

- ☑ The source, as described in this application, constitutes the entire source for 20.2.70, 20.2.72, 20.2.73, or 20.2.74 NMAC applicability purposes. If in "A" above you evaluated only the source that is the subject of this application, all "YES" boxes should be checked. If in "A" above you evaluated other sources as well, you must check AT LEAST ONE of the boxes "NO" to conclude that the source, as described in the application, is the entire source for 20.2.70, 20.2.72, 20.2.73, and 20.2.74 NMAC applicability purposes.
- □ The source, as described in this application, <u>does not</u> constitute the entire source for 20.2.70, 20.2.72, 20.2.73, or 20.2.74 NMAC applicability purposes (A permit may be issued for a portion of a source). The entire source consists of the following facilities or emissions sources (list and describe):

Determination of State & Federal Air Quality Regulations

This section lists each state and federal air quality regulation that may apply to your facility and/or equipment that are stationary sources of regulated air pollutants.

Not all state and federal air quality regulations are included in this list. Go to the Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) or to the Air Quality Bureau's regulation page to see the full set of air quality regulations.

Required Information for Specific Equipment:

For regulations that apply to specific source types, in the 'Justification' column **provide any information needed to determine if the regulation does or does not apply**. **For example**, to determine if emissions standards at 40 CFR 60, Subpart IIII apply to your three identical stationary engines, we need to know the construction date as defined in that regulation; the manufacturer date; the date of reconstruction or modification, if any; if they are or are not fire pump engines; if they are or are not emergency engines as defined in that regulation; their site ratings; and the cylinder displacement.

Required Information for Regulations that Apply to the Entire Facility:

See instructions in the 'Justification' column for the information that is needed to determine if an 'Entire Facility' type of regulation applies (e.g. 20.2.70 or 20.2.73 NMAC).

Regulatory Citations for Regulations That Do Not, but Could Apply:

If there is a state or federal air quality regulation that does not apply, but you have a piece of equipment in a source category for which a regulation has been promulgated, you must **provide the low level regulatory citation showing why your piece of equipment is not subject to or exempt from the regulation. For example** if you have a stationary internal combustion engine that is not subject to 40 CFR 63, Subpart ZZZZ because it is an existing 2 stroke lean burn stationary RICE with a site rating of more than 500 brake HP located at a major source of HAP emissions, your citation would be 40 CFR 63.6590(b)(3)(i). We don't want a discussion of every non-applicable regulation, but if it is possible a regulation could apply, explain why it does not. For example, if your facility is a power plant, you do not need to include a citation to show that 40 CFR 60, Subpart OOO does not apply to your non-existent rock crusher.

Regulatory Citations for Emission Standards:

For each unit that is subject to an emission standard in a source specific regulation, such as 40 CFR 60, Subpart OOO or 40 CFR 63, Subpart HH, include the low level regulatory citation of that emission standard. Emission standards can be numerical emission limits, work practice standards, or other requirements such as maintenance. Here are examples: a glycol dehydrator is subject to the general standards at 63.764C(1)(i) through (iii); an engine is subject to 63.6601, Tables 2a and 2b; a crusher is subject to 60.672(b), Table 3 and all transfer points are subject to 60.672(e)(1)

Federally Enforceable Conditions:

All federal regulations are federally enforceable. All Air Quality Bureau State regulations are federally enforceable except for the following: affirmative defense portions at 20.2.7.6.B, 20.2.7.110(B)(15), 20.2.7.11 through 20.2.7.113, 20.2.7.115, and 20.2.7.116; 20.2.37; 20.2.42; 20.2.43; 20.2.62; 20.2.63; 20.2.86; 20.2.89; and 20.2.90 NMAC. Federally enforceable means that EPA can enforce the regulation as well as the Air Quality Bureau and federally enforceable regulations can count toward determining a facility's potential to emit (PTE) for the Title V, PSD, and nonattainment permit regulations.

INCLUDE ANY OTHER INFORMATION NEEDED TO COMPLETE AN APPLICABILITY DETERMINATION OR THAT IS RELEVENT TO YOUR FACILITY'S NOTICE OF INTENT OR PERMIT.

EPA Applicability Determination Index for 40 CFR 60, 61, 63, etc: http://cfpub.epa.gov/adi/
Table for STATE REGULATIONS:

STATE REGU- LATIONS CITATION	Title	Applies? Enter Yes or No	Unit(s) or Facility	JUSTIFICATION:
20.2.1 NMAC	General Provisions	Yes	Facility	General Provisions apply to Notice of Intent, Construction, and Title V permit applications.
20.2.3 NMAC	Ambient Air Quality Standards NMAAQS	Yes	Facility	20.2.3 NMAC is a SIP approved regulation that limits the maximum allowable concentration of Total Suspended Particulates, Sulfur Compounds, Carbon Monoxide and Nitrogen Dioxide. The facility meets maximum allowable concentrations of the TSP, SO ₂ , H ₂ S, NOx, and CO under this regulation.
20.2.7 NMAC	Excess Emissions	Yes	Facility	This regulation establishes requirements for the facility if operations at the facility result in any excess emissions. The owner or operator will operate the source at the facility having an excess emission, to the extent practicable, including associated air pollution control equipment, in a manner consistent with good air pollution control practices for minimizing emissions. The facility will also notify the NMED of any excess emission per 20.2.7.110 NMAC.
20.2.33 NMAC	Gas Burning Equipment - Nitrogen Dioxide	No	N/A	This facility does not have existing gas burning equipment having a heat input of greater than 1,000,000 million British Thermal Units per year per unit. The facility is not subject to this regulation and does not have emission sources that meet the applicability requirements under 20.2.33.108 NMAC.
20.2.34 NMAC	Oil Burning Equipment: NO ₂	No	N/A	This facility does not have oil burning equipment having a heat input of greater than 1,000,000 million British Thermal Units per year per unit. The facility is not subject to this regulation and does not have emission sources that meet the applicability requirements under 20.2.34.108 NMAC.
20.2.35 NMAC	Natural Gas Processing Plant – Sulfur	No	N/A	This regulation establishes sulfur emission standards for natural gas processing plants. The facility meets the definition of a new natural gas processing plant under this regulation and is subject to the requirements of this regulation [20.2.35.7 (B) NMAC]. The facility meets requirements under 20.2.35.110(B).
20.2.37 and 20.2.36 NMAC	Petroleum Processing Facilities and Petroleum Refineries	N/A	N/A	These regulations were repealed by the Environmental Improvement Board. If you had equipment subject to 20.2.37 NMAC before the repeal, your combustion emission sources are now subject to 20.2.61 NMAC.
20.2.38 NMAC	Hydrocarbon Storage Facility	N/A	N/A	There are no tanks or tank batteries that meet the storage capacity and weekly throughput requirements that would trigger this requirement. [20.2.38.109 NMAC][20.2.38.110 NMAC] [20.2.38.111 NMAC] [20.2.38.112 NMAC].
<u>20.2.39</u> NMAC	Sulfur Recovery Plant - Sulfur	N/A	N/A	This regulation establishes sulfur emission standards for sulfur recovery plants which are not part of petroleum or natural gas processing facilities. This regulation does not apply to the facility because it is superseded by 20.2.35 NMAC.
20.2.61.109 NMAC	Smoke & Visible Emissions	Yes	Stationary Combustion Equipment	This regulation that limits opacity to 20% applies to Stationary Combustion Equipment, such as engines, boilers, heaters, and flares unless your equipment is subject to another state regulation that limits particulate matter such as 20.2.19 NMAC (see 20.2.61.109 NMAC). Equipment at this facility was subject to the repealed regulation 20.2.37 NMAC and it is now subject to 20.2.61 NMAC.
20.2.70 NMAC	Operating Permits	Yes	Facility	This regulation establishes requirements for obtaining an operating permit. The facility is a major source for NOx, CO, VOC, and SO ₂ . The facility has an operating permit P110-R3 to meet the requirements of this regulation.
20.2.71 NMAC	Operating Permit Fees	Yes	Facility	This regulation establishes a schedule of operating permit emission fees. The facility is subject to 20.2.70 NMAC and is therefore subject to requirements of this regulation. The facility will meet all fee requirements under 20.2.71.110 NMAC.
20.2.72 NMAC	Construction Permits	Yes	Facility	This regulation establishes the requirements for obtaining a construction permit. The facility is a stationary source that has potential emission rates greater than 10 pounds per hour or 25 tons per year of any regulated air contaminant for which there is a National or New Mexico Air Quality Standard. The facility has a construction permit (NSR Permit) 0110-M11R5 to meet the requirements of this regulation.
20.2.73 NMAC	NOI & Emissions Inventory Requirements	Yes	Facility	This regulation establishes emission inventory requirements. The facility meets the applicability requirements of 20.2.73.300 NMAC. The facility will meet reporting all applicable reporting requirements under 20.2.73.300.B.1 NMAC.

STATE REGU- LATIONS CITATION	Title	Applies? Enter Yes or No	Unit(s) or Facility	JUSTIFICATION:
20.2.74 NMAC	Permits – Prevention of Significant Deterioration (PSD)	Yes	Facility	This regulation establishes requirements for obtaining a prevention of significant deterioration permit. The facility is an existing PSD major source. The facility is PSD major for NOx, CO, and SO ₂ . The facility has not undergone a major modification and therefore does not currently require a PSD permit.
20.2.75 NMAC	Construction Permit Fees	Yes	Facility	This regulation establishes a schedule of operating permit emission fees. The facility is subject to 20.2.72 NMAC and is therefore subject to requirements of this regulation.
				This regulation establishes state authority to implement new source performance standards (NSPS) for stationary sources. The facility is subject to this regulation because it is a natural gas processing plant subject to NSPS Subpart A and Subpart KKK.
				Turbine Unit T-04 is subject to NSPS GG since it has a heat input capacity greater than 10 MMBtu/hr and commenced construction after October 3, 1977. [40 CFR Part 60.330(a)].
				Turbine Unit T-03 is subject to NSPS GG but exempt from the standards for nitrogen oxides requirements under 40 CFR Part 60.330(a). This exemption is pursuant to 40 CFR Part 60.332(e).
		Yes		Turbines T-01 and T-02 are not subject to the requirements of NSPS GG as they were constructed prior to October 3, 1977. [40 CFR Part 60.330(b)]
20.2.77	New Source Performance		Units subject to 40 CFR 60	40 CFR 60 Subpart OOOOa applies to fugitive leaks from the slug catcher (FUG-SC), and condensate stabilizer (FUG-CS).
NMAC				The fugitive emissions associated with the propane refractionation system (FUG-FRAC) are subject to NSPS OOOOa. Compressor unit RC-28 is subject to NSPS OOOOa.
				Unit C-40 is a reciprocating compressor and is subject to NSPS OOOOa 60.5385a per 60.5365a(a)(c).
				The fugitives associated with the C-40 compressor are not subject to NSPS OOOOa monitoring as the VOC content will never exceed 10.0 percent by weight per 60.5400a(f).
				The fugitives associated with the redundant acid gas cooling are not subject to NSPS OOOOa as the VOC content will never exceed 10.0 percent by weight per 60.5400a(f).
				The fugitives associated with the cryogenic units (FUG-GSP) are not subject to NSPS OOOOa as the VOC content will never exceed 10.0 percent by weight per 60.5400a(f).
20.2.78 NMAC	Emission Standards for HAPS	No	Units Subject to 40 CFR 61	This regulation establishes state authority to implement emission standards for hazardous air pollutants subject to 40 CFR Part 61. This facility does not emit hazardous air pollutants which are subject to the requirements of 40 CFR Part 61 and is therefore not subject to this regulation.
20.2.79 NMAC	Permits – Nonattainment Areas	No	Facility	This regulation establishes the requirements for obtaining a nonattainment area permit. The facility is not located in a non-attainment area and therefore is not subject to this regulation.
20.2.80 NMAC	Stack Heights	No	N/A	This regulation establishes requirements for the evaluation of stack heights and other dispersion techniques. This regulation does not apply as all stacks at the facility follow good engineering practice.
20.2.82 NMAC	MACT Standards for source categories of HAPS	Yes	Units Subject to 40 CFR 63	This regulation established state authority to implement MACT Standards for source categories of HAPs. The facility is a major source of HAPs but all engines at the facility are existing 2-stroke lean burn engines located at a major source of HAPs and constructed before December 19, 2002. There are no requirements under 40 CFR Part 63 Subpart ZZZZ for engines at the facility per 40 CFR Part 63.6590(b)(3).

STATE REGU- LATIONS CITATION	Title	Applies? Enter Yes or No	Unit(s) or Facility	JUSTIFICATION:
20.2.74 NMAC	Permits – Prevention of Significant Deterioration (PSD)	Yes	Facility	This regulation establishes requirements for obtaining a prevention of significant deterioration permit. The facility is an existing PSD major source. The facility is PSD major for NOx, CO, and SO ₂ . The facility has not undergone a major modification and therefore does not currently require a PSD permit.

Table for Applicable FEDERAL REGULATIONS

FEDERAL REGU- LATIONS CITATION	Title	Applies? Enter Yes or No	Unit(s) or Facility	JUSTIFICATION:
40 CFR 50	NAAQS	Yes	Facility	This regulation defines national ambient air quality standards. The facility meets all applicable national ambient air quality standards for NOx, CO, SO ₂ , H ₂ S, PM ₁₀ , and PM _{2.5} under this regulation.
			Units subject to 40 CFR 60	This regulation defines general provisions for relevant standards that have been set under this part. The facility is subject to this regulation because 40 CFR Part 60 Subpart GG (Applies to T-03 and T-04) and Subpart KKK apply (Applies to lines, valves, flanges, and fittings).
		Yes		40 CFR 60 Subpart OOOOa applies to fugitive leaks from the slug catcher (FUG-SC), backup VRU (FUG-VRU), condensate stabilizer (FUG-CS), RC-28 compressor (FUG-C28), and the fugitive emissions associated with the propane refractionation system (FUG-FRAC).
NSPS 40 CFR 60,	General Provisions			The Unit C-40 compressor is in dedicated residue gas service and subject to NSPS OOOOa per 60.5365a(a)(c).
Subpart A				The fugitives associated with the C-40 compressor are not subject to NSPS OOOOa as the VOC content will never exceed 10.0 percent by weight per 60.5400a(f).
				The fugitives associated with the redundant acid gas cooling are not subject to NSPS OOOOa as the VOC content will never exceed 10.0 percent by weight per 60.5400a(f). The new fugitives associated with the cryogenic units (FUG-GSP) will not be subject to NSPS OOOOa as the VOC content will never exceed 10.0 percent by weight per 60.5400a(f).
NSPS 40 CFR60.40a, Subpart Da	Subpart Da, Performance Standards for Electric Utility Steam Generating Units	No	N/A	This regulation establishes standards of performance for electric utility steam generating units. This regulation does not apply because the facility does not operate any electric utility steam generating units.
NSPS 40 CFR60.40b Subpart Db	Standards of Performance for Industrial- Commercial- Institutional Steam Generating Units	No	N/A	This regulation establishes standards of performance for industrial- commercial-institutional steam generating units. This regulation does not apply because the facility does not operate any industrial-commercial- institutional steam generating units with a heat capacity greater than 100 MMBtu/hr.
NSPS 40 CFR60.40b Subpart Dc	Standards of Performance for small Industrial- Commercial- Institutional Steam Generating Units	No	N/A	This regulation establishes standards of performance for small industrial- commercial-institutional steam generating units. Heaters HB-01, BMH- 01, and RH-02 all have a capacity of less than 10 MMBtu/hr and are therefore not subject to this regulation. Heaters H-NO, H-SO and RH-01 commenced construction prior to 1989 and are therefore not subject to this regulation.

FEDERAL REGU- LATIONS CITATION	Title	Applies? Enter Yes or No	Unit(s) or Facility	JUSTIFICATION:
NSPS 40 CFR 60, Subpart Ka	Standards of Performance for Storage Vessels for Petroleum Liquids for which Construction, Reconstruction, or Modification Commenced After May 18, 1978, and Prior to July 23, 1984	No	N/A	This regulation establishes performance standards for storage vessels for petroleum liquids for which construction, reconstruction, or modification commenced after May 18, 1978, and prior to July 23, 1984. The tanks at the facility are three 500 bbl (21,000 gallons). The capacities of the tanks at the facility are less than 40,000 gallons and are not subject to this regulation. [40 CFR Part 60.110a(a)]
NSPS 40 CFR 60, Subpart Kb	Standards of Performance for Volatile Organic Liquid Storage Vessels (Including Petroleum Liquid Storage Vessels) for Which Construction, Reconstruction, or Modification Commenced After July 23, 1984	No	N/A	This regulation establishes performance standards for volatile organic liquid storage vessels (including petroleum liquid storage vessels) for which construction, reconstruction, or modification commenced after July 23, 1984. The tanks at the facility are three 500 bbl (21,000 gallons or 79.5 m ³). Even though the capacities of the tanks are greater than 75 m ³ , the tanks at the facility are not subject to this regulation. Pursuant to 40 CFR Part 60.60110b(d)(4), these tanks have a design capacity less than 1,589.874 m ³ used for condensate stored, processed, or treaded prior to custody transfer and are not subject to this regulation.
NSPS 40 CFR 60.330 Subpart GG	Stationary Gas Turbines	Yes	T-03, T-04	 This regulation establishes standards of performance for stationary gas turbines with a heat input at a peak load equal to or greater than 10 MMBtu/hr based on the lower heating value of the fuel fired and have commenced construction, modification, or reconstruction after October 3, 1977. Turbine Unit T-04 is subject to 40 CFR Part 60 Subpart GG since it has a heat input capacity greater than 10 MMBtu/hr and commenced construction after October 3, 1977. [40 CFR Part 60.330(a)]. Turbine Unit T-03 is subject to 40 CFR Part 60 Subpart GG but exempt from the standards for nitrogen oxides requirements under 40 CFR Part 60.330(a). This exemption is pursuant to 40 CFR Part 60.332(e). Turbines T-01 and T-02 are not subject to the requirements of 40 CFR Part 60.330(b)]
NSPS 40 CFR 60, Subpart KKK	Leaks of VOC from Onshore Gas Plants	Yes	Lines, valves, flanges, and fittings as defined in Subpart KKK	This regulation defines standards of performance for equipment leaks of VOC emissions from onshore natural gas processing plants for which construction, reconstruction, or modification commenced after January 20, 1984, and on or before August 23, 2011. The facility is an affected facility (onshore natural gas processing plant) for which construction, reconstruction, or modification commenced after January 20, 1984. All equipment (each pump, pressure relief device, open-ended valve, and flange or other connector) that is in VOC service or in wet gas service and any device or system required by this subpart except for compressors (defined in 40 CFR Part 60.631) within the process unit is an affected facility, except as listed below for OOOOa applicability.
NSPS 40 CFR Part 60 Subpart LLL	Standards of Performance for Onshore Natural Gas Processing : SO ₂ Emissions	No	N/A	This regulation establishes standards of performance for SO_2 emissions from onshore natural gas processing for which construction, reconstruction, or modification of the amine sweetening unit commenced after January 20, 1984 and on or before August 23, 2011. The facility is not subject to this regulation as the amine sweetening unit was constructed before January 20, 1984.

FEDERAL REGU- LATIONS CITATION	Title	Applies? Enter Yes or No	Unit(s) or Facility	JUSTIFICATION:
NSPS 40 CFR Part 60 Subpart OOOO	Standards of Performance for Crude Oil and Natural Gas Production, Transmission, and Distribution for which construction, modification or reconstruction commenced after August 23, 2011 and before September 18, 2015	No	N/A	The rule applies to "affected" facilities that are constructed, modified, or reconstructed after Aug 23, 2011 (40 CFR 60.5365): gas wells, including fractured and hydraulically refractured wells, centrifugal compressors, reciprocating compressors, pneumatic controllers, certain equipment at natural gas processing plants, sweetening units at natural gas processing plants, and storage vessels.
NSPS 40 CFR Part	Standards of Performance for Crude Oil and Natural Gas Facilities for which Construction, Modification or Reconstruction Commenced After September 18, 2015	Yes	AGI-C2, FUG-SC, FUG-CS, FUG-C28, FUG-VRU, RC-28, C-40	 Subpart OOOOa was published in the Federal Register Volume 81, Number 107, on Friday, June 3, 2016. Subpart OOOOa applies to owners and operators of natural gas wells, centrifugal compressors, reciprocating compressors, pneumatic controllers, storage vessels, natural gas sweetening units, pneumatic pumps, and fugitive emissions which commence construction, modification, or reconstruction after September 18, 2015. Except as listed below, each of the reciprocating compressors, sweetening unit, pneumatic controllers, pneumatic pumps and storage vessels were constructed prior to September 18, 2015, and are, therefore, not subject to Subpart OOOOa. 40 CFR 60 Subpart OOOOa applies to fugitive leaks from the slug catcher (FUG-SC), backup VRU (FUG-VRU), condensate stabilizer (FUG-CS), RC-28 compressor (FUG-C28), and the fugitive emissions associated with the propane refractionation system (FUG-FRAC) since
60 Subpart Mod OOOOa Rec Con Sep				they were constructed or modified after the applicability date of September 18, 2015. The facility is subject to 60.5365a(f). Unit C-40 is a reciprocating compressor and will be subject to NSPS OOOOa 60.5385a per 60.5365a(a)(c). The fugitives associated with the C-40 compressor are not subject to NSPS OOOOa as the VOC content will never exceed 10.0 percent by weight per 60.5400a(f). The fugitives associated with the redundant acid gas cooling are not subject to NSPS OOOOa as the VOC content will never exceed 10.0 percent by weight per 60.5400a(f). The fugitives associated with the cryogenic units (FUG-GSP) are not subject to NSPS OOOOa as the VOC content will never exceed 10.0
NSPS 40 CFR 60 Subpart IIII	Standards of performance for Stationary Compression Ignition Internal Combustion Engines	Yes	BE/BH-1	percent by weight per 60.5400a(f). This regulation establishes standards of performance for stationary compression ignition combustion engines. The engines at this facility are not compression ignition combustion engines. The facility has one dual- use diesel-fired emergency heater with a build-in engine used to power it (Unit BE/BH-1). This engine is subject to NSPS Subpart IIII requiring the engine to be certified by the manufacturer.
NSPS 40 CFR Part 60 Subpart JJJJ	Standards of Performance for Stationary Spark Ignition Internal Combustion Engines	No	N/A	This regulation establishes standards of performance for stationary spark ignition combustion engines. The facility is not subject to this regulation because engines (C-01, C-02, C-04, C-05, C-06, C-24, and C-28) were constructed prior to June 12, 2006, and have not been modified or reconstructed since June 12, 2006 [40 CFR Part 60.4230(a)(5)].
NSPS 40 CFR 60 Subpart TTTT	Standards of Performance for Greenhouse Gas Emissions for Electric Generating Units	No	N/A	This regulation establishes standards of performance for greenhouse gas emissions for electric generating units. This facility does not have electric generating units. This regulation does not apply.

FEDERAL REGU- LATIONS CITATION	Title	Applies? Enter Yes or No	Unit(s) or Facility	JUSTIFICATION:
NSPS 40 CFR 60 Subpart UUUU	Emissions Guidelines for Greenhouse Gas Emissions and Compliance Times for Electric Utility Generating Units	No	N/A	This regulation establishes emissions guidelines for greenhouse gas emissions and compliance times for electric generating units. This facility does not have electric generating units. This regulation does not apply.
NSPS 40 CFR 60, Subparts WWW, XXX, Cc, and Cf	Standards of performance for Municipal Solid Waste (MSW) Landfills	No	N/A	This facility is not a municipal solid waste landfill. This regulation does not apply.
NESHAP 40 CFR 61 Subpart A	General Provisions	No	Units Subject to 40 CFR 61	NSPS 40 CFR 61 does not apply to the facility because the facility does not emit or have the triggering substances on site and/or the facility is not involved in the triggering activity. The facility is not subject to this regulation. None of the subparts of Part 61 apply to the facility.
NESHAP 40 CFR 61 Subpart E	National Emission Standards for Mercury	No	N/A	The provisions of this subpart are applicable to those stationary sources which process mercury ore to recover mercury, use mercury chlor-alkali cells to produce chlorine gas and alkali metal hydroxide, and incinerate or dry wastewater treatment plant sludge
NESHAP 40 CFR 61 Subpart M	National Emission Standards for Asbestos	No	N/A	Although this standard does not apply to this facility under routine operating conditions, in the case of asbestos demolition, Subpart M would apply.
NESHAP 40 CFR 61 Subpart V	National Emission Standards for Equipment Leaks (Fugitive Emission Sources)	No	N/A	This regulation establishes national emission standards for equipment leaks (fugitive emission sources). The facility does not have equipment that operates in volatile hazardous air pollutant (VHAP) service [40 CFR Part 61.240]. The regulated activities subject to this regulation do not take place at this facility. The facility is not subject to this regulation.
MACT 40 CFR 63, Subpart A	General Provisions	Yes	Units Subject to 40 CFR 63	This regulation defines general provisions for relevant standards that have been set under this part. The facility is subject to this regulation because 40 CFR Part 63 Subpart ZZZZ applies to all engines [40 CFR 63.1(b)(1)(ii) Subpart ZZZZ].
MACT 40 CFR 63.760 Subpart HH	Oil and Natural Gas Production Facilities	No	N/A	This regulation establishes national emission standards for hazardous air pollutants from oil and natural gas production facilities. The facility is a major of HAPs and meets the definition of a natural gas processing plant. The tanks at the facility do have the potential for flash emissions but do not have an actual annual average hydrocarbon liquid throughput equal to or greater than 79,500 liters. The tanks at the facility do not meet the definition of storage a storage vessel with the potential for flash emissions under 40 CFR 63.761 and are therefore not subject to this regulation. The facility does not have any affected units under this regulation.
MACT 40 CFR 63 Subpart HHH	National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants From Natural Gas Transmission and Storage Facilities	No	N/A	This regulation establishes national emission standards for hazardous air pollutants from natural gas transmission and storage facilities. This regulation does not apply because this facility is not a natural gas transmission or storage facility as defined in this regulation [40 CFR Part 63.1270(a)].
MACT 40 CFR 63 Subpart DDDDD	National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants for Major Industrial, Commercial, and Institutional Boilers & Process Heaters	No	N/A	This regulation establishes national emission standards for hazardous air pollutants for major industrial, commercial, and institutional boilers and process heaters. The facility does not contain the affected units. This regulation does not apply.

FEDERAL REGU- LATIONS CITATION	Title	Applies? Enter Yes or No	Unit(s) or Facility	JUSTIFICATION:
MACT 40 CFR 63 Subpart UUUUU	National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants Coal & Oil Fire Electric Utility Steam Generating Unit	No	N/A	This regulation establishes national emission standards for hazardous air pollutants from coal and oil-fired electric utility steam generating units. The facility does not contain the affected units. This regulation does not apply.
MACT 40 CFR 63 Subpart ZZZZ	National Emissions Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants for Stationary Reciprocating Internal Combustion Engines (RICE MACT)	Yes	All RICE	This regulation defines national emissions standards for HAPs for stationary reciprocating Internal Combustion Engines. The facility is a major source of HAPs but all engines at the facility are existing 2-stroke lean burn engines located at a major source of HAPs and constructed before December 19, 2002. There are no requirements under 40 CFR Part 63 Subpart ZZZZ for engines at the facility per 40 CFR Part 63.6590(b)(3).
40 CFR 64	Compliance Assurance Monitoring	Yes	AM-01 F-03	This regulation defines compliance assurance monitoring. Emission from the amine unit (Unit AM-01) at the facility is subject to a CAM plan. The unit has potential pre-controlled device emissions of an applicable regulated pollutant required for a source to be classified as a major source [40 CFR 64.2(a)(3)]. The control devices for the amine unit at the facility are the AGI well (Unit AGI) and the acid gas flare (Unit F-03).
40 CFR 68	Chemical Accident Prevention	Yes	N/A	The facility is an affected facility as it uses quantities of flammable process chemicals such as propane which has threshold quantity of 10,000 lb per Table 3 to 40 CFR Part 68.130. The facility has quantities of propane and other chemicals which are above the threshold and must maintain a current RMP. The facility maintains a current RMP for these chemicals.
Title IV – Acid Rain 40 CFR 72	Acid Rain	No	N/A	This part establishes the acid rain program. This part does not apply because the facility is not covered by this regulation [40 CFR Part 72.6].
Title IV – Acid Rain 40 CFR 73	Sulfur Dioxide Allowance Emissions	No	N/A	This regulation establishes sulfur dioxide allowance emissions for certain types of facilities. This part does not apply because the facility is not the type covered by this regulation [40 CFR Part 73.2].
Title IV-Acid Rain 40 CFR 75	Continuous Emissions Monitoring	No	N/A	The provisions of this part apply to each affected unit subject to Acid Rain emission limitations or reduction requirements for SO2 or NOX. The facility is not an acid rain source and is therefore not subject to this application.
Title IV – Acid Rain 40 CFR 76	Acid Rain Nitrogen Oxides Emission Reduction Program	No	N/A	This regulation establishes an acid rain nitrogen oxides emission reduction program. This regulation applies to each coal-fired utility unit that is subject to an acid rain emissions limitation or reduction requirement for SO2. This part does not apply because the facility does not operate any coal-fired units [40 CFR Part 76.1].
Title VI – 40 CFR 82	Protection of Stratospheric Ozone	No	N/A	This regulation establishes a regulation for protection of the stratospheric ozone. The regulation is not Applicable because the facility does not "service", "maintain" or "repair" class I or class II appliances nor "disposes" of the appliances [40 CFR Part 82.1(a)].

Operational Plan to Mitigate Emissions

(Submitting under 20.2.70, 20.2.72, 20.2.74 NMAC)

✓ Title V Sources (20.2.70 NMAC): By checking this box and certifying this application the permittee certifies that it has developed an <u>Operational Plan to Mitigate Emissions During Startups</u>, <u>Shutdowns</u>, <u>and Emergencies</u> defining the measures to be taken to mitigate source emissions during startups, shutdowns, and emergencies as required by 20.2.70.300.D.5(f) and (g) NMAC. This plan shall be kept on site to be made available to the Department upon request. This plan should not be submitted with this application.

- □ NSR (20.2.72 NMAC), PSD (20.2.74 NMAC) & Nonattainment (20.2.79 NMAC) Sources: By checking this box and certifying this application the permittee certifies that it has developed an <u>Operational Plan to Mitigate Source Emissions</u> <u>During Malfunction, Startup, or Shutdown</u> defining the measures to be taken to mitigate source emissions during malfunction, startup, or shutdown as required by 20.2.72.203.A.5 NMAC. This plan shall be kept on site to be made available to the Department upon request. This plan should not be submitted with this application.
- ☑ Title V (20.2.70 NMAC), NSR (20.2.72 NMAC), PSD (20.2.74 NMAC) & Nonattainment (20.2.79 NMAC) Sources: By checking this box and certifying this application the permittee certifies that it has established and implemented a Plan to Minimize Emissions During Routine or Predictable Startup, Shutdown, and Scheduled Maintenance through work practice standards and good air pollution control practices as required by 20.2.7.14.A and B NMAC. This plan shall be kept on site or at the nearest field office to be made available to the Department upon request. This plan should not be submitted with this application.

Startup and shutdown procedures are performed according to guidelines which dictate proper procedural sequence to minimize emissions from the facility during such activities.

Equipment located at the plant are equipped with various safety devices that aid in preventing excess emissions to the atmosphere in the event of an operational emergency. In the event of a malfunction, startup, shutdown, or scheduled maintenance in which emission rates from the facility exceed permitted allowable, Targa will notify the AQB in accordance with 20.2.7 NMAC and the equipment responsible for the exceedance will be repaired as soon as possible.

Alternative Operating Scenarios

(Submitting under 20.2.70, 20.2.72, 20.2.74 NMAC)

Alternative Operating Scenarios: Provide all information required by the department to define alternative operating scenarios. This includes process, material and product changes; facility emissions information; air pollution control equipment requirements; any applicable requirements; monitoring, recordkeeping, and reporting requirements; and compliance certification requirements. Please ensure applicable Tables in this application are clearly marked to show alternative operating scenario.

Construction Scenarios: When a permit is modified authorizing new construction to an existing facility, NMED includes a condition to clearly address which permit condition(s) (from the previous permit and the new permit) govern during the interval between the date of issuance of the modification permit and the completion of construction of the modification(s). There are many possible variables that need to be addressed such as: Is simultaneous operation of the old and new units permitted and, if so for example, for how long and under what restraints? In general, these types of requirements will be addressed in Section A100 of the permit, but additional requirements may be added elsewhere. Look in A100 of our NSR and/or TV permit template for sample language dealing with these requirements. Find these permit templates at: https://www.env.nm.gov/aqb/permit/aqb_pol.html. Compliance with standards must be maintained during construction, which should not usually be a problem unless simultaneous operation of old and new equipment is requested.

In this section, under the bolded title "Construction Scenarios", specify any information necessary to write these conditions, such as: conservative-realistic estimated time for completion of construction of the various units, whether simultaneous operation of old and new units is being requested (and, if so, modeled), whether the old units will be removed or decommissioned, any PSD ramifications, any temporary limits requested during phased construction, whether any increase in emissions is being requested as SSM emissions or will instead be handled as a separate Construction Scenario (with corresponding emission limits and conditions, etc.

Targa has permitted an alternate operating scenario for the condensate at the facility. In NSR 0110-M8, Targa permitted the condensate stabilizer and the condensate loading emissions were based on an RVP of 10. Targa subsequently permitted the ability to bypass the condensate stabilizer. To be conservative, Targa based the loadout emissions (L-01) on condensate that is not stabilized which increased the RVP from 10 psi to 20 psi. Targa uses a vapor balance to control the loading. Per AP-42 Section 5.2 (Transportation and Marketing of Petroleum Liquid), a collection efficiency of 98.7 percent (a 1.3 percent leakage rate) is assumed for trucks passing the NSPS-level annual test (3 inches pressure change). The trucks at the facility pass the NSPS-level annual test (3 inches pressure change).

The cryogenic GSP will operate in both recovery and rejection modes at the facility. A trim reboiler (hot oil user) associated with the system will be installed and operated only during rejection mode. In recovery mode the trim reboiler will be blocked in. In rejection mode when the trim reboiler is in service, hot oil will be redirected to it from the deethanizer reboiler. The deethanizer reboiler will not be needed as the demethanizer will be acting as a deethanizer. Emissions in excess of those requested with this application are not expected in either rejection or recovery modes. Any reportable emissions events will be disclosed to the agency.

Section 16 Air Dispersion Modeling

- Minor Source Construction (20.2.72 NMAC) and Prevention of Significant Deterioration (PSD) (20.2.74 NMAC) ambient impact analysis (modeling): Provide an ambient impact analysis as required at 20.2.72.203.A(4) and/or 20.2.74.303 NMAC and as outlined in the Air Quality Bureau's Dispersion Modeling Guidelines found on the Planning Section's modeling website. If air dispersion modeling has been waived for one or more pollutants, attach the AQB Modeling Section modeling waiver approval documentation.
- 2) SSM Modeling: Applicants must conduct dispersion modeling for the total short term emissions during routine or predictable startup, shutdown, or maintenance (SSM) using realistic worst case scenarios following guidance from the Air Quality Bureau's dispersion modeling section. Refer to "Guidance for Submittal of Startup, Shutdown, Maintenance Emissions in Permit Applications (<u>http://www.env.nm.gov/aqb/permit/app_form.html</u>) for more detailed instructions on SSM emissions modeling requirements.
- 3) Title V (20.2.70 NMAC) ambient impact analysis: Title V applications must specify the construction permit and/or Title V Permit number(s) for which air quality dispersion modeling was last approved. Facilities that have only a Title V permit, such as landfills and air curtain incinerators, are subject to the same modeling required for preconstruction permits required by 20.2.72 and 20.2.74 NMAC.

What is the purpose of this application?	Enter an X for each purpose that applies
New PSD major source or PSD major modification (20.2.74 NMAC). See #1 above.	
New Minor Source or significant permit revision under 20.2.72 NMAC (20.2.72.219.D NMAC).	
See #1 above. Note: Neither modeling nor a modeling waiver is required for VOC emissions.	
Reporting existing pollutants that were not previously reported.	
Reporting existing pollutants where the ambient impact is being addressed for the first time.	
Title V application (new, renewal, significant, or minor modification. 20.2.70 NMAC). See #3	Х
above.	
Relocation (20.2.72.202.B.4 or 72.202.D.3.c NMAC)	
Minor Source Technical Permit Revision 20.2.72.219.B.1.d.vi NMAC for like-kind unit	
replacements.	
Other: i.e. SSM modeling. See #2 above.	
This application does not require modeling since this is a No Permit Required (NPR) application.	
This application does not require modeling since this is a Notice of Intent (NOI) application	
(20.2.73 NMAC).	
This application does not require modeling according to 20.2.70.7.E(11), 20.2.72.203.A(4),	
20.2.74.303, 20.2.79.109.D NMAC and in accordance with the Air Quality Bureau's Modeling	
Guidelines.	

Check each box that applies:

- $\hfill\square$ See attached, approved modeling waiver for all pollutants from the facility.
- □ See attached, approved modeling **waiver for some** pollutants from the facility.
- □ Attached in Universal Application Form 4 (UA4) is a **modeling report for all** pollutants from the facility.
- □ Attached in UA4 is a **modeling report for some** pollutants from the facility.
- \blacksquare No modeling is required.

Compliance Test History

(Submitting under 20.2.70, 20.2.72, 20.2.74 NMAC)

To show compliance with existing NSR permits conditions, you must submit a compliance test history. The table below provides an example.

Unit No.	Test Description	Test Date
C-01	Tested using portable emission analyzer in accordance with Title V	Down
	permit P-110R2 condition A201B.	
C-02	Tested using portable emission analyzer in accordance with Title V	5/14/2021
	permit P-110R2 condition A201B.	
C-04	Tested using portable emission analyzer in accordance with Title V	Down
	permit P-110R2 condition A201B.	
C-05	Tested using portable emission analyzer in accordance with Title V	5/13/2021
	permit P-110R2 condition A201B.	
C-06	Tested using portable emission analyzer in accordance with Title V	5/13/2021
	permit P-110R2 condition A201B.	
C-24	Tested using portable emission analyzer in accordance with Title V	5/13/2021
	permit P-110R2 condition A201B.	
C-28	Tested using portable emission analyzer in accordance with Title V	5/13/2021
	permit P-110R2 condition A201B.	
H-NO	Tested in accordance with EPA test methods by NORDON Corporation	4/29/2021
	for Title V permit P-110 condition 3.4.1.10 Initial Tests for Heaters and	
	Title V permit P-110R2 A204A.	
	Tested in accordance with EPA test methods by NORDON Corporation	4/29/2021
H-SO	for Title V permit P-110 condition 3.4.1.10 Initial Tests for Heaters and	
	Title V permit P-110R2 A204A.	
T-01,-02,	Tested using portable emission analyzer in accordance with Title V	5/13/2021
-03	permit P-110R2 condition A205A.	
T_04	Tested using portable emission analyzer in accordance with Title V	5/14/2021
1-04	permit P-110R2 condition A205A.	

Compliance Test History Table

Requirements for Title V Program

Who Must Use this Attachment:

Any major source as defined in 20.2.70 NMAC.

Any source, including an area source, subject to a standard or other requirement promulgated under Section 111 - Standards of Performance for New Stationary Sources, or Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants, of the 1990 federal Clean Air Act ("federal Act"). Non-major sources subject to Sections 111 or 112 of the federal Act are exempt from the obligation to obtain an 20.2.70 NMAC operating permit until such time that the EPA Administrator completes rulemakings that require such sources to obtain operating permits. In addition, sources that would be required to obtain an operating permit solely because they are subject to regulations or requirements under Section 112(r) of the federal Act are exempt from the requirement to obtain an Operating Permit.

Any Acid Rain source as defined under title IV of the federal Act. The Acid Rain program has additional forms. See http://www.env.nm.gov/aqb/index.html. Sources that are subject to both the Title V and Acid Rain regulations are encouraged to submit both applications simultaneously.

* Any source in a source category designated by the EPA Administrator ("Administrator"), in whole or in part, by regulation, after notice and comment.

19.1 - 40 CFR 64, Compliance Assurance Monitoring (CAM) (20.2.70.300.D.10.e NMAC)

Any source subject to 40CFR, Part 64 (Compliance Assurance Monitoring) must submit all the information required by section 64.7 with the operating permit application. The applicant must prepare a separate section of the application package for this purpose; if the information is already listed elsewhere in the application package, make reference to that location. Facilities not subject to Part 64 are invited to submit periodic monitoring protocols with the application to help the AQB to comply with 20.2.70 NMAC. Sources subject to 40 CFR Part 64, must submit a statement indicating your source's compliance status with any enhanced monitoring and compliance certification requirements of the federal Act.

Emission from the amine unit (Unit AM-01) and condensate loading (Unit L-01) at the facility are subject to a CAM plan. The units have potential pre-controlled device emissions of an applicable regulated pollutant required for a source to be classified as a major source [40 CFR 64.2(a)(3)]. The control devices for the amine unit at the facility are the AGI well (Unit AGI) and the acid gas flare (Unit F-03). The control for the condensate loading is vapor balance service. A CAM plan for amine unit (AM-01) and condensate loading (L-01) is attached to this section.

19.2 - Compliance Status (20.2.70.300.D.10.a & 10.b NMAC)

Describe the facility's compliance status with each applicable requirement at the time this permit application is submitted. This statement should include descriptions of or references to all methods used for determining compliance. This statement should include descriptions of monitoring, recordkeeping and reporting requirements and test methods used to determine compliance with all applicable requirements. Refer to Section 2, Tables 2-N and 2-O of the Application Form as necessary. (20.2.70.300.D.11 NMAC) For facilities with existing Title V permits, refer to most recent Compliance Certification for existing requirements. Address new requirements such as CAM, here, including steps being taken to achieve compliance.

Based on information and belief formed after reasonable inquiry, Targa believes that the Monument Gas Plant is in compliance with each applicable requirement identified in Section 13. In the event that Targa should discover new information affecting the compliance status of the facility, Targa will make appropriate notifications and/or take corrective actions.

Targa submits an annual compliance certification to the NMED. The most recent such certification was submitted by the November 30, 2020 deadline given in P110-R3. Due to a permit change effective April 12, 2020, Targa submitted two partial ACCs to the NMED. Since that time, Targa has continued to be in compliance with applicable requirements as described in Section 13. The next annual compliance certification will be submitted by the November 30, 2021 deadline.

19.3 - Continued Compliance (20.2.70.300.D.10.c NMAC)

Provide a statement that your facility will continue to be in compliance with requirements for which it is in compliance at the time of permit application. This statement must also include a commitment to comply with other applicable requirements as they come into effect during the permit term. This compliance must occur in a timely manner or be consistent with such schedule expressly required by the applicable requirement.

As described in Section 19.2 and based on information and belief formed after reasonable inquiry, Targa states that Monument Gas Plant will continue to be operated in compliance with applicable requirements for which it is in compliance as of the date of submittal of this application.

In addition, Targa will meet additional applicable requirements that become effective during the permit term in a timely manner or on such a time schedule as expressly required by the applicable requirement. In the event that Targa should discover new information affecting the compliance status of the Monument Gas Plant, Targa will make appropriate notifications and/or take corrective actions as appropriate.

19.4 - Schedule for Submission of Compliance (20.2.70.300.D.10.d NMAC)

You must provide a proposed schedule for submission to the department of compliance certifications during the permit term. This certification must be submitted annually unless the applicable requirement or the department specifies a more frequent period. A sample form for these certifications will be attached to the permit.

Compliance certification will be submitted annually as required by Title V Permit P110-R3M1, Condition A109.B.

19.5 - Stratospheric Ozone and Climate Protection

In addition to completing the four (4) questions below, you must submit a statement indicating your source's compliance status with requirements of Title VI, Section 608 (National Recycling and Emissions Reduction Program) and Section 609 (Servicing of Motor Vehicle Air Conditioners).

- Does any air conditioner(s) or any piece(s) of refrigeration equipment contain a refrigeration charge greater than 50 lbs?
 □ Yes □ No

(If the answer is yes, describe the type of equipment and how many units are at the facility.)

- Cite and describe which Title VI requirements are applicable to your facility (i.e. 40 CFR Part 82, Subpart A through G.)

Any comfort refrigeration systems are maintained and serviced by registered technicians per 40 CFR Part 82. Therefore, the requirements of Title VI, Sections 608 and 609 of the Clean Air Act are not applicable to the Monument Gas Plant.

19.6 - Compliance Plan and Schedule

Applications for sources, which are not in compliance with all applicable requirements at the time the permit application is submitted to the department, must include a proposed compliance plan as part of the permit application package. This plan shall include the information requested below:

A. Description of Compliance Status: (20.2.70.300.D.11.a NMAC)

A narrative description of your facility's compliance status with respect to all applicable requirements (as defined in 20.2.70 NMAC) at the time this permit application is submitted to the department.

B. Compliance plan: (20.2.70.300.D.11.B NMAC)

A narrative description of the means by which your facility will achieve compliance with applicable requirements with which it is not in compliance at the time you submit your permit application package.

C. Compliance schedule: (20.2.70.300D.11.c NMAC)

A schedule of remedial measures that you plan to take, including an enforceable sequence of actions with milestones, which will lead to compliance with all applicable requirements for your source. This schedule of compliance must be at least as stringent as that contained in any consent decree or administrative order to which your source is subject. The obligations of any consent decree or administrative order are not in any way diminished by the schedule of compliance.

D. Schedule of Certified Progress Reports: (20.2.70.300.D.11.d NMAC)

A proposed schedule for submission to the department of certified progress reports must also be included in the compliance schedule. The proposed schedule must call for these reports to be submitted at least every six (6) months.

E. Acid Rain Sources: (20.2.70.300.D.11.e NMAC)

If your source is an acid rain source as defined by EPA, the following applies to you. For the portion of your acid rain source subject to the acid rain provisions of title IV of the federal Act, the compliance plan must also include any additional requirements under the acid rain provisions of title IV of the federal Act. Some requirements of title IV regarding the schedule and methods the source will use to achieve compliance with the acid rain emissions limitations may supersede the requirements of title V and 20.2.70 NMAC. You will need to consult with the Air Quality Bureau permitting staff concerning how to properly meet this requirement.

NOTE: The Acid Rain program has additional forms. See <u>http://www.env.nm.gov/aqb/index.html</u>. Sources that are subject to both the Title V and Acid Rain regulations are **encouraged** to submit both applications **simultaneously**.

Based on information and belief formed after reasonable inquiry and as described in Section 19.2, and with this filing, Targa states that Monument Gas Plant is in compliance with applicable requirements. No compliance plan, compliance schedule, or compliance reports are required.

In addition, based on information and belief formed after reasonable inquiry Targa states that Monument Gas Plant is not an acid rain source as defined at 40 CFR 72.6.

19.7 - 112(r) Risk Management Plan (RMP)

Any major sources subject to section 112(r) of the Clean Air Act must list all substances that cause the source to be subject to section 112(r) in the application. The permittee must state when the RMP was submitted to and approved by EPA.

The facility is an affected facility as it uses quantities of flammable process chemicals such as propane which has a threshold quantity greater than 10,000 lb per Table 3 to 40 CFR Part 68.130. The facility has quantities of propane and other flammable chemicals which are above the threshold and must maintain a current RMP. The facility maintains a current RMP for these chemicals. The current RMP for the facility was submitted to the EPA for approval on 4/17/2019.

19.8 - Distance to Other States, Bernalillo, Indian Tribes and Pueblos

Will the property on which the facility is proposed to be constructed or operated be closer than 80 km (50 miles) from other states, local pollution control programs, and Indian tribes and pueblos (20.2.70.402.A.2 and 20.2.70.7.B NMAC)?

(If the answer is yes, state which apply and provide the distances.)

Yes, the facility is 22 km from Texas.

19.9 - Responsible Official

Provide the Responsible Official as defined in 20.2.70.7.AD NMAC:

R.O. :	Jimmy Oxford
R.O. Title:	Vice President Operations
R.O. Address:	401 North I-35 Suite 303, Denton, Texas, 76207
R.O. Phone:	(713) 220-2493
R.O. Email:	JOxford@targaresources.com

Targa Midstream Services, LLC Monument Gas Plant CAM Plan for the Truck Loadout Controlled by Vapor Recovery Unit

I. <u>Background</u>

A. <u>Emissions Unit</u>

	Description: Identification: Facility:	Truck Loadout o L-01 Monument Gas I	f Condensate 18,429,600 gal/yr Plant
B.	Applicable Regulation, Er	Pre-CAM Monitoring Requirements	
	Regulation:	Operation and re and updated in N enforceable reco	porting requirements created in NSR Permit 0110-M8 SR Permit 0110-M9 et seq. to establish federally gnition of the truck loadout.
	Emission limits:	Uncontrolled –	VOC: 544.3 tpy
		Controlled -	VOC: 7.1 tpy
C.	Control Technology, Capt	ure System, Bypa	ss, PER
	Controls:		Vapor Balance and Vapor Recovery Unit (VRU)
	Capture System:		VRU
	Potential pre-control device	ce emissions:	Under 40 CFR 64.2 this is a CAM affected unit.
	Potential post-control device emissions:		Vapor Recovery System (VRU) with a backup VRU. Also 98.7% capture/collection efficiency for trucks that are leak tested based on EPA NSPS standards.

II. Monitoring Approach

The key elements of the monitoring approach are presented in the attached table.

III. Response to Excursion

X Excursions of the vapor collection system will trigger an inspection, corrective action, and reporting. Maintenance personnel will inspect the vapor collection system within 24 hours and make needed repairs as soon as practicable.

	Indicator No. 1	Indicator No. 2
I. Indicator	Equipment Inspection	VOC Concentration
Measurement Approach	Ensure all hoses are properly connected. Inspect vapor return system for signs of cracks or other signs of leakage. Listen for hissing/whistling or smell of excessive vapor while loading which may indicate a leak.	Annual leak check of vapor recovery system
II. Indicator Range	An excursion is defined as equipment malfunctions which result in a release of uncontrolled emissions from the loading operations. No more than 6 excursions in any semi- annual reporting period.	An excursion occurs if VOC fugitive emissions at the outlet of the vapor collection system exceed 10,000 ppm above background. Leaks will be repaired within 15 days.
III. Performance Criteria A. Data Representativeness	Inspections and maintenance are being conducted on the vapor collection system semi-annually.	Monitor the VOC concentration at the outlet of a control device by use of a portable analyzer.
B. QA/QC Practices and Criteria	The vapor collection system is inspected on a semi-annual basis to ensure that the process is properly controlled.	Follow procedures in 40 CFR 60, Appendix A, Method 21.
C. Monitoring Frequency	Semi-annually.	Annually
D. Data Collection Procedures	Semi-annually inspections are performed and documented by the observer. Any repairs or adjustments are documented.	Records of inspections, leaks found, leaks repaired.
E. Averaging Period	Not applicable.	Not applicable

Monitoring Approach: Monument Gas Plant Vapor Balance

Justification

I. Background

The monitoring approach outlined here applies to the vapor collection system which is a control device for the truck loading emissions. The truck loading is the CAM affected unit.

II. Rationale for Selection of Performance Indicators

The collection of VOC is dependent upon a leak-proof system. Thus, the monitoring approach is based on one primary indicator: integrity of the collection system.

An annual leak inspection program also is performed to ensure that the vapors released during loading are captured and conveyed to the vapor recovery unit. A handheld monitor is used to detect leaks in the vapor collection system outlet.

III. Rationale for Selection of Indicator Ranges

For the second indicator, an excursion is defined as detection of a leak greater than or equal to 10,000 ppm (as methane) VOC concentration at the outlet of a control device during normal loading operations. This is the limit established by the applicable requirement. If a leak is detected, corrective action will be initiated, and the leak will be repaired within 15 days. All excursions will be documented and reported.

Targa Midstream Services LLC / Monument Gas Processing Plant CAM Plan for Amine Treater Controlled by Acid Gas Injection and Flare

I. Background

Β.

C.

A. <u>Emissions Unit</u>

Identification:	Amine Still	
Facility:	Monument Gas I	Processing Plant
Applicable Regulation, En	nission Limit, and	Pre-CAM Monitoring Requirements
Regulation:	Operation and re R1 et seq. to esta Still.	porting requirements created in NSR Permit 0110-M5- blish federally enforceable recognition of the Amine
Emission limits:	There are no emi	ission limits for the Amine still
Control Technology, Capt	ure System, Bypa	ss, PER
Control Technology, Captu	ıre System, Bypa	ss, PER Acid Gas Injection System (Compressor, Injection
Control Technology, Captu Controls:	ure System, Bypa	ss, PER Acid Gas Injection System (Compressor, Injection Well) and Acid Gas Flare
Control Technology, Captu Controls: Capture System: Bypass:	<u>ure System, Bypa</u>	ss, PER Acid Gas Injection System (Compressor, Injection Well) and Acid Gas Flare N/A Alternate scenario emissions are routed to the flare or acid gas injection system. No other bypass on still vent stream.
Control Technology, Capture Controls: Capture System: Bypass: Potential pre-control device	ure System, Bypa	 ss, PER Acid Gas Injection System (Compressor, Injection Well) and Acid Gas Flare N/A Alternate scenario emissions are routed to the flare or acid gas injection system. No other bypass on still vent stream. Under 40 CFR 64.2. this is a CAM affected unit.

II. Monitoring Approach

The key elements of the monitoring approach are presented in the attached table.

III. Response to Excursion

Excursions of the AGI compressor injection pressure or flare system that monitors the presence of combustion or visual emissions will trigger an inspection, corrective action, and reporting.
 Maintenance personnel will inspect the compressor, injection well, or acid gas flare within 24 hours and make needed repairs as soon as practicable.

	Indicator No. 1	Indicator No. 2.
I. AGI Performance Indicator	Injection pressure (psig)	Monitoring flow of acid gas to flare and AGI.
II. Indicator Range	10 – 2900 psig	Flow to flare during non- maintenance downtime.
III. Performance Criteria		
a. Data	Pressure will be monitored by a	Flow rate will be monitoring
Representativeness	pressure transducer	with a flow rate monitor.
b. QA/QC	Pressure transducer will be verified	Acid gas flow meters will be
Practices/Criteria	at least annually.	calibrated quarterly.
c. Monitoring	Injection pressure will be monitored	Acid gas flow rates will be
Frequency	continuously.	monitored continuously.
d. Data Collection	Injection pressure monitoring data	Flow monitor data will be
Procedures	will be reduced to daily averages.	reduced to daily totals. Records
		of AGI system outages for
		maintenance or upset will be
		maintained. Targa will report
		acid gas compressor downtime,
		as required.
e. Averaging	Daily average.	Daily total.
Time		

Monitoring Approach: Monument Gas Processing Plant AGI

	Indicator No. 1	Indicator No. 2	Indicator No. 3
I. Indicator	Presence of combustion in the flare.	Presence of Visible Emissions	Totalized flow volume
Measurement Approach	The presence of combustion in the flare shall be monitored by a well-maintained thermocouple with alarm that signals non-combustion of gas.	The flare should be monitored for visible emissions once during each week that the flare is operational, in accordance with 40 CFR 60.18(c)	Flow rate shall be measured continuously with a flow meter, and the volume shall be totalized once every 24hr period.
II. Indicator Range	Flame present (sensed) or no flame present (sensed).	Visible emissions present or not present, in accordance with 40 CFR 60.18(c)	Flow rate should be within the operating velocities specified in NSPS Subpart A
III. Performance Criteria			
A. Data Representativeness	Destruction depends upon the presence of a flame. If the flame is not present, VOCs and H_2S are not being destroyed.	Efficient combustion is assumed if no visible emissions are observed.	Efficient combustion is assumed if flow rates are within the operating velocities specified in NSPS Subpart A.
B. QA/QC Practices and Criteria	Proper operation of the flare achieved by maintaining the non-combustion thermocouple with alarm system. Operators record the date and result of each such maintenance activity, and repairs or replacement are made as indicated.	Visible emissions to be determined in accordance with Method 22 of Appendix A of 40 CFR 60 subpart A (40 CFR 60.18(f)(1).	Verification will be in accordance with Appendix A Test method used to measure flow
C. Monitoring Frequency	The thermocouple and alarm system will be tested once in January and once in July of each year by turning off the thermocouples and recording the time required for the alarm to respond. Presence of the flare pilot flame will be	Visible emissions monitoring to occur once each week that the flare is operational	Continuous monitoring with totalized flow rate measured once per 24hr period
	monitored once per 24 hour period.		
D. Data Collection Procedures	Records will be maintained of flare shutdown for any reason, including failure of to deliver fuel, and of inspection and maintenance to the flare and flare pilot.	Records shall be maintained of all visible emissions observations	Totalized flow recorded once per each 24 hr period that the flare is in operation
E. Averaging Period	Not applicable.	Visible emissions must not be visible except for periods not to exceed a total of 5 minutes during any 2 consecutive hours.	24 hour

Monitoring Approach: Monument Gas Processing Plant Acid Gas Flare

Justification

I. Background

The monitoring approach outlined here applies to the AGI and the acid gas flare, which are control devices for the amine still. The amine system is the CAM affected unit.

II. Rationale for Selection of Performance Indicators

The destruction and removal of VOCs and H_2S is dependent upon combustion, and on proper operation of the AGI. Thus, the monitoring approach is based on three primary indicators: correct operation of the flare, integrity of the ducting from the process equipment to the flare and integrity of the ducting from the amine unit to the AGI.

Measuring AGI injection pressure will indicate proper operation of the injection well. Proper operation of the AGI system results in zero emissions to the atmosphere. AGI injection pressure indicates that the acid gas from the Amine Sweetening System is being injected into the subterranean formation. Monitoring of this pressure can also indicate any problems with the injection well or injecting gas into the formation. A high injection pressure could result in overpressuring of the receiving formation.

III. Rationale for Selection of Indicator Ranges

Maintaining the AGI injection pressure in the ranges specified will indicate proper operation of the injection well for acid gas injection. Based on Targa's experience with this AGI System, the AGI injection pressure range represented in the Monitoring Plan is representative and is based on geologist surveying of the injection formation.

In accordance with 40 CFR 60.18, flares should be designed for operated with no visible emissions, as determined by the methodology in this subpart.

In the case of ensuring proper operation of the flare, the presence of a flame to initiate or maintain combustion has only two states: a flame is present or a flame is not present. By design, a well-maintained thermocouple-based alarm system will indicate accurately the state of combustion.

The operation of the flare as a control device is validated by adhering to the maximum tip velocity specifications identified in 40 CFR 60 Subpart A. Measurement of totalized flow volume will determine if the volumetric flow is in line with the design specifications, and the max velocity determined from earlier testing of the flare.

Other Relevant Information

<u>Other relevant information</u>. Use this attachment to clarify any part in the application that you think needs explaining. Reference the section, table, column, and/or field. Include any additional text, tables, calculations or clarifying information.

Additionally, the applicant may propose specific permit language for AQB consideration. In the case of a revision to an existing permit, the applicant should provide the old language and the new language in track changes format to highlight the proposed changes. If proposing language for a new facility or language for a new unit, submit the proposed operating condition(s), along with the associated monitoring, recordkeeping, and reporting conditions. In either case, please limit the proposed language to the affected portion of the permit.

There is no other relevant information.

Section 22: Certification

Company Name: Targa Midstream Services, LLC

I,	Jimmy Oxford,	hereby certify that the information and data submitted in this application are true and as accurate
as possi	ble, to the best of my l	mowledge and professional expertise and experience.

Signed this _____ day of ______, ____, upon my oath or affirmation, before a notary of the State of

*Signature	Date
Printed Name	Title
Scribed and sworn before me on this day of	
My authorization as a notary of the State of	expires on the
day of,	<u></u>
Notary's Signature	Date
Notary's Printed Name	

*For Title V applications, the signature must be of the Responsible Official as defined in 20.2.70.7.AE NMAC.